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didn't do anything wrong. And he continues to walk towards me. At that time, I then

send my dog after him. All right. And does Rocco get him? Q 2 Yes, Rocco bites him. I have to look at my report but I believe he bites Α 3 him in the left hip several times. 4 Now did Rocco bite the Defendant in the fact at all? 5 I have to look at my report again. 6 MS. WONG: May Lapproach? THE COURT: Yes. 8 BY MS. WONG: 9 I'm showing you page 2 of your report. O 10 No, he did not bite him in the face. Α 11 So, none of the injuries depicted of the Defendant's face on Exhibit 24 Q 12 is attributable to Rocco? 13 Correct; none of them are. Α Now, just for the record, Officer Harper, the entire pursuit of this Q 15 Defendant occurred within Clark County? 16 Yes, ma'am. 17 MS. WONG: Pass the witness. 18 THE COURT: Raise your hand if you need a 15 break. We've been working 19 for about two hours. 20 Ladies and gentlemen, it is your duty not to converse among yourselves 21 or with anyone else on any subject connected with this trial. Further, you may not 22 read, watch or listen to any report of or commentary on this trial by any medium of 23 information, including without limitation, newspaper, television, radio or Internet. 24 You may not form or express any opinion on any subject connected with this case 25 ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT

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until it is finally submitted to you. Fifteen minutes, ladies and gentlemen. Follow Officer Reichert.

# [Outside the presence of the jury]

THE COURT: All right. The record shall reflect we're outside the presence of the jury. Officer Harper remains in the courtroom. Fifteen minutes. Any additional record with the -- noting that the officer -- the witness is present. Any additional record either side? State?

MS. WONG: No, Judge.

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THE COURT: All right. So, 15 minutes. You'll have the witness on cross.

[Recess taken at 11: 00 a.m.]

[Proceedings resumed at 11:13 am.]

THE COURT: This is C 272483, State of Nevada, plaintiff versus Frankie Watters. The record shall reflect the presence of the representatives of the State and defense. All members of the jury panel do appear to be present. The record shall also reflect the presence of the witness. And we are on State's case in chief, cross-examination for the witness. Mr. O'Brien, you have the witness.

MR. O'BRIEN: Thank you, Your Honor.

## **CROSS-EXAMINATION**

#### BY MR. O'BRIEN:

- Q Officer Harper, when you first saw the suspect at -- exiting the Eastside Cannery parking lot, do you remember what he was wearing.
  - A I do not.
  - Q Would it refresh your recollection if you took a look at your report?
  - A I don't believe I wrote it in there. I can take it look at it though.
  - Q Okay.

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1	Q Right, I apologize. Poorly phrased question. Officer Sergeant Baker			
2	now signed the report?			
3	A Yes.			
4	Q She authored it?			
5	A Yes.			
6	Q Okay. But you took a look at it?			
7	A Correct.			
8	Q And approved it before?			
9	A Correct.			
10	Q Okay. And in the report what you does the report state that the			
11	Defendant was wearing a blue hoodie at the time of			
12	A When you asked me if I saw what he was wearing inside of that vehicle			
13	I did not see what he was wearing inside of that vehicle.			
14	Q Okay. Did the radio call that you received state that the Defendant wa			
15	wearing			
16	MS. WONG: Objection, Your Honor, hearsay			
17	MR. GARDNER: Your Honor, he's already said what information was he			
18	given that he was looking for. He said his green Honda. I mean, it's fair to say it			
19	was a blue hoodie			
20	THE COURT: It's not being offered.			
21	MR. GARDNER: he slips down over his head would be fair if that's what			
22	the radio message came out.			
23	THE COURT: No speaking objections either side. Okay. I'm going to			
24	overrule the hearsay objection. I don't believe it asks it's not offered for the truth			
25	of the matter asserted. So, you can inquire as to the radio broadcast and the			
	ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT  Vol. 2- Page 82			

1	information the understanding of t	he officer from that broadcast.		
2	MR. O'BRIEN: Okay.			
3	THE COURT: Overruled.	THE COURT: Overruled.		
4	BY MR. O'BRIEN:			
5	Q Officer, you received a	radio broadcast about a Honda?		
6	6 A Correct.			
7	7 Q In the Eastside Canner	y parking lot?		
8	8 A Correct.			
9	Q And that the suspect h	ad gotten into the Honda?		
10	\$ 1 ·			
11	Q And the suspect was -	the radio call suggested the suspect was		
12	wearing a dark colored hoodie?			
13	A Correct.			
14	Q Cinched down around	his face?		
15	13			
16	11	When you encountered the Honda exiting the		
17	Eastside Cannery lot, I believe on	the map it was headed at the north side of the lot;		
18	is that correct?			
19	- 11			
20	Q And you were coming	in off of Boulder Highway or you were still on		
21				
22	<u>                                     </u>	ide of the Eastside Cannery parking lot also.		
23	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	driving along side the vehicle or		
24	11	head on with each other.		
25	Q Coming head on to e	ach other. Okay. And he was driving at a high		
	ROL	IGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT Vol. 2- Page 83		

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1	Q	And you stated that it was driving fast?
2.	A	Correct.
3	Q	Making several turns or circles or several other moves?
4	Α	Correct.
5	Q	And it was doing everything it could to get away?
6	A	Yes, sir.
7	Q	All right. And the a couple questions about the dog the dog that
8	you had in t	he well first I guess about the Walmart. You came in the Walmart
9	from the we	st entrance you said?
10	A	The west front entrance, yes, sir.
11	Q	West front entrance. Okay. Were there customers in the Walmart?
12	Α	Yes, sir.
13	Q	Was it a busy day?
14	A	Average for a Walmart.
15	Q	Okay. Did the officers close off the exits to the Walmart?
16	A	I don't remember if they closed it off. All the officers I saw actually went
17	into the Wa	lmart.
18	Q	Okay. And did Officer Rowe spot the suspect first?
19	A	Officer Rowe spotted him where? Inside?
20	Q	Inside the Walmart.
21	A	I don't know if he spotted him. I know I came eye to eye with him.
22	I'm not sure	e if he was behind me and spotted him first. He possibly could have. I
23	don't know.	
24	Q	Okay. But Officer Rowe was standing in the aisle when you
25	encountere	d the suspect?

1	Q	All right. And while you were in the Walmart, was there an officer that	
2	was keeping	g customers away while you were in the aisle?	
3	A	I believe an officer and security were.	
4	Q	Okay. And did you you encountered people when you went into the	
5	Walmart? Y	ou saw customers?	
6	A	Did I encounter them?	
7	Q	Yes, while you were	
8	A	Yes, I was telling them all to move away from me, yes.	
9	Q	And there were enough you had to tell them to move away?	
10	Α	Yeah.	
11	MR. O'BRIEN: Okay. No further questions, Your Honor.		
12	THE COURT: Redirect.		
13	MS. V	VONG: Briefly, Your Honor.	
14		REDIRECT EXAMINATION	
15	BY MS. WC	NG:	
16	Q	Officer Harper, do you recall what the Defendant was wearing while he	
17	was inside t	he Walmart?	
18	A	I have to look at my report. I'm not a hundred percent sure.	
19	Q	Why did you make the decision to send Rocco in to fight the	
20	Defendant?		
21	_ A	One, I identified him with eye contact and I remember he's the one that	
22	just got out of the vehicle and ran into the store. He was refusing to comply with me		
23	He had one of his hands in his pockets. Not knowing if there was any weapons		
24	involved or	anything like that, I perceived it as a threat of you saying: Fuck you. I	
25	didn't do an	ything wrong. That's not a compliant person. And that is in our arrest	

contro	1.	
	Q	When did you see the Defendant with his hands in his pocket?
	Α .	He was probably a good four aisles away from me, if I remember.
	Q	Did you order him to take to remove his hands from his pocket?
	A	I did.
	Q	Okay. And he didn't do that?
	Α	No, he did not.
	Q	Okay. You indicate you were fearful that he may have had weapons?
	Α	Correct.
	MS. V	VONG: No further questions.
	THE	COURT: Recross.
		RECROSS EXAMINATION
ву мі	r. o'e	BRIEN:
	Q	When you arrested the suspect, were there any weapons found on
him?		
	Α	I don't believe so.
:	MR.	O'BRIEN: Nothing further, Your Honor.
	THE	COURT: Anything else from this witness? You may step down.
	THE	WITNESS: Thank you.
	THE	COURT: Call your next witness.
	MS. I	HERBERT: Judge, can we approach real quick?
	THE	COURT: Yes
		[Bench conference begins]
	MS.	HERBERT: There were weapons found on the Defendant and we were
going	into t	hat, but I feel like they opened the door by asking if any weapons were
		ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT  Vol. 2- Page 88
	BY MI	A MS. V THE BY MR. O'E Q him? A MR. C THE THE THE THE MS. I THE

1	found.		
2	THE COURT: What was the weapon? What kind of weapons?		
3	MS. HERBERT: A knife.		
4	THE COURT: [Indiscernible].		
5	MS. HERBERT: I just wanted to make sure before we opened before we		
6	asked the question. We would actually we would have to call a different witness		
7	for that so we'll make that decision at lunch time. But I just wanted to clarify that		
8	with the Court before we went there.		
9	[Bench conference concluded]		
10	THE COURT: Call your next witness.		
11	MS. HERBERT: Jamie Poynor.		
12	THE MARSHAL: Remain standing, raise your right hand and face the clerk.		
13	JAMIE POYNOR		
14	[having been called as a witness and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:]		
15	THE COURT CLERK: Thank you, ma'am. Please be seated. State your		
16	name state and spell your name for the record.		
17	THE WITNESS: It's Jamie Poyner, J-A-M-I-E Poynor, P-O-Y-N-O-R.		
18	DIRECT EXAMINATION		
19	BY MS. HERBERT:		
20	Q Good afternoon good morning, almost afternoon. Do you want me to		
21	call you Jamie or Ms. Poynor?		
22	A Jamie's fine.		
23	Q Okay. I'm going to direct your attention to March 18 <sup>th</sup> of 2011,		
24	approximately 3 p.m. Were you the victim of a car accident?		

Yes, I was.

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1	Q	Where were you?
2	Α	Sun Valley and Nellis.
3	Q	And what kind of vehicle were you driving?
4	Α	Ford Explorer, but with a motorcycle trailer behind it.
5	Q	And were there any motorcycles on the trailer or was it empty?
6	A	There was not. It was empty.
7	Q	And you said Sun Valley and Nellis; is that correct?
8	A	Yes.
9	Q	And what kind of intersection is that?
10	Α	It's a four way stop.
11	Q	And what happened when you were at the four way stop?
12	A	I was in a school zone, four way stop, and I was waiting my turn to go
13	and I was re	ear-ended.
14	Q	Do you remember what kind of car rear-ended you?
15	A.	White Chrysler Sebring.
16	Q	What did you right where did the car hit?
17	Α	It hit the motorcycle trailer.
18	Q	And right after that happened, what did you do next?
19	Α	I got out of my vehicle and walked to the back to look at the motorcycle
20	trailer and a	also to talk to the gentleman that was in the white Sebring.
21	Q	Okay. When you got out and looked at the motorcycle trailer, did you
22	notice any	damage?
23	A	It was scratched.
24	Q	Okay. And did that trailer belong to you or somebody else?
25	A	It was a friend of mine's. I had borrowed it.
		ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT Vol. 2- Page 90

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Q

Okay. And so you were on Nellis? Q 1 I was on Nellis. Α 2 Okay. So you, just for the record, made -- you were going north on Q 3 Nellis? 4 Yes. Α 5 Okay. And the individual in the Sebring was behind you. So, is it fair to Q 6 say that he was also going north on Nellis? 7 Α Yes, he was. 8 Okay. So, after the driver said: I'm out here, what did you see him do? Q 9 I was on the phone to 9-1-1. I was in the far right hand lane so it was 10 my car along the curb. And somehow he backed up just a few feet and then he 11 accelerated very fast and went between my car and the curb and went up on the 12 curb, lost control of the vehicle. The wheel covers of the Sebring went rolling down 13 the street and car spun out, the Sebring spun out in the middle of Sun Valley and 14 then came back up on the curb and we were in school zone. There was two 15 children walking down the road. The Sebring narrowly missed them. The crossing 16 guard came running. I went running towards the children. The car spun out again 17 and went down Sun Valley. And I was just screaming to get help. 18 Were the children on the sidewalk? O. 19 Α They were on the sidewalk. 20 Okay. And how close did you observe the Sebring get to the children? Q 21 About two feet. It narrowly missed them. Α 22 And on the map, can you draw with your finger like you did before, the Q 23 direction the Sebring went on Sun Valley. 24 It was this way, towards like Boulder Highway. Α 25 ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT Vol. 2- Page 93

		·
1	Q	Okay. And so you just went about your day after the accident at that
2	point?	
3	Α	I did.
4	Q	Okay. And where exactly did you go?
5	А	I own a tattoo shop on Nellis. So, I actually drove to my tattoo shop
6	which is ab	out maybe a six to seven minute drive, loaded a motorcycle, and then I
7	was driving	back down Nellis.
8	Q	Okay. Is that why you had the motorcycle trailer initially? Were you
9	planning	
10	A	Yeah, I was picking up a motorcycle that was at my business.
11	Q	Okay.
12	Α .	Yeah.
13	Q	And so after you go to your shop and you get the motorcycle, where do
14	you go nex	t?
15	A	I came up Nellis and I was at the corner of Boulder Highway. I was
16	heading to	my home to take my motorcycle home.
17	Q	Okay. Do you at some point go by the Walmart that's on Harmon?
18	Α	Yeah, I'm on Boulder Highway. That's the Walmart that's on Boulder
19	Highway a	nd Nellis.
20	Q	Okay. And so did you notice anything when you went by the Walmart?
21	А	Lots and lots and lots of police. And I decided to stop and see if it had
22	it was ju	st so close, the distance, I decided to stop and see if it had anything to do
23	with the ac	cident that I was in.
24	Q	How much time do you estimate had lapsed between your accident and
25	when you	saw the police at the Walmart?
		ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT Vol. 2- Page 95

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1.	Α	All of it. Well I recognized the sweatshirt. And I believe that there	
2	knives and stuff there but I did not recognize those because I did not see those		
3	prior.		
4	Q	I'm going to show you what's already been marked as State's Exhibit	
5	and admitte	ed as State's Exhibit 6. And actually I'll show you what's also been	
6	marked as	State's Exhibit 3. Do you recognize that photograph?	
7	A	Yeah, that's the sweatshirt, the hoodie that I saw.	
8	Q	At the Walmart?	
9	Α	Yes.	
10	Q	And then I'm going to show you State's Exhibit 3. Do you recognize	
11	that vehicle	?	
12	A	Well the top was done but that's the Sebring that hit me.	
13	Q	Okay. And what is coming out the bottom of the Sebring?	
14	Α	Fluid.	
15	MS.	HERBERT: Permission to publish?	
16	THE	COURT: They're admitted.	
17	BY MS. HERBERT:		
18	Q	For the jury, this is State's Exhibit 3 and that's what you said that's	
19	the car tha	t hit the motorcycle trailer?	
20	A	It is.	
21	Q	Obviously that's not in the accident location but you recognize that as	
22	being the same?		
23	Α	Yeah, the same car though.	
24	Q	Okay. And then State's Exhibit 6. That's the sweatshirt that you	
25	identified a	t the Walmart?	
		ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT Vol. 2- Page 97	

A Yes, it is.		
Q Okay. Is that sweatshirt similar to the sweatshirt you noticed the dr	ver	
of the Sebring wearing?		
A Yes, it is.		
Q And then you mentioned that the top was down on the convertible?		
A Yes, it was.		
Q Okay. Do you happen to see the person who was driving the Sebri	ng in	
Court today?		
A I do; he's sitting over there.	:	
Q Can you please tell me something he's wearing right now and whic	n .	
seat he's sitting in?		
A The light blue shirt in the third seat.	÷	
MS. HERBERT: May the record reflect the identification of the Defendant	<b>i.</b>	
THE COURT: Yes.		
BY MS. HERBERT:	-	
Q And that's the individual you spoke to who was driving the Sebring'	?	
A It is.		
MS. HERBERT: Court's indulgence. Pass the witness.		
THE COURT: Cross examination.		
CROSS-EXAMINATION		
BY MR. O'BRIEN:		
Q Ms. Poynor, you said later on when you were at the Walmart you	said	
the officer showed you a blue hoodie?		
A Yes, he did.		
Q Okay. Did they ever ask you to identify a suspect?		
ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT Vol. 2- Page 98		
	of the Sebring wearing?  A Yes, it is.  Q And then you mentioned that the top was down on the convertible?  A Yes, it was.  Q Okay. Do you happen to see the person who was driving the Sebril Court today?  A I do; he's sitting over there.  Q Can you please tell me something he's wearing right now and which seat he's sitting in?  A The light blue shirt in the third seat.  MS. HERBERT: May the record reflect the identification of the Defendant THE COURT: Yes.  BY MS. HERBERT:  Q And that's the individual you spoke to who was driving the Sebring?  A It is.  MS. HERBERT: Court's indulgence. Pass the witness.  THE COURT: Cross examination.  CROSS-EXAMINATION  BY MR. O'BRIEN:  Q Ms. Poynor, you said later on when you were at the Walmart you the officer showed you a blue hoodie?  A Yes, he did.  Q Okay. Did they ever ask you to identify a suspect?  ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT	

1	Q At the accident.
2	A Yeah, it was scratched.
3	Q Okay. And you, you know, verified the scratch or you looked at it?
4	A Yeah.
5	MR. O'BRIEN: Okay. No further questions, Your Honor.
6	THE COURT: Redirect.
7	MS. HERBERT: Judge, real briefly.
8	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
9	BY MS. HERBERT:
10	Q How much time passed between when you were actually hit and you
11	called 9-1-1 do you think?
12	A I would say less than three to four minutes.
13	Q Okay. So, very close in time?
14	A Very close.
15	MS. HERBERT: Nothing further.
16	THE COURT: Recross.
17	MR. O'BRIEN: Nothing, Your Honor.
18	THE COURT: Anything else for this witness?
19	MS. HERBERT: That's it, that's it, Judge. Thank you.
20	THE COURT: You may step down.
21	THE WITNESS: Okay.
22	THE COURT: Call your next witness.
23	MS. HERBERT: Judge, can we just have one second?
24	THE COURT: Yes.
25	MS. HERBERT: Okay. Thank you.
	ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT Vol. 2- Page 100

THE COURT: The State rests at this time.

Judge, at this point, the State is going to rest.

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[The State rests]

THE COURT: At this time, ladies and gentlemen, we're going to take our

lunch at this time. Remember, at this break as in all, it is your duty not to converse

among yourselves or with anyone else on any subject connected with this trial.

Further, you may not read, watch or listen to any report of or commentary on this

trial by any medium of information, including without limitation, newspaper,

television, radio or Internet. You may not form or express any opinion on any

subject connected with this case until it is finally submitted to you. Hour fifteen

minutes, ladies and gentlemen. That brings up back to work at 1 o'clock. Have a

good lunch. Officer Reichert, take charge of this jury.

[Outside the presence of the jury]

THE COURT: The record shall reflect we're outside the presence of the jury.

Any additional record need to be made as a consequence of the witness

examination since the break? State.

MS. HERBERT: Judge, I believe we'd admitted everything into evidence

except for State's Exhibit Number 18, proposed 18 which we will withdraw.

THE COURT: So, you're going to --

MS. HERBERT: We're not going to admit that one.

THE COURT: So, having conferred with the Clerk of the Court, 18 has never

been offered and not admitted?

MS. HERBERT: Correct.

THE COURT: Okay. Is that consistent with the Clerk's note?

THE COURT CLERK: It is correct.

THE COURT: Anything else, State?

MS. WONG: Just make a record of what occurred at the bench earlier. The State was not intending on getting into the fact the Defendant had in possession some knives on his person when he was arrested. However, the defense did ask the officer whether or not any knives were found on cross-examination and thereby opening the door to our subsequent witness, Ms. Jamie Poynor, indicating that she in fact did see knives at the patrol vehicle. We approached the bench prior to getting that statement out and Your Honor indicated that the door had been opened for us to go into that.

THE COURT: Okay. All right. On this issue, response, if any?

MR. O'BRIEN: Responds nothing specifically to Ms. Poynor but to address it so it is on the record, Your Honor. We'd object to any testimony -- obviously there was no objection to Ms. Poynor -- but we'd object to any testimony regarding -- any further testimony regarding knives given --

THE COURT: I think it's moot now though.

MS. HERBERT: Yeah, we rested.

MR. GARDNER: We think it's fair that, you know, we won't comment on the knives. We don't think they should. No one said they were in his possession.

MS. HERBERT: We don't intend on --

MR. GARDNER: We won't comment on the --

THE COURT: The evidence before this trier is tenuous with regard to the knives in any event. So -- all right. I mean, everybody -- you're allowed to comment clearly on the evidence but the evidence is --

MS. HERBERT: Right.

THE COURT: -- that something -- again, nebulous about knives being

observed by the civilian --

MS. HERBERT: Right.

THE COURT: -- not by an officer and not certainly admitted or part of the evidence. So -- all right. Is that all you have, State?

MS. HERBERT: Yes, that's it.

THE COURT: Defense, any additional record?

MR. O'BRIEN: Nothing further, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Do you need to make a record on the juror note that came out? The record shall reflect that the bailiff approached with a note from Juror Number 1. The note reads: Juror announced in deliberation room that Jeffs — quote — Jeffs had life sentence as she looked at her phone. I showed the note to both sides when it was received. It appears to be a reference to the criminal trial in Utah. It has nothing to do with this case. But as a consequence of that proffered note from Juror Number 1, does either side wish any further inquiry of any member of the jury panel? State?

MS. HERBERT: No, Judge.

THE COURT: Defense.

MR. GARDNER: I don't believe there's any news coverage of this. So, I don't think --

THE COURT: It has nothing whatsoever to do with this case. All right. Fairly stated. Let's settle up instructions then. I think -- what I see happening, gentlemen, is you need to have a conversation with Mr. Watters. The State having rested their case, it's your decision to move forward or not. It's up to you. But I know you need a few minutes to talk about that. So, take your time. When you're done -- State why don't you grab whatever you're going to eat and we're going to settle instructions

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and get them all numbered up as necessary; fair enough?

MR. GARDNER: You want us to come back at what time to settle instructions, Your Honor?

THE COURT: I'd like you to have that conversation with Mr. Watters now and decide what you're next -- what your decisions are regarding the *Carter* instruction or your case, if any. And I don't want anybody to leave frankly. I want us to work through lunch to get those instructions settled. I don't want to delay the process anymore than necessary. And I'd just like to settle up and move on sufficiently and fairly.

MR. GARDNER: Are we going to be allowed to eat, Your Honor, those of us who are famished here?

THE COURT: What would you like? We'll order you a sandwich.

MR. GARDNER: Would you?

[Colloquy]

THE COURT: It'll only take us 45 to settle instructions. I don't want anybody hungry so I want to give you the time you need.

MR. GARNER: Okay. Thank you, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. So, we'll recess. State, why don't you give defense the room so they can talk freely.

MS. HERBERT: Right, we will. We'll go upstairs and get our lunch.

[Recess taken at 11:47 p.m.]

[Proceedings resumed at 12:51 p.m.]

[Outside the presence of the jury]

THE COURT: Okay. This is C272483, State of Nevada versus Frankie Watters. The record shall reflect the presence of the representatives of the State

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flight instruction?

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see -- Number 7. State, do you have any response to Mr. Gardner's objection to

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 MS. WONG: Well, Your Honor, I believe the testimony in this case is the Defendant basically fled from scene to scene so it is consistent with the testimony. With that, I will submit it.

THE COURT: All right. Case law, although we didn't specifically cite it, permits the flight instruction to be given if there's a factual basis — factual information and evidence to support it based upon the testimony that I have observed flight is a factor that this jury may consider. Instruction 7, as proffered, is an accurate statement of that case law so I'm inclined to give it over objection.

Mr. Gardner, any objections to any other instructions?

MR. GARDNER: We would object to Instruction Number 4 on possession of a stolen vehicle.

THE COURT: All right:

MR. GARDNER: It appears that the last case in Nevada that touched on this states that intend to permanently deprive is not an element. We believe that under common law and other theories and consistent with the grand larceny of an automobile case law that intent to permanently deprive should be an element listed in that. And additionally, if not listed there as an element, that as a back-up to the word stolen should mean that the vehicle has been taken with intent to permanently deprive. So, we believe that should be an element of those and I have two proposed instructions, D-1 and D-2, that we'd like to offer that Your Honor's indicated that --

THE COURT: Okay. D-1 and D-2 are offered and marked as Court's Exhibits next in order by defense.

MR. GARNER: Additionally, Your Honor, as far as that argument that -- just make a record -- that if, you know, if a person takes his mother's car and was driving

it around the block, he could be guilty of a gross misdemeanor of taking vehicle without consent of owner. Well if he had a friend with him, his friend would be in possession of a car taken without permission of the owner and would be guilty of a felony possession of stolen vehicle. We think that's so improbable and that intent to permanently deprive should apply to even people who simply possess. And as a corollary of that, we also are objecting to — we think there should be an offer that taking a vehicle without consent of owner should be a lesser included of possession of stolen property.

THE COURT: Okay. Just so we're clear here. I agreed with you when we talked about those that taking a vehicle without consent of owner is and should be a lesser included of grand larceny auto because of the aspects of possession and taking make it so. But I don't think it's a lesser and I haven't included it as a lesser of possession of stolen vehicle for the reasons that taking a vehicle without consent of owner is not a lesser included of possession. So, State, do you have any record you want to build on this?

MS. WONG: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: In pulling up -- and a couple of important points to make in terms of why Instruction 4 approved and we went ahead with Instruction 4 is correct statutory definition pursuant to 205.273. In reviewing the annotations as we move through this effort, I do cite or see cited in that annotation *Montes v. State*, 95.

Nevada 891, a 1979 case. It says intent to cure a past title or permanently deprive the owner of possession are not elements of this -- under this statute. So, under the *Montes* decision, the Supreme Court's already ruled that this is an offer of element. So, that's why I have not included the language as requested. Anything else in terms of objections to these instructions, Mr. Gardner?

the representatives of the State and defense. The record shall reflect that under Hernandez — I want to make sure that there's no concession of any specific element as the theory of defense and that if so, we're following the appropriate procedures outlined by that case law and, you know, I've got to canvass. And I know your both — counsel are well aware of it. You're good lawyers; you've done this many times. Is that an issue that we need to build a record on?

MR. O'BRIEN: Your Honor, I don't believe so. I'd say.

THE COURT: And I'm not asking you to say anything -- if you want the DA to leave, we'll them leave because we can do that under *Hernandez* commonly.

MR. O'BRIEN: Actually, if we could just have that for a couple of minutes so we can speak frankly.

THE COURT: If you two could please step out just in the anti room.

Okay. The record shall reflect that I've asked the DA's leave the room as *Hernandez* says so the Defendant has freedom to make a record here.

Under *Hernandez* -- you've reviewed the case law under *Hernandez*, counsel?

MR. O'BRIEN: Yes, Your Honor.

THE COURT: And I just want to make sure we're doing it right.

MR. O'BRIEN: We're under the impression *Hernandez* does not apply with what we're about to argue. I think, you know, we've been pushing the entire time for basically an ID defense. But our secondary defense and the reason this lesser -- we ask for a lesser included instruction our secondary defense is if Mr. Watters is not the person in these vehicles, but if he was -- or, no, whoever was in those vehicles did not commit grand larceny.

THE COURT: Okay. That makes sense. Okay. All right. So, it really

MR. O'BRIEN: At this point, Your Honor, the defense rests.

THE COURT: The defense rests.

## [Defense rests]

THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, that therefore concludes the evidence portion of the trial. We're going to move now into the instruction phase. As you may recall yesterday, as I told you my opening comments, the instructions on the law are of such importance I reduce those to writing. Dan's handing you those package of instructions right now. As much as I'd like to have a conversation with you about the law, again, the instructions are of such importance that they're reduced to this formal writing. As soon as everybody has your packet of instructions, it's my intent to read from the first to the last instruction. The packages you have in your hands are you to keep as you move from instruction through argument into deliberations. So, you'll carry them with you through the balance of the case and have them with you throughout when you move into deliberation. All right. As soon as everybody has their package of instructions, I'll begin with the reading of Instruction Number 1.

[The Court reads the Instructions to the jury -- not transcribed]

THE COURT: Counsel, you have the floor. Closing argument.

MS. WONG: Thank you, Your Honor.

### STATE'S CLOSING ARGUMENT

BY MS. WONG:

Ladies and gentlemen, this case is about an individual who on March 18<sup>th</sup> 2011 showed complete disregard for the lives and safety of others. This is the case of State of Nevada versus Frankie Watters.

In every criminal case the State must prove two things. First, that crimes were committed and, two, that the Defendant in this case, Frankie Watters, is

the one who committed those crimes.

The Defendant in this case is charged with three counts: Count one, possession of stolen vehicle, count two, grand larceny auto, and count three, stop required of signal of police officer. Let's go through each of these counts one at a time.

Count one. What is possession of stolen vehicle? Any person who has in his possession any motor vehicle which he knows or has reason to believe has been stolen is guilty of possession of stolen vehicle. Now what I've done here is I've highlighted some of the key elements of the offense. And I'm going to explain to you what these words mean and how the facts of this case apply to those elements.

So, one of the first things the State must prove is that the vehicle in question is in fact stolen. Here, in count one, the vehicle in question is the 2006 Chrysler Sebring belonging to Heather Reed. Heather testified that on March 17<sup>th</sup> 2011 she parked her car at the Boulder Station parking garage and went into work. When she left work she returned to the parking garage and realized that her car was missing. Heather testified that nobody other than her husband had permission to possess or drive her vehicle.

So, what is possession? A person who knowingly has direct physical control over a thing is in actual possession of it. So, the person is seen driving or steering a vehicle he's obviously in possession of it. And in this case, we actually have a witness who can place Defendant inside that vehicle. Jamie Poynor testified this morning that the Defendant was driving a Chrysler Sebring with the black top down when he hit her trailer. After the accident, the Defendant got out of that vehicle. Jamie insisted on calling the police and that's when she saw the Defendant return and go back into that vehicle and sped away. In addition, we also have the

Defendant on video driving that Chrysler Sebring throughout the Eastside Cannery parking lot.

So, now how do we know that the Defendant knew or should have known that this vehicle was stolen? Well obviously we don't have a machine that we can plug Defendant's head into to see what's going on in his mind. However, knowledge by the Defendant of the stolen nature of the vehicle may be inferred from all of the evidence. And one of the ways that we can infer that the Defendant knew that this vehicle was stolen is by looking at his course of conduct. So, let's ask ourselves: What did the Defendant do after the accident involving Jamie? And Defendant's flight immediately after committing a crime may be considered by you in determining his guilt or innocence. And in this case, after hitting Jamie's trailer, the Defendant fled. Why did he flee? It is because he knew that the vehicle that he was driving was in fact stolen and had the police arrived on the scene, they would have discovered that he was driving a vehicle which had only been reported stolen 24 hours ago.

Now one of the other things that you're going to be asked to determined is the value of this vehicle. You're going to be asked to determine whether the value of this vehicle is \$2500 or more or whether you believe it worth less than \$2500. The value is the highest value attributable to the vehicle by any reasonable standard. Now Heather testified that she purchased this vehicle back in 2007 for \$19,700. After the Defendant totaled her vehicle, the insurance paid her \$8,000 and her gap insurance paid her \$2,000. And as we know, insurance companies do not pay more than they think a vehicle is worth. So, I submit to you, ladies and gentlemen, no matter which standard you apply this vehicle in question is in fact over \$2500.

So, how do we know the Defendant was the one who committed possession of stolen vehicle? Well we've already gone over this. One, we have Jamie Poynor who can place the Defendant inside the car. She saw him, she talked to him, she saw him when he exited the Chrysler Sebring; she saw him re-entered the Chrysler Sebring and of course we have the Defendant on video driving within the Eastside Cannery parking lot.

Count two. What is grand larceny auto? A person who steals, takes or drives away the motor vehicle of another with the specific intent to deprive him permanently of his property is guilty of grand larceny auto. Now the stolen vehicle in question in count two obviously is different from the one alleged in count one. In count one, the Defendant is charged with possessing the stolen vehicle belonging to Heather Reed. In count two, Defendant's actually charged with stealing the vehicle belonging to Yosvany Otano, that vehicle being a 2000 Honda Civic. Now Yosvany testified today that he had parked his vehicle at the Eastside Cannery parking lot to take his mother to lunch. He was surprised when he was later informed by police officers that his car had been stolen. Yosvany testified that nobody other than certain close family members had permission to take, drive or steal the vehicle.

So, how do we know that when the Defendant took the victim's vehicle that he had the specific intent to permanently deprive Yosvany of that vehicle? Well let's look at Defendant's actions. In fact, let's look at what the Defendant did not do in this case. Well we know the Defendant did not return the Honda Civic back to the Eastside Cannery parking lot where he found it, we know he didn't park it in front of the victim's house, but what did he do? Well he took the victim's car on a high speed chase, got into three accidents, struck the light pole and back into a patrol car. Ladies and gentlemen, he totaled the victim's vehicle. And I ask you if

someone is going to inflict this kind of damage on another person's property, does he have any intention of returning it to it s rightful owner? Now the answer there is clearly no.

And, again here, you'll also be asked to determine the value of this vehicle and whether — you'll have to determine whether the value of vehicle is overly \$2500 or less than \$2500. Yosvany testified that he purchased the vehicle back in December of 2009 for \$4,599. He indicated that prior to Defendant wrecking his car, he had placed less than 15,000 miles on the car since 2009. And according to the Kelley Blue Book value, if you believe his car was in good condition, it's currently worth \$4,130. And even you believe that perhaps his car is only in fair condition, still his car is worth \$3,455.

So, how do we know it was the Defendant that committed grand larceny auto? Well Officer Maas actually sees the Defendant as he's in the process of stealing this vehicle. When Officer Maas first observed the Defendant, the Defendant is bent over in the driver's side seat [indiscernible] with something that's inside the vehicle. Now if you actually look on the video from the Eastside Cannery, what you'll see is you'll see the Defendant actually enter the Eastside Cannery parking lot in that 2006 Chrysler Sebring. Moments later he exits that vehicle and a few seconds later you see police officers actually converse in that same general area. And the next thing you'll see is the Defendant putting that Honda Civic in reverse and speeding out of that Eastside Cannery parking lot. Both Officer Maas and Officer Harper testified and identified the Defendant as the person in that stolen Honda Civic.

Count three. What is stop required on signal of police officer? The driver of a motor vehicle who willfully refuses to bring their vehicle to a stop or

otherwise flee or attempt to elude a police officer in a readily identifiable vehicle of any police department when given a signal by flashing a red lamp and siren to bring the vehicle to a stop, and while so doing operates or is likely to endanger any person other than themselves or the property of any other person other than themselves is guilty of stop required on signal of police officer. And on that note, I'm going to take a drink of water.

Now, ladies and gentlemen, I know that's a really, really long paragraph, but really we can break this simple rule into four elements. One, that they have to prove that a Defendant willfully refused to bring the vehicle to a stop for a police officer, who in this case would be Officer Jeff Harper. Now what willfully means is intentional. So, let's say you have a situation where you're getting pulled over by the police and you in fact attempt to stop for the police. At that moment you realize your brakes don't work and your car keeps going. Well that's not willful evasion on your part because it wasn't intentional.

But that's not case here; is it? Here the Defendant willfully refused to stop for police officers. He intent was to get away. And nothing is more evident of that intent than when after he struck a light pole. After he ran into the light pole, Officer Harper and Officer Pro had him pinned to the curb. What did the Defendant do? He did not stop, he did not stay in the car. Instead, he jumped out of the passenger side window, hopped a wall and ran to Walmart. Ladies and gentlemen, nothing is more evidence that his failure to stop for police officers was in fact willful, not accident.

The State must also prove that at the time that Officer Harper attempted to stop the Defendant's vehicle he was in fact in a readily identifiable police vehicle.

Well Officer Harper testified that he was in fact in a standard Metro issue black and

white patrol vehicle. And Officer Harper also testified that he was given -- that he had his lights and sirens on at the time he attempted to stop the Defendant's vehicle. Now in both of these factors the Defendant -- it is clearly seen on the video from the Eastside Cannery.

And finally the State must show that the Defendant while evading the police endangered or was likely to endanger the lives or property of others. Now ladies and gentlemen, you've heard all the evidence. So, you know that the more appropriate question in this instance is not whether the Defendant endangered or was likely to endanger the lives and property of others but rather how many lives did he endanger and how much property damage did he cause? So, to answer that question, let's review what the Defendant did in this case.

First we'll start off with Officer Maas and Officer Blake attempting to stop the Defendant inside the Eastside Cannery. The Defendant put the stolen Honda Civic in reverse and speeds off the Cannery with Officers Blake, Maas and Harper all following in pursuit with their lights and sirens on. The Defendant then speeds out of the parking lot traveling westbound on Harmon and then drives northbound on Boulder Highway crossing over the landscape median trying to go into a Walmart parking lot and in doing so, he causes an accident with a Ford Taurus driven by an elderly man. Defendant then heads northbound on Boulder Highway in the southbound lanes driving head on into oncoming traffic. Officer Harper paces Defendant going at approximately 65 to 70 miles an hour. Defendant then drives through the red light at Boulder and Nellis almost causing another accident. Here Defendant actually loses control and spins out causing his vehicle to lose power. Patrol units actually try to pinch the Defendant in but he's able to regain power and flees again almost hitting several cars.

Defendant then drives northbound on Boulder until he reaches

Flamingo where he then runs the red light. Defendant then goes westbound on

Flamingo traveling at about 65 miles per hour and when the Defendant reaches

Mountain Vista, traffic there was slow. So, Defendant decides he going to drive in
the bike lane and while driving in the bike lane, Defendant almost runs over several
small children and a school crossing guard who all have to jump out of the way in
order to avoid being hit.

Defendant then continues west on Flamingo traveling 65 to 75 miles an hour and at the U.S. 95, Defendant crosses the median and goes into oncoming traffic. He then goes eastbound on Flamingo and again almost strikes several vehicles. He then goes eastbound Flamingo in the westbound lanes and crosses back over the median again to go southbound on the U.S. 95. Finally he then enters the freeway but not before the striking the cement barrier several times.

The Defendant then continues southbound on 95 to Tropicana where he then exits the freeway. At this point, traffic was actually stopped for a red light. So, the Defendant goes through the landscaping on the eastside of the onramp. He then drives out onto Tropicana where he then causes an accident with a landscaping truck. Defendant then continues westbound on Tropicana in the eastbound lanes and again drives over the median, then runs a red light at Tropicana and Mountain Vista almost causing another accident. And then as the Defendant approaches Nellis, he crosses the median again and drives into oncoming traffic and this time he strikes the Napa truck driven by David Granger.

After this incident, Defendant then turns northbound onto Nellis. He runs a stop sign at Sun Valley and continues northbound to Harmon. He then turns east onto Harmon and once at Harmon, Defendant drives eastbound in the

westbound lanes, drives up onto the sidewalk and strikes a light pole. And as he was getting pinched in by Officers Harper and Pro, that is when the Defendant throws his vehicle into reverse and strikes Officer Pro's patrol vehicle.

So, now ladies and gentlemen, back to our original question. How many lives did the Defendant endanger that day? Well we know for a fact that he drove on the wrong side of the road at least six times. He ran stop signs and stop lights at least four times. He nearly caused an accident five times and he actually caused an accident four times, all the while driving 65 to 70 miles an hour on a busy street in Las Vegas on a Friday afternoon.

So, how do you know it was the Defendant who committed stop required on signal of police officer? Well the Defendant's actually caught inside the Walmart just moments after crashing the Honda Civic into the light pole. We also have Officer Harper who identifies the Defendant as the person who was speeding away from the Eastside Cannery parking lot in that Honda Civic. Officer Harper identified the Defendant as the person who subsequently jumps out of that Honda Civic and runs into the Walmart. And finally Officer Harper identifies the Defendant as the person who's taken into custody inside the Walmart. In fact, it was Officer Harper's canine partner Rocco who ultimately subdues Defendant allowing officers to take the Defendant into custody.

Next, ladies and gentlemen, let's look at the Defendant's injuries. This is the face of someone who had been involved in five car accidents. Rocco did not bite the Defendant in the face. Defendant caused these injuries to himself when he ran into all those cars attempting to run from the police.

The Defendant's blue sweatshirt also helped identify the Defendant. In fact, it helped identify the Defendant not only as the person who was evaded the

police but also as the person who was in the first stolen 2006 Chrysler Sebring as well as the person who stole the 2000 Honda Civic. As you will recall, Jamie testified that when she saw the Defendant after the accident, he had on a blue sweatshirt. By the Defendant was observed on Tropicana and Boulder by Sergeant Baker, the Defendant had removed, had taken off his sweatshirt and was now in a gray tee shirt. At the Eastside Cannery on video, ladies and gentlemen, you will see the Defendant put on his sweatshirt again and it occurs at one minutes 35 seconds 7 into the video and I encourage you to review the video and see for yourself. Later 8 on when the Defendant subsequently is taken into custody at Walmart, he had taken 9 his sweatshirt off again. However, that sweatshirt was recovered inside the Walmart 10 where the Defendant had fled to towards the end of that pursuit. 11

Now, ladies and gentlemen, this case now rests in your hands. When you go back there to deliberate, you will receive a verdict form, and on that verdict form you will have the option of checking one of several boxes. And I urge you to check the box marked count one, guilty of possession of stolen vehicle, value \$2500 or more; guilty, count two, grand larceny auto, value \$2500 or more, and finally, count three, guilty, stop required upon signal of police officer because this is what the evidence in this case purports. Thank you.

THE COURT: Defense, you have the floor; closing argument.

MR. O'BRIEN: Thank you, Your Honor.

### DEFENSE CLOSING ARGUMENT

#### BY MR. O'BRIEN:

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You know, ladies and gentlemen of the jury, you heard a lot of officers and witnesses over the past two days and they all seemed pretty sure that they know Frankie Watters was driving that car. They better be because what we do

know one hundred percent know for sure is that Frankie Watters was in a Walmart and an officer his dog to attack; that Frankie Watters was bitten and mauled by a police dog. The dog attacks him while he's standing in an aisle, teeth sinking into his hips, teeth sinking into the side of his face causing the blood on the face in the photo that the prosecutor would like you to see. The dog attacks and Frankie's slammed down to the ground. Officers move in, put the cuffs on him. He's so badly bitten he needs to be taken for medical treatment. So, they better be sure that he's the guy otherwise they got a very badly bleeding injured person who has done nothing.

Now ladies and gentlemen, the Judge instructed you on the law in this case and I appreciate you keeping an open mind up to this point as I asked in the very beginning. Now that you have the rules you know that, as the Judge told you, the prosecutors have the burden of proving beyond a reasonable doubt that a crime was committed and that Mr. Watters is the person that committed that crime.

So, we had a lot of evidence in the past two days. Let's start talking about that. How did we get to that Walmart? How did we find Mr. Watters in that Walmart? We'll start with Sergeant Baker. A Chrysler Sebring is traveling at high speed south on Boulder Highway. She's stopped at a light facing east on Tropicana. The Sebring tires screech as it starts to turn west then turns east quickly. It's a short amount of time. Sergeant Baker is looking out her windshield, cross her hood, over a lane into a car for seconds and the best description you can give a Latino male with a shaved head.

We talked to Officer Rowe. He's patrolled east Vegas or southeast Vegas a while. He knows there's a high population of Latinos in that neighborhood. And he also told you there's a lot of Latino men with shaved heads. If you take a

look at Frankie here, Mr. Watters is a person of mixed race, not so clearly identifiable as Latino. In fact, you might describe him as a black male. But that's the description that we have from the officer -- Sergeant Baker that starts this entire story.

So, how do we go from there? Well based on those few seconds, the police find a report that they see a Sebring at Eastside Cannery. Actually before we get to the Eastside Cannery, let's talk about what Officer Rowe saw in that aisle in Walmart. There's a little bit of a different between Officer Harper's version and Officer Rowe's. Officer Rowe says he's in the aisle first. He sees Mr. Watters, someone matching the description. Remember the description over the radio call that we've heard so far, Latino male, shaved head, blue hoodie, and as Officer Harper admitted on the stand, the hoodie sits tight around the driver's face. That's the description we have. What does Officer Rowe find in the Walmart aisle? He finds Frankie Watters in a grey tee shirt. The first thing he says when the officers tell him to get down on the ground, he said he didn't do anything wrong. The officers testified it's a busy day in the Walmart; busy day in the Walmart on the east side of Vegas where other Latinos, maybe other Latin males shopping with a shaved head.

One of the things you didn't hear is the officers saying that they checked all the aisles, all the people in the Walmart, went through everyone to make sure that the suspect they saw run into the Walmart was Frankie Watters. They didn't cross out all those possibilities. They found Mr. Watters and based on the very generic description in Las Vegas of a shaved head Latino male, they decided he's the guy who did it. Officer Rowe steps back, pulls his gun when Mr. Watters won't get down on the ground and then he says he takes a step back and lets Officer Harper take charge. Officer Harper lets the dog attack, orders the dog to

attack, and Frankie is mauled by the dog.

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But that's not the only evidence here. Let's take a second and talk about why everybody is so sure or what they're so sure about. We go back to -- we go back to the Eastside Cannery lot. Officer Maas took the stand and he said he's sure that it was Frankie Watters. He got a clear look at him. Never mind that the driver of the vehicle was bending over messing with something in the car; never mind that the radio call that comes out of Officer Maas's view of the suspect is that the person's wearing a hoodie cinched tight. He's definitely got a view. He knows that's the suspect. He knows that's the Latino male with a shaved head that they need. Office Harper, he sees -- he can definitely testify that it's Frankie Watters he sees exiting the Eastside Cannery. He testified that he can identify Mr. Watters because he's able to see him through the windshield in what's an ongoing police chase, that he's just crawling along not moving at a rate of speed. Now the officer's call that goes over the radio about the Sebring in the parking lot is that the Sebring's moving at a high rate of speed but the suspect they're chasing isn't driving a Honda at a high rate of speed, according to Officer Harper. We contend that a suspect fleeing in a Honda trying to get away from the police with multiple patrol cars following him around that goes to leave at a fast rate of speed giving Officer Harper seconds to identify who it is. There's no doubt in his mind because he has to be sure. He has to be sure because the police dog mauled Frankie Watters. It's a lot easier to look backwards once you decide that the person who's been arrested must have done it. It's a lot easier to work backwards to your ID to being positive that that's the person you saw. It might have been a second or two but you can be positive. Remember, Officer Harper can't remember what Mr. Watters was wearing. He was willing to admit that he was wearing a blue hoodie cinched tight on the

stand, but not before he said he couldn't remember. He can't remember what he's wearing but he can remember it was definitely him.

As for the other folks that testified, Officer Pro, he gets involved in the chase a little bit later on. He is another person who says he has a direct view of Mr. Watters, that he can identify Mr. Watters. This is after he's an accident with the driver of the Honda, the driver of the Honda wearing a blue hoodie, hood up cinched tight. Officer Pro has to climb out the passenger side of his vehicle because his driver's side door is jammed shut because of the accident. The adrenalin's pumping; everything's moving fast. The suspect is getting away. The suspect's on the other side of the car. He's getting out of his, but he's sure, he's sure it's Mr. Watters. He better be because otherwise the police dog's attacking an innocent man.

You know, ladies and gentlemen, there are some ways to be sure.

First, the police could have checked the Walmart to see if there were other men with shaved heads, but they're still positive the suspect ran in that Walmart. You know another way that's real simple in a car theft case? Finger prints. You haven't seen any finger print evidence, not from the Sebring, not from the Honda. Remember back when the DA went through jury selection and talked about CSI, how that's not real, that's TV. I'll give you that. I don't want a very expensive DNA test. I'm asking for finger prints. That's old technology. That's cheap technology. But they didn't need to do finger prints because they were sure or maybe they just didn't want different finger prints showing up on those cars.

Ladies and gentlemen, the last person is Ms. Poynor who's sure it was Frankie Watters as well. And Ms. Poynor had a -- she had a pretty bad day. On the stand she talked about being incredibly nervous talking to the person that she talked

to out there. She had just gotten into an accident, she's upset. She's nervous and this person just [indiscernible]. This person is in a white Sebring, not a silver Sebring, but a white Sebring. And she says he's just [indiscernible] at her, making her nervous. So, in between checking on the damage of the trailer and trying to, you know, stay in a safe space from someone that's making her nervous, she's sure that she ID'd him. Now the police could have made sure that day that he was the person who hit her trailer, the person that's in this chain of events. They could have brought her to the ambulance sitting right there at the Walmart where Frankie Watters was sitting after being mauled by the dog. They didn't do that. They told her she could look at photos there. But she didn't tell us she looked at photos. She didn't tell us she ever ID'd him again until he's sitting here behind a sign that says Defendant. It's pretty to ID somebody once the police have decided that's who it is and he's gotten all the way here to Court.

So, ladies and gentlemen, what you have is a whole bunch of officers that can't remember a lot of things from that day. They can remember one thing, definitely, absolutely. It must have been Frankie Watters. Whether it was one second they saw him, two seconds they saw, however long it was, they're sure it was Frankie Watters because Officer Rowe saw a shaved head, maybe a Latino gentleman, in a Walmart wearing a grey shirt, not a blue hoodie, but close enough, close enough to grab him and pick him up for the charge. They're pretty sure he's in the Walmart, the guy they're looking for. They're having to clear people out as they run through. They're having to keep the aisle clean because one officer has to stand there to keep the crowds from going down there in case something's going on. With that many people on the east side of Las Vegas, given the heat in this town, and the fashion, I'm pretty sure there are other Latino men in that Walmart with a

shaved head.

One other thing that Ms. Poynor did not say -- now I note during the two days that you sat here, one thing you may have noticed about Mr. Watters, he does have a couple tattoos. Ms. Poynor never said the man that hit her had tattoos; dark hair, white Sebring. She's describing him but she never says tattoos.

Ladies and gentlemen, based on all the things that aren't here, the lack of finger prints, the lack of making sure that that's the right person in the Walmart and the attack from the dog based on Officer Rowe's identification, which is based on generic ID info, that's a reasonable doubt, ladies and gentlemen. That's a reasonable doubt that there's someone else out there who committed these crimes and it wasn't Frankie Watters. But the officers are sure because if they aren't they just severely harmed an innocent person.

There's one other thing I want to talk to you about, too, when the State was going through the different element. Now we're so sure that Frankie Watters is not the person who was in that Walmart, but if you decide that we're wrong on that issue, looking at the grand theft auto charge, one of the elements there is that the person taking a car must intend to permanently deprive the owner of the vehicle. The suspect the police were chasing, the suspect that jumps in the Honda, he's not window shopping. He's not going around a neighborhood picking the perfect car, the one he's always wanted to take on a joy ride to Mexico, the one he's always wanted to keep. He's not intending to permanently deprive. The car is an instrument to get away from the police. Every officer up here testified that the person's doing everything they can to get away from the police. Now the prosecutor said: He didn't drive it back. He didn't have a chance. That suspect was cornered, the car was stopped by the police. Every turn, every move, every speed, every

minute of that chase is about getting away from the police.

You know, we see, I think, good analogies in a lot of movies where you got a crowd of kids chasing a kid through the streets and he grabs a -- the way Hollywood has it there's always a skateboard or a bicycle readily available along the side of the road from, you know, another child that's standing there. The kid being chased grabs the bicycle and takes it to outrun the mob that's chasing him, the group of kids that are chasing him. He's not taking that bicycle to permanently deprive the owner of the bike. He's taking that bicycle to get away. It's an instrument to get away.

And so, ladies and gentlemen, we'd ask -- if you don't agree for some reason, if there's a lot of questions left from the officers, that there's a lot of questions left unanswered by the State, we'd ask that you find that it wasn't grand larceny auto but merely a joy ride. Thank you, ladies and gentlemen.

THE COURT: Rebuttal.

MS. HERBERT: Thank you, Judge.

#### REBUTTAL

## BY MS. HERBERT:

Good afternoon, everyone. Fuck you. I didn't do anything. Those are the words that that man said to Officer Harper after leading officers on a several mile chase, after running approximately five to seven red lights, blowing through stop signs, almost hitting two completely separate groups of children, one on Sun Valley and Nellis and other one on Flamingo and Sandhill and after causing five accidents, four with civilans and one with police officers. You've had officers, particular Officer Harper, that saw him the entire time that he was fleeing from the police. Officer

the Honda during his entire time.

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The defense wants you to think that the officers were looking for a shaved male who's Hispanic in the Walmart. Well that's not exactly accurate because this Defendant also from having been in five car accidents was injured. You saw the condition of Yosvany Otano's car. That car was totaled. The air bags deployed. He had cuts and bruises on his face from all of those accidents that he's in which is why he's bleeding from his face, which is also why when Officer Harper sees him in the Walmart; he knows that's him because he recognizes him from having previously made eye contact when he fled the Honda. He recognizes him from the couple mile high speed chase and he recognizes him because he just got into a bunch of accidents. He's in the same clothing, it's the same person, and he's injured from all of those accidents. He was very clear that the dog did not bite him in the face: it bit him on the hip. And why is that? Because he refused to comply with officer's commands yet again for the third or the fourth time that day. He had his hands in his pockets, which was a danger to everybody in the Walmart plus a danger to Officer Harper. Using the dog was a last resort. This Defendant was going to do whatever he needed to do to get away from police and if that meant running through the Walmart, if that meant stealing cars, totaling them, using other cars as weapons to push other cars out of the way then that's what he was going to do.

We know this is the Defendant for several reasons. Jamie Poynor is hit by the Defendant driving Heather Reed's car. She didn't just say: Oh, he hit me and then ran off. She actually had a conversation with him. She got out of the car. She went to his vehicle and spoke to him face to face. And it wasn't a long conversation but they actually had a conversation. He actually got out of his vehicle,

went to her vehicle and then got back inside. She had plenty of opportunity to look at the Defendant, to be able to recognize his face; yes, she was shaken up because he almost hit a bunch of kids after he ran into her car. She remembered his behavior. This was not, as she testified, a normal accident. Things did not go the way that she would have expected an accident to go. You don't expect someone to take off right after they hit you. So, she knows that it's him because she had a close opportunity to observe his face and she remembers his strange behavior and how he took off from that accident.

Officer Maas also ID'd the Defendant because he's looking for the Sebring, which he locates a couple car spots down from the Honda, he sees the Sebring, looks a couple cars down and the Defendant, even though he's doing something in that vehicle, pops his head up and makes eye contact with Officer Maas. Officer Maas recognizes that's him. He fits the description. The car he was just in is two cars down. All the officers are getting license plates during this call so they know which cars they're looking for specifically. It's not just any Sebring that's in that parking, it's the Sebring the Defendant was seen driving, the Sebring that Jamie Poynor puts him in. He's two cars down in the Honda. And that is the Defendant from the Sebring goes into the Honda. Officer Maas sees him and then Officer Harper, because being on a long speed chase with him and then making eye contact when he bails from car, knows that that is the Defendant as well.

Officer Harper also testified that he was pacing the Defendant down Boulder Highway. And he told you that pacing means that I'm driving at the same speed as the Defendant. So, he's on the right side of the road, the Defendant's on the wrong side of the road. He's keeping track of him. So, that's another opportunity that he was given to able to look and observe the Defendant and to be

able to recognize that that is in fact him.

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He also testified, Officer Harper did, that when he exited the Walmart -when they pinned the Defendant's car in, the Defendant jumps out and he made eye contact several times before chasing him over the wall. Once they get into the Walmart, there's mere seconds, maybe a couple of minutes that have passed since he last made eye contact that he sees the Defendant in the Walmart and he knows that that is in fact the same person that he was just chasing. So, there's no ID issue regarding ID in this case. The person who was driving the Sebring who hit Jamie Poynor is the same person in the Honda, it's the same person who led this high speed chase with the officers, is the same person who ran into the Walmart, and is the same person who was apprehended. Additionally, the blue sweatshirt is also found in the Honda. As you heard as Ms. Wong explain in the closing statement, when he hits Jamie he's got the blue sweatshirt on. Then when Officer Baker sees him, he's in a gray shirt. Then he's seen again in a blue sweatshirt. He keeps changing his clothing to be able to throw officers off as to what clothing he's wearing in another attempt to try to get away. The fact that he matches both descriptions, the blue sweatshirt in the Walmart and he's in a grey tee shirt in the Walmart, shows that that is another element that you can consider. That's the same person. That's the same guy that did this entire thing.

One I briefly addressed defense's argument on the taking vehicle without consent of owner. We've talked about this a little bit in the State's closing. But the main issue that you have to decide is did this Defendant have the intent to permanently Yosvany Otano of his Honda. And if you look at Instruction Number 14, that's the one that talks specifically about intent. As Ms. Wong said, we can't get into his mind so we don't know exactly what he was thinking. But what you do do is

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you look at all the facts and circumstances surrounding the case in order to arrive at what his intent was. And his intent was to permanently deprie Yosvany Otano of this vehicle. He gets into the car, and Yosvany testifies his car was in good condition. When he goes to the scene by the Walmart, his steering column is all messed up, there's things taken off of his car, there's wires sticking out everywhere. The Defendant gets into the car and dismantles it in order to start it in order to flee. There's no keys being started with this key. He's stealing the vehicle. If you going to joyride, you're not to just go to somebody's car and take apart the inside of it and hot wire it in order to take off for a fun ride and then bring it back. That doesn't make sense. In addition, Instruction 19 talks about common sense. You're allowed to bring in your common sense of our everyday experiences. Does this make sense to you what happened? Does it makes sense that somebody is going to hot wire a car and then bring it back later? That just doesn't make sense.

In terms of intent, the other thing is that, you know, he was going to do whatever he needed to do to get away from police and that included completely totaling Yosvany Otano's car. And not only did he total Yosvany Otano's car, he totaled Heather Reed's car. She said that was totaled out, the Sebring. He hit David Granger's car. That car was totaled out. And then he was in such an urge to get away from the police that he backed Yosvany Otano's car into the officer's patrol car in an attempt to get away. You're not going to joy ride in someone's car, completely total it and then try to give it back. That just doesn't make sense. He was stealing this car to get away. Had he been successful in getting away, he wasn't going to go back to the Cannery and park the car and leave it for the owner to find. That's just not something that makes any sense in this case.

And the last thing that I talked about briefly is use your common sense.

It makes sense that the person that hit Heather — I'm sorry — that hit Jamie Poynor drives off. A few minutes later, Officer Baker sees the Sebring with a male that fits the description of the male that Jamie identified for you in Court. It's the same person. It's the Defendant. And then minutes later he's found in the Cannery. You can see in the video. He pulls up in the Sebring, gets out of the Sebring and puts the sweatshirt back on again. And then you see the officers come. You see him drive off in the Honda onto Boulder Highway. It's the same person, the same person is doing this. There's no way you have the exact same Chrysler Sebring in a parking lot with the exact same Honda that's parked two cars down that the Defendant's stealing just by coincidence. It's common sense it's the same guy that's doing that.

In addition, he's the guy that went down and caused all these accidents. Officers -- not just one officer, several officers testified to a series of accidents and a series of behavior that the Defendant engaged in. It's common sense that that's the same guy and then he bails out and runs into the back of a Walmart. And it's common sense that when they get into the Walmart, who's going to be the guy that looks like he just got into five accidents? It's the Defendant because he has blood all over the place, he's wearing the same clothes, and several officers at this point have had an opportunity to actually see him and know what he looks like. This isn't a one or two second encounter with him. They've been going on a high speed chase with him in additional to officers seeing him steal vehicles. So, the Defendant in this case is guilty beyond a reasonable doubt of all three crimes in this case, the possession of stolen vehicle, grand larceny auto and evading. Thank you.

THE COURT: All right. I'm going to have the Clerk now swear the officers to take charge of the jury to being the deliberation. In this case as in all cases, there

THE COURT CLERK: Juror Number 11, is this your verdict as read?

JUROR NUMBER 11: Yes,

THE COURT CLERK: Juror Number 12, is this your verdict as read?

JUROR NUMBER 12: Yes.

THE COURT: All right. We will record the verdict in the minutes.

Ladies and gentlemen, the admonition that I've been reading to you for the last two days about that you're not allowed to talk to anybody about the case and you're not allowed to let anybody talk to you, I'm releasing you from that admonition. You may speak with anybody about the case as you wish. You don't have to if you don't want to. Should somebody attempt or persist in talking to you about the case against your wishes, report it to any court staff including Reichert and I'll deal with it appropriately.

I also want to thank you. I told you yesterday that we have a cherished constitutional right and I mean it. And without folks like you who are wiling to come from the community to sit in this important capacity we couldn't respect and honor this right. So, I thank you for that and thank you for your service. I like to speak with each jury in the jury room for just two minutes. I don't talk about the decisions. I ask whether you've been treated with respect from the point you received your jury summons to the time you were released and find out if there's something that maybe Court services and the process could do better. And so I reach out to you with those questions very brief and then I'll have the bailiff take you downstairs and get you paid through jury administrator and get you on your way and out the door.

Again, on behalf of the Eighth Judicial District, I want to thank you for your service. If you'd follow the officer, please.

[Outside the presence of the jury]

THE COURT: If you want to talk to them in the hallway, you might want to [Jury trial, Day 2, concluded at 3:35 p.m.] ATTEST: Pursuant to Rule 3C(d) of the Nevada Rules of Appellate Procedure, I Court Transcriber ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT Vol. 2- Page 137

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CLERK OF THE COURT

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

CASE NO. C272483-1

DEPT. XVIII

VS.

FRANKIE ALAN WATTERS,

Defendant.

BEFORE THE HONORABLE DAVID BARKER, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

MONDAY, OCTOBER 10, 2011

TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS SENTENCING

APPEARANCES:

For the Plaintiff:

HETTY O. WONG, ESQ.

**Deputy District Attorney** 

For the Defendant:

ROBERT E. O'BRIEN, ESQ.

**Deputy Public Defenders** 

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RECORDED BY: RICHARD KANGAS, COURT RECORDER

# MONDAY, OCTOBER 10, 2011 AT 8:12 A.M.

 THE COURT: Page 7, C272483, State of Nevada versus Frankie Alan Watters. The record should reflect the presence of Mr. Watters in custody with counsel, representative of the State.

This is time set for sentencing. Any legal cause or reason why judgment should not be entered?

MR. O'BRIEN: No, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Hearing no reason to delay adjudication -- well, the first question we're going to talk about prior to adjudication is this was a decision by verdict, jury verdict. Counts 1 and 2, possession of stolen vehicle; Count 1, Count 2 grand larceny auto are alternative theories. No?

MS. WONG: They're two separate vehicles, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Okay.

MS. WONG: The Defendant was in a stolen vehicle and he fled to the Eastside Cannery and then stole a second vehicle --

THE COURT: Oh, that's right.

MS. WONG: -- at the Eastside Cannery.

THE COURT: All right. So they are not -- under the *Point* [phonetic] decision, they are not alternative theories. So adjudication as to each offense would be appropriate under law.

Mr. Watters, you're adjudicated guilty of Counts 1, possession of stolen vehicle; Counts 2, grand larceny auto; Count 3, stop required on signal of police officer. Again, this is a jury verdict. Ms. Wong, you were trial counsel. Your insight.

MS. WONG: Thank you, Your Honor.

Your Honor, in this case the State's going to ask that the Court impose a sentence of 22 to 96 months as to Count 1; 48 to 120 months as to Count 2 to run concurrent with Count 1 and then finally, 28 to 72 months on Count 3, consecutive to both Counts 1 and Count 2, concurrent with Case C273350.

The Defendant has four prior felonies including priors for evading, possession of stolen vehicle and grand larceny auto which are the same offenses that he was convicted by a jury of two months ago. The Defendant's most recent felony is for a robbery in Case C273350. There he was also found guilty by a jury. In that case the Defendant basically went into the store, stole some beer and when confronted by the clerk, punched the clerk in the face. In that case the Defendant was sentenced to 48 to 156 months on October the 4<sup>th</sup> of 2011.

Your Honor, I actually wanted to talk about the Defendant's prior three cases, the evading, grand larceny auto and possession of stolen vehicle. In Case C216011 and C216365, those instances stem from -- that -- those cases stem from an incident occurring on September 24<sup>th</sup> of 2005 where the Defendant ultimately pled guilty to grand larceny auto and possession of stolen vehicle. In those cases officers noticed that the Defendant was actually driving a stolen vehicle. They activated their lights and sirens, told the Defendant to stay inside his vehicle. The Defendant actually then took off running and ran into a woman's back yard. He then actually runs into the woman's house and actually tells the woman that she needed to go hide because the police were looking for him. Ultimately, the Defendant was apprehended and he did in fact admit to stealing that stolen vehicle earlier that morning.

And then in Case C210303, which occurred on March 14<sup>th</sup> of 2005, the officers attempted to stop the Defendant in a vehicle. Ultimately, that vehicle later

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 returned stolen as well. And when the officers attempted to stop him, the Defendant then accelerated into a gas station, darted between gas pumps where two people were actually pumping gas and then almost hit two of the vehicles. The Defendant then exited the parking lot at the gas station and proceeded down Russell where he then cutoff several cars; again, almost hitting two other motorists.

Defendant ultimately lost control of his car and hit two street signs and when the car came to a stop, the Defendant actually fled on foot, jumped into a wash area and swam across the wash until he reached the other side. And when the Defendant ultimately exited the wash, he then removed all of his clothes -- or removed his clothes and jumped over a wall of a residence where police were ultimately able to apprehend him.

The Defendant ended up serving 18 to 48 months on those three cases.

Now in this particular case, I know Your Honor already heard the trial so I'll be brief with the facts. Here the Defendant was driving a stolen vehicle. He actually runs into the back of a trailer. He then flees to the Eastside Cannery where he is caught on video stealing a second car. He — and then when confronted by the police, he then takes them on a high-speed chase going 65 to 70 miles down city streets on a Friday afternoon. And in the process he then drives on the wrong side of the road six times, runs stop lights and stop signs at least three times, nearly causes an accident three times including almost running over two small children and a crossing guard.

The Defendant then actually causes four separate accidents including a collision with an 82-year-old man as well -- or a vehicle driven by an 82-year-old man and then also a patrol car. And after the police finally brought his vehicle to a

stop, he then fled on foot, took off the sweatshirt he had been wearing, ran into a Wal-Mart where he was ultimately apprehended by the canine unit.

Your Honor, when we look at the Defendant's conduct since 2005, a theme clearly emerges here. The Defendant has demonstrated that he is not only a prolific car thief, but he is someone who will steal cars and when confronted by police, will do anything to get away. He's shown a complete disregard for human lives and it's really amazing that he hasn't really killed anybody yet.

Now, the Defendant went to prison in 2005 for engaging in the same type of conduct as he is convicted here of today. Obviously, he hasn't learned his lesson. I anticipate that Mr. O'Brien, when he finally gets a moment to speak, will probably talk about the Defendant's drug abuse and how his drug addiction has led to his conduct over the past six years.

However, the Defendant went to prison for 18 to 48 months on those other three cases a couple of years ago. He hasn't learned his lesson and if going to prison for 18 to 48 months did not help him with this problem, did not teach him a lesson, there really isn't much more that the system can do for him. At some point it's no longer about rehabilitation. At some point it has to be about punishment. It has to be about keeping the community safe. And every day that Mr. Watters remains in prison is another day that our community is just a little bit safer. And for that reason the State is going to ask that the Court impose a 22 to 96 month sentence as to Count 1, 48 to 120 months as to Count 2, concurrent, and then 28 to 72 months as to Count 3, consecutive to Count 1 and 2, concurrent with C273350.

THE COURT: All right.

Mr. Watters, this is your opportunity to present any information in mitigation of sentence. You've never served in the military; true?

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 THE DEFENDANT: True.

THE COURT: Anything you want to say?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir. I'd just like to apologize to the victims in this case, as well as to Court, Your Honor. I don't want to make excuses for my behavior. I take full responsibility for my actions, as well as I just want the Court to know that I want to go and rehabilitate myself during my prison sentence, get out to the community and be a productive citizen. I know that these actions that are here today do not show me for the true person that I am. I do have a drug addiction, Your Honor. I'm completely two different people and I intend to go to prison and do whatever it takes to rehabilitate myself for my drug addiction, Your Honor.

With that being said, that's basically all I have to say, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Counsel, your insight?

MR. O'BRIEN: Yes, Judge.

I guess to, you know, before I start talking about mitigation, just to put forward what we're requesting. Defense is requesting that the Court run -- that the Court accept the sentence recommendations of the PSI; 22 months to 96 months on Count 1, 22 months to 96 months on Count 2 and 13 months to 60 months on Count 3. But, Judge, the main difference here being that we're requesting that that -- those sentences all run concurrent with his sentence that he received from Judge Leavitt in Case Number C273350. Judge Leavitt imposed a 4 to 13-year sentence in that case, Judge.

With that said, to discuss some of the factors I think, you know, one of the phrases that popped out in the DA's discussion here is showing absolutely no value for human life. And I don't want to minimize the danger that Mr. Watters put people in the day that he was driving around because it's probably true. He didn't

value human life 'cause he certainly didn't value his own. And looking back over his history, it's a consistent sign of basically suicidal activity. Now, one -- you know, one method of that is, you know, pills or a gun or slitting your wrist; another is acting incredibly dangerously in a way that you -- just showing that you don't care if you die when you act this way.

And, you know, towards -- to discuss towards that, Judge, I want to talk a little bit about his mental health history because I'm not sure where Parole and Probation looked to try to find mental health history. They have listed no significant concerns in their report. Well, our social worker went out to the Clark County School District and went out and talked to the State Prison system. There's significant mental health concerns here, Judge.

In 1995 at eight years old Mr. Watters is diagnosed as manic depressive. This is from -- this is a doctor who's -- he's been referred to by the Clark County School District. He's not only diagnosed as manic depressive but that he also has serious mental illness. And I apologize, I do have records on all this as I'm speaking. I didn't get the PSI until Friday. So if at any point, the Court or the DA would like to see records, I do have records to back this up. But a year before that in 1994 what gave rise to the referral at seven years old the Clark County School District started following his emotional instability. They diagnosed him as having a serious emotional disturbance and being depressive -- or having depression. The doctor they refer to him in 1995, Judge, he says that he believes Mr. Watters is manic depressive at eight years old. But because of his young age, he doesn't want to put a firm definition of manic depression but he warns this boy needs to be watched. He needs to be re-evaluated every few years because if I'm right, we have a serious problem.

In 2002 Clark County School District re-evaluates Mr. Watters at 15 years old. Once again, they categorized him as emotionally disturbed and suffering from depression. In 2006, Judge, he's finally in the state prison system. He's 19 years old. Well, NDOC diagnosis him as part of his entry evaluation and for the first time he's diagnosed as bipolar on top of manic depression, on top of the other serious emotional issues. And when he gets out of state prison, before he, you know, engages in all the other activity we talked about here today, in 2010 he shows up at Saint Rose Hospital. He's brought in there because he's found in a car with the windows up in the middle of summer. When the doctors asked what he's doing, he says he just wants to die.

Throughout this entire time, Judge, he's only received any treatment for the mental illness, only received any medication when he was in state prison and it doesn't just start there, as mental health issues usually tend to come at least in part genetically.

Looking back into his, you know, family history, Mr. Watters' mother was addicted to crack cocaine, his biological mother. And the doctor who was evaluating Mr. Watters at eight years old suggested he believes that she used crack cocaine continuously while Mr. Watters was -- while she was pregnant with Mr. Watters. Now, I don't have a specific diagnosis on how that affects him but as we've seen over and over again, in uteuro crack usage does tend to cause problems with brain development.

In addition, Judge, looking at the background criminal history on Mr. Watters' father, he also has a long history of drug abuse and, subsequently, a long history of incarceration. The doctor going over his -- over Mr. Watters' family records in 1995 suggests that there's several reports that his father is paranoid

schizophrenic.

So like so many of my clients with significant mental health issues,

Judge, when there is not readily available medication, they turn to essentially selfmedication, to what's readily available on the streets and that's what leads to the
drug addict -- or the drug usage by Mr. Watters. And I wanted to talk about the
mental health history first because I wanted to just show that it's not Mr. Watters
taking -- just taking a joy ride in that car. It's not recreational use of crystal
methamphetamine or marijuana that puts him in that car. It's a long history of
mental illness untreated and then self-treated with illicit drugs in order to get him into
that car, to get him to the suicidal state where he would take those actions.

And then to go a little bit into the drug history because the PSI does cover some of this, but the ages are pretty amazing here, Judge. At eight years old he starts using marijuana regularly. At 11 years old he becomes a regular drinker of alcohol. At 14 years old he begins his regular usage of crystal methamphetamine; all this time receiving no treatment for his mental illness, self-treating with these different substances.

And I guess that has a lot to do with where Mr. Watters has come from and what we're discussing really is where he goes from here. He's going to state prison. There's no way around that. He's going for 4 to 13 years. And what I would suggest, Judge, is that this Mr. Watters standing in front of you is different than the one that was in the car making the decisions to be in the car as a teenager in the earlier case that Ms. Wong was discussing and the decision to be in the car at this time joy riding.

Now Mr. Watters is a 25-year-old man. He has one son, one child on the way. He's starting to recognize that he's now the model for his son for what a

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man's behavior should be that he's now creating a cycle where he's reproducing some of the ugly behaviors he saw as a child. Towards the idea of changing his life and focusing on his children, Judge, one other thing I'd like to correct in the PSI under gang activity/affiliation, the PSI has him listed as denying any gang involvement. Mr. Watters hasn't denied that he's been a member of a gang before, Judge. What he's trying to explain is that he has left the gang. He has made a decision to leave the gang since being picked up on this charge, since making the decision to change his life.

In addition to that, you know, the Mr. Watters that I met in prison, obviously, sober and not addicted to crystal methamphetamine -- well, or not using crystal methamphetamine at the time, is reflective, thoughtful. While he can't remember the events of that day and he's still -- he has told me that from the minute I got on this case, Judge, you know, concerned about what he did if -- you know, assuming that he did do that and a jury obviously found that he did. But and -- towards that in steps that he's shown towards that action in addition to trying to leave the gang or leaving the gang, Judge, when he was sentenced in front of Judge Leavitt he asked for the 184 treatment program in state prison. Judge Leavitt did approve him for that or recommend him for that.

And the final thing I'll just say, Judge, is that Mr. Watters will be coming out of prison likely in his seventies no matter what happens here. And the decisions of a 30-year-old man with two children are very different than the decisions of an impulsive 19-year-old or even 23, 24-year-old. In the 30's as he passes from a young man into a maybe a delayed adulthood, but in his 30's a man begins to think about the future, you know, what stability, what he's building and Mr. Watters has also started turning towards that looking at his children and what he's building for

them.

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And I'd ask that you impose the recommended time listed by the PSI here, Judge, but run it all concurrent with what Judge Leavitt imposed. Thank you.

THE COURT: Mr. Watters, based upon your criminal history and the facts of this case, you're a real and continuing threat to the community. You demonstrated that by your own actions and decisions that we heard about during this jury trial. Your decisions were your own. You don't demonstrate by choices you made on that day in March that you've learned anything because you sustained the same type of conviction back in 2005. With three prior felony convictions, three trips to prison, two parole revocations already prior to coming here, you are by all estimates and all analysis here a real continuing threat.

Now, I hope that eventually you will parole. That is the reality of our system. And my hope is and as Judge Leavitt recognized, a 184 programming or recommendation does seem to be appropriate based upon your unique situation but you need to be held to account and in accordance with the law of the state of Nevada the following sentence is structured the way I hope to reflect that.

In accordance on Count 1 it's going to be 24 to 120 months Nevada

Department of Corrections; Count 2, 24 to 120; Count 3 it's going to be 13 to 60

months Nevada Department of Corrections for the evading. I'm going to run those
counts consecutive to one another. They are independent in their action and choice
and they are independent to your decisions in C273350, the robbery case. It's going
to run consecutive to that as well. There's a \$25.00 administrative assessment fee.
The DNA was taken many years ago on your first adjudication. That statutory
requirement is waived but there is a \$250.00 indigent defense fund fee. The PSI is
recommending 40 days CTS. All other credit was applied to the robbery case,

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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

THE STATE OF NEVADA,

Plaintiff,

-vs-

CASE NO. C272483-1

DEPT. NO. XVIII

FRANKIE ALAN WATTERS #1962765

Defendant.

AMENDED JUDGMENT OF CONVICTION (JURY TRIAL)

The Defendant previously entered a plea of not guilty to the crimes of COUNT 1 POSSESSION OF STOLEN VEHICLE (Felony), in violation of NRS 205.273, COUNT 2 - GRAND LARCENY AUTO (Felony), in violation of NRS 205.228, and COUNT 3 -STOP REQUIRED ON SIGNAL OF POLICE OFFICER (Felony), in violation of NRS 484B.550; and the matter having been tried before a jury and the Defendant having been found guilty of the crimes of COUNT 1 - POSSESSION OF STOLEN VEHICLE -VALUE \$2,500.00 OR MORE (Felony), in violation of NRS 205.273, COUNT 2 -GRAND LARCENY AUTO - VALUE \$2,500.00 OR MORE (Felony), in violation of NRS 205.228, and COUNT 3 - STOP REQUIRED ON SIGNAL OF POLICE OFFICER (Felony), in violation of NRS 484B.550; thereafter, on the 10<sup>TH</sup> day of October, 2011, the Defendant was present in court for sentencing with his counsel, ROBERT O'BRIEN,

> C-11-272483-1 Amended Judgment of Conviction

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Deputy Public Defender, and good cause appearing,

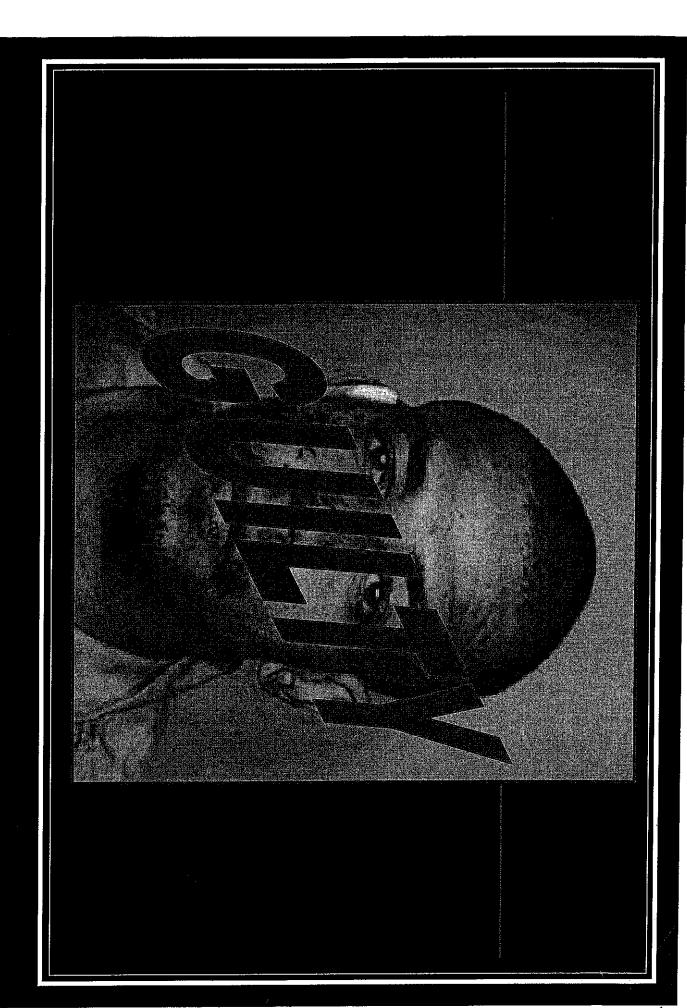
THE DEFENDANT WAS THEREBY ADJUDGED guilty of said offenses and, in addition to the \$25.00 Administrative Assessment Fee, Indigent Defense Civil Assessment Fee of \$250.00, and to PAY \$4,870.00 RESTITUTION, the Defendant was SENTENCED to the Nevada Department of Corrections (NDC) as follows: AS TO COUNT 1 - TO A MAXIMUM of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS with a MINIMUM parole eligibility of TWENTY-FOUR (24) MONTHS; AS TO COUNT 2 - TO A MAXIMUM of ONE HUNDRED TWENTY (120) MONTHS with a MINIMUM parole eligibility of TWENTY-FOUR (24) MONTHS with a MINIMUM parole eligibility of TWENTY-FOUR (24) MONTHS, COUNT 2 to run CONSECUTIVE to COUNT 1; and AS TO COUNT 3 - TO A MAXIMUM of SIXTY (60) MONTHS with a MINIMUM parole eligibility of THIRTEEN (13) MONTHS, COUNT 3 to run CONSECUTIVE to COUNT 2 and this Sentence to run CONSECUTIVE to Case C273350; with ZERO (0) DAYS Credit for Time Served. As the Fee and Genetic Testing have been previously imposed, the Fee and Testing in the current case are WAIVED.

THEREAFTER, on the 22<sup>nd</sup> day of December, 2011, due to a clerical error and good cause appearing to amend the Judgment of Conviction; now therefore,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED the Defendant's sentence to be amended to include FORTY (40) DAYS Credit for Time Served.

DATED this \_\_\_\_\_\_ day of December, 2011

~ DAVID BARKER DISTRICT JUDGE



Any person who has in his possession, with the intent to permanently deprive the owner, any motor vehicle which he knows or has reason to believe has been stolen is guilty of Possession of Stolen Vehicle.



Property is stolen if a person steals, takes, or carries away, personal property of another, with the intent to permanently deprive the owner. 

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### MONDAY, AUGUST 8, 2011 AT 8:58 A.M.

[Outside the presence of the prospective jury]

THE COURT: This is C272483, State of Nevada, plaintiff, versus Frankie Watters. The record should reflect the presence of the representatives of the State and defense outside the presence of the jury. Mr. Garner.

MR. GARNER: Your Honor, I believe yesterday when I made the objection to the State's opening argument when they showed the picture and wrote the words guilty, I think my client wasn't here. And he was very upset about that and he -- I think he doesn't understand that I did make the motion --

THE COURT: Oh, absolutely.

MR. GARNER: -- in your presence maybe could -- I did object to it.

THE COURT: Let's talk -- let's do the Carter admonition while we're at it.

And that's true. Mr. Watters, if you weren't here --

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: Mr. Garner, your lawyer, did object strongly to that and I know that his concerns on the record, frankly, Power Points under the case they're allowed to use it, they're allowed -- both sides are allowed to express where they believe the evidence will take them and the ultimate conclusion that the jury should reach, and that's all that photograph does. But Mr. Garner did strenuously object and he's built a record on that. So, I hope that satisfies you that he's working in your best interest.

I'm responsible under the law to explain to you what's known as your Carter rights.

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: And so that's what we're going to do now. They have to do it on the record. You should understand that you have a right under the Constitution of the United States and under the constitution of this state of Nevada not to be compelled to testify; do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: You may if you wish give up that right and take the witness stand and testify. If you do, you would be subject to cross-examination by the District Attorney and anything you may say, be it on direct or cross-examination, would be the subject of fair comment when the District Attorney speak to the jury in final argument. Do you understand that?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: If you choose not to testify, the Court will not permit the District Attorney to make any comments to the jury concerning the fact that you have not testified. Do you understand?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: If you elect not to testify, the Court will instruct the jury only if your attorney specifically requests as follows: The law does not compel a Defendant in a criminal case to take the stand and testify and no presumption may be raised and no inference of any kind may be drawn from the failure of the Defendant to testify. So I would instruct, after you talk to your attorneys — and it's your decision —

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: -- whether to testify or not. If your decision is that you do not wish to testify, then you have to ask and decide whether or not you want the jury specifically instructed. Now if you were listening yesterday when I told everybody at

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Constitutions say that.

ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT Vol. 2- Page 6

THE COURT: The constitutions say that, both the State and Federal

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: And they cannot, if you invoke your right --

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: - I would not let them talk to the jury and say: Look at Mr. Watters over there, sitting there. He never testified. You should take that, you know, that should be held against him. They can't do that.

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: That's what the law says, that's what the Constitution -- that's how the Constitution protects you. It protects all of us.

THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

THE COURT: So, I guess I just don't understand your question.

THE DEFENDANT: I just -- I don't want to give up any more rights than I've already given up in this case and I don't want to give up my right to testify, and I don't want to be pressured to testify.

THE COURT: Again, nobody can pressure you to testify.

THE DEFENDANT: Thank you, sir. And so if that's your decision -- and frankly you don't have to make that decision until you hear what the DA, the government, the evidence they have against you.

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: So, you may have an idea of where the evidence goes but, frankly, it's not done until it's done, until all the witnesses are called and those prosecutors stand up and say: We rest. And then you know all the evidence that your jury's had and that's the time when you have to say: Well, you know, I changed my mind. Right now you sound like you're inclined not to testify. That's your choice.

THE DEFENDANT: Yes.

THE COURT: But I'm not going to ask -- you don't have to decide until it's all done and you know what the evidence is.

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: — and I'm going to ask you. If your decision is the same, the next step you have to take is whether or not you want this instruction included in the package of instructions or not.

THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

THE COURT: And like I said before, sometimes Defendants like yourself like that, they want it in there so that their attorney can stand up and say: Ladies and gentlemen, you cannot hold this against my client because he has a constitutional right. Some don't like to ring that bell. It's kind of a trial strategy, but ultimately it's your choice. Does that make sense?

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, I understand that, sir.

THE COURT: All right. Now if there are prior felony convictions involved -- in your history -- I know nothing about you, Mr. Watters.

THE DEFENDANT: Yes, sir.

THE COURT: But you are treated like -- if you get on the stand, you're treated like every other witness, you're examined, cross-examined. Each witness under the rules and under the law can be impeached with prior felony convictions if you've had them and they're within the rules. The rule is you can't be impeached with a prior felony conviction that's older than ten years from the expiration of a sentence.

THE DEFENDANT: Okay.

THE COURT: So, I don't know if they're in your background if there's a prior

even give them a few more minutes than that.

25

1	MR. GARNER: Thank you, Judge.
2	MS. HERBERT: Thank you, Judge.
3	[Pause in proceedings at 9:10 a.m.]
4	[Proceedings resumed at 9:20 a.m.]
5	[Inside the presence of the jury]
6	THE COURT: Okay. Thisis C272483, State of Nevada, plaintiff versus
7	Frankie Waters. The record shall reflect the presence of the representatives of the
8	State and the defense and all members of the jury do appear to be present. Do the
9	parties stipulate to the presence of the entire panel? State.
10	MS. HERBERT: Yes, Judge.
11	THE COURT: And defense?
12	MR. O'BRIEN:
13	THE COURT: The record will reflect we remain in State's case in chief. Call
14	your next witness.
15	MS. HERBERT: The State calls David Granger.
16	THE MARSHAL: Remain standing, raise your right hand and face the clerk.
17	DAVID GRANGER
18	[having been called as a witness and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:]
19	THE COURT CLERK: Thank you. Please be seated. State and spell your
20	name for the record.
21	THE WITNESS: David Robert Granger, last name is spelled G-R-A-N-G-E-R.
22	THE COURT: Counsel, your witness.
23	MS. WONG: Thank you, Judge.
24	DIRECT EXAMINATION
25	BY MS. WONG:
	ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT Vol. 2- Page 10
1	

1	Q	Good morning, Mr. Granger.
2	А	Good morning.
3	Q	How are you employed?
4	• A	I am currently employed with the Clark County School District in the
5	garage as a	garage attendant.
6	Q	I'm sorry. I couldn't hear you.
7	A	I'm currently employed with Clark County School District as a garage
8	attendant.	
9	Q	Garage attendant. Okay. Now back on March 18 <sup>th</sup> , 2011, how were
10	you employ	ed?
11	A	I was employed with by Cheyenne Auto Parts. I was a delivery
12	driver.	
13	, Q	Okay. And how long did you work with Cheyenne Auto Parts?
14	A	At that time I was there for approximately three and a half years.
15	Q	And where were you on March 18, 2011 at approximately 3:15 in the
16	afternoon?	
.17	A	I'm guessing I was on Sunset Road and Green Valley Parkway.
18	Q	And is that located near your job?
19	A	No; it was would have been in the course of my job.
20	Q	Okay. What were you doing there?
21	Α	I was delivering auto parts.
22	Q	Now did something occur on that day that caused you to be here
23	today?	
24	A	I'm afraid maybe I misunderstood the question.
25	Q	Okay. I'll re-phrase. Back on March 18, 2011 did something occur that
		ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT  Vol. 2- Page 11

1	Caused yo	ou to be here today?
2	A	Right. I'm sorry. I got confused; yes, an auto accident.
3	Q	Okay. And take us back. Right before this car accident, what were yo
4	doing?	
5	A	I had just left the Cheyenne Auto Parts store on my way
6	Q	I'm sorry. And where's the Cheyenne Auto Parts store located?
7	Α	It's on Tropicana Avenue just east of Nellis Boulevard.
8	Q	All right. And what happened after you just left the store?
9	A	I was westbound on Tropicana. I had just passed through the traffic
10	light at Ne	ellis Boulevard when
11	. Q	So, you were in a vehicle?
12	A	Yes, I'm sorry. I was making my deliveries in the company truck.
13	Q	Okay. And what kind of truck was it?
14	A	It was a Chevy I believe it is a Tacoma.
15	Q	Okay. And what color?
16	Α	It was dark blue.
17	Q	All right. And did it have license plate S I'm sorry C-H-E-Y 34?
18	A	Yes; we called it Chey 34. That's how they numbered their vehicles.
19	Q	Okay. After it's name, the company name?
20	Α	Yeah, Chey as in Cheyenne.
21	Q	All right. So, please continue. What were you doing as you were going
22	to make th	at delivery?
23	. A	All right. Right after I left the store parking lot, I was westbound on
24	Tropicana	I got caught at the traffic light so I stopped and waited for the traffic light
25	to turn gre	en. It placed in the front there at the line and when the light turned green
	,	ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT  Vol. 2- Page 12
t		

I proceeded westbound. I think I'd gotten approximately -- well first of all, I was increasing my speed to match the posted speed limit.

Q Which was?

A Which was 45 miles per hour. I think I had passed maybe fifty feet beyond the other side of the traffic light when I noticed out of the corner of my eye, something odd. It was a vehicle traveling east traveling in the westbound lanes. About the time my brain processed this, this vehicle made a sharp left hand turn, cutting on front of me. I realized that there was going to be an impact so I stepped on my brake as hard as I could. But because of his odd position in traffic, his sudden turn and the speed we were going, I couldn't avoid collision.

Q Okay.

A So, we collided. I think at the very last second I turned my face away from the impact, the windshield, as anyone would when something's about to explode in their face. So, at the time I wasn't aware exactly where on his vehicle I hit but we collided.

- Q Okay. Now this car that collided with yours, what kind of car was it; do you recall?
  - A It was a foreign, probably Asian teal green.
  - Q And how hard was the impact of the collision?
- A I think I had reached 35 miles per hour. I believe he was -- the other vehicle was doing at least that so your guess is good as mine as far as hard.
- Q Now when the teal color cat hit yours, did your body jump forward? Did the air bags deploy?
- A The air bags did not deploy, but that doesn't mean anything. It's a delivery vehicle. Deliver vehicles are usually pushed pretty hard so I can't say the

١,١	A No, it had to be towed.		
2	MS. WONG: Judge, May I approach?		
3	THE COURT: Yes.		
4	BY MS. WONG:		
5	Q Mr. Granger, I'm showing you what's been marked as State's proposed		
6	Exhibits 9, 10, 11 and 12. Can you take a look at these and let me know if you		
7	recognize the items?		
8	A Yes, this was the truck I was driving. This is definitely the truck. That's		
9	the truck I was driving.		
10	Q And are these photographs fair and accurate depictions of the way the		
11	vehicle your vehicle looked after the collision?		
12	A Yes.		
13	MS. WONG: State moves for the admission of State's proposed Exhibits 9,		
14	10, 11 and 12 into evidence?		
15	THE COURT: Any objection to the exhibits offered.		
16	MR. O'BRIEN. No objection, Your Honor.		
.17	THE COURT: Nine through 12 will be received without objection.		
18	STATE'S EXHIBIT #'s 9 THROUGH 12 ADMITTED		
1,9	MS. WONG: Permission to publish, Your Honor?		
20	THE COURT: Yes.		
21	BY MS. WONG:		
22	Q Okay. Mr. Granger, showing you State's Exhibit 9. Can you tell us		
23	what we're looking at here?		
24	A We're looking at the delivery truck I was driving which is is CHEY 34.		
25	The vehicle is facing westbound on Tropicana. As you can see, the suspension has		
	ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT  Vol. 2- Page 17		

		·
1	been dama	ged. The impact was on the passenger side and it's pretty totaled.
2	Q	And the left side of the vehicle, is this where the teal colored vehicle
3	collided with	yours?
4	Α	Yes.
5	Q	Showing you State's Exhibit 10. Is this a close-up of what we just
6	previously l	ooked at? Mr. Granger?
- 7	A	Yes, I'm sorry, yes.
8	Q	State's Exhibit 11.
9	A	Yes.
10	Q	Still a close-up?
11	A	Yes.
12	Q	Okay. And State's Exhibit 12?
13	Α	Yes, yes.
14	Q	And is this the license plate right here?
15	Α	Yes, it is.
16	Q	C-H-E-Y 34?
17	Α	That's it.
18	Q	I have one question here. What does this say here on the side?
19	A	It says: NAPA Genuine Auto Parts. Cheyenne Auto Parts is a
20	distributor of	of NAPA.
21	Q	What is NAPA?
22	Α	NAPA is a national auto parts association. It's a auto parts
23	manufactur	er. And Cheyenne Auto Parts with a distributor for NAPA.
24	Q	Okay. Thank you very much.
25	MS.	WONG: Pass the witness.
		ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT Vol. 2- Page 18
3		

1	THE COURT: Cross-examination.		
.2	MR. O'BRIEN: Court's indulgence, Your Honor. No question for Mr. Granger		
3	THE COURT: Anything else from this witness? Please step down.		
4	THE COURT: Call your next witness.		
5	MS. WONG: Yosvany Otano.		
6	THE MARSHAL: Remain standing, raise your right hand and face the clerk.		
7	YOSVANY OTANO		
8	[having been called as a witness and being first duly sworn, testified as follows:]		
9	THE COURT CLERK: Thank you, sir. State and your spell your name for the		
10	record.		
11	THE WITNESS: Yosvany Otano.		
12	THE COURT CLERK: Spelling.		
13	THE WITNESS: Oh, the first name, Y-O-S-V-A-N-Y Otano, O-T-A-N-O.		
14	THE COURT: Counsel, your witness.		
15	MS. HERBERT: Thank you, Judge.		
16	DIRECT EXAMINATION		
17	BY MR. HERBERT:		
18	Q Do you want to called Yosvany or Mr. Otano? Which do you prefer?		
19	A Yosvany.		
20	Q Where do you live right now?		
21	A I live here in Las Vegas, 4550 Karen Avenue, Apartment 230.		
22	Q Okay. Do you also travel for work?		
23	A Yeah.		
24	Q Okay. And where do you travel for work?		
25	A New York City.		
	ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT  Vol. 2- Page 19		

1	A	Open parking garage.	
2	Q	Is it is a parking lot or a garage?	
3	Α Α	Yeah, a parking lot.	
4	Q	Okay. And when you parked your car did you lock it or leave it	
5	unlocked?		
6	A	Locked.	
7	Q	And how many sets of keys do you have to your car?	
8	A	About five.	
9	∥ Q	Okay. Did you leave any of those sets of keys in your vehicle?	
10	A	No.	
. 11	Q.	Were you aware when you parked your car on March 18th where all	
12	those sets of keys were?		
13	A	I have two in my house and then the one in my wallet and then well	
14	one in my wallet, one on me in my pocket and then I think it's like one or two at		
15	home and t	he remaining in New York City.	
. 16	Q	Okay. You have multiple sets of keys because you travel a lot?	
17	А	Yeah.	
18	Q	And you don't remember there were no keys left in the vehicle; is that	
19	right?		
20	A	No.	
21	Q	Okay. Who besides yourself has permission to drive your car?	
22	Α	Just myself, my mom and maybe like my sister or maybe like a friend.	
23	People that	I know.	
24	Q	People you know. Okay. Do you know an individual by the name of	
25	Frankie Wa	tters?	
- 1		MONOTON TO THE PART AND THE PAR	

. 1	Α	No.
2	Q	Okay. Do you recognize sitting in the blue shirt at the table over here
3	on the end?	
4	Α	No.
5	Q	Do you know him?
6	A	No.
7	Q	Does he have permission to drive your vehicle?
8	Ä	No.
9	Q	When you so you drove to the Cannery in your Honda, parked it,
10	locked it an	d went inside and ate; is that right?
11	Α	Yeah.
12	Q	And then at some point when you were in the Cannery, did you learn
13	something (	unusual happening to your car?
14	Α	Well I didn't know until two officers they told me that what happened
15	to my car.	
16	Q	Okay. Well when did that happen?
17	A	After I got done eating and then they my mom went to the bathroom
18	and I was w	vaiting for her and that's when two officers came up to me. They told me
19	they were to	rying to find me.
20	MR.	O'BRIEN: Objection; hearsay.
21	THE	COURT: Sustained
22	BY MS. HE	RBERT:
23	Q	Don't tell me what they told you. But the two officers came up to you; is
24	that right?	
25	Α	Yeah.
		ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT Vol. 2- Page 22
1	1	

1	, A	t ean.
2	. Q	Okay. Let me ask you this. When the officers first approached you, did
. з	you know	did they also know where the location of your vehicle was or were you
4	just informe	d it was missing?
5	А	They knew where it was 'cause like they said, it's right behind the
6,	Walmart.	
7	Q	Okay. Did you ever go to the Walmart to look at your car?
8	A	Yeah, after maybe a few hours later.
9	Q	Okay. So
10	A	I took my own pictures also.
11	Q ·	Okay. So, the officers came and spoke to you. And then did you go
12	home in the	e meantime?
13	Α	Yeah.
14	Q	And then you went to the Walmart? Okay. And you looked at the
15	condition of	our car when it was behind the Walmart; is that right?
16	A	Yeah.
17	Q	Okay. When you had parked your car and [indiscernible] at the
18	Cannery, w	hat kind of condition was it in?
19	Α	It was good condition, not the best, but it was still drivable.
20	Q	Was there any visible scrapes or damage?
21	Α	No.
22	Q	What about the ignition? Was there anything damage to the ignition?
23	Α	No it was a normal ignition.
24	Q	When did you purchase this car?
25	Α	December of 2009.
		ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT  Vol. 2- Page 24

-1	they moved	to another location.
2.	Q	Okay. So, it was a dealership?
3	Α	Yeah, like a small dealership.
4	Q	Okay. Are you did you have an opportunity to look at the Kelley Blue
5	Book value	of your vehicle, for what it be worth, on March, 20011?
6	*, <b>A</b>	Yeah.
. 7	Q	And when did you that, did you put in how many miles you had on your
8	car on March 18 <sup>th</sup> , 2011?	
9	Α	Yeah.
10	Q	Okay. And then you put in what type of vehicle you have, is that
11	correct?	
12	Α	Yeah, the type.
13	Q	Okay. And then they also asked you questions regarding what model;
14	is that right	?
15	Α	Yeah.
16	A	Okay.
17	Α	So, you put all that information accurately to reflect your vehicle; is that
18	fair?	
19	A	Yeah.
20	Q	Okay. Do you remember what the Kelley Blue Book value of your
21	vehicle was	s when you put all that information in?
22	А	About in good condition about 4,100 to about 4,200.
23	Q	Okay. So, about 4,000 to 4,2000?
24	A	Yeah.
25	Q	For a car in good condition?
		ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT Vol. 2- Page 26

•	A real.		
2	Q Okay. And based upon what you testified, would you say your car fit		
3	into the good condition category?		
4	A Yeah.		
5	MS. HERBERT: Court's indulgence. Permission to approach the witness?		
6	THE COURT: Yes.		
7	BY MS. HERBERT:		
8	Q I'm going to show you what's been marked as State's proposed Exhibit		
9	27. Do you recognize this?		
10	A Yeah.		
11	Q And how do you recognize that?		
12	A The Blue Book value or the Kelley Blue Book from their web page.		
13	Q Okay. And then what kind of car is listed as shown as the Blue Book		
14	value?		
15	A 2000 Honda Civic SP value package, sedan four door.		
16	Q Is that the car you had on March 18 <sup>th</sup> of 2011?		
17	A Yeah.		
18	Q And how miles does the Kelley Blue Book indicate for the value?		
19	A Á hundred and sixty thousand.		
20	Q And you had about 150,000, 155. Is that a fair and accurate		
21	A Yeah.		
22	Q And is that a fair and accurate depiction of the Kelley Blue Book		
23	print-out for your vehicle with what information your vehicle had from our speaking?		
24	A Yeah.		
MS. HERBERT: Judge, I'm going to admit State's proposed Exhi			
	ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT Vol. 2- Page 27		

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•	proposed	Exhibit 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19 and 21. Permission to approach?
2	TH	E COURT: Yes.
3	BY MS. H	IERBERT:
4	Q	Take a look at these collectively and tell me if you recognize these
5	photograp	ohs?
6	Α	Yeah.
7	Q	Okay. All of the photographs except for 19, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 21
8	well how o	do you recognize those?
9	A	Well, I mean, that's my car.
10	Q	And is that how your car appeared on March 18 <sup>th</sup> when you went to go
11	recover it?	<b>?</b>
12	A	Yeah.
13	Q	Okay. Is that a fair and accurate depiction of how your car appeared?
14	A	Yeah.
15	MS.	HERBERT: Judge, State's going to move to admit 13 through 17 and
16	21.	
17	THE	ECOURT: Any objection?
18	MR.	GARDNER: No objections, Your Honor.
19	THE	COURT: Thirteen through 17 and 21 will be received.
20	!	[STATE'S EXHIBIT #'s 13 THROUGH 17 AND 21 ADMITTED]
21	BY MS. HE	ERBERT:
22	Q	And State's proposed Exhibit 19, do you recognize what that's a picture
23	of?	
24	A	Yeah, it looks like the outer panel of the door.
25	Q	Okay. And Is that a fair and accurate depiction of the outer panel of
		ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT Vol. 2- Page 31

1	your door o	of your vehicle as it appeared on March 18 <sup>th</sup> , 2011?
2	A	Yeah.
3	MS.	HERBERT: State moves to admit State's 19.
4	THE	COURT: Nineteen is offered now. Any objection?
5	MR.	GARDNER: No, Your Honor.
6	THE	COURT: Nineteen will be received.
7		[STATE'S EXHIBIT #19 ADMITTED]
8	MS.	HERBERT: Thank you. Permission to publish?
9	THE	COURT: Yes.
10	BY MS. HE	RBERT:
11	Q	Showing you State's 21. Okay. What is this a picture of?
12	Α	Oh, 2000 Honda Civic or my car.
13	Q	Okay. And the front of the car there's some damage to it, yes?
. 14	. А	Yeah.
15	Q	Okay. Can you describe just for the record what that damage is?
16	Α	The bumper loose; the front rim - well the tire pretty much gone and
17	the engine	pushed in is pretty much all the damage.
18	Q	Okay. Is it fair to say that when last your vehicle when you parked at
19	the Canner	y it did not appear like this?
20	A	No.
21	Q	Okay. Showing you State's 14. Is that a picture of the side of your
22	vehicle?	
23	Α	Yeah.
24	Q	Okay. And there's obviously damage to the two doors, they're pushed
25	in, and ther	the side of the hood; is that right?
	,	ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT  Vol. 2- Page 32
l l		and the control of th

**ROLANDO PRO** 

. 1	A	It basically means where you start to head in and wind down, you know,
2	towards the	e end of your day.
- 3	Q	Now did you receive a call from dispatch at that time?
4	A	Yes.
5	Q	What was the nature of the call?
6	A	A vehicle pursuit and there were already units that were assigned to the
7	pursuit and	the pursuit was coming up in the area that I was getting gas at.
8	Q	Okay. So, what happened as a result?
9	Α	Being as the pursuit was headed towards my way, I headed down there
10	to assist.	
11	Q	Were you actually officially assigned the call?
12	Α	I don't believe right off the bat, no.
13	Q	So, now were you given a description of this subject vehicle?
14	Α	I believe the description had already been out because there was
15	already uni	ts that were chasing the vehicle.
16	Q	Okay. So, what vehicle were you chasing?
17	Α	l believe it was a four door Honda.
18	Q	Okay. Do you recall what color?
19	A	No.
20	Q	Okay. Do you recall a license plate?
21	Α	No.
22	Q	Okay. So, you were just looking for a four door Honda that's speeding
23	down the st	reet?
24	A	Correct, that two units were already chasing.
25	Q	Okay. So, ultimately did you come upon this vehicle?
		ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT Vol. 2- Page 37

1	and then tha	at vehicle continued eastbound on Tropicana with the patrol units still
2	following.	
3	Q	All right. And which direction he was driving on Tropicana?
4	·A	Tropicana, he ended up going eastbound from U.S. 95.
5	Q	All right. And where did that vehicle proceed from there?
6	Α	It continued eastbound down Tropicana towards Nellis.
7	. Q	All right. And did anything happen at Nellis?
8	. <b>A</b>	Towards Nellis and Tropicana, the suspect vehicle went into oncoming
9	traffic head	on and there was a collision involving another vehicle.
10	Q	And what type of vehicle was involved in that collision?
11	A	l believe it was a truck.
12	2 Q	Do you recall what kind of truck?
13	А	No.
.14	Q	Okay. Was it a civilian truck or
15	Α	It was a civilian's vehicle.
16	Q	All right. Do you recall what color the vehicle was?
17	Α -	No.
18	Q	So, what happened after the Honda struck the truck?
19	A	The units that were pursuing tried to enclose on the suspect vehicle and
20	the suspect	fled from that scene as well, continuing driving northbound on Nellis
21	from the ac	cident.
22	Q	And where did the suspect vehicle go from there?
23	А	The suspect vehicle continued northbound on Nellis towards Harmon.
24	Q	Did that vehicle ultimately turn onto Harmon?
25	А	Correct.
		ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT Vol. 2- Page 39

1	Q	And what happened from there?
2	Α	The vehicle turned eastbound on Harmon from Nellis. It immediately
3	went into o	ncoming traffic again and drove in direction of a light pole and a curb.
4	Q	And you say it drove into the direction of, did it actually hit the curb and
5	the light po	le?
6	Α	Correct. The vehicle did hit the curb on the other side of the road.
7	Q	And what happened after the vehicle struck the light pole?
8	Α	After it hit that area, it actually spun out and was actually facing our
9	direction.	It was facing our direction which is the opposite direction of the direction it
10	was traveli	ng.
11	Q	So, you mean initially he was traveling the wrong way and after it struck
12	the light po	ble it's now facing the correct direction?
13	А	He was driving east and when he spun out he was facing west.
14	Q	Okay. And was he in the westbound lanes now?
15	A	Yes, he was.
16	Q	And you said he's facing now your patrol car?
17	A	No; he was facing my partner, Officer Harper and the K-9 unit.
18	Q	All right. And where were you positioned at this time?
19	A	I was off to the side about a 45 degree angle in my patrol vehicle.
20	Q	So, after the accident, did you and Officer Harper attempt to place the
21	subject in	custody?
22	A A	Yes.
23	Q	Okay. What did you?
24	Α	Officer Harper stayed in front of the vehicle and then I immediately went
25	to a tactic	to go the rear to attempt to box him in to prevent him from pursuing that
		ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT  Vol. 2- Page 40
	II	

1	Q No? Okay. So, now with regard to State's proposed Exhibit 20, is that
2	a fair and accurate depiction of the light pole that the Defendant struck that the
3	subject struck on March 18 <sup>th</sup> , 2011?
4	A Yes
5	MR. WONG: State moves for the admission of State's proposed 20 in to
6	evidence.
7	THE COURT: Twenty is offered. Any objection?
8	MR. O'BRIEN: No objection, Your Honor.
9	THE COURT: Twenty is received.
10	[STATE'S EXHIBIT #20 ADMITTED]
11	BY MS. WONG:
12	Q All right. Officer Pro, showing you State's Exhibit 20. What are we
. 13	looking at here?
14	A The light pole that was struck.
15	Q And showing you what's already been marked as State's Exhibit 21.
16	Do your recognize what's depicted here?
17	A It's going to be my patrol vehicle that I was driving on that day and the
18	suspect vehicle which I ended up pinning into that curb.
19	Q So, your patrol vehicle is the vehicle depicted on the right here?
20	A Correct.
21	Q And this is the subject vehicle on the left?
22	A Correct.
23	Q Okay. And this is where you had pinned the subject to the curb?
24	A Correct.
25	Q So, what happened after you had successfully pinned the subject
	ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT Vol. 2- Page 43

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1	Q	And did you go over the wall along with the Defendant?
2	A	No, I did not.
3	Q	Did you stay on scene where the accident occurred?
4	A	I did.
5	Q	Now at any point during the pursuit did you have your lights and sirens
6	on?	
7	. A	Yes, I did.
8	Q	At which point did you have your lights and sirens on?
9	A	At Nellis and Tropicana.
10	Q	And did you turn them off at some point?
11	A	I believe probably after he was taken into custody?
12	Q	So, once you turned on your lights and sirens you never turned them off
13	again?	
14	A	No.
15	Q	Did your entire pursuit of the Defendant occur within Clark County?
16	A	It did.
17	MS. V	WONG: Pass the witness.
18	THE	COURT: Cross-examination.
19		CROSS-EXAMINATION
20	BY MR. O'E	BRIEN:
21	Q	Officer Pro, you first learned about the pursuit via radio call; is that
22	correct?	
23	A	That's correct.
24	Q	Okay. And did the radio call provide a description of the suspect?
25	Α	Not that I remember.
		ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT Vol. 2- Page 45

1	Q	Okay. It didn't state that the driver was wearing a blue sweatshirt.
2	Α	I don't recall if it did.
3	Q	Okay. So, once you after you joined the chase and you attempted to
4	box him in,	you said that you jammed the Honda into the curb in order to prevent
5	any further	flight; is that correct?
6	A	Correct.
7	Q	Okay. And prior to that point when you had been following him, the
8	suspect wa	s driving fast in the Honda?
9	A	I would say so.
10	Q	Would you say it was doing everything to get away from the officers?
11	A	Correct.
12	Q	Okay. And so you blocked the Honda into the curb and your passenger
13	door was ja	ammed?
14	A	Uh-huh.
15	Q	Due to the impact?
16	Α	No, no, my passenger door was not jammed. It was the driver's side
17	door.	
18	Q	Oh, sorry. The driver's side door was jammed during the impact. Okay.
19	And you s	aid the driver got out of the car, out of the Honda?
20	Α	Correct. I believe out of the passenger side of his.
21	Q	Okay. So, the Honda is between is your car and the curb?
22	Α	It's curb, Honda then me.
23	Q	Okay. So, he gets out of the passenger side of the Honda, you get out
24	of the pas	senger side of your car?
25	A	Correct.
		ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT Vol. 2- Page 46
	II *	

	1
1	Q And you said he immediately jumped over the wall?
2	A Yeah, a wall that was to the right of him, correct.
3	MR. O'BRIEN: And, Your Honor, we have no further questions.
4	THE COURT: Redirect.
5	MS. WONG: No further questions, Your Honor
6	THE COURT: Anything else for this witness?
7	MS. WONG: No, Your Honor.
8	THE COURT: Please step down. Call your next witness.
9	MS. WONG: The State calls Officer Jeff Harper.
10	MR. O'BRIEN: Your Honor, I'm sorry. Can we recall the officer for a
11	question. I forgot to check with co-counsel.
12	THE COURT: You want to re-open cross-examination?
13	11
14	THE COURT: Officer, you're still under oath. Please be seated. Counsel,
15	you have the witness on cross-examination.
16	MR. O'BRIEN: Thank for your patience, Officer.
17	
18	CROSS-EXAMINATION continued
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2	Q Okay. So, you don't recall whether he was wearing a hood up
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	ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT  Vol. 2- Page 47
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	- 11	• •	
	1	Α	Yes, I was.
:	2	Q	Why?
	з	Α	NHP received a phone call from a concerned citizen that they had a
	4	reckless dr	iver. And when they ran the license plate, they advised us that it had
	5	exited the	freeway and it was returning as a stolen vehicle.
	6	Q	Okay. And do you recall when you actually received this call?
	7	Α	I believe it was right around that time of 3:15-ish.
	8	e Q	Okay. And were you provided a description of that vehicle?
	9	А	Correct, I was.
1	10	Q	Okay. And what was that description?
1	1	Α	It was a Chrysler Sebring convertible.
1	12	Q	Do you recall what the license plate was?
1	13	A	I don't recall it.
	14	Q	Okay. Did you at one point?
	15	A	I did know it. It came up on our computer screen. If I looked at my
	16	report I'm	sure it would be in there.
	17		. WONG: Judge, may I approach the witness?
	18.	THI	E COURT: Yes. Could you show counsel what you're referring to?
	19	BY MS. V	ONG:
:	20	Q	Has your memory been refreshed?
:	21	. А	I actually did not write it in my report. It was in the details of the call that
,	22	we were	dispatched on.
	23	Q	Okay.
	24	MS	WONG: Judge, May I approach the witness?
	25	BY MS. V	VONG:
			ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT Vol. 2- Page 52
		11 .	

 Q Okay. So, explain to me what happened inside the Eastside Cannery parking lot.

A When the unit said -- he advised us on the radio that he spotted the vehicle at a high rate of speed inside of there, I then went to the entrance off of Harmon and I then went to the right -- west end of the parking lot to attempt to locate it inside there. While I was driving around in there, the unit advises over the radio that they located the vehicle farther west -- I'm sorry --- east of where I was.

- Q Okay.
- A So, I began to drive over to that area.
- Q And at that time, did you spot the subject vehicle?

A I did not spot that vehicle at that time because the patrol unit that observed that -- observed the person in another vehicle fleeing the area at a high rate of speed.

Q Okay. And what happened after that?

A As I was continuing to drive across that entrance from the eastside -I'm sorry -- the west side to the east side, I observed a vehicle that they called out
as a green vehicle coming at me at a high rate of speed. I was in a marked vehicle.
I attempted to turn my lights and sirens on to get it to stop. It ran over several curbs
and went northbound off of the exit from that parking lot out onto Harmon.

Q Okay. So, let's just back up for one second here. Initially you were looking for a Chrysler --

A Correct.

Q -- Sebring? And eventually you're now looking for a -- what type of vehicle?

A It was a Honda.

1	· Q	Okay. Do you recall the color?
2	Α	I believe it was green.
3.	Q	Okay. So, you're now do you know what type of a Honda it was?
4	Α	It was a four door, I believe, Civic.
- 5	Q	All right. So, now you're looking for a four door Honda Civic and you
6	eventually	see this Honda?
7	·A	Correct.
8	Q	Okay. Now it was your understanding that it's the same person that
9	you're loo	king for even though there's two different vehicles involved?
10	Α	Correct.
11	Q	All right. So, when you first see the Honda, where was it?
12	Α	It was traveling eastbound towards the entrance of Harmon, off of the
13	Harmon.	Where the entrance comes in off of Harmon into the parking lot, you can
14	go two wa	ays. It's like a plus intersection, if you want to call it that. I was coming
15	from this	side, which was the west side going east and the vehicle, was traveling
16	towards r	me this way.
17	Q	But were you both still inside the Eastside Cannery parking lot.
18	А	We were both inside the Eastside Cannery, yes.
19	Q	All right. Now you indicated that you attempted at that point to turn on
20	your light	s and sirens. Did you attempt to or did you actually turn on your lights?
21	Α.	I actually turned them on.
22	Q	Okay. Now the lights, what color are they?
23	Α	They're red and blue.
24	Q	Okay. Do they flash?
25	A	Yes, they do
		ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT Vol. 2- Page 55

1	Q	Okay. And are those sirens loud?
2	, A	Correct; there's two of them on the front of my vehicle.
3	Q	All right. Now did you get an opportunity to observe the driver of the
4	Honda?	
5	Α	Yes, I did.
6	Q	Okay. How did you observe that person?
7	Α.	He was the driver of the vehicle. He was slouched down in the vehicle
8	a little bit.	
9	Q	Where was he slouched down in the vehicle?
10	Α.	In the driver's seat.
11	Q	And when you say slouched down, what do you mean?
12	Α	His seat appeared to be reclined back a little bit. He wasn't sitting up
13	right like I a	m sitting right now.
14	Q	Okay. And that person that you saw in that green Honda, do you see
15	that person	in the courtroom today?
16	Α	Yes, I do.
17	Q	Will you please point to that individual and describe an article of
18	clothing tha	t he's wearing?
19	Α	The gentleman right there in the blue shirt.
20	Q	Where's he sitting?
21	A·	Next to the other two subjects in the shirt right there.
22	Q	So, the gentleman on the far right?
23	A	Yes.
24	MS.	WONG: Okay. May the record reflect that the witness has identified the
25	Defendant?	
- 1		

1	Defendant?		
2	1	I'm having a hard time remembering right now.	
3	Q	Would it refresh your recollection if you looked at your report?	
4	Α	I would.	
5	MS. WONG: May I approach the witness, Your Honor?		
6	THE COURT: Yes.		
7	BY MS. WONG:		
8	Q	And I'm showing you your officer's report and direct your attention to	
9	the third full paragraph.		
10	A	Okay.	
11	Q	Please let me know when you are finished.	
12	A	Okay.	
13	Q	Has your memory been refreshed	
14	Α	I would. I'd have to see that other event number that I referred to	
15	because I will have all the other vehicle information on which vehicles were involved		
16	in the accident.		
17	MS. WONG: May I approach, Your Honor?		
18	THE	COURT: Yes.	
19	BY MS. WONG:		
20	Q	Now I'm showing you a copy of the arrest report in this case and	
21	directing your attention to the fourth full paragraph.		
22	Α	Okay.	
23	Q	Has your memory been refreshed?	
24	A	It has.	
25	Q	And do you recall what type of vehicle was involved in the accident	
		ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT  Vol. 2- Page 60	
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1	outside Walmart?		
2	A	Yes, it was a gray Ford Taurus with a handicap, physically handicapped	
3	plates.		
4	Q	Okay. Did you at some point drive past that accident scene?	
5	Α	I did.	
6	Q	Okay. Were you able to observe the driver of that Ford Taurus?	
7	Α	I was.	
8	Q	Okay. How old was that person was the driver?	
9	A	He was probably about 60 go 70 years old.	
10	Q	So, an elderly gentleman?	
11	A	Yes.	
12	Q	Okay.	
13	MR.	GARDNER: I'd object to 60 being elderly.	
14	THE	COURT: The objection's noted.	
15	BY MS. WONG:		
16	Q	Okay. Now hard was the impact of the collision?	
17	Α	It was pretty significant.	
18	Q	Could you estimate how the fast the Defendant was going at this time?	
19	Α .	I estimate right around 60 to 65 miles an hour.	
20	Q	And how fast were you going?	
21	A	I was doing 60 to 65 miles an hour also. I was pacing him at the same	
22	time.		
23	Q	And for those of us who don't know, what does pacing mean?	
24	A	It means you're going equal speeds with them. You can either do it	
25	next to 'em,	behind 'em, in front of 'em. You're going the exact same speed as	
		ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT  Vol. 2- Page 61	

1	Q	And he kept going?	
2	Α	Correct.	
3	Q	All right. And so where did the Defendant go after regaining control of	
4	his vehicle?		
5	Α	He then went southbound on Nellis to where he got to Boulder Highway	
6	and then he	e continued on Boulder Highway again.	
7	Q	Okay. Now you can please mark on the map the Defendant's path and	
8	also up unt	il the point where he goes northbound on Boulder?	
9	Α	Okay. [Illustrates].	
10	Q	Now what happens after he goes northbound on Boulder?	
11	A	Once he goes northbound on Boulder Highway, he fails to stop at the	
12	red light again at Flamingo and Boulder Highway and at that time he makes a		
13	westbound turn up Flamingo almost causing again several accidents with the peop		
14	that already had a green light.		
15	Q	So, he actually runs the light there at Boulder and Flamingo?	
16	A	Yes, ma'am.	
17	Q	And to go westbound?	
18	A	Westbound. Correct.	
19	Q	Okay. If you can put a big X there where he did that.	
20	Α	[Illustrates].	
21	∥ Q	So, where was it exactly that the Defendant spun out? Was that at	
22	Nellis and Boulder or Boulder and Nellis?		
23	∥- A	He actually spun out yes, at Boulder and Nellis where he spun out	
24	there.		
25	Q	Okay. The same place where he ran the light?	
		ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT Vol. 2- Page 64	

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report? Yes, it would. MS. WONG: May I approach, Your Honor? 3 THE COURT: Yes. BY MS. WONG: I'm showing you a copy of your officer's report and I'm going to refer 0 6 you to the second to the last paragraph here. Okay. Α Has your memory been refreshed? Q It has. 10 Okay. And what did the Defendant do as he got onto the 95 onramp? Q 11 As he did go onto the onramp, he did hit the cement barrier. Á 12 Okay. How many times? Q 13 I believe several times. I don't recall exactly how many. А 14 Okay. So, how you were saying that air unit now took over the pursuit; Q 15 correct? 16 Correct. Α 17 Did you drop back from the pursuit? Q 18 I did drop back from the pursuit. We no longer had our lights and sirens Α 19 on. I did because I'm in a specialized unit with the dog. I will stay within eye shot of 20 the suspect vehicle so in case he does get out and bail from the vehicle, I have a 21 tool that's different than other patrol vehicle. So, I will stay close enough so that if 22 he does run I do have a dog that can help assist. 23 All right. And what happened after air unit took over. What did you 24 observe? 25

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eastbound towards Nellis.

light pole? After seeing that, I couldn't let this pursuit go any further than it already 2 A had. So, at that time, I felt that we needed to pinch him in again and this time if we 3 needed to, we needed to make contact to stop him so he couldn't hurt anybody. Okay. When you say we, was there another patrol officer involved? Q 5 There was a patrol officer that was behind me. А 6 And who was that? Q 7 Α It was Rolando Pro. 8 Okay. So, what do you and Officer Pro do at this time? Q 9 After he hits the light pole, I then go head on with him. He does look Α 10 like he's starting to move a little bit but I'm on top of him before he could go 11 anywhere. We don't make contact. He stops and then puts it in reverse and as he's 12 starting to back up, I see him turn a little bit and run into Rolando Pro's front end of 13 his vehicle. 14 All right. And what happens after you see the Defendant strike Rolando Q 15 Pro -- Officer Pro's vehicle? 16 Officer Pro then pushes him. I could see the vehicle get pushed into a Α 17 sidewalk to where it's no longer mobile and at that time I could see the Defendant 18 climbing over the driver's seat onto the passenger seat. 19 MS. WONG: Okay. May I approach the witness, Your Honor? 20 THE COURT: Yes. 21 BY MS. WONG: 22 Can I just have you mark the remaining path the Defendant took? Q 23 Okay. On foot? Α 24 Q No. 25 ROUGH DRAFT TRANSCRIPT

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Oh, on the vehicle? Okay. Α

Where the vehicle stopped. And is this a fair and accurate depiction of Q your -- of the pursuit of the Defendant's vehicle?

Yes, it is. Α

MS. WONG: The State moves for the admission of -- if you can please initial the map. The State moves for the admission of State's proposed Exhibit 26 into evidence.

THE COURT: Twenty-six is offered. Any objection?

MR. GARDNER: We just like to look at it, please. No objection, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Twenty-six is received.

## [STATE'S EXHIBIT #26 ADMITTED]

MS. WONG: Thank you, Judge. Permission to publish?

THE COURT: Yes.

BY MS. WONG:

Okay. Officer Harper, if you can very briefly explain the markings that Q you made on this map?

Okay. This touches the screen; correct? [Illustrates]. So, right here is the Eastside Cannery. When he comes out this way, this is the entrance I was talking about that he was coming from somewhere over this way and I was coming from this side of the parking lot that way. When he went over the landscaping, he came out onto here, drove westbound, then he went northbound. This is where he crossed the median and went up there. That's where he caused the first accident, right here. He continued to go into oncoming traffic. He hit a -- blew the stop light right here and spun out right here, which is on Nellis, came back out and went out onto Harmon -- or I'm sorry -- onto Boulder Highway up towards Flamingo, ran the

red light and went westbound. When he came up here to Mountain Vista, that's where the kids were in the crosswalk right up there. We then continued up this way where he spun out, came back onto the freeway right here. That's when he hit guard railing somewhere right in here. He then continued to go this way on 95. That's where he went into the embank — you know, the waste area; came across right in here is where he caused the accident with the landscaping truck. He then went up this way, spun out, came back down. Now he went eastbound on Tropicana. He ran the red light there at Mountain Vista. With nobody behind him, he then continued this way. That's where he hit the Napa truck. Then he went northbound on Nellis, ran the stop sign at Sun Valley, went up to Harmon, turn east and that's where he cause the accident, the final accident, where he pinched him in.

Q All right. Great. Thank you. Now what happened after Officer Propinches the Defendant's vehicle into the curb?

A He then exits the passenger side window. At that time, I'm also getting out of my vehicle with my patrol dog making several announcements for him to stop or I'm going to send my dog. He fails to comply with those. As we go — as he goes to go northbound, there's a wall right there that's the border of Walmart. Right as my dog and I are both getting up to him, the dog jumps up, misses him. I grab onto this shirt. I just barely get his shirt and he falls over to the other side of the wall.

- Q Now you indicate he -- how did he exit his vehicle?
- A He actually crawled out the passenger side window.
- Q So, what happened after you guys just missed the Defendant going over the wall?

A The air unit is calling it out that he's now running along the back side of the Walmart. I then get my dog back into my truck and I drove around the block