#### IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

Electronically Filed Jun 21 2013 09:52 a.m. Tracie K. Lindeman Clerk of Supreme Court

LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP., a Nevada corporation, and SANDS CHINA LTD., a Cayman Islands corporation,

Petitioners,

vs.

CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT COURT, THE HONORABLE ELIZABETH GONZALEZ, DISTRICT JUDGE, DEPT. 11,

Respondents,

and STEVEN C. JACOBS,

Real Party in Interest.

Case Number: 62944

District Court Case Number A627691-B

SUPPLEMENTAL
APPENDIX TO PETITION
FOR WRIT OF
PROHIBITION OR
MANDAMUS RE MARCH
27, 2013 ORDER

MORRIS LAW GROUP Steve Morris, Bar No. 1543 Rosa Solis-Rainey, Bar No. 7921 900 Bank of America Plaza 300 South Fourth Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 KEMP, JONES & COULTHARD, LLP J. Randall Jones, Bar No. 1927 Mark M. Jones, Bar No. 267 3800 Howard Hughes Pkwy, 17th Flr. Las Vegas, Nevada 89169

HOLLAND & HART LLP J. Stephen Peek, Bar No. 1759 Robert J. Cassity, Bar No. 9779 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2nd Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89134

Attorneys for Petitioners

### DEFENDANTS' SUPPLEMENTAL APPENDIX TO EMERGENCY PETITION FOR WRIT OF PROHIBITION OR MANDAMUS RE MARCH 27, 2013 ORDER CHRONOLOGICAL INDEX

Date	Description	Vol.#	Page Nos.
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05/14/2013	Notice of Entry of Order Granting in Part and Denying in Part Motion for Stay of Order Granting Plaintiff's Renewed Motion for NRCP 37 Sanctions Pending Defendants' Petition for Writ of Prohibition or Mandamus	I	PA2304-PA2308
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06/18/2013	Transcript of Proceedings Status Check (unsigned copy – will supplement when signed copy is available).	I	PA2399-PA2439

## DEFENDANTS' SUPPLEMENTAL APPENDIX TO EMERGENCY PETITION FOR WRIT OF PROHIBITION OR MANDAMUS RE MARCH 27, 2013 ORDER ALPHABETICAL INDEX

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06/12/2013	Notice of Entry of Order Granting Defendants' Motion to Extend Stay of Order Granting Plaintiff's Renewed Motion for NRCP 37 Sanctions Pending Defendants' Petition for Writ of Prohibition or Mandamus	I	PA2309-PA2312
05/14/2013	Notice of Entry of Order Granting in Part and Denying in Part Motion for Stay of Order Granting Plaintiff's Renewed Motion for NRCP 37 Sanctions Pending Defendants' Petition for Writ of Prohibition or Mandamus	I	PA2304-PA2308
06/23/2011	Notice of Entry of Stipulation and Order Regarding ESI Discovery	I	PA2261-PA2271
06/14/2013	Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs' Status Memorandum	I	PA2339-PA2398
06/18/2013	Transcript of Proceedings Status Check (unsigned copy – will supplement when signed copy is available).	I	PA2399-PA2439

#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

Pursuant to Nev. R. App. P. 25, I certify that I am an employee of MORRIS LAW GROUP; that, in accordance therewith, I caused a copy of the SUPPLEMENTAL APPENDIX TO PETITION FOR WRIT OF PROHIBITION OR MANDAMUS RE MARCH 27, 2013 to be served as indicated below, on the date and to the addressee(s) shown below:

#### VIA HAND DELIVERY

Judge Elizabeth Gonzalez
Eighth Judicial District Court of
Clark County, Nevada
Regional Justice Center
200 Lewis Avenue
Las Vegas, Nevada 89155

#### Respondent

#### VIA ELECTRONIC AND U.S. MAIL

James J. Pisanelli Todd L. Bice Debra Spinelli Pisanelli Bice 3883 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 800 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169

#### Attorneys for Steven C. Jacobs, Real Party in Interest

DATED this 20th day of June, 2013.

By:	/s/Fiona Ingalls

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#### **CERTIFICATE OF MAILING**

I hereby certify that I am an employee of GLASER WEIL FINK JACOBS HOWARD 2 AVCHEN & SHAPIRO LLP, and on the Aday of June, 2011, I deposited a true and correct 3 copy of the foregoing NOTICE OF ENTRY OF STIPULATION AND ORDER REGARDING 4 ESI DISCOVERY via U.S. Mail at Las Vegas, Nevada, in a sealed envelope upon which first class 5 postage was prepaid and addressed to the following: 6 7 Donald J. Campbell, Esq. J. Stephen Peek, Esq. J. Colby Williams, Esq. 8 Justin C. Jones, Esq. CAMPBELL & WILLIAMS HOLLAND & HART LLP 700 South Seventh Street 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway Las Vegas, NV 89101 10<sup>th</sup> Floor 10 Las Vegas, NV 89169 Attorneys for Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs 11 Attorneys for Defendant Las Vegas Sands Corp. Steve Morris, Esq. 12 MORRIS PETERSON 300 South Fourth Street, Suite 900 13 Las Vegas, NV 89101 14 Attorneys for Defendant Sheldon Adelson 15

An Employee of GLASER WEIL FINK JACOBS HOWARD AVCHEN & SHAPIRO LLP

SAO Patricia L. Glaser, Esq. Pro Hac Vice Admitted CLERK OF THE COURT Andrew D. Sedlock, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 9183 GLASER WEIL FINK JACOBS HOWARD AVCHEN & SHAPIRO LLP 3763 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 300 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone: (702) 650-7900 Facsimile: (702) 650-7950 Attorneys for Defendant Sands China, Ltd. 7 DISTRICT COURT 8 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 9 STEVEN C. JACOBS, Case No.: A-10-627691-C 10 Plaintiff, 11 Dept. No.: XI STIPULATION AND ORDER 12 LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP., a Nevada REGARDING ESI DISCOVERY corporation; SANDS CHINA LTD., a Cayman 13 Island corporation; SHELDON G. ADELSON, in his individual and representative capacity; DOES I through X; and ROE CORPORATIONS I through X, 15 Defendants. 16 17 18 Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs ("Plaintiff" or "Jacobs") and defendants Las Vegas Sands Corp. 19 ("LVSC"), Sands China Ltd. ("SCL") and Sheldon G. Adelson ("Adelson"), (individually, "Party" 20 and collectively, "Parties") through their respective counsel of record, hereby agree and stipulate as 21 follows regarding the retrieval and production of electronically stored information ("ESI"): 22 **Definitions:** In this Stipulation, the following terms have the following meanings: 1. 23 A. "ESI" means electronically stored information, including but not limited to, 24

email, attachments to email, and other files stored in an electronic format.

"Loose ESI" means all ESI other than email and attachments to email.

ordinarily viewable or printable from the application that generated, edited or

"Meta-Data" means: (i) information embedded in a Native File that is not

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modified such Native File; and (ii) information generated automatically by the operation of a computer or other information technology system when a Native File is created, modified, transmitted deleted or otherwise manipulated by a user of such system. Meta-Data is a subset of ESI.

- D. "Native File(s)" means ESI in the electronic format of the application in which such ESI is normally created, viewed and/or modified. Native Files are a subset of ESI.
- E. "Static Image(s)" means a representation of ESI produced by converting a Native File into a standard image format capable of being viewed and printed on standard computer systems.
- 2. Scope: The Parties must act with reasonable diligence to identify and produce responsive, non-privileged active ESI stored as active data that is in their possession, custody or control, notwithstanding its location, format or medium, as provided by this Stipulation and subject to applicable law. Any Party may, upon application for relief, seek to limit this duty by showing that compliance would impose upon the Party an undue burden or cost. To the extent any Party employs subsequent discovery methods that may require the searching and production of ESI (e.g., requests for production of documents under NRCP 34), the responding party shall not be required to search documents beyond those documents returned from searches conducted with the search terms described in Section 8 herein for a particular custodian. The intent of the foregoing sentence is to preclude the need to run additional search terms through all of a custodian's or multiple custodians' accounts. It is not intended to preclude a Party from requesting specific items or specific documents even if such a request may require the responding Party to search ESI. The Parties reserve their respective rights to object to any such request, including, among other things, if the request is unduly burdensome. Nothing in this Stipulation shall limit the Parties' respective rights and obligations concerning confidential, proprietary, personal or private information, with respect to which they may make such agreements or stipulations as they see fit, subject to applicable law.
- 3. <u>Custodians Whose ESI Will Be Searched and Produced:</u> The ESI of Jacobs and Adelson-shall be searched and produced pursuant to the provisions of this Stipulation. Pursuant to

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the Parties will agree upon LVSC and SCL custodians whose emails will be searched and produced pursuant to the provisions of this Stipulation, including but not limited to, the Scope, Date Restrictions, Search Terms, and Reservation of Rights provisions. Those custodians are referred to herein as the "Designated Custodians." Nothing in this Stipulation shall prohibit any Party from subsequently identifying additional custodians where necessary and/or from requesting that agreed search terms be run for such custodians.

- 4. <u>Date Restrictions:</u> Except as otherwise agreed by the Parties (whether with respect to particular custodians or otherwise), the date parameters for all ESI to be searched and produced by the Parties are January 1, 2009 to October 20, 2010. The Parties' emails and email attachments will be searched and produced according to the date contained in the "Date Sent" metadata field. Any Loose ESI will be searched and produced by the Parties according to the dates contained in the "Date Created" metadata field.
- 5. Metadata Fields: Consistent with the provisions of this Stipulation, each Party shall produce responsive ESI (including images of paper documents, as applicable) to other Parties accompanied by load files that provide the following metadata fields in the Concordance and Ringtail format. The Parties will meet and confer if additional formats need to be implemented.
  - A. For email messages:
    - · Beginning and ending bates numbers
    - Custodian names (First and Last)
    - To:
    - From:
    - Cc:
  - Bcc:
    - Date Sent
    - Time Sent
    - · Subject line of the email
    - Date Received
    - Endorsements (confidential, redacted documents)

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<ul> <li>Endorsements (confidential, redacted docume</li> </ul>
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- · Attachments
- MD5 Hash Value
- B. For Loose ESI and email attachments:
  - Beginning and ending bates numbers
  - Custodian names (First and Last)
  - Filename
  - File type / extension
  - · Last Date Modified
  - Endorsements (confidential, redacted documents)
  - MD5 Hash Value
- 6. <u>Alternate Production Methods on Showing of Hardship:</u> Any Party who believes that obligation to produce a compliant load file imposes an undue burden or hardship may seek permission to pursue an alternate method of production reasonably serving the same ends as the load file. Such permission will be granted by the Court only for good cause shown.
- 7. <u>Deduplication:</u> Parties may globally (i.e. horizontally) deduplicate their ES1 productions and apply e-mail threading, provided that each custodian that is in possession of a duplicative document is referenced in the "Custodian" metadata field. Parties are encouraged to deduplicate vertically, i.e., within a single custodian's document set.
- 8. Search Terms: The Parties will agree to search terms that LVSC and SCL will use to limit their respective search and production of emails associated with the indicated Designated Custodians. If any of these provisionally agreed search terms prove problematic for any reason (e.g., a term consistently produces nonresponsive information, a term produces a statistically significant number of "false positives," etc.), the Parties will meet and confer in an effort to consensually resolve the issue before proceeding pursuant to Section 15 of this Stipulation.

#### 9. <u>Production Formats:</u>

A. Modified TIFF Files: The Parties will produce all email, email attachments, and word processing documents (e.g. MS Word) in <u>Tagged Image File Format ("TIFF")</u> format.

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Production of all converted Native Files in TIFF image format, except those described in Section 9.B. below, will comport with the following format specifications:

- Group-IV compressed (black / white) single-page TIFFs.
- No color TIFFs will be produced.
- 300 dpi will be the standard resolution.
- Designations of confidentiality pursuant to any stipulated protective order agreed to by the Parties shall appear at the bottom of the page.
- Logical document breaks will be applied whenever possible. Physical document breaks will not be utilized, unless required.
- Bates numbers shall appear at the bottom of the page.
- To the extent that any native documents had headers/footers containing file path information, the file paths will not be removed.
- The print margin will be set to the file's default.
- Blank pages will be eliminated from the production set wherever possible.
- B. Native Files: Native Format will be used for spreadsheet applications (e.g. MS Excel, Lotus 123), drawing type files (e.g. CAD), project management applications (e.g. MS Project), database files (e.g. MS Access), media files, websites, developed applications or other electronic documents that need to be reviewed in Native Format for substantive reasons. For database records in proprietary systems, files shall be produced in CSV format. Native Files will be renamed to the next sequential Bates number, following the Bates numbers of the TIFF files for each custodian.
- C. Preservation of Native Files: In addition to the files to be produced in Native Format described in subsection (b) above, the Parties shall preserve in Native Format all files collected, including those produced in subsection (a) above. A Party may request the production of any document(s) produced in TIFF format, including those identified in subsection (a) above, in their Native Format.
- Production of Hard Copy Documents: For each page of each hardcopy businesssized document that a Party intends to produce, the Party shall cause to be created, in single-page

Group IV TIFF format and 300 dpi resolution, an electronic image of the page and an OCR rendition of the text of all pages of such hardcopy document ("TIFF-converted hardcopy document"). In scanning paper documents, distinct documents should not be merged into a single record, and single documents should not be split into multiple records (i.e., paper documents should be logically unitized via a load file). Each Party producing a TIFF-converted hardcopy document shall follow with respect to such document the protocols set out in paragraph 9.A and 9.B.

- 11. Production of Media and Transmittal: Production volumes lower than four (4) gigabytes may be produced on DVD-ROM optical discs for Windows-compatible personal computers. Production volumes greater than four (4) gigabytes shall be produced as uncompressed data on a Windows-compatible external hard drive employing the USB 2.0 interface which shall be supplied by the receiving Parties. Each Party shall supply to the other Parties an external hard drive for purposes of large size production of ESI in this matter.
- 12. Rolling Production: Production of ESI shall be conducted on a rolling, percustodian basis. The Parties shall produce the ESI of each designated custodian as soon as practicable after such ESI has been collected and reviewed. Plaintiffs will prioritize custodians into two or more groups.
- 13. Reservation of Rights: Nothing contained herein, including without limitation the provisions concerning designations of ESI custodians, file extensions, deduplication, file exceptions, search terms, or any other ESI discovery protocols set out in this Stipulation, is intended to create a precedent for, or to constitute a waiver or relinquishment of, any Party's objections or arguments pertaining to particular search terms or custodians, or to any potential future ESI production(s) or phase(s) of ESI discovery. Nothing contained herein constitutes a waiver of any Party's rights or obligations under any law, including but not limited to laws regarding any matter or information that is or may be claimed to be confidential, proprietary or otherwise personal or private.
- 14. <u>Inadvertent Disclosure of Privileged Material:</u> Nothing contained in this Stipulation shall be deemed to waive any privilege that may apply to ESI otherwise discoverable under the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure. To the extent a Party believes that otherwise discoverable ESI is privileged or subject to protection as trial preparation material, the Party shall

comply with the provisions of NRCP 26(b)(5) including the production of an appropriate privilege log. Where any Producing Party has inadvertently or unintentionally produced a document for which it later asserts a claim of privilege or protection, said Producing Party, upon written notification of the inadvertent production to the Receiving Parties, may assert a claim that the document is privileged or protected and request that the Receiving Parties return the original and all copies of the inadvertently disclosed document to the Producing Party. Upon receipt of written notice from a Producing Party claiming that it inadvertently produced a document that it claims is privileged or protected, the Receiving Parties must immediately return said Document (and any copies made thereof) to the Producing Party. Any Receiving Party, however, may object to the Producing Party's claim of privilege or protection and may seek an order from the Court compelling the disclosure of such Documents.

Modification: Any agreement between parties to depart from the requirements of this Stipulation as between those parties must be memorialized in writing, signed by counsel for all Parties to the agreement, and promptly furnished to all Parties via email and U.S. mail. Such agreement does not relieve those Parties of their obligation to other Parties and to the Court pursuant to this Stipulation.

#### 16. Procedure for Amending or Obtaining Relief from the ESI Production Protocol:

- A. Amendment: Any Party may request that this Stipulation be amended. All such requests shall be in writing and submitted to the Court for consideration, with a copy of the request served to all parties via email and U.S. mail. Any Party may oppose a request to amend this Stipulation by submitting a written opposition to the Court, with a copy of the opposition served to all parties via email and U.S. mail, within five days of service of the request to amend.
- B. Relief: Any Party may request relief from any obligation set forth in this Stipulation. All such requests shall be in writing and submitted to the Court for consideration, with a copy of the request served to all Parties via email and U.S. mail. Any Party may oppose any request for relief by submitting a written opposition to the Court, with a copy of the opposition served to all Parties via email and U.S. mail, within five (5) days of service of the request for relief.

1	17. Preservation of ESI: A Party is obliged to consider for preservation and
2	identification all potentially responsive ESI and data sources over which the Party (including its
3	employees, officers and directors) has possession, custody or control. Production of information in
4	electronic formats shall not relieve the Producing Party of the obligation to act with reasonable
5	diligence to preserve the native electronic data sources of the information items produced and
6	relevant metadata. Parties should be vigilant not to wipe or dispose of source media while under a
7	preservation duty.
8	18. Cost Shifting: Each Party expressly reserves its right to petition the Court to shift
9	the cost of the production of ESI to the requesting party.
10	IT IS SO STIPULATED.
11	DATED this Laday of June, 2011. DATED this Laday of June, 2011.
12	(K)
13	Patricia L. Glaser, Esq. J. Stephen Peek, Esq.
14	Andrew D. Sedlock, Esq. Justin C. Jones, Esq. Glaser Weil Fink Jacobs Howard Holland & Hart LLP
15	Avchen & Shapiro LLP  3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 10th Floor Las Vegas, NV 89169
16	Las Vegas, NV 89169
17	Attorneys for Defendant Sands China Attorneys for Defendant Las Vegas Sands Corp.  Ltd.
18	DATED this 21 day of June, 2011.
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21	Domid J. Campbell, Esq. J. Colby Williams, Esq.
22	Campbell & Williams 700 S. Seventh Street
23	Las Vegas, NV 89101
24	Attorneys for Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs
25	ORDER
26	IT IS SO ORDERED this 22 day of June, 2011.
27	Eldha
28	DISTRICT COURPIUDGE
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Patricia L. Glaser, Esq.
Andrew D. Sedlock, Esq.
Glaser Weil Fink Jacobs Howard
Avchen & Shapiro LLP
3763 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 300
Las Vegas, NV 89169

Attorneys for Defendant Sands China Ltd.

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J. Randall Jones, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 1927 jrj@kempjones.com Mark M. Jones, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 267 m.jones@kempjones.com KEMP, JONES & COULTHARD, LLP 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 17th Floor 5 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Attorneys for Sands China, Ltd. 6 J. Stephen Peek, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 1759 speek@hollandhart.com 8 Robert J. Cassity, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 9779 beassity@hollandhart.com HOLLAND & HART LLP 10 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89134 11 Attorneys for Las Vegas Sands Corp. and Sands China, Ltd. 12

**CLERK OF THE COURT** 

#### DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

STEVEN C. JACOBS,

Plaintiff,

LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP., a Nevada corporation; SANDS CHINA LTD., a Cayman Islands corporation; SHELDON G. ADELSON, in his individual and representative capacity; DOES I-X; and ROE CORPORATIONS I-X.

Defendants.

AND ALL RELATED MATTERS.

CASE NO.: A627691-B

DEPT NO.: XI

MOTION FOR STAY OF ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFF'S RENEWED MOTION FOR NRCP 37 SANCTIONS PENDING DEFENDANTS' PETITION FOR WRIT OF PROHIBITION OR MANDAMUS

EX PARTE APPLICATION FOR ORDER SHORTENING TIME AND ORDER THEREON

Date: Time:

Defendants LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP. ("LVS") and SANDS CHINA LTD. ("SCL") (collectively, "Defendants"), by and through their undersigned counsel, submit this Motion for Stay of Order Granting Plaintiff's Renewed Motion for NRCP 37 Sanctions Pending the disposition of Defendants' Petition for Writ of Prohibition or Mandamus. Pursuant to E.D.C.R.

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2.26, Defendants further move for an Order Shortening Time for the hearing on Defendants' Motion for Stay.

This Motion is based upon the following memorandum of points and authorities, the papers and pleadings on file herein, and any oral argument that the Court may allow.

DATED this 5 day of April, 2013.

J. Randall Jones, Esq. Mark M. Jones, Esq. Kemp, Jones & Coulth

Kemp, Jones & Codlthard, LLP 3800 Howard Hughes Pkwy., 17<sup>th</sup> Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Attorneys for Sands China, Ltd.

J. Stephen Peek, Esq. Robert J. Cassity, Esq. Holland & Hart LLP 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89134 Attorneys for Las Vegas Sands Corp. and Sands China, Ltd.

#### EX PARTE APPLICATION FOR ORDER SHORTENING TIME

Defendants move the Court for an Order shortening the time for hearing on this Motion. As set forth in the Declaration of J. Randall Jones, Esq. below, good cause exists to hear Defendants' Motion for Stay of Order Granting Plaintiff's Renewed Motion for NRCP 37 Sanctions Pending the filing with the Supreme Court ("Motion for Stay") on an order shortening time.

On March 27, 2013, the Court entered an Order finding that SCL engaged in sanctionable conduct by redacting personal data from certain discovery documents in compliance with the Macau Personal Data Protection Act ("MPDPA"). In the Order, the Court also scheduled a three-day evidentiary hearing commencing on May 13, 2013, to determine SCL's degree of willfulness in making the redactions and to determine the prejudice, if any,

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suffered by Jacobs as a result. Finally, the Order directed SCL to search and produce the records of all 20 custodians identified on Exhibit 6 to Plaintiff's Renewed Motion for NRCP 37 Sanctions ("Renewed Motion") by April 12, 2013, and provide a log for documents withheld or redacted based upon privilege or because the documents are only relevant to merits-based discovery.

On April 5, 2013, Defendants filed a Petition for Writ of Prohibition or Mandamus in the Nevada Supreme Court seeking, among other things, to vacate the Order to the extent that it (1) compels SCL, on pain of sanctions, to choose between violating its obligations under the MPDPA or violating this Court's order and thereby incur sanctions; (2) finds that SCL engaged in sanctionable conduct by making the redactions; (3) schedules an evidentiary hearing to begin on May 13, 2013; and (4) imposes greatly expanded discovery obligations on SCL.

If Defendants' Motion to Stay is heard in the normal course, SCL will face a Hobson's choice because the Order expressly prohibits SCL from making redactions under the MPDPA even though the Macanese government has specifically required it to do so. In addition, Defendants will be required to incur the additional fees and costs of searching an estimated 100,000 documents related to 20 custodians, review each document, and then follow the elaborate logging procedure the Court prescribed – all by the April 12, 2013, deadline.

Under the current timeline, this must all occur before the Supreme Court can consider the Defendants' writ petition seeking review of the order compelling that production. It is imperative that this Motion be heard on order shortening time before that deadline arrives so that Defendants are not forced to make that Hobson's choice. As the April 12, 2013, deadline 111

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will pass before this Court can hear this Motion to Stay in the normal course, Defendants respectfully request that the Court set this Motion for hearing on its earliest available hearing date before April 12, 2013.

DATED this 5 day of April, 2013.

J. Randall Jones, Esq. Mark M. Jones, Esq. Kemp, Jones & Coulthard, LLP 3800 Howard Hughes Pkwy, 17th Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Attorneys for Sands China, Ltd.

J. Stephen Peek, Esq. Robert J. Cassity, Esq. Holland & Hart LLP 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89134 Attorneys for Las Vegas Sands Corp. and Sands China, Ltd.

#### DECLARATION OF J. RANDALL JONES, ESQ. IN SUPPORT OF EX PARTE APPLICATION FOR ORDER SHORTENING TIME

- I, J. RANDALL JONES, ESQ., being duly sworn, state as follows:
- 1. I am one of the attorneys for Defendant Sands China Ltd. ("SCL") in this action. I make this Declaration in support of Defendants' Ex Parte Application for an Order Shortening Time for the hearing on the instant Motion to Stay. I have personal knowledge of the facts stated herein, except those facts stated upon information and belief, and as to those facts, I believe them to be true. I am competent to testify to the matters stated herein.
- 2. Good cause exists to hear Defendants' Motion on an order shortening time. On March 27, 2013, the Court entered an Order (the "Order") compelling SCL to: (1) attend an evidentiary hearing commencing on May 13, 2013, to determine SCL's degree of willfulness in redacting personal data from its January 4, 2013 document production based upon the Macau

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Personal Data Protection Act ("MPDPA"), as well as to determine the prejudice, if any, suffered by Jacobs as a result, and (2) search and produce the records of all 20 custodians identified on Exhibit 6 to Plaintiff's Renewed Motion for NRCP 37 Sanctions ("Renewed Motion") by April 12, 2013, and provide a log for any and all documents withheld or redacted based upon privilege or because the documents are only relevant to merits-based discovery.

- 3. On April 5, 2013, Defendants filed a Petition for Writ of Prohibition or Mandamus in the Nevada Supreme Court seeking, among other things, to vacate the Order to the extent that it (1) compels SCL, on pain of sanctions, to choose between violating its obligations under the MPDPA or violating this Court's order and thereby incur sanctions; (2) finds that SCL engaged in sanctionable conduct by making the redactions; (3) schedules an evidentiary hearing to begin on May 13, 2013; and (4) imposes greatly expanded discovery obligations on SCL.
- 4. If this matter is set for hearing in the normal course, Defendants would be obligated under the Order to incur substantial fees and costs to complete the process of producing documents from 20 custodians and then to complete the logs of privilege and "nonresponsive" documents (i.e., logging every document that "hit" on a search term but was deemed nonresponsive). More importantly, the Court's March 27th Order also creates a Hobson's choice for SCL because it specifically states that SCL to cannot make redactions under the MPDPA even though the Macanese government has specifically required it to do so. There is simply insufficient time for the Supreme Court to consider and decide the issues presented by Defendants' writ petition before April 12, 2013. Therefore, it is imperative that this Motion to Stay be heard on an order shortening time.
- 5. Defendants make this request for an order shortening time in good faith and not for any improper purpose. Accordingly, Defendants respectfully request that this Motion to

1	Stay be heard on shortened time and set for hearing at the Court's earliest available hearing date
2	in advance of the April 12, 2013, production deadline.
3	6. I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.
4	Executed April, 2013, in Las Vegas, Nevada
5	
6	A Jule
7	J. Kandall Jones, Esq.
8	ORDER SHORTENING TIME
9	Having reviewed Defendants' Ex Parte Application for Order Shortening Time, and
11	good cause appearing,
12	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the MOTION FOR STAY OF ORDER GRANTING
13	PLAINTIFF'S RENEWED MOTION FOR NRCP 37 SANCTIONS PENDING
14	DEFENDANTS' PETITION FOR WRIT OF PROHIBITION OR MANDAMUS shall be
15	heard on shortened time on theday of, 2013, at the hour of
16	a.m./p.m/in Department XI of the Eighth Judicial District Court.
17	
18	Dated thisth day of, 2013.
19	Court held telephonic
20	DISTRICT COURT JUDGĘ
21	Heavilra on 4/9/13
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# KEMP, JONES & COULTHARD, LLP 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway

Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 (702) 385-6000 • Fax (702) 385-6001 kic@kempiones.com

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#### MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR STAY OF ORDER GRANTING PL RENEWED MOTION FOR NRCP 37 SANCTIONS PENDING DEFENDANTS' PETITION FOR WRIT OF PROHIBITION OR MANDAMUS

I.

#### INTRODUCTION

On August 26, 2011, the Nevada Supreme Court issued a Writ of Mandamus directing this Court to "revisit the issue of personal jurisdiction" over SCL "by holding an evidentiary hearing and issuing findings regarding general jurisdiction." In discovery for the subsequent jurisdictional proceedings, Defendants have expended more than \$4 million, produced 200,000 pages of documents and submitted their Chairman and three senior LVSC executives for seven days of depositions by Plaintiff.

On March 27, 2013, this Court ordered SCL to return to its files for yet another comprehensive document search - this time covering 20 custodians. Not only will the search and the follow-up creation of the logs cost hundreds of thousands of dollars and yield tens of thousands of documents, but this Court has now clarified that Defendants must produce the documents without redacting them for privacy to comply with the MPDPA. The ruling leaves SCL with the Hobson's choice of complying with Macau law or this Court's order – all by April 12th - and forces Defendants to defend themselves in a sanctions hearing scheduled for May 13th.

Due to the gravity of these issues, Defendants have petitioned the Nevada Supreme Court to review and reverse the March 27th Order, including the sanctions hearing scheduled to begin on May 13 and the finding that SCL engaged in sanctionable conduct by making the redactions in compliance with the MPDPA. Defendants move this Court to stay its March 27th Order until the Supreme Court has had an opportunity to make a determination on Defendants' writ petition.

KEMP, JONES & COULTHARD, LLP 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway
Seventeenth Floor

Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 (702) 385-6000 • Fax (702) 385-6001

kic@kempiones.com

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II.

#### PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

On December 18, 2012, this Court conducted a hearing to consider multiple motions filed by the parties, including Plaintiff's Motion for NRCP 37 Sanctions, SCL's Motion for a Protective Order on Order Shortening Time, and Plaintiff's Emergency Motion for Protective Order and Sanctions on Order Shortening Time. The Court denied SCL's motion and stated that it would enter an order directing SCL to produce within two weeks all information within its possession "relevant to jurisdictional discovery." 12/18/12 H'ring Tr., attached hereto as Exhibit A, at 24:12-18. SCL's counsel expressly noted that in complying with the order, SCL would still have to address the provisions of the MPDPA. Id. at 26:21-24. The Court responded that its ruling did not foreclose SCL from making redactions. Id. at 26:13-27:18.

Thereafter, and as outlined in Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiff's Renewed Motion for NRCP 37 Sanctions ("Opposition to Renewed Sanctions Motion"), incorporated herein by reference, the Defendants spent an additional \$1.3 million to comply with the Court's order. They recruited Macau lawyers to review documents, selected an additional vendor, identified relevant search terms and conditions, reviewed and redacted documents, conducted a privilege review, and ultimately produced unredacted copies that were located in the United States. See Opposition to Renewed Sanctions Motion, on file herein, 8:21-11:25. Defendants did not merely attempt to comply with the Court's December 18th Order, they went above and beyond its requirements. Nevertheless, Plaintiff renewed his sanctions motion and sought a default judgment for alleged violation of this Court's Order from the December 18th hearing.

On March 27, 2013, the Court entered an Order compelling Defendants to: (1) attend an evidentiary hearing commencing on May 13, 2013, to determine SCL's degree of willfulness in redacting personal data from its January 4, 2013 document production based upon the MPDPA

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and to determine the prejudice, if any, suffered by Jacobs as a result, and (2) search and produce the records of all 20 custodians identified on Exhibit 6 to Plaintiff's Renewed Motion for NRCP 37 Sanctions ("Renewed Motion") by April 12, 2013, providing a log of all documents withheld or redacted based upon privilege or because the documents are only relevant to merits-based discovery.

On April 5, 2013, Defendants petitioned the Nevada Supreme Court to, inter alia, (1) vacate the order compelling SCL, on pain of sanctions, to choose between violating its obligations under the MPDPA or this Court's order; (2) directing an evidentiary hearing to be held on the question of sanctions on May 13, 2013; and (3) expanding the discovery obligations imposed on SCL.

#### III.

#### ARGUMENT

#### A. Legal Standard

When evaluating a motion to stay pending the Nevada Supreme Court's review of a writ petition, the District Court should consider the following factors: (1) whether the object of the writ petition will be defeated if the stay is denied; (2) whether petitioner will suffer irreparable or serious injury if the stay is denied; (3) whether the real party in interest will suffer irreparable or serious injury if the stay is granted; and (4) whether the petitioner is likely to prevail on the merits of the writ petition. Hansen v. Dist. Ct., 116 Nev. 650, 657, 6 P .3d 982, 986 (2000) (the factors set forth in NRAP 8(a) apply to writ petitions when the petitioner "seeks to challenge" a decision "issued by the district court"). Each of these factors weighs in favor of a stay of the Defendants' obligations under the Order and of the May 13, 2013, evidentiary hearing pending the Nevada Supreme Court's disposition of the Defendants' writ petition.

III

## KEMP, JONES & COULTHARD, LLP 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway

Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 (702) 385-6000 • Fax (702) 385-6001

kic@kempiones.com

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### B. The Objects of the Writ Petition Will Be Defeated and Defendants Will Suffer Irreparable Harm if the March 27<sup>th</sup> Order Is Not Stayed.

The primary purpose of Defendants' writ petition is to obtain Supreme Court review of this Court's rulings that (1) SCL cannot comply with the MPDPA when it produces documents from Macau by redacting personal data; (2) SCL engaged in sanctionable conduct when it made the redactions in its earlier production; (3) an evidentiary hearing will commence on May 13 to determine what sanctions should be imposed; and (4) SCL must continue to search for and produce documents even though Plaintiff has made no showing that further discovery is necessary to make his jurisdictional case.

If the March 27th Order is not stayed, SCL will be forced to choose between violating the requirements of the MPDPA or the requirements of this Court's order. Defendants will also be required to prepare for and defend themselves in the three-day sanctions hearing scheduled to begin on May 13. In addition, Defendants will incur the fees and other expenses of (1) continuing to search and produce documents of the 20 custodians the by the production deadline of April 12, 2013, and (2) preparing the privilege log and the relevance log required by the Court. Accordingly, if a stay is not granted, the subject and purpose of Defendants' writ petition will be defeated long before it can be considered by the Nevada Supreme Court.

Defendants have already expended approximately \$4 million in solely jurisdictional discovery efforts to provide 200,000 pages of documents. To comply with the search and production of documents pertaining to the 20 custodians, Defendants must continue the temporary employment of numerous Macanese attorneys to search an estimated 100,000 documents - all prior to the review of many of the same documents by SCL's litigation counsel, at a cost which will certainly be in the hundreds of thousands and could cost substantially more. See Declaration of J. Randall Jones attached hereto as Exhibit B. Furthermore, there is no guarantee that those efforts will yield documents relevant to Jacobs' jurisdictional case. A stay

KEMP, JONES & COULTHARD, LLP 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 (702) 385-6000 • Fax (702) 385-6001 1

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is necessary to allow the Nevada Supreme Court to consider whether this additional discovery is consistent with its previous Writ of Mandamus before Defendants should be forced to incur these additional, astronomical expenses.

More importantly, however, without a stay, SCL will be placed in the impossible position of having to choose between adhering to the MPDPA's redaction requirement or complying with this Court's order precluding SCL from redacting to protect personal data under the MPDPA. It would defeat the purpose of the writ petition if SCL were required to make that Hobson's choice of complying with this Court's order or Macau's data privacy laws. Only a stay can save SCL from that irreparable harm while the Nevada Supreme Court considers the writ petition.

Finally, should the Supreme Court determine that a finding of sanctionable conduct is in error, Defendants have requested that the May 13th evidentiary hearing be vacated. Without a stay of the May 13th evidentiary hearing pending a decision by the Supreme Court, this purpose of Defendant's writ petition, too, will be defeated. Thus, a stay of the March 27th Order and the May 13th evidentiary hearing is necessary to preserve the object and purposes of Defendants' writ petition.

#### C. Plaintiff Will Suffer No Harm if the District Court Grants a Stay.

Unlike Defendants, who would be immensely and irreparably harmed if a stay were denied, a stay of the March 27th Order will cause Plaintiff no harm at all. The deposition of Plaintiff has been stayed, and there are currently no depositions or hearings set that require the immediate production of the documents. While Defendants understand and agree that an evidentiary hearing on the jurisdictional matter needs to occur soon - indeed, Defendants welcome it - Plaintiff will not suffer any harm if a stay is granted to allow the Supreme Court to first decide these important privilege and writ-compliance issues.

# KEMP, JONES & COULTHARD, LLP 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway Seventeenth Floor

Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 (702) 385-6000 • Fax (702) 385-6001

kic@kempiones.com

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#### D. Defendants Have Presented a Substantial Case on the Merits of These Important Legal Questions.

Although Defendants recognize that the Court believes it made the correct decision at the February 28th hearing and do not presume to attempt to persuade the Court otherwise, there is at least a reasonable probability that the Supreme Court will disagree with the Court's analysis and issue the requested writ relief. In Hansen, the Nevada Supreme Court recognized that "when moving for a stay pending an appeal or writ proceedings, a movant does not always have to show a probability of success on the merits, [but] the movant must 'present a substantial case on the merits when a serious legal question is involved and show that the balance of equities weighs heavily in favor of granting the stay." 116 Nev. at 659, 6 P.3d at 987 (citation omitted). Here, the balance of equities weigh decisively in favor of a stay, Defendants have presented a substantial case on the merits, and the writ petition concerns an important question of first impression regarding the friction between Macau's data privacy laws and the rules of civil procedure.

This Court recognizes the significance of the conflict between the MPDPA and its discovery order. At the February 28th hearing the Court noted, "I'm not saying you don't have problems in Macau. I certainly understand you may well have problems in Macau with the Macau Government." 02/28/13 H'ring Tr., Exhibit C, at 35:9-11. Thus, this Court recognizes that the MPDPA constrains the scope and method of Defendants' production of documents and the serious consequences of non-compliance.

As articulated in Defendants' writ petition, under the balancing test that must be applied when a party invokes foreign data privacy rules, redactions are appropriate. By disallowing them, this Court did not weigh the relevant factors including the importance of the documents to the litigation, the availability of alternative means of securing the information, and the extent to which noncompliance with the request would undermine important interests of the state where

KEMP, JONES & COULTHARD, LLP 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 (702) 385-6000 • Fax (702) 385-6001 1

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the information is located. See Societe Nationale Industrielle Aerospatiale v. United States District Court, 482 U.S. 522, 546 (1987). Instead, the Court focused exclusively on Defendants' failure to explicitly advise the Court at an earlier point in time that Jacobs' ESI and other data had been transferred to the U.S. Aerospatiale required a balancing of all of these factors, and when balanced, they weigh in favor of Defendants' position.

The Petition also presents a serious question about the scope of discovery authorized by the Nevada Supreme Court's August 26, 2011 Writ Order in this case – a question that only the Nevada Supreme Court, as the issuing tribunal, can answer. Defendants maintain that this Court has greatly exceeded the scope of its narrow authority on remand by continuing to order discovery without requiring Plaintiff to demonstrate that he needs additional documents in order to make viable jurisdictional arguments.

#### VI.

#### **CONCLUSION**

Because (1) the object of the Defendants' writ petition will be defeated if the Court does not grant a stay of the March 27th Order; (2) Defendants will suffer irreparable harm if SCL is required to produce documents without regard to the limitations of the MPDPA and participate in the May 13th evidentiary hearing prior to the Supreme Court's disposition of the writ petition; (3) Plaintiff will suffer no harm by a stay; and (4) Defendants have presented a substantial case on the merits of these important legal questions, Defendants respectfully request that the Court III///

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stay its March 27<sup>th</sup> Order and the May 13<sup>th</sup> sanctions hearing pending the Nevada Supreme Court's decision on the writ petition.

DATED this day of April, 2013,

J. Randall Jones, Esq. Mark M. Jones, Esq. Kemp, Jones & Coulthard, LLP 3800 Howard Hughes Pkwy., 17<sup>th</sup> Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Attorneys for Sands China, Ltd.

J. Stephen Peek, Esq. Robert J. Cassity, Esq. Holland & Hart LLP 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89134 Attorneys for Las Vegas Sands Corp. and Sands China, Ltd.

<b>CERTIFI</b>	CATE	OF SE	RVICE

Purs	uant to	Nev. R. Ci	v. P. 5(b), I o	certify that	onApril 🛫	$\sum$ , 2013, I ser	ved a true and
correct cop	y of	the forego	oing MOTI	ON FOR	STAY (	OF ORDER	GRANTING
PLAINTIF	F'S R	ENEWED	MOTION	FOR N	RCP 37	SANCTIONS	S PENDING
DEFENDA	NTS' P	ETITION	FOR WRIT	OF PROF	IIBITION	OR MANDA	MUS and EX
PARTE AP	PLICA	TION FO	R ORDER S	HORTENI	NG TIME	AND ORDEI	R THEREON
via e-mail a	nd by de	epositing sa	ime in the Ur	nited States	mail, first	class postage f	ully prepaid to
the persons	and add	resses listed	l below:				
James J. Pis	anelli, E	Esq.					

Todd L. Bice, Esq.
Debra L. Spinelli, Esq.
Jennifer L. Braster, Esq.
Pisanelli & Bice
3883 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 800
Las Vegas, Nevada 89169
jjp@pisanellibice.com
tlb@pisanellibice.com
dls@pisanellibice.com
jlb@pisanellibice.com
kap@pisanellibice.com – staff

see@pisanellibice.com - staff

Attorney for Plaintiff

An Employee of Kemp, Jones & Coulthard

### EXHIBIT A

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CLERK OF THE COURT

TRAN

DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

STEVEN JACOBS

Plaintiff

CASE NO. A-627691

VS.

LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP., et al..

DEPT. NO. XI

Defendants

Transcript of Proceedings

BEFORE THE HONORABLE ELIZABETH GONZALEZ, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

HEARING ON MOTIONS FOR PROTECTIVE ORDER AND SANCTIONS

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 18, 2012

APPEARANCES:

FOR THE PLAINTIFF:

JAMES J. PISANELLI, ESQ.

DEBRA SPINELLI, ESQ.

TODD BICE, ESQ.

FOR THE DEFENDANTS:

JON RANDALL JONES, ESQ.

J. STEPHEN PEEK, ESQ.

MARK JONES, ESQ. MICHAEL LACKEY, ESQ.

COURT RECORDER:

TRANSCRIPTION BY:

JILL HAWKINS

FLORENCE HOYT

District Court

Las Vegas, Nevada 89146

Proceedings recorded by audio-visual recording, transcript produced by transcription service.

JAN 03 2013

CLERK OF THE COURT

Then Patty Glaser came in this courtroom and she said to Your Honor, we sent a team of lawyers to do it, that's a fact. Remember, she was very emphatic. We had a little bit of a confrontation at the time. That's a fact. She may have even been pointing her finger at me when she said it. We spent a lot of money, the client's money, we sent lawyers to Macau to review documents in Macau. Your Honor that is irreconcilable with what they're saying now. Patty Glaser and Steve Ma say not only that they can and they will, but they had reviewed Macau documents. And now the newest team comes in and says, we're handcuffed and not permitted to.

THE COURT: Well, but you know they took -- you know they reviewed Macau documents because Mr. Kostrinsky carried them back.

MR. PISANELLI: That's part of my sanction motion.

THE COURT: I mean, we know.

MR. PISANELLI: So I'm beating this drum here because it is just outrageous to me. I will wrap it up. I understand your point. But it's outrageous that this company would come in here and as soon as this group of lawyers takes a turn, that admits something they're not supposed to, produces a piece of paper the Sands management didn't want to get out of their hands, my prediction is we're going to see a new team here. Because every single time someone stands up and tries or at least promises you that they'll start doing a

better job than their predecessor, then guess what happens, we have a new set of lawyers coming in.

I'm overlapping a little bit on the basis of the motion.

THE COURT: I don't want to do the sanctions motions, yet.

MR. PISANELLI: So I won't do that.

THE COURT: Thank you.

MR. PISANELLI: The point is very simply you never told them not to produce it, and they didn't do it.

THE COURT: Thank you.

The motion for protective order is denied. I am going to enter an order today that within two weeks of today, which for ease of calculation because of the holiday we will consider to be January 4th, Sands China will produce all information within their possession that is relevant to the jurisdictional discovery. That includes electronically stored information. Within two weeks.

So I can go the motion for sanctions. The motion for sanctions appears to be premature since I've not previously entered an order requiring that certain information that is electronically stored information in Macau be provided. About two weeks from now you might want to renew your motion if you don't get it.

Can I go to the motion for the protective order on

the videotape. 1 MR. PEEK: Your Honor, can we have some 2 3 clarification? THE COURT: Yes. MR. PEEK: And here's the challenge that we have, is 5 you're telling us to produce all of the documents that are 6 7 responsive to the requests for production, and --THE COURT: If a motion is renewed, Mr. Peek, and 8 there is an impediment to production which Sands China 9 10 believes relates to the Macau Data Privacy Act, when I make determinations under Rule 37 I will take into account the 11 limitations that you believe exist related to the Macau Data 12 13 Privacy Act. But, believe me, given the past history of this case there seems to be different treatment of the Macau Data 14 15 Privacy Act at different times. 16 MR. PEEK: Your Honor, I appreciate what we went 17 through in September. I appreciate what the Court's ruling

THE COURT: Your motion for protective order is really broad. Your motion for protective order says, "For the foregoing reasons Sands China urges the Court to enter an order providing that SCL has no obligation to search the ESI

was. And I think Mr. Jones has certainly made it clear how

certainly goes to who are the custodians, what are the search

serious we take this. The motion for protective order

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in Macau of custodians other than Jacobs or to use any more expansive search terms on the Jacobs ESI in Macau that was used to search the Jacobs's ESI that was transferred to the United States in 2010."

The answer is no. Denied.

MR. PEEK: Okay. I'll let --

MR. PISANELLI: Your Honor, on the Rule 37 issue of whether there's an order --

THE COURT: Hold on a second, Mr. Pisanelli. Let me go back to Randall Jones.

MR. PISANELLI: Okay.

THE COURT: Not Jim Randall, Randall Jones.

MR. RANDALL JONES: Thank you, Your Honor. I do want to make clear because of what was said there's never been said and if it was misstated by me, then I want to make sure it's clear on the record. It's never been our position that our client can't look at the documents. The issue is whether or not we can take certain information — our client is allowed to take certain information out of the country. And so I just want to make sure that's clear on the record. Our client can look at the documents, and our client's Macanese, we've just found out, can look at the documents. And from there it becomes more complicated. So I just want to make sure that's clear to the Court.

We understand what you're saying, and we will

continue to do our best to try to comply with the Court's 1 orders as best we can. And that's -- and I hope the Court 2 does appreciate this is a complicated situation, and we -- I 3 can -- I'll just tell you again, Your Honor, we're trying to 4 make sure that we -- the lawyers and our client comply with 5 your discovery. 6 7 THE COURT: I understand. MR. PEEK: Yeah. We need to have redactions as part 8 of that, as well, as that's -- I understood --9 THE COURT: I didn't say you couldn't have 10 redactions. 11 12 MR. PEEK: That's what I thought. THE COURT: I didn't say you couldn't have privilege 13 14 logs. I didn't say any of that, Mr. Peek.

MR. RANDALL JONES: As I understand it, Your Honor, you said we can still otherwise comply with the law as we believe we should and then you ultimately make the call as to whether or not we have appropriately done that.

MR. PISANELLI: We will indeed --

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THE COURT: I assume there will be a motion if there is a substantial lack of information that is provided.

MR. PISANELLI: So, Your Honor, on this issue of the Court order, we're saying it again. As part of your sanction order you were very clear and you said that they're not hiding behind that anymore.

# EXHIBIT B

# DECLARATION OF J. RANDALL JONES, ESQ. IN SUPPORT OF DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR STAY OF ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFF'S RENEWED MOTION FOR NRCP 37 SANCTIONS PENDING DEFENDANTS' PETITION FOR WRIT OF PROHIBITION OR MANDAMUS

- I, J. Randall Jones, Esq. being duly sworn, state as follows:
- I am one of the attorneys for Defendant Sands China Ltd. ("SCL") in this action. I make
  this Declaration in support of Defendants' Motion for Stay of Order Granting Plaintiff's
  Renewed Motion for NRCP 37 Sanctions Pending Defendants' Petition for Writ of
  Prohibition or Mandamus. I have personal knowledge of the facts stated herein, except
  those facts stated upon information and belief, and as to those facts, I believe them to be
  true.
- 2. On March 27, 2013, this Court entered an Order (the "Order") scheduling a three-day sanctions hearing commencing on May 13, 2013 to determine (a) SCL's degree of willfulness in redacting personal data from its January 4, 2013 document production based on the Macau Personal Data Protection Act ("MPDPA"); and (b) the prejudice, if any, suffered by Plaintiff as a result.
- 3. The Order also directed SCL to search and produce the records of all 20 custodians identified on Exhibit 6 to Plaintiff's Renewed Motion for NRCP 37 Sanctions ("Renewed Motion") by April 12, 2013, and to provide a privilege log for any documents withheld or redacted based on privilege. Finally, the Order directed SCL to log any documents that SCL decides to withhold from production on the grounds that they are "responsive to merit-based discovery but not jurisdictional discovery."
- 4. On April 5, 2013, Defendants filed a Petition for Writ of Prohibition or Mandamus with the Nevada Supreme Court, seeking to vacate the Order. In particular, in the Petition, Defendants seek to vacate the Order to the extent that it (1) compels SCL to choose

between violating its obligations under the MPDPA and violating the terms of the Order; (2) finds that SCL engaged in sanctionable conduct by making the redactions required by the MPDPA; (3) schedules an evidentiary sanctions hearing to begin on May 13, 2013; and (4) imposes expanded discovery obligations on SCL.

- 5. If a stay is not granted, SCL will be forced to choose between violating MPDPA's redaction requirement or violating the Order precluding SCL from making such redactions. Defendants will also be obligated under the Order to incur substantial fees, costs and effort in connection with both the scheduled sanctions hearing and the additional discovery obligations.
- 6. With respect to the scheduled sanctions hearing, Defendants have already begun incurring costs in connection with the preparation for the hearing, and these costs will increase substantially as the scheduled date for the hearing draws nearer. Among other things, Plaintiff recently notified Defendants that he may bring before the Court certain discovery requests in connection with the sanctions hearing. In addition, if the three-day hearing as currently scheduled is conducted before the Writ is decided, Defendants' fees, costs and burdens will obviously escalate at a high rate, as Defendants must conduct pre-hearing motion practice, prepare for the hearing, draft pre-hearing and post-hearing memoranda and participate in the three-day hearing itself.
- 7. To date, Defendants have produced more than 200,000 pages of documents in response to jurisdictional discovery. With respect to the additional discovery ordered by the Court, Defendants have already incurred substantial costs, and will continue do so if a stay is not issued. Consistent with the Court's Order, SCL has run search terms against the electronic documents from the 20 custodians referred to above, one of whom served as

SCL's in-house counsel during the relevant period. Although the process is ongoing, declarant is informed and believes that more than 100,000 additional documents in Macau and the United States have thus far been identified that require review. Defendant is also informed and believes Defendants have employed 35 reviewers in Macau and 35 reviewers in the United States to undertake this process, at a cost of more than \$1.3 million thus far. Although Defendants have already undergone a substantial effort, and incurred significant costs, in working to meet the Court's April 12 deadline, the Defendants will be required to spend substantial fees, costs and effort to complete that process if this Motion is not granted.

- 8. The Order also requires SCL to prepare a privilege log for documents that SCL determines to be privileged. It is difficult to predict future efforts with precision, but in light of the large number of privileged documents to be logged, Defendants believe that this process will take weeks of work and the costs will be substantial, almost certainly hundreds of thousands of dollars. In addition, the Order requires Defendants to log documents that "hit" a search term but are determined not to be relevant to any jurisdictional issues. Although difficult to ascertain at this stage, Defendants estimate that this process will also take weeks of work and incur substantial costs, also in the hundreds of thousands of dollars. If the Nevada Supreme Court were to grant the Writ, much if not all of the fees, costs and effort associated with the preparation of the logs will have been wasted.
- 9. Defendants make their request for a Motion for the Stay of the Order in good faith and not for any improper purpose.

10. I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed April 5, 2013 in Las Vegas, NV.

J. Randall Jones, Esq.

# EXHIBIT C

TRAN

DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
\* \* \* \* \*

STEVEN JACOBS

Plaintiff . CASE NO. A-627691

vs.

. DEPT. NO. XI

LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP., et al..

Defendants . Transcript of Proceedings

BEFORE THE HONORABLE ELIZABETH GONZALEZ, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

#### HEARING ON PLAINTIFF'S RENEWED MOTION FOR NRCP 37 SANCTIONS

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 2013

APPEARANCES:

FOR THE PLAINTIFF: JAMES J. PISANELLI, ESQ.

TODD BICE, ESQ.

FOR THE DEFENDANTS: J. STEPHEN PEEK, ESQ.

JON RANDALL JONES, ESQ.

MARK JONES, ESQ. MICHAEL LACKEY, ESQ.

COURT RECORDER: TRANSCRIPTION BY:

JILL HAWKINS FLORENCE HOYT

District Court Las Vegas, Nevada 89146

Proceedings recorded by audio-visual recording, transcript produced by transcription service.

handled appropriately. That doesn't mean redactions under the MDPA, which you have been precluded from doing anything with respect to.

Now, I certainly understand that Sands China may have obligations with the Macau Government. But because of what's happened in that case, in this particular case you've lost the ability to use that as a defense in any way, shape, or form.

MR. RANDALL JONES: Well, Your Honor, my response to that be -- and I hear what you just said and I know the Court understands this, but I think it's necessary to make this point on the record. My client is faced with the proverbial Hobson's choice. It truly is. And in trying to make sure we did not wilfully violate your order and complied with discovery in good faith we did what we did. So the redactions that are there do exist.

And, by the way, I would disagree with Mr.

Pisanelli's percentages. The way I calculate it is at most

10 percent of the documents produced have a redacted vein.

But then let's look beyond that. Mr. Pisanelli says that
these documents that are redacted are meaningless. He says
they are essentially a blank page. They are not a blank page,
Your Honor. There are several issues that go directly
contrary to that, and I want to talk about that in a couple of
respects. One is the subject matter, the substance of the

email has not been redacted, so only individual names have been redacted. So you could still -- to suggest that --

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THE COURT: That is violative of my order, Mr. And I don't really care that your client is in a bad position with the Macau Government. Your client is the one who decided to take the material out of Macau originally, failed to disclose it to anyone in the court, and then as a sanction for that conduct loses the ability in this case to raise that as an issue. I'm not saying you don't have problems in Macau. I certainly understand you may well have problems in Macau with the Macau Government. I tried to understand the letter you got from the Macau Government. I read it three times. And I certainly understand they've raised issues with you. But as a sanction for the inappropriate conduct that's happened in this case, in this case you've lost the ability to use that as a defense. that there may be some balancing that I do when I'm looking at appropriate sanctions under the Rule 37 standard as to why your client may have chosen to use that method to violate my order. And I'll balance that and I'll look at it and I'll consider those issues. But they violated my order.

MR. RANDALL JONES: Well, Your Honor, again, I would respectfully state that I was a part of that process, and whether we were being obtuse -- I hope that I'm never obtuse when I'm looking at a Court's transcript or order -- that when

we talked about redactions as it related to those we certainly didn't intend to wilfully violate your order. I will tell you that, and you can take that for what it's worth coming from me. We've appeared before you many times. I would not ever tell a client to wilfully violate any court's order, and certainly, Your Honor, I have great respect for you, I would not ever suggest that a client of mine do that intentionally. And that's just period. I would never do that. And I certainly didn't think we were doing that at the time. We were trying to thread a needle, I certainly agree we were trying to do that, and we hope we have accomplished that. And I understand what you just said.

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Having said that, I would ask you to consider this. With respect to this whole point about a blank page and the information that they don't have, first of all, this goes back to this issue of document dump. We have grossly overproduced what could possibly be relevant, because we didn't want to base it on relevance, and the jurisdictional discovery out of a fear of the very kind of thing that's going on here, that they would ask for the death penalty or some other extreme sanction because they are trying to get, from our perspective, not discovery, they're trying to get jurisdiction by tort or essentially put us in a position because of some of the history that's occurred in this case so that they could ask you for the death penalty. And we know that's what happened.

J. Randall Jones, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 1927 jrj@kempjones.com Mark M. Jones, Esq. **CLERK OF THE COURT** Nevada Bar No. 267 mmj@kempjones.com KEMP, JONES & COULTHARD, LLP 3800 Howard Hughes Pkwy, 17<sup>th</sup> Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Attorneys for Sands China, Ltd. 6 J. Stephen Peek, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 1759 speek@hollandhart.com Robert J. Cassity, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 9779 bcassity@hollandhart.com HOLLAND & HART LLP 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89134 Attorneys for Las Vegas Sands Corp. KEMP, JONES & COULTHARD, LLP 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway Seventeenth Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 (702) 385-6000 • Fax (702) 385-6001 Eax (702) 385-6001 LOGO • Eax (702) 385-6001 Park (702) Park (7 and Sands China, Ltd. DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA STEVEN C. JACOBS, CASE NO.: A627691-B DEPT NO .: XI Plaintiff, LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP., a Nevada corporation; SANDS CHINA LTD., a Cayman Islands corporation; SHELDON G. NOTICE OF ENTRY OF ORDER ADELSON, in his individual and representative capacity; DOES I-X; and ROE 19 CORPORATIONS I-X, 20 Defendants. 21 AND ALL RELATED MATTERS. 22 23 TO ALL PARTIES AND THEIR ATTORNEYS OF RECORD, please take notice that an 24 Order Granting In Part And Denying In Part Motion For Stay Of Order Granting Plaintiff's Renewed Motion For NRCP 37 Sanctions Pending Defendants' Petition For Writ Of Prohibition Or 26 111 28 111

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CLERK OF THE COURT

Date: April 9, 2013

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On April 9, 2013, Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs ("Plaintiff") and Defendants LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP, and SANDS CHINA LTD. ("SCL") (collectively "Defendants") appeared telephonically before this Court on Defendants' Motion for Stay of Order Granting Plaintiff's Renewed Motion for NRCP 37 Sanctions Pending Defendants' Petition for Writ of Prohibition or Mandamus ("Motion to Stay"). Todd L. Bice, Esq., Jennifer L. Braster, Esq., and Eric Aldrian, Esq. of the law firm PISANELLI BICE PLLC, appeared on behalf of Plaintiff. Robert J. Cassity, Esq., of the law firm HOLLAND & HART LLP, appeared on behalf of Defendants. J. Randall Jones, Esq. of the law firm KEMP, JONES & COULTHARD, LLP, appeared on behalf of SCL. The Court considered the papers filed on behalf of the parties and the oral argument of counsel, and good cause appearing therefor:

#### IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED as follows:

- 1. The Motion to Stay is GRANTED IN PART, staying for 45 days, or until May 24, 2013, SCL's obligation to produce documents responsive to the Court-ordered jurisdictional discovery from Macau that were not included on any electronic storage device brought to the United States as referenced at the September 2012, sanctions hearing. In the event the Nevada Supreme Court takes action on Defendants' Writ Petition within the 45-day stay period, the Court is willing to consider an extension of the stay.
- 2. The Motion to Stay is DENIED IN PART as to the production of documents responsive to the Court-ordered jurisdictional discovery on any electronic storage device brought into the United States previously as referenced at the September 2012, sanctions Documents discovered on said electronic storage devices must be produced in hearing. accordance with this Court's March 27, 2013 Order.

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1	3. The evidentiary hearing set for May 13, 2013 is continued until further notice by
2	the Court.
3	DATED May 10, 2013.
4	= $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$ $=$
5	District Court Judge
6	District Court Judge
7	Submitted by:
8	KEMP, JONES & COULTHARD
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10	1 Sken John Son
<u>.</u> 11	1. Raidall Jones, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 1927
12 1385-6019 19169	Mark M. Jones, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 267
Floor 32 89 35.com	Kemp, Jones & Coulthard, LLP 3800 Howard Hughes Pkwy., 17 <sup>th</sup> Floor
Nevad Nevad Pax ( nojone	Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Attorneys for Sands China Ltd.
6000 GREEN	
Seventeenth Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 (702) 385-6000 • Fax (702) 385- kic@kempiones.com 2	Approved as to form and content:
(0) 17	PISANELLI BICE PLLC
18	TISANCELE BICE CESC
19	THE CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF
20	Toda F. Bice, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 4534
21	Debra L. Spinelli, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 9695
22	3883 Howard Hughes Parkway, Ste. 800 Las Vegas, NV 89169
23	Attorneys for Steven C. Jacobs
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On May 16, 2013, Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs and Defendants Las Vegas Sands Corp. and Sands China, LTD. ("SCL") (collectively "Defendants") came before this court on Defendants' Motion to Extend Stay of Order Granting Plaintiff's Renewed Motion for NRCP 37 Sanctions Pending Defendants' Petition for Writ Prohibition for Mandamus ("Motion to Extend Stay"). Todd L. Bice, Esq., of the law firm PISANELLI BICE PLLC, appeared on behalf of Plaintiff. J. Stephen Peek, Esq., of the law firm HOLLAND & HART LLP, appeared telephonically on behalf of Defendants. J. Randall Jones, Esq., of the law firm KEMP, JONES & COULTHARD, LLP, appeared on behalf of SCL. The Court considered the papers filed on behalf of the parties and the oral argument of counsel, and good cause appearing therefor:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED as follows:

1. The Motion to Extend Stay is GRANTED, extending the stay granted by the Order, filed on May 13, 2013; and

The Court will conduct a Status Check on July 15, 2013 at 8:30 a.m. to consider 2. the status of the stay.

District Court Judge

Submitted by:

KEMP, JONES & COULTHARD

Approved as to form and content:

PISANELLI BICE PLLC

Nevada Bar No. 1927 Mark M. Jones, Ešq. Nevada Bar No. 267

Kemp, Jones & Coulthard, LLP 3800 Howard Hughes Pkwy., 17th Floor

Las Vegas, Nevada 89169

Attorneys for Sands China Ltd.

Lodd L. Bice, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 4534 Debra L. Spinelli, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 9695

3883 Howard Hughes Parkway, Ste. 800

19987 A

Las Vegas, NV 89169 Attorneys for Plaintiff

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J. Stephen Peek, Esq. (1759) 1 Robert J. Cassity, Esq. (9779) Holland & Hart LLP 2 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2nd Floor **CLERK OF THE COURT** Las Vegas, Nevada 89134 (702) 669-4600 (702) 669-4650 - faxspeek@hollandhart.com 5 bcassity@hollandhart.com Attorneys for Las Vegas Sands Corp. 6 and Sands China, Ltd. 7 J. Randall Jones, Esq. (1927) 8 Mark M. Jones, Esq. (267) Kemp Jones & Coulthard, LLP 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 17th Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 (702) 385-6000 10 (702) 385-6001 – fax 11 m.jones@kempjones.com 12 Michael E. Lackey, Jr., Esq. Mayer Brown LLP 1999 K Street, N.W. 13 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2nd Floor Washington, D.C 20006 Las Vegas, Nevada 89134 (202) 263-3300 14 Holland & Hart LLP mlackey@mayerbrown.com 15 Attorneys for Sands China, Ltd. 16 DISTRICT COURT 17 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 18 STEVEN C. JACOBS, CASE NO.: A627691-B 19 DEPT NO.: XI Plaintiff, 20 Date: n/a Time: n/a 21 LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP., a Nevada corporation; SANDS CHINA LTD., a Cayman **DEFENDANTS' JOINT STATUS** 22 Islands corporation; SHELDON G. ADELSON, REPORT in his individual and representative capacity; DOES I-X; and ROE CORPORATIONS I-X, 23 24 Defendants. AND ALL RELATED MATTERS. 25 26 27 /// 28 /// Page 1 of 7 6255543 1

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Defendants Las Vegas Sands Corporation ("LVSC") and Sands China Limited ("SCL") respectfully file the following Joint Status Report in advance of the status check scheduled by the Court for June 18, 2013.

In its May 30, 2013 Order, the Court asked for a status report with respect to (1) the scheduling of the jurisdictional hearing and (2) the competing proposed orders on Plaintiff's Motion to Return Remaining Documents from Advanced Discovery ("Plaintiff's Motion to Return Documents"). In short, on (1) SCL stands ready to proceed with the jurisdictional hearing at the Court's convenience; as described below, Defendants believe that all discovery that is necessary for that hearing has been accomplished. All that remains is for Plaintiff to identify the jurisdictional theories on which he intends to proceed and the parties to brief those theories and then designate witnesses and exhibits in light of any factual issues that remain. On (2), Defendants have already provided the Court with their explanation of why they believe Plaintiff's proposed order should not be entered. A copy of that submission is attached hereto as Exhibit "A" for the Court's convenience. In addition, on June 12, 2013, Defendants filed the Surreply that the Court allowed in its May 17, 2013 Order, and would urge the Court to reconsider its decision on Plaintiff's Motion to Return Documents in light of that Surreply.

#### I. Discovery Has Been Essentially Completed.

Prior to April 12, 2013, LVSC and SCL had together produced close to 200,000 pages of documents in response to the jurisdictional discovery the Court permitted in its March 8, 2012 Order. In its March 27, 2013 Order, the Court required SCL, in addition, to "search and produce the records of all twenty (20) custodians" that Plaintiff had identified "for documents that are relevant to jurisdictional discovery." When Defendants filed a writ petition to the Nevada Supreme Court challenging various aspects of the March 27 Order, the Court stayed its order with respect to documents in Macau, but declined to stay the Order to the extent that it required production of documents on any of the electronic storage devices brought into the United States that were referenced at the September 2012 sanctions hearing.

On April 12, 2013, Defendants produced an additional 1,733 documents (comprising over 13,000 pages) responsive to Plaintiff's jurisdictional discovery requests. Those documents were

Page 2 of 7

# Holland & Hart LLP

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produced from three sources: (1) the data transferred to the United States as referenced at the September hearing; (2) documents maintained in Hong Kong and Singapore by four of the identified custodians (SCL's three independent directors and one Marina Bay Sands employee); and (3) documents identified through a search of the relevant custodians' files in Macau<sup>1</sup> that were then electronically matched to documents that existed in the United States. All of these documents were produced in unredacted form, because Macau's data privacy laws do not apply to them. Defendants are in the process of preparing a log for thousands of documents that were withheld from the April 12, 2013 production on privilege grounds.<sup>2</sup> That log should be ready shortly. Some of the documents that were initially withheld will be declassified as a result of the privilege review and others will be produced with privileged material redacted.

In addition to producing over 210,000 pages of documents, Defendants made four of their senior officers (Messrs. Adelson, Leven, Goldstein and Kay) available for deposition. Plaintiff deposed three of these executives for two days each.

Defendants' extensive document production and the depositions Plaintiff took give him more than he needs to make whatever jurisdictional arguments he wants to make. As the Court is aware, Defendants have filed two writ petitions, which the Nevada Supreme Court has accepted, related to the Court's 2013 rulings. One, which is now fully briefed, involves a handful of privileged documents that Justin Jones used to refresh his recollection about the timeline of events before testifying at the September 2012 sanctions hearing. These documents are unrelated to any jurisdictional issue. The second writ petition involves (among other things) whether Defendants were properly required to produce unredacted documents from Macau pursuant to the Court's December 18, 2012 and March 27, 2013 Orders. Defendants' reply in support of that writ is currently due on June 20. Although Defendants' second writ petition does involve documents that may be responsive to Plaintiff's jurisdictional discovery requests, Plaintiff has made no

Page 3 of 7

SCL had identified those documents in Macau before the Court entered its stay, which enabled SCL to avoid the dilemma of deciding whether to comply with the Court's Order by producing those documents in unredacted form or to comply with Macau's data privacy laws by redacting personal information from those documents.

One of the custodians whose data was searched was Luis Melo, who was formerly SCL's general counsel.

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showing that the personal data on the documents already produced in redacted form and the other Macau documents that have not yet been produced as a result of this Court's stay order are both relevant to a cognizable jurisdictional theory and non-cumulative.<sup>3</sup> Accordingly, Plaintiff should be able to proceed whether he has these documents or not.

Defendants also intend to file a writ petition with the Nevada Supreme Court if the Court enters an order granting Plaintiff's Motion to Return Documents. Once again, Plaintiff has made no showing that any of the privileged documents that are the subject of Plaintiff's Motion are both relevant to a cognizable jurisdictional theory and non-cumulative in light of the thousands of documents and other evidence that Plaintiff already has in his possession. Accordingly, there is no reason to postpone the jurisdictional hearing until that issue is finally resolved.

Defendants are not aware of any other outstanding issues raised by Plaintiff's discovery requests.4 As the Court will recall, SCL sought to take Jacobs' deposition before the evidentiary hearing. The Court stated that the deposition could proceed, but only after all of the issues as to what documents Jacobs and his counsel are entitled to review are resolved. Although SCL would still like to take Jacobs' deposition before the hearing, it is willing to forego the opportunity to do so if necessary to avoid further delays in scheduling the jurisdictional hearing.<sup>5</sup>

#### II. SCL Is Ready To Proceed.

SCL is ready to proceed with the jurisdictional hearing at the Court's convenience. However, in advance of that hearing, Plaintiff should be required to provide an explanation of the jurisdictional theories he intends to rely upon. Over the course of the past two years Plaintiff has offered or alluded to a variety of different theories of general jurisdiction, including claiming (1)

Page 4 of 7

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> To date, Defendants have produced a total of 31,393 documents in response to Plaintiff's jurisdictional requests for production. Of that total, 2,482 or roughly 8% were produced with personal data redacted in order to comply with Macau's data privacy laws.

Plaintiff has raised some issues regarding Defendants' confidentiality designations pursuant to the Protective Order. As required by that Order, Defendants filed a motion on May 21, 2013 seeking confirmation of disputed confidentiality designations Defendants made with respect to the second day of the Adelson deposition. Defendants also conducted a review and de-designated approximately 12,000 documents that had previously been designated confidential. Plaintiff's counsel recently sent a letter objecting to a handful of other designations; the parties will meet and confer about these designations, and Defendants will file a motion to the extent that the parties cannot agree. However, these issues should not affect the timing of the hearing.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> SCL reserves the right to call Jacobs as a witness at the jurisdictional hearing.

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that SCL is LVSC's alter ego, (2) that SCL's de facto executive headquarters is in Las Vegas, (3) that LVSC acted as SCL's agent in carrying out specific tasks in Nevada, and (4) that LVSC acts generally as SCL's agent and that LVSC's jurisdictional contacts can therefore be attributed to SCL. Plaintiff has also raised a specific jurisdiction theory, arguing that the decision to terminate him was made in Nevada and therefore the Court has specific jurisdiction over his breach of contract claim against SCL.6

Before the parties and the Court invest further effort in preparing for a jurisdictional hearing, Plaintiff should be required to state which of these theories he intends to pursue and whether he has any additional jurisdictional theories. SCL believes that a number of these theories (assuming Plaintiff still intends to pursue them) could be eliminated as a matter of law. thus enabling the Court to streamline the evidentiary hearing. Furthermore, an identification of Plaintiff's theories will enable the parties to more efficiently identify their witnesses and exhibits prior to the hearing.

Accordingly, SCL urges the Court to set a briefing schedule under which (1) Plaintiff would first identify the jurisdictional theories he intends to pursue and explain in general terms the factual basis for his assertion that there is jurisdiction over SCL under those theories, (2) SCL would then have an opportunity to move for summary judgment with respect to some or all of those theories and, to the extent there are factual issues, to explain its view of the requirements

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Plaintiff also advanced a theory of "transient" jurisdiction, which the Nevada Supreme Court directed this Court to consider after it decides whether the Court has general jurisdiction over SCL. Because this theory does not involve any factual issues, it will not be the subject of the evidentiary hearing.

1	Plaintiff must meet in order to prove his theories, and (3) the Court can then hear argument and
2	rule on the legal issues, narrowing (or eliminating) the factual issues to be presented at the
3	evidentiary hearing.
4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	DATED June 14, 2013.
	J. Stephen Peek, Fig.
	Robert J. Cassity, Esq, Holland & Hart LLP
	9555 Hillwood Drive, 2nd Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89134
	Attorneys for Las Vegas Sands Corp. and Sands
	China Ltd.
	J. Randall Jones, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 1927
	Mark M. Jones, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 000267
	Kemp Jones & Coulthard, LLP 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 17th Floor
	Las Vegas, Nevada 89169
A 70 = ' '	Michael E. Lackey, Jr., Esq. Mayer Brown LLP
Holland & Hart LL Hillwood Drive, 2n S Vegas, Nevada 89	1999 K Street, N.W. Washington, D.C 20006
od Dr.	Attorneys for Sands China, Ltd.
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Page 6 of 7

## 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2nd Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89134 Holland & Hart LLP

#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

Pursuant to Nev. R. Civ. P. 5(b), I certify that on June 14, 2013, I served a true and correct copy of the foregoing **DEFENDANTS' JOINT STATUS REPORT** via e-mail and by depositing same in the United States mail, first class postage fully prepaid to the persons and addresses listed below:

James J. Pisanelli, Esq.
Debra L. Spinelli, Esq.
Todd L. Bice, Esq.
Pisanelli & Bice
3883 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 800
Las Vegas, Nevada 89169
214-2100
214-2101 – fax
jip@pisanellibice.com
dls@pisanellibice.com
tlb@pisanellibice.com
kap@pisanellibice.com – staff
see@pisanellibice.com – staff

Attorney for Plaintiff

An Employee of Holland & Mart LLP

Page 7 of 7

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#### **Dineen Bergsing**

From:

Dineen Bergsing Friday, June 14, 2013 2:50 PM Sent:

James Pisanelli; Debra Spinelli; Todd Bice; 'Kimberly Peets'; Sarah Elsden To:

Subject: LV Sands/Jacobs - Defendants' Joint Status Report

Attachments: 1100\_001

Please see attached Defendants' Joint Status Report. A copy to follow by mail.

#### Dineen M. Bergsing

Legal Assistant to J. Stephen Peek, Philip J. Dabney, Justin C. Jones, David J. Freeman and Nicole E. Lovelock Holland & Hart LLP 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2nd Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89134 (702) 669-4600 - Main (702) 222-2521 - Direct (702) 669-4650 - Fax dbergsing@hollandhart.com



CONFIDENTIALITY NOTICE: This message is confidential and may be privileged. If you believe that this email has been sent to you in еггог, please reply to the sender that you received the message in error; then please delete this e-mail. Thank you.

## **EXHIBIT A**

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J. Randall Jones, Esq. 1 Nevada Bar No. 1927 2 jrj@kempjones.com Mark M. Jones, Esq. 3 Nevada Bar No. 267 m.jones@kempjones.com 4 KEMP, JONES & COULTHARD, LLP 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 17th Floor 5 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Attorneys for Sands China, Ltd. 6 J. Stephen Peek, Esq. 7 Nevada Bar No. 1759 speek@hollandhart.com 8 Robert J. Cassity, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 9779 9 bcassity@hollandhart.com HOLLAND & HART LLP 10 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2nd Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89134 Attorneys for Las Vegas Sands Corp. and Sands China, Ltd.

## DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

STEVEN C. JACOBS,

Plaintiff,

LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP., a Nevada corporation; SANDS CHINA LTD., a Cayman Islands corporation; SHELDON G. ADELSON, in his individual and representative capacity; DOES I-X; and ROE CORPORATIONS I-X,

Defendants.

AND ALL RELATED MATTERS.

CASE NO.: A627691-B DEPT NO.: XI

MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF PROPOSED DRAFT ORDER ON PLAINTIFF STEVEN C. JACOBS' MOTION TO RETURN REMAINING DOCUMENTS FROM ADVANCED DISCOVERY

Defendants LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP. ("LVS") and SANDS CHINA LTD. ("SCL") (collectively, "Defendants"), by and through their undersigned counsel, submit this Memorandum In Support of Proposed Draft Order on Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs' Motion to Return Remaining Documents from Advanced Discovery. This Memorandum is provided

Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 (702) 385-6000 • Fax (702) 385-6001 kic@kempjones.com pursuant to the following memorandum of points and authorities, and the papers and pleadings on file herein.

DATED this Hay of May, 2013

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27 28 J. Randali Jones, Esq.
Mark M. Jones, Esq.
Kemp, Jones & Coulthard, LLP
3800 Howard Hughes Pkwy., 17<sup>th</sup> Floor
Las Vegas, Nevada 89169
Attorneys for Sands China, Ltd.

J. Stephen Peek, Esq. Robert J. Cassity, Esq. Holland & Hart LLP 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89134 Attorneys for Las Vegas Sands Corp. and Sands China, Ltd.

#### MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

The purpose of this Memorandum is in furtherance of Defendants' cover letter to a competing order submitted to the Court (and copied on Plaintiff's counsel) on May 23, 2013, regarding Plaintiffs' Motion to Return Remaining Documents from Advanced Discovery. See Cover Letter, dated May 23, 2013, and Proposed Order, attached hereto as Exhibits A and B, respectively. The Proposed Order was a competing order to Plaintiff's proposed Order, attached hereto as Exhibit C ("Plaintiff's Order"). After Defendants submitted the Cover Letter and Proposed Order, Defendants received the Court's Journal Entry denying Defendants' Motion to Strike Plaintiff's Reply in support of that motion, but allowing Defendants to file a Surreply. The Defendants appreciate the opportunity to file a Surreply and will do so by the deadline the Court set.

Although Defendants urge the Court to postpone entry of either the Proposed Order or the Plaintiff's Order pending the filing of that Surreply, here, in brief, are the key reasons why Defendants contend that the Plaintiff's Order should be revised – even assuming that the Court continues to adhere to its decision to grant Plaintiff's motion.

KEMP, JONES & COULTHARD, LLP 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway
Seventeenth Floor
Las Vegas, Nevada 89169
(702) 385-6000 - Fax (702) 385-6001
kic@kempiones.com

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In ¶ 3 of Plaintiff's Order, Plaintiff states that all of the documents in question were documents that "Jacobs authored, was a recipient of, or otherwise possessed in the course and scope of his employment." Defendants submit that this is an inaccurate factual statement. Defendants contend that Jacobs downloaded a large quantity of documents before he was terminated and that he did not in fact possess those documents "in the course and scope of his employment." In any event, this is a factual dispute that cannot be resolved on the current record. On the other hand, ¶ 3 of Defendants' Proposed Order suggests a more neutral treatment, providing that "[t]hese are documents that Jacobs either authored, was a recipient of, or otherwise had access to during the period of his employment."

In ¶ 6 of Plaintiff's Order, Plaintiff has included a reference to the September 14, 2012, Order suggesting that the Court's ruling precluding Defendants from claiming that Jacobs stole the documents for purposes of jurisdictional discovery and the evidentiary hearing on jurisdiction is somehow relevant to the issue of Jacobs' right to use the privileged documents. This was an issue first raised in Plaintiffs' Reply, in a footnote. Defendants submit that the September 14 Order has no bearing on the current motion, particularly in light of the footnote in the September 14 Order in which the Court specifically preserved Defendants' right to raise other objections, including privilege. Accordingly, Defendants version of ¶ 6 in their Proposed Order deletes that reference.

In ¶ 7 of Plaintiff's Order, Plaintiff seeks to re-characterize his own motion. Defendants' Proposed Order recommends deleting that paragraph.

In ¶ 8 of Plaintiff's Order (which revises Plaintiff's ¶ 9), Defendants add the Court's statement in its Journal Entry ruling on the motion that the Court "agrees that any privilege related to these documents in fact belongs to Defendants." Plaintiff's Order omits that statement.

Finally, Defendants' Proposed Order omits ¶11 from Plaintiff's Order, which is confusing because his own proposed order says that the Court is not ruling on the question of whether the documents are in fact privileged or whether there was a waiver. To the extent that ¶

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4 5 11 is intended as a ruling in Plaintiff's favor on the new argument raised in his Reply, Defendants will respond to that argument in their Surreply.

DATED this 24 day of May, 2013.

Mark M. Jones, Esq. Kemp, Jones & Coulthard, LLP 3800 Howard Hughes Pkwy., 17th Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Attorneys for Sands China, Ltd.

J. Stephen Peek, Esq. Robert J. Cassity, Esq. Holland & Hart LLP 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2nd Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89134 Attorneys for Las Vegas Sands Corp. and Sands China,

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**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE** 

Pursuant to Nev. R. Civ. P. 5(b), I certify that on May 22, 2013, I served a true and

correct copy of the foregoing MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT OF PROPOSED DRAFT

ORDER ON PLAINTIFF STEVEN C. JACOBS' MOTION TO RETURN REMAINING

DOCUMENTS FROM ADVANCED DISCOVERY via e-mail and by depositing same in the

United States mail, first class postage fully prepaid to the persons and addresses listed below:

James J. Pisanelli, Esq.

Todd L. Bice, Esq.

Debra L. Spinelli, Esq.

Jennifer L. Braster, Esq.

Pisanelli Bice

3883 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 800

Las Vegas, Nevada 89169

jjp@pisanellibice.com

tlb@pisanellibice.com

dls@pisanellibice.com

jlb@pisanellibice.com

kap@pisanellibice.com – staff

see@pisanellibice.com-staff

Attorney for Plaintiff

An employee of Kemp, Jones & Coulthard

# **EXHIBIT A**

#### KEMP, JONES & COULTHARD

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

KIRK R. HARRISON - Of Counsel

WILL KEMP
J. RANDALL JONES
MARK M. JONES
WILLIAM L. COULTHARDRICHARD F. SCOTTI<sup>†</sup>
JENNIFER COLE DORSEY
SPENCER H. GUNNERSON

A LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP
WELLS FARGO TOWER
3800 HOWARD HUGHES PARKWAY
SEVENTEENTH FLOOR
LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89169
kjc@kempiones.com

FACSIMILE (702) 385-6001 (702) 385-1234

TELEPHONE

(702) 385-6000

MATTHEW S. CARTER<sup>†</sup>
CAROL L. HARRIS
MICHAEL J. GAYAN
ERIC M. PEPPERMAN
NATHANAEL R. RULIS
MONA KAVEH<sup>†</sup>
JING ZHAO

May 23, 2013

\*Aiso licensed in Idaho †Aiso licensed in California

#### VIA HAND DELIVERY

Honorable Elizabeth Gonzalez
Regional Justice Center, Department 11
200 Lewis Avenue
Las Vegas, Nevada 89115

Re:

Jacobs v. Las Vegas Sands Corp. et al.

Case No. A-10-627691

Proposed Competing Order Regarding Motion to Return Remaining

Documents from Advanced Discovery

Dear Judge Gonzalez:

Plaintiff and Defendants were unable to come to an agreement as to the form and content of the proposed Order on Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs' Motion to Return Remaining Documents from Advanced Discovery. Enclosed is Defendants' competing proposed Order for consideration and execution by this Court.

Defendants were compelled to provide a competing Order based upon a number of issues which it will outline in a letter to the Court tomorrow. Thank you for your attention to this matter.

ndall/Johes, Esq.

cc:

James J. Pisanelli, Esq. (via email) Todd L. Bice, Esq. (via email) Jennifer L. Baster, Esq. (via email)

Encl.

# **EXHIBIT B**

3800 Howard Hughes Parkway 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway Seventeenth Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 (702) 385-6000 • Fax (702) 385-6001 kic@kempiones.com 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	J. Randall Jones, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 1927  jrj@kempjones.com Mark M. Jones, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 267  m.jones@kempjones.com KEMP, JONES & COULTHARD, LLP 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway Seventeenth Floor	C COURT	
19	STEVEN C. JACOBS,	CASE NO.: A627 DEPT NO.: XI	691-B
20 21 22	v.  LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP., a Nevada	ORDER ON PLA JACOBS' MOTIC REMAINING DO	CUMENTS FROM
23	corporation; SANDS CHINA LTD., a Cayman Islands corporation; SHELDON G. ADELSON, in his individual and	ADVANCED DIS	COVERY
24	representative capacity; DOES I-X; and ROE CORPORATIONS I-X,	Hearing Date:	April 12, 2013
25	Defendants.	Hearing Time:	In Chambers
26			
27	AND ALL RELATED MATTERS.		
28			
THE CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACT	1		
	•		

Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 (702) 385-6000 • Fax (702) 385-600 kic@kempiones.com 1

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Before this Court is Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs' ("Jacobs") Motion to Return Remaining Documents from Advanced Discovery (the "Motion"). The Court has considered all briefing on the Motion, including the supplemental brief it ordered from Defendants. The Court being fully informed, and good cause appearing therefor:

## THE COURT HEREBY STATES as follows:

- 1. At issue are documents that Jacobs took with him when he was terminated on July 23, 2010.
- 2. Amongst these documents were documents over which Defendants claim an attorney-client or other form of privilege.
- 3. These are documents that Jacobs either authored, was a recipient of, or otherwise had access to during the period of his employment.
- Jacobs' present Motion does not seek to compel the Defendants to produce anything. Rather, Jacobs seeks return of documents that were transferred to the Court's approved electronic stored information ("ESI") vendor, Advanced Discovery, pursuant to a Court-approved protocol.
- Pursuant to a Court-approved protocol, Defendants' counsel were allowed to review Jacobs' documents and have now identified approximately 11,000 of them as being subject, in whole or in part, to some form of privilege, such as attorney-client, work product, accounting or gaming.
- Based upon these assertions of privilege, Defendants contend that Jacobs cannot 6. provide these documents to his counsel and cannot use them in the litigation even if they relate to the claims, defenses or counterclaims asserted in this action.
- 7. The Defendants assert that all privileges belong to the Defendants' corporate entities, not any of their executives, whether present or former. From this, they contend that Jacobs does not have the power to waive any privileges.
- 8. The Court notes a split of authority as to who is the client under such circumstances. See Montgomery v. Etrepid Techs. LLC, 548 F. Supp. 2d 1175 (D. Nev. 2008).

Nevada 89169 Fax (702) 385-6001

Las Vegas, N 385-6000 • F

kic@kempiones.com

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However, the Court agrees that any privilege related to these documents in fact belongs to Defendants.

- 9. The Court does not need to address (at this time) the question of whether any of the particular documents identified by the Defendants are subject to some privilege (a contention which Jacobs disputes), or whether Defendants waived the privilege. Instead, the question presently before this Court is whether Jacobs is among the class of persons legally allowed to view those documents and use them in the prosecution of his claims and to rebut the Defendants' affirmative defenses and counterclaim, as these were documents that the former executive authored, received and/or had access to during his tenure.
- 10. Even assuming for the sake of argument that Defendants had valid claims of privilege to assert to the documents as against outsiders, they have failed to sustain their burden of demonstrating that Jacobs cannot review and use documents to which he had access during the period of his employment in this litigation.
- 11. That does not mean, however, that at this time the Court is making any determination as to any other use or access to sources of proof. Until further order, Jacobs may not disseminate the documents in question beyond his legal team. And, all parties shall treat the documents as confidential under the Stipulated Confidentiality Agreement and Protective Order entered on March 22, 2012.

## THEREFORE IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED as follows:

- 1. The Motion to Return Remaining Documents from Advanced Discovery is GRANTED. When this Order becomes effective, Advanced Discovery shall release to Jacobs and his counsel all documents contained on the various electronic storage devices received by Advanced Discovery from Jacobs on or about May 18, 2012, and that have otherwise not been previously released to Jacobs and his counsel.
- Those documents listed on the Defendants' privilege log dated November 30,
   shall be treated as confidential under the Stipulated Confidentiality Agreement and
   Protective Order entered on March 22, 2012 until further order from this Court.

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# **EXHIBIT C**

1	ORDR	
2	James J. Pisanelli, Esq., Bar No. 4027  JJP@pisanellibice.com	
3	Todd L. Bice, Esq., Bar No. No. 4534 TLB@pisanellibice.com	
4	Debra L. Spinelli, Esq., Bar No. 9695 DLS@pisanellibice.com PISANELLI BICE PLLC	
5	3883 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 800	
6	Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone: (702) 214-2100 Facsimile: (702) 214-2101	
7	Attorneys for Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs	
8	***	T COURT
9	CLARK COU	NTY, NEVADA
10	STEVEN C. JACOBS,	Case No.: A-10-627691
11	Plaintiff,	Dept. No.: XI
12	v.	ORDER ON PLAINTIFF STEVEN C. JACOBS' MOTION TO RETURN
13	LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP., a Nevada corporation; SANDS CHINA LTD., a	REMAINING DOCUMENTS FROM ADVANCED DISCOVERY
14	Cayman Islands corporation; DOES I through X; and ROE CORPORATIONS	AD VAINCED DISCOVERT
15	I through X,	Hearing Date: April 12, 2013
16	Defendants.	Hearing Time: In Chambers
17	AND RELATED CLAIMS	
18	AND RELATED CLAIMS	
19	Before this Court is Plaintiff Steven C.	Jacobs' ("Jacobs") Motion to Return Remaining
20	Documents from Advanced Discovery (the "Mo	tion"). The Court has considered all briefing on
21	the Motion, including the supplemental brief it	ordered from Defendants. The Court being fully
22	informed, and good cause appearing therefor:	
23	THE COURT HEREBY STATES as foli	ows:
24	1. At issue are documents that Jac	cobs has had in his possession since before his
25	termination on July 23, 2010.	
26	2. Amongst the documents that Jaco	obs possessed at the time of his termination were
27	documents over which Defendants claim an attor	mey-client or other form of privilege.
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- These are documents that Jacobs authored, was a recipient of, or otherwise possessed in the course and scope of his employment.
- 4. Jacobs' present Motion does not seek to compel the Defendants to produce anything. The documents at issue are all presently within his possession, custody and control.
- Pursuant to a Court-approved protocol, Defendants' counsel were allowed to review Jacobs' documents and have now identified approximately 11,000 of them as being subject to some form of privilege, such as attorney-client, accounting or gaming.
- 6. Based upon these assertions of privilege, Defendants contend that even though the documents are presently in Jacobs' possession, custody and control the Court having previously concluded as part of its Decision and Order dated September 14, 2012 that Defendants are precluded from claiming that he stole the documents they assert that Jacobs cannot provide these documents to his counsel even if they relate to the claims, defenses or counterclaims asserted in this action.
- 7. Jacobs' Motion, although styled as one seeking return of documents from the Court's approved electronic stored information ("ESI") vendor, Advanced Discovery, more aptly seeks to allow Jacobs' counsel to access these documents, which Jacobs has otherwise possessed and had access to since before July 23, 2010.
- 8. The Defendants assert that all privileges belong to the Defendants' corporate entities, not any of their executives, whether present or former. From this, they contend that Jacobs does not have the power to waive any privileges.
- 9. The Court notes a split of authority as to who is the client under such circumstances. See Montgomery v. Etrepid Techs. LLC, 548 F. Supp. 2d 1175 (D. Nev. 2008). However, the facts of this case are different, and the Court disagrees with the Defendants' framing of the issue.
- 10. The Court does not need to address (at this time) the question of whether any of the particular documents identified by the Defendants are subject to some privilege (a contention which Jacobs disputes), or whether Jacobs has the power to assert or waive any particular privileges that may belong to the Defendants (a position which the Defendants' dispute). Instead,

the question presently before this Court is whether Jacobs, as a former executive who is currently in possession, custody and control of the documents and was before his termination, is among the class of persons legally allowed to view those documents and use them in the prosecution of his claims and to rebut the Defendants' affirmative defenses and counterclaim, as these were documents that the former executive authored, received and/or possessed, both during and after his tenure.

- 11. The burden is upon the proponent of a privilege to substantiate the basis for the privilege as well as to establish that there has been no waiver. *Granite Partners v. Bear, Stearns & Co., Inc.*, 184 F.R.D. 49, 52 (S.D.N.Y. 1999) ("The party seeking to assert a claim of privilege has the burden of demonstrating both that the privilege exists and that it has not been waived."). Here, the Court finds that the Defendants have failed to sustain that burden with respect to the documents in question, those documents presently being in Jacobs' custody since before his termination on July 23, 2010.
- 12. In the Court's view, the question is not whether Jacobs has the power to waive any privilege. The more appropriate question is whether Jacobs is within the sphere of persons entitled to review information (assuming that it is privileged) that pertains to Jacobs' tenure that he authored, received and/or possessed, and has retained since July 23, 2010.
- 13. Even assuming for the sake of argument that Defendants had valid claims of privilege to assert to the documents as against outsiders, they have failed to sustain their burden of demonstrating that they have privileges that would attach to the documents relative to Jacobs' review and use of them in this litigation.
- 14. That does not mean, however, that at this time the Court is making any determination as to any other use or access to sources of proof. Until further order, Jacobs may not disseminate the documents in question beyond his legal team. And, all parties shall treat the documents as confidential under the Stipulated Confidentiality Agreement and Protective Order entered on March 22, 2012.

### THEREFORE IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED as follows:

- 1. The Motion to Return Remaining Documents from Advanced Discovery is GRANTED. When this Order becomes effective, Advanced Discovery shall release to Jacobs and his counsel all documents contained on the various electronic storage devices received by Advanced Discovery from Jacobs on or about May 18, 2012, and that have otherwise not been previously released to Jacobs and his counsel.
- Those documents listed on the Defendants' privilege log dated November 30,
   shall be treated as confidential under the Stipulated Confidentiality Agreement and
   Protective Order entered on March 22, 2012 until further order from this Court.
- 3. This Order shall become effective ten (10) days from the date of its notice of entry.

  DATED:

# THE HONORABLE ELIZABETH GONZALEZ EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

Respectfully submitted by:

16 | PISANELLI BICE PLLC

By:

James J. Pisanelli, Esq., Bar No. 4027
Todd L. Bice, Esq., Bar No. 4534
Debra L. Spinelli, Esq., Bar No. 9695
3883 Howard Hughes Pkwy, Suite 800
Las Vegas, NV 89169

21 | Attorneys for Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs

CLERK OF THE COURT

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1 **MEMO** James J. Pisanelli, Esq., Bar No. 4027 2 JJP@pisanellibice.com Todd L. Bice, Esq., Bar No. 4534 3 TLB@pisanellibice.com Debra L. Spinelli, Esq., Bar No. 9695 4 DLS@pisanellibice.com PISANELLI BICE PLLC 5 3883 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 800 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 6 Telephone: (702) 214-2100 Facsimile: (702) 214-2101 Attorneys for Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs 8

## DISTRICT COURT

### CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Case No.:

Dept. No.: XIPlaintiff. LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP., a Nevada STATUS MEMORANDUM corporation; SANDS CHINA LTD., a Cayman Islands corporation; DOES I through X: and ROE CORPORATIONS I through X. Hearing Date: Defendants. Hearing Time: AND RELATED CLAIMS

# PLAINTIFF STEVEN C. JACOBS'

A-10-627691

June 18, 2013 8:15 a.m.

### Ĭ. INTRODUCTION

STEVEN C. JACOBS,

The Court's Order Scheduling Status Check dated May 30, 2013, requested status on two express issues in advance of a status check now scheduled for June 18, 2013: (1) the scheduling of the jurisdictional hearing, and (2) the proposed orders on Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs' ("Jacobs") Motion to Return Remaining Documents from Advanced Discovery (the "Motion"). If their surreply and proposed order on the Motion tell us anything, however, Defendants

The Court graciously granted Defendants leave to file a surreply "to address the 'new' issues" related to waiver that they claimed Jacobs first raised in his Reply. Disregarding the Court's instructions, Defendants used the opportunity to file what is effectively their third opposition to the Motion, while not even addressing the issue of waiver until page 8 of the surreply brief.

Las Vegas Sands Corp. ("LVSC") and Sands China Ltd. ("Sands China") hope to use the hearing as an avenue to reargue issues already decided in this case. Consistent with their disregard of other court orders, they intend to ignore this Court's order denying oral argument on the Motion. (See Ex. 1, Hr'g. Tr. dated Mar. 14, 2013, 15:12-13 ("So on this issue [of the Motion,] we're not going to have any oral argument.").) To them, the status hearing is their last chance to deviate from the "well-defined" record this Court wanted "for purposes of appellate review." (See id., 14:23-24.) This Court should decline the planned circumvention of its order.

### II. DISCUSSION

## A. The Scheduling of the Jurisdictional Hearing.

Jacobs intended to move this Court to immediately lift the stay given that LVSC and Sands China have turned what was supposed to be a temporary stay pending a hearing on personal jurisdiction into a twenty-two month reprieve. Jacobs previously submitted such a motion to the Nevada Supreme Court. However, the Clerk's office rejected the motion insisting that any request to lift the stay must be directed to this Court, not the Nevada Supreme Court, as it is this Court that actually has imposed the stay.

The prejudice to Jacobs is clear and unnecessary given the fact that he has already established – at a minimum – a *prima facie* case of jurisdiction over Sands China. (*See. e.g.*, Ex. 2, Leven Dep. Vol. II. 396:14-19 (Leven admitting "[t]he plan—the—the arrangements for carrying out the termination of Steve Jacobs was developed here [in Las Vegas, Nevada] and executed there [in Macau]").) As a result, the proper course is for this Court to lift the stay and allow Jacobs to prove his case, along with Sands China's personal jurisdiction by a preponderance of the evidence at trial. *See Trump v. Eighth Jud. Dist. Ct.*, 109 Nev. 687, 692, 857 P.2d 740, 743 (1993) (explaining the two distinct means of resolving personal jurisdiction in Nevada, the "more frequently utilized process" of which allows "a plaintiff [to] make a *prima facie* showing of personal jurisdiction prior to trial and then prove jurisdiction by a preponderance of the evidence at trial.").

Notwithstanding this Court's authority to immediately lift the stay, if it were inclined to still hold a hearing on jurisdiction, Jacobs is prepared at this time to prove his alternative theories of general, specific, and transient jurisdiction. Indeed, Jacobs looks forward to resolving this farcical dispute as to Sands China's personal jurisdiction.

Of course, Defendants' conduct over the last twenty-two months will be at the forefront of the Court's hearing. They have violated "numerous orders" "with an intent to prevent [Jacobs] access to information discoverable for the jurisdictional proceedings." (Ex. 3, Dec. & Order, 7:15-18.) Most recently, Sands China violated the Court's December 18, 2012, Order to "produce all information within [its] possession that is relevant to the jurisdictional discovery." (See Ex. 4, Hr'g. Tr. dated Feb. 28, 2013, 35:3-9.) As such, if and when this Court does hold an evidentiary hearing, Jacobs will be entitled to an adverse inference as to all information not produced by January 4, 2013. See NRS 47.250(3) (rebuttable presumption that "evidence willfully suppressed would be adverse if produced."). With this understanding, Jacobs requests that the jurisdictional hearing take place immediately.

# B. The Proposed Orders on Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs' Motion to Return Remaining Documents from Advanced Discovery.

It is no secret that Defendants plan to file yet another writ petition related to this Court's granting of the Motion. Their present goal, then, is to position the record and this Court's final order to better their odds. It is in opposition to that agenda and goal that Jacobs opposes all of the changes that LVSC and Sands China hope to bury into the order. So that this Court has all of the information needed to make a decision, Jacobs hereby provides a redline comparison of parties' competing orders, attached hereto as Exhibit 5.

### Paragraphs 1, 2, 3, and 6

One of the biggest problems for Defendants in their anticipated writ petition on the Motion is this Court's finding that Jacobs is entitled to use his documents in this litigation because "[he] was in a position and in fact had access to the documents at issue during the period of his employment" as Sands China's CEO. (Minute Order dated Apr. 12, 2013.) Hoping to alter that reality, Defendants proposed language indicating (with zero factual basis or support) that "Jacobs

downloaded a large quantity of documents before<sup>2</sup> he was terminated and that he did not in fact possess those documents in the course and scope of his employment." (Defs.' Memo., 3:4-6.) Their request is as transparent as it is improper. They want to argue to the Nevada Supreme Court that Jacobs somehow "stole" the documents at issue. But of course, they provide absolutely no proof to substantiate their preferred fiction.

If this sounds familiar, it should. Defendants made this same stale and unsupported argument unsuccessfully for almost two years. This Court resolved the issue by way of sanction which "precluded [Defendants] from contesting that Jacobs' ESI (approx. 40 gigabytes) is not rightfully in his possession." (Ex. 3, Dec. & Order dated Sept. 14, 2012, 9:1-3.)

But now Defendants claim the Court's sanctions order is "irrelevant" for purposes of this dispute. (Defs.' Memo., 3:10-18.) They contend that the order "has no bearing on the current [M]otion, particularly in light of the footnote in the September 14 Order in which the Court specifically preserved Defendants' right to raise other objections, including privilege." (Id., 3:14-17.)

Of course Defendants want the sanction to have "no bearing" on this issue; they have been trying to avoid the consequences of this Court's sanctions order since it was entered. Unfortunately for Defendants, however, there are consequences for their actions in this case, and one of those consequences is that they can no longer claim that Jacobs stole documents before/after he was terminated. In any case, the Court necessarily found that "Jacobs was in a position and in fact had access to the documents at issue during the period of his employment," and that language should rightly be included in the order.

## Paragraphs 4 and 7

Defendants' desired revisions to Paragraphs 4 and 7 are equally mischievous and improper. Defendants want to characterize Jacobs' Motion as a motion to compel, or a motion to return documents that were "inadvertently produced." (See Surreply, 3:9-11 ("if a party receives

In their surreply, Defendants claim that Jacobs downloaded the documents after his termination. (Surreply, 2:8-10 ("After his termination as CEO of SCL in July 2010, Plaintiff downloaded and took with him some 40 gigabytes of documents belonging to Defendants....").) Obviously, Defendants cannot keep their new story straight.

privileged documents that were inadvertently produced, RPC 4.4(b) requires the receiving party to 'promptly notify the sender."').) To do that, however, Defendants want to ignore, and want this Court and the Nevada Supreme Court to ignore, the actual facts of this case. Namely, the fact that Jacobs is currently in possession, custody, and control of the documents at issue, and has been since before he was terminated on July 23, 2010. Indeed, Jacobs did not file a motion to compel Defendants to produce documents in their possession, or to keep documents that Defendants inadvertently produced to him during the course of this case; he filed a motion so that his counsel could review documents that Jacobs has long possessed. (See Minute Order dated April 12, 2013.) This an important distinction, and one that needs to be clear in the record.

## Paragraphs 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13

Defendants saved their most self-serving revisions for last. Realizing their position on privilege – that Jacobs became an outsider the moment he was terminated – opens themselves up to a wholesale waiver of that same privilege, Defendants try to readjust the debate. They propose to change the facts of this case to make them fit with what they claim is the end-all be-all case of analysis, *Montgomery v. eTreppid Techs. LLC*, 548 F. Supp. 2d 1175 (D. Nev. 2008). Yet, the facts are not as fungible as LVSC and Sands China would need them to be. The facts here are nothing like those in *Montgomery*, including the fact that Jacobs has been in open adverse possession of these documents for nearly three years.

Their recent surreply exposes the self-inflicted problem they have created. Thus, Defendants prefer to rewrite history with the pretend story that:

When SCL learned that Plaintiff had possession of corporate documents, it promptly objected and demanded that he return them. Plaintiff refused, and it took several months of negotiation and court proceedings just for Defendants to gain access to the data.

(Surreply, 2:10-13.) Yet, their recollection of events is as selective as it is faulty.

Defendants first boldly (and falsely) proclaim that they "did not even learn that he had taken possession of the documents at issue until nearly a year after his termination." (Surreply, 9:9-10.) They have conveniently forgotten how they knew that Jacobs possessed documents from his employment at Sands China within months (if not days) of his termination.

Indeed, on November 23, 2010, Sands China demanded that Jacobs immediately return documents that he had "stolen" from Sands China, "including *but not limited to*" three investigatory reports on Macau government officials and suspected triad affiliates. (Ex. 6, Glaser Ltr. dated Nov. 23, 2010.) In response to this manufactured assertion, Jacobs' counsel confirmed possession of a "multitude" of documents that he had both generated and received since overseeing the Macau operations for LVSC. (Ex. 7, Campbell Ltr. dated Nov. 30, 2010.)

Jacobs agreed to return to original sets of the reports, but made clear that he was keeping copies of his documents and planned to use them as evidence in this case. (Ex. 8, Campbell Ltr. dated Jan. 11, 2011.) Sands China neither responded nor sought relief from this Court, as it threatened it would. Instead, it waited until September 13, 2011, to supposedly promptly and vigorously assert their rights. The facts continue to be a key problem for Defendants' arguments.

### III. CONCLUSION

The Court should not permit Defendants to water down the final order out of the cynical hope of bettering their arguments to the Nevada Supreme Court. The order drafted by Jacobs mirrors the arguments raised in his Motion and Reply, upon which the Court relied in granting the Motion. Accordingly, the Court should approve and sign the order proposed by Jacobs.

DATED this day of June, 2013.

PISANELLI BICE PLLC

By:

James J. Pisanelli, Esq., Bar No. 4027 Todd L. Bice, Esq., Bar No. 4534 Debra L. Spinelli, Esq., Bar No. 9695 3883 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 800 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169

Attorneys for Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs

Defendants' claim in their surreply that Jacobs never told them that he possessed a "multitude" of documents from his employment at Sands China is also false. In responding to Sands China's outrageous accusation that Jacobs stole documents from the company, Jacobs' counsel explained "that wrongfully terminated corporate executives are often – and properly – in possession of a multitude of documents received during the course of their employment." (Ex. 7, Campbell Ltr. dated Nov. 30, 2010.) The fact that Sands China only cared about recovering a few, highly harmful reports at that time does not negate Jacobs' confirmation that he was in possession of other, in fact a "multitude" of documents as well.

1	<u>CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE</u>
2	I HEREBY CERTIFY that I am an employee of PISANELLI BICE PLLC, and that on this
3	day of June, 2013, I caused to be sent via e-mail and United States Mail, postage prepaid,
4	true and correct copies of the above and foregoing PLAINTIFF STEVEN C. JACOBS'
5	STATUS MEMORANDUM ON JURISDICTIONAL DISCOVERY properly addressed to
6	the following:
7 8 9 10	J. Stephen Peek, Esq. Robert J. Cassity, Esq. HOLLAND & HART 9555 Hillwood Drive, Second Floor Las Vegas, NV 89134 speek@hollandhart.com rcassity@hollandhart.com
11 12 13	Michael E. Lackey, Jr., Esq. MAYER BROWN LLP 1999 K Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20006 mlackey@mayerbrown.com
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li></ul>	J. Randall Jones, Esq. Mark M. Jones, Esq. KEMP, JONES & COULTHARD 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 17th Floor Las Vegas, NV 89169 r.jones@kempjones.com m.jones@kempjones.com
18   19   20   21   22	Steve Morris, Esq. Rosa Solis-Rainey, Esq. MORRIS LAW GROUP 900 Bank of America Plaza 300 South Fourth Street Las Vegas, NV 89101 sm@morrislawgroup.com rsr@morrislawgroup.com
23   24	An employee of PISANELLI BICE PLLC

An employee of PISANELLI BICE PLLC

# EXHIBIT 1

TRAN

DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
\* \* \* \* \*

STEVEN JACOBS

Plaintiff

CASE NO. A-627691

vs.

LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP., et al..

DEPT. NO. XI

Defendants .

Transcript of Proceedings

BEFORE THE HONORABLE ELIZABETH GONZALEZ, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

## HEARING ON DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR ORAL ARGUMENT

THURSDAY, MARCH 14, 2013

APPEARANCES:

FOR THE PLAINTIFF:

JAMES J. PISANELLI, ESQ.

TODD BICE, ESQ.

FOR THE DEFENDANTS:

J. STEPHEN PEEK, ESQ.

MARK JONES, ESQ.

COURT RECORDER:

TRANSCRIPTION BY:

JILL HAWKINS

FLORENCE HOYT

District Court

Las Vegas, Nevada 89146

Proceedings recorded by audio-visual recording, transcript produced by transcription service.

LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, THURSDAY, MARCH 13, 2013, 8:56 A.M. 2 (Court was called to order) THE COURT: Can I ask a Sands-Jacobs question. Are 3 we arguing the motion for the return of the documents today, 4 or are we --MR. MARK JONES: No, Your Honor. 6 7 THE COURT: Come on up. MR. PEEK: We're just asking you -- we want oral 8 9 argument is all, and scheduling. 10 MR. BICE: Good morning, Your Honor. 11 THE COURT: Good morning. 12 So here's my question for you, Mr. Peek. Part of the issues related to this motion is whether I am someday 13 going to make a determination as to an assertion by your 14 client of privilege related to those documents; right? 15 16 MR. PEEK: Yes. 17 THE COURT: How are you going to tee that issue up, 18 and how long is it going to take? Because that's sort of how I'm going to decide when to set the motion for oral argument, 19 20 MR. BICE: The motion is set for --THE COURT: I know when it's set. 21 22 MR. BICE: Okay. MR. PEEK: The motion --23 THE COURT: Good morning, Mr. Peek. These are 24 25 questions you didn't anticipate, aren't they?

occurs in litigation, there are certain waivers or limitations with respect to those privileges.

MR. PEEK: So that the lawyers for that party would be entitled to see the attorney-client privileged documents under the stipulated protective order, as well as the client.

THE COURT: Which their client has already seen and in fact dealt with as part of his job duties.

MR. PEEK: Just trying to understand, Your Honor, how to frame the issue, not making my argument here today, although I'm still going to respectfully request as part of my supplemental briefing -- unless you're telling me, I'm denying this with prejudice, don't bring it up to me again --

THE COURT: You can always --

ą

MR. PEEK: -- I'm going to ask it in the supplemental brief for oral argument. Because this is a very important issue to us.

THE COURT: You can always ask over and over again. You're not in the Second, where you never get a hearing and it's highly unusual. But on this particular issue the parties are going to be bound by their briefs. So I'm not going to take oral argument.

MR. PEEK: Okay. I get it, Your Honor. And I -- THE COURT: Because I want the playing field to be well defined for purposes of the appellate review.

MR. PEEK: Yes. So do we, Your Honor, want to --

THE COURT: Which is why we're not going to have oral argument, because you guys are really good and creative and sometimes create new issues during argument.

MR. PEEK: I don't know if we take that as a compliment, Your Honor, or --

THE COURT: It's intended as a compliment.

MR. PEEK: Thank you.

THE COURT: But it makes my job as a judge who's being reviewed on a regular basis by the appellate court difficult.

MR. PEEK: I understand, Your Honor.

THE COURT: So on this issue we're not going to have any oral argument.

MR. PEEK: Your Honor, there was -- by the way, there was an order, I believe, that -- from the 28th hearing -- I don't think --

THE COURT: I was at the judicial college for the last several days teaching, so I just got back yesterday. So if it's in Max's pile, he's been trying to get time with me, and we've been going through and I've been signing stacks, so I may not have hit it if we have it. But I intend to get through the rest of it today, the rest of the pile.

MR. PEEK: Doesn't sound like -- from what Mr. Bice said, I don't think he's submitted it. We haven't seen it, so I was just wondering if --

THE COURT: I was out of town, in Reno. MR. BICE: Mr. Peek may be right that -- I just talked to Mr. Jones. I think it's due tomorrow. It may be that we did not send them drafts. I will -- as soon as I get 5 out of here --6 THE COURT: Mr. Bice --MR. BICE: I know. 8 THE COURT: -- you're being scolded. 9 MR. BICE: I know. As soon as I get back to the office I'll make sure that they get it so they could look at 10 it today. Sorry about that. We have not --11 12 THE COURT: I was in Reno, so --MR. BICE: No. We would not send it over to you 13 14 without getting their input. So you don't have it. You don't -- it's not that we sent it over to you without giving --15 THE COURT: I'm not behind? 16 17 MR. BICE: No, you're not. 18 THE COURT: Okay. MR. BICE: This is on us, not them or you. 19 20 THE COURT: Lovely. 21 MR. PEEK: Thank you, Your Honor. 22 THE PROCEEDINGS CONCLUDED AT 9:12 A.M. 23 24 25

CERTIFICATION	IFICATION	T	F	T	T	ER	C	
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I CERTIFY THAT THE FOREGOING IS A CORRECT TRANSCRIPT FROM THE AUDIO-VISUAL RECORDING OF THE PROCEEDINGS IN THE ABOVE-ENTITLED MATTER.

## **AFFIRMATION**

I AFFIRM THAT THIS TRANSCRIPT DOES NOT CONTAIN THE SOCIAL SECURITY OR TAX IDENTIFICATION NUMBER OF ANY PERSON OR ENTITY.

FLORENCE HOYT Las Vegas, Nevada 89146

3/16/13

FLORENCE HOYT, TRANSCRIBER

DATE

# EXHIBIT 2

# DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

STEVEN C. JACOBS,

Plaintiff,

vs.

CASE NO. A-10-627691

LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP., a
Nevada corporation; SANDS
CHINA LTD., a Cayman Islands
corporation; DOES I through
X; and ROE CORPORATIONS I
through X,

Defendants.

AND RELATED CLAIMS

VIDEOTAPE AND ORAL DEPOSITION OF MICHAEL LEVEN

VOLUME II

PAGES 268-456

LAS VEGAS, NEVADA

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 2013

REPORTED BY: CARRE LEWIS, CCR NO. 497

JOB NO. 173048

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1
                   DEPOSITION OF MICHAEL LEVEN,
 2
      taken at 3883 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 800,
 3
      Las Vegas, Nevada, on Friday, February 1, 2013, at
 4
      11:24 a.m., before Carre Lewis, Certified Court
 5
      Reporter, in and for the State of Nevada.
 6
 7
      APPEARANCES:
 8
      For the Plaintiff:
 9
              PISANELLI BICE, PLLC
              BY: TODD BICE, ESO.
10
                   ERIC T. ALDRIAN, ESQ
              BY:
              3883 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 800
11
              Las Vegas, Nevada 89169
              (702) 214-2100
12
              tlb@pisanellibice.com
              see@pisanellibice.com
13
              eta@pisanellibice.com
      For Las Vegas Sands and Sands China Limited:
1.4
15
              HOLLAND & HART LLP
              BY: STEPHEN PEEK, ESQ.
16
              9555 Hillwood Drive, 2nd Floor
              Las Vegas, NV 89169
17
              (702) 669-4600
              speek@hollandandhart.com
18
      For Sands China Limited:
19
              KEMP, JONES & COULTHARD, LLP
20
              BY: MARK JONES, ESQ.
              3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 17th Floor
21
              Las Vegas, Nevada 89169
              (702) 385-6000
22
              m.jones@kempjones.com
23
24
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Page 270
 1
      APPEARANCES (continued):
 2
      For Sheldon Adelson, Las Vegas Sands:
 3
               LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP.
              BY: IRA H. RAPHAELSON, ESQ.
 4
               GLOBAL GENERAL COUNSEL
               3355 Las Vegas Boulevard South
 5
              Las Vegas, Nevada 89109
               (702) 733-5503
 6
              ira.raphaelson2lasvegassands.com
      The Videographer:
 8
              Litigation Services
              By: Benjamin Russell
              3770 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 300
 9
              Las Vegas, Nevada 89169
10
               (702) 314-7200
11
      Also Present:
12
              Steven Jacobs
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2	WITNESS: MICHAEL LEVEN	
3	EXAMINATION	PAGE
4 ***	By Mr. Bice	278
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LITIGATION SERVICES & TECHNOLOGIES - (702) 648-2595

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7		E-Mail; LVS00235110	PAGE 279
8	Exhibit 12		3.
9		and Conditions; LVS00133027	200 <b>***</b>
10	Exhibit 13	E-Mail String; LVS00127168	286
11	Exhibit 14	E-Mail String; LVS00127504 - 507	291
12	Exhibit 15	E-Mail String; LVS0012429	297
13	Exhibit 16	E-Mail String; LVS00141709 - 711	299
14	77777		
15	Exhibit 17	E-Mail; LVS00122895	308
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12			LVS00132344 - 348	
	Exhibit 4	47	E-Mail; LVS00145383 - 386	405
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14	Exhibit 4	48	E-Mail String; LVS00131358	408
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24	Exhibit 5	57	E-Mail String;	440
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8	Exhibit	59	E-Mail; SC000117227	441
)	Exhibit	60	E-Mail String; SCL00120910 - 911	441
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LITIGATION SERVICES & TECHNOLOGIES - (702) 648-2595

Page 277

1	LAS VEGAS, NEVADA; FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 2013;	
2	11:24 A.M.	
3	-005-	
4	THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This is the beginning of	
5	Videotape Number 1 in the deposition of Michael	11:24:10
б	Leven in the matter of Jacobs versus Las Vegas Sands	
7	Corporation, held at Pisanelli Bice at 3883 Howard	
8	Hughes Parkway, Suite 800, Las Vegas, Nevada 89169	
9	on the 1st of Eebruary, 2013 at approximately	
10	11:28 a.m.	11:24:33
11	The court reporter is Carre Lewis. I am	
12	Benjamin Russell, the videographer, an employee of	
13	Litigation Services.	
14	This deposition is being videotaped at all	
15	times unless specified to go off the record.	11:24:45
16	Would all present please identify	
17	themselves, beginning with the witness	
18	THE WITNESS: Michael Leven.	
19	MR. PEEK: Stephen Peek representing Sands	
20	China Limited and Las Vegas Sands Corp.	11:25:00
21	MR. JONES: Mark Jones on behalf of Sands	
22	China Limited.	
23	MR. RAFAELSON: Ira Rafaelson on behalf of	
24	Las Vegas Sands Corp.	
25	MR. ALDRIAN: Eric Aldrian on behalf of	11:25:05

		rage 390
1	(Exhibit 41 marked.)	
2	BY MR. BICE:	
3	Q. Showing you what's been marked as	90000
4	Exhibit 41.	
5	Have you reviewed this, Exhibit 41,	03:16:57
õ	Mr. Leven?	
7	A. Uh-huh.	
8	Q. Do you have any reason to believe that you	
9	did not receive this?	
10	A. No.	03:17:02
1.1	Q. And Ron Reese is based here in Las Vegas,	
12	correct?	
13	A. Correct.	***************************************
14	Q. Okay. And is it true that the plan for	
15	terminating Mr. Jacobs was being carried out here in	03:17:14
16	Las Vegas?	***************************************
17	A. No. The plan the the arrangements	
18	for carrying out the termination of Steve Jacobs was	0000000
19	developed here and executed there.	
20	Q. Where	03:17:29
21	(Discussion held off the record.)	SOCCOSCOSIONE
22	BY MR. BICE:	
23	Q. The you say that the plan was let me	999
24	get your words right.	9000000000
25	The arrangements for carrying out the	03:17:49

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MR. JONES: Thank you.
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                THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Going off the record at
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      5:14 p.m.
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LITIGATION SERVICES & TECHNOLOGIES - (702) 648-2595

# MICHAEL LEVEN, VOLUME II - 2/1/2013

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LITIGATION SERVICES & TECHNOLOGIES - (702) 648-2595

### CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER

STATE OF NEVADA )

COUNTY OF CLARK )

4 5

I, Carre Lewis, a duly commissioned and licensed Court Reporter, Clark County, State of Nevada, do hereby certify: That I reported the taking of the deposition of the witness, Michael Leven, commencing on Friday, February 1, 2013, at 11:24 a.m.

That prior to being examined, the witness was, by me, duly sworn to testify to the truth. That I thereafter transcribed my said shorthand notes into typewriting and that the typewritten transcript of said deposition is a complete, true and accurate transcription of said shorthand notes.

I further certify that I am not a relative or employee of an attorney or counsel of any of the parties, nor a relative or employee of an attorney or counsel involved in said action, nor a person financially interested in the action.

IN WITNESS HEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand, in my office, in the County of Clark, State of Nevada, this 10th day of February 2013.

CARRE LEWIS, CCR NO. 497

LITIGATION SERVICES & TECHNOLOGIES - (702) 648-2595

# EXHIBIT 3

Electronically Filed 09/14/2012 10:39:25 AM

CLERK OF THE COURT

**FFCL** 

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STEVEN JACOBS,

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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Plaintiff(s),

LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP. ET AL.

Defendants.

Case No. 10 A 627691 Dept. No.

Date of Hearing: 09/10-12/12

# DECISION AND ORDER

This matter having come on for an evidentiary hearing before the Honorable Elizabeth Gonzalez beginning on September 10, 2012 and continuing day to day, based upon the availability of the Court and Counsel, until its completion on September 12, 2012; Plaintiff Steven Jacobs ("Jacobs") being present in court and appearing by and through his attorney of record, James Pisanelli, Esq., Todd Bice, Esq., and Debra Spinelli, Esq. of the law firm of Pisanelli Bice; Defendant Las Vegas Sands appearing by and through its counsel J. Stephen Peek, Esq. of the law firm of Holland & Hart and counsel for purposes of this proceeding, Samuel Lionel, Esq. and Charles McCrea, Esq., of the law firm of Lionel Sawyer & Collins; Defendant Sands China appearing by and through its counsel J. Stephen Peek, Esq. of the law firm of Holland & Hart, Brad D. Brian, Esq., Henry Weissman, Esq., and John B. Owens, Esq. of the law firm of Munger Tolles & Olson and counsel for purposes of this proceeding, Samuel Lionel, Esq. and Charles McCrea, Esq., of the law firm of Lionel Sawyer & Collins; the Court having read and considered the pleadings filed by the parties and the transcripts of prior hearings; having reviewed the evidence admitted during the trial; and having heard and carefully considered the testimony of the witnesses called to testify; the Court having considered the oral and written arguments of counsel, and with the intent of deciding the limited issues before the Court related to lack of candor and nondisclosure of information to

Page 1 of 9

1.3

 the Court and appropriate sanctions pursuant to EDCR 7.60. The Court makes the following findings of fact and conclusions of law:

### I. PROCEDURAL POSTURE

On August 26, 2011, the Nevada Supreme Court issued a stay of proceedings in this matter pending the conduct of an evidentiary hearing and decision on jurisdictional issues related to Sands China. The Court granted Jacobs request to conduct jurisdictional discovery prior to the evidentiary hearing. The order granting the jurisdictional discovery was ultimately entered on March 8, 2012.

# II. FINDINGS OF FACT<sup>1</sup>

1. Prior to litigation, in approximately August 2010, a ghost image of hard drives of computers used by Steve Jacobs in Macau<sup>2</sup> and copies of his outlook emails were transferred by way of electronic storage devices (the "transferred data") to Michael Kostrinsky, Esq., Deputy General Counsel of Las Vegas Sands.<sup>3</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Counsel for Las Vegas Sands objected on the basis of attorney client privilege to a majority of the questions asked of the counsel who testified during the evidentiary hearing. Almost all of those objections were sustained. While numerous directions not to answer on the basis of attorney client privilege and the attorney work product were made by counsel for Las Vegas Sands, sustained by the Court, and followed by the witnesses, sufficient information was presented through pleadings already in the record and testimony of witnesses without the necessity of the Court drawing inferences related to the assertion of those privileges. See generally, <u>Francis v. Wynn</u>, 127 NAO 60 (2011). The Court also rejects Plaintiff's suggestion that adverse presumptions should be made by the Court as a result of the failure of Las Vegas Sands to present explanatory evidence in its possession and declines to make any presumptions which might arguably be applicable under NRS Chapter 47.

There is an issue that has been raised regarding the current location of those computers and hard drives from which the ghost image was made. The Court does not in this Order address any issues related to those items.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> According to a status report filed by Las Vegas Sands on July 6, 2012, there were other transfers of electronically stored data. Based upon testimony elicited during the evidentiary hearing, counsel was unaware of those transfers prior to the preparation and filing of the status report.

- Kostrinsky requested this information in anticipation of litigation with Jacobs
  after learning of receipt of a letter by then general counsel for Las Vegas Sands from Don
  Campbell.
- This transferred data was placed on a server at Las Vegas Sands and was initially reviewed by Kostrinsky.
- 4. The attorneys for Sands China at the Glaser Weil firm were aware of the existence of the transferred data on Kostrinsky's computer from shortly after their retention in November 2010.
- The transferred data was reviewed in Kostrinsky's office by attorneys from Holland & Hart.
- 6. On April 22, 2011, in house counsel for Sands China, Anne Salt, participated in the Rule 16 conference by videoconference and responded to inquiry by the Court related to electronically stored information and confirmed preservation of the data.
- 7. At no time during the Rule 16 conference did Ms. Salt or anyone on behalf of Sands China advise the Court of the potential impact of the Macau Personal Data Privacy Act (MDPA) upon discovery in this litigation.
- 8. Following the Rule 16 conference with the Court, the parties filed a Joint Status Report on April 22, 2011, in which they agreed that the initial disclosure of documents pursuant to NRCP 16.1 would be made by Sands China and Las Vegas Sands prior to July 1, 2011. The MDPA is not mentioned in the Joint Status Report as potentially affecting discovery in this litigation.
- 9. Following the Rule 16 conference, no production or other identification of the information from the transferred data was made.
- 10. Beginning with the motion filed May 17, 2011, Sands China and Las Vegas Sands raised the MDPA as a potential impediment (if not a bar) to production of certain documents.

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11. At a hearing on June 9, 2012, counsel for Sands China represented to the Court that the documents subject to production were in Macau; were not allowed to leave Macau; and, had to be reviewed by counsel for Sands China in Macau prior to requesting the Office of Personal Data Protection in Macau for permission to release those documents for discovery purposes in the United States.

- 12. At the time of the representation made on June 9, 2012, the transferred data had already been copied; the copy removed from Macau; and reviewed in Las Vegas by representatives of Las Vegas Sands.
- 13. The transferred data was stored on a Las Vegas Sands shared drive totaling 50 60 gigabytes of information.
- 14. Prior to July 2011, Las Vegas Sands had full and complete access to documents in the possession of Sands China in Macau through a network to network connection.
- 15. Beginning in approximately July 2011, Las Vegas Sands access to Sands China data changed as a result of corporate decision making.
- 16. Prior to the access change, significant amounts of data from Macau related to Jacobs was transported to the United States and reviewed by in house counsel for Las Vegas Sands and outside counsel, and placed on shared drives at Las Vegas Sands.
- 17. At no time did Las Vegas Sands or Sands China disclose the existence of this data to the Court.<sup>4</sup>
- 18. At no time did Las Vegas Sands or Sands China provide a privilege log identifying documents which it contended were protected by the MDPA which was discussed by the Court on June 9, 2011.

While Las Vegas Sands contends that a disclosure was made on June 9, 2011, this is inconsistent with other actions and statements made to the Court including the June 27, 2012 status report, the June 28, 2012 hearing and the July 6, 2012 status report.

19. For the first time on June 27, 2012, in a written status report, Las Vegas Sands and Sands China advised the Court that Las Vegas Sands was in possession of over 100,000 emails and other ESI that had been transferred "in error".

20. In the June 27, 2012 status report, Las Vegas Sands admits that it did not disclose the existence of the transferred data because it wanted to review the Jacobs ESI.<sup>5</sup>

21. Any finding of fact stated hereinabove that is more appropriately deemed a conclusion of law shall be so deemed.

# III. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 22. The MDPA and its impact upon production of documents related to discovery has been an issue of serious contention between the parties in motion practice before this Court since May 2011.
- 23. The MDPA has been an issue with regards to documents, which are the subject of the jurisdictional discovery.
- 24. At no time prior to June 28, 2012, was the Court informed that a significant amount of the ESI in the form of a ghost image relevant to this litigation had actually been taken out of Macau in July or August of 2010 by way of a portable electronic device.
  - 25. EDCR Rule 7.60 provides in pertinent part:
- (b) The court may, after notice and an opportunity to be heard, impose upon an attorney or a party any and all sanctions which may, under the facts of the case, be reasonable, including the imposition of fines, costs or attorney's fees when an attorney or a party without just cause:
- (3) So multiplies the proceedings in a case as to increase costs unreasonably and vexatiously.

The Court notes that there have also been significant issues with the production of information from Jacobs. On appropriate motion the Court will deal with those issues.

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26. As a result of the failure to disclose the existence of the transferred data, the Court conducted needless hearings on the following dates which involved (at least in part) the MDPA issues:

May 26, 2011

June 9, 2011

July 19, 2011

September 20, 2011<sup>6</sup>

October 4, 2011<sup>7</sup>

October 13, 2011

January 3, 2012

March 8, 2012

May 24, 2012

- 27. The Court concludes after hearing the testimony of witnesses that the 100,000 emails and other ESI were not transferred in error, but was purposefully brought into the United States after a request by Las Vegas Sands for preservation purposes.
- 28. The transferred data is relevant to the evidentiary hearing related to jurisdiction, which the Court intends to conduct.
- 29. The change in corporate policy regarding Las Vegas Sands access to Sands China data made during the course of this ongoing litigation was made with an intent to prevent the disclosure of the transferred data as well as other data.<sup>8</sup>
  - 30. The Defendants concealed the existence of the transferred data from this Court.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> This hearing was conducted in a related case, A648484.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> This hearing was conducted in a related case, A648484.

While the Court recognizes that several other legal proceedings related to certain allegations made by Jacobs were commenced during the course of this litigation including subpoenas from the SEC and DOJ, this does not excuse the failure to disclose the existence of the transferred data; the failure to identify the transferred data on a privilege log, or the failure produce of the transferred data in this matter.

- 31. As the transferred data had already been reviewed by counsel, the failure to disclose the existence of this transferred data to the Court caused repeated and unnecessary motion practice before this Court.
- 32. The lack of disclosure appears to the Court to be an attempt by Defendants to stall the discovery, and in particular, the jurisdictional discovery in these proceedings.
- 33. Given the number of occasions the MDPA and the production of ESI by Defendants was discussed there can be no other conclusions than that the conduct was repetitive and abusive.
- 34. The conduct however does not rise to the level of striking pleadings as exhibited in the <u>Foster v. Dingwall</u>, 227 P.3d 1042 (Nev. 2010) or the entry of default as in <u>Goodvear v. Bahen</u>a, 235 P.3d 592 (Nev. 2010) cases. <sup>9</sup>
- 35. After evaluating the factors in <u>Ribiero v, Young</u>, 106 Nev. 88 (1990), the Court finds:
- a. There are varying degrees of willfulness demonstrated by the Defendants and their agents in failing to disclose the transferred data to Plaintiff ranging from careless nondisclosure to knowing, willful and intentional conduct with an intent to prevent the Plaintiff access to information discoverable for the jurisdictional proceedings; 10
- b. There are varying degrees of willfulness demonstrated by the Defendants and their agents ranging from careless nondisclosure to knowing, willful and intentional conduct in concealing the existence of the transferred data and failing to disclose the transferred data to the Court with an intent to prevent the Court ruling on the discoverability for purposes of the jurisdictional proceedings;

The Court recognizes no factors have been provided to guide in the evaluation of sanctions for conduct in violation of EDCR 7.60, but utilizes cases interpreting Rule 37 violations as instructive.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> As a result of the stay, the court does not address the discoverability of the transferred data and the effect of the conduct related to the entire case.

- c. The repeated nature of Defendants and Defendants' agents conduct in making inaccurate representations over a several month period is further evidence of the intention to deceive the Court;
- d. Based upon the evidence currently before the Court it does not appear that any evidence has been irreparably lost; 11
- e. There is a public policy to prevent further abuses and deter litigants from concealing discoverable information and intentionally deceiving the Court in an attempt to advance its claims; and
- f. The delay and prejudice to the Plaintiff in preparing his case is significant, however, a sanction less severe than striking claims, defenses or pleadings can be fashioned to ameliorate the prejudice.
- 36. The Court after evaluation of the evidence and testimony, weighing the factors and evaluating alternative sanctions determines that evidentiary and monetary sanctions are an alternative less severe sanction to address the conduct that has occurred in this matter.
- 37. Any conclusion of law stated hereinabove that is more appropriately deemed a finding of fact shall be so deemed.

### IV.

## **ORDER**

Therefore the Court makes the following order:

a. For purposes of jurisdictional discovery and the evidentiary hearing related to jurisdiction, Las Vegas Sands and Sands China will be precluded from raising the MDPA as an objection or as a defense to admission, disclosure or production of any documents.<sup>12</sup>

There is an issue that has been raised regarding the current location of those computers and hard drives from which the ghost image was made. The Court does not in this Order address any issues related to those items.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> This does not prevent the Defendants from raising any other appropriate objection or privilege.

- b. For purposes of jurisdictional discovery and the evidentiary hearing related to jurisdiction, Las Vegas Sands and Sands China are precluded from contesting that Jacobs ESI (approx. 40 gigabytes) is not rightfully in his possession.<sup>13</sup>
- c. Defendants will make a contribution of \$25,000 to the Legal Aid Center of Southern Nevada.
- d. Reasonable attorneys' fees of Plaintiff will be awarded upon filing an appropriate motion for those fees incurred in conjunction with those portions of the hearings related to the MDPA identified in paragraph 26.

Dated this 14th day of September, 2012

ELIZABETH GONZALEZ District Court Judge

# Certificate of Sorvice

I hereby certify that on or about the date filed, this document was copied through email, or a copy of this Order was placed in the attorney's folder in the Clerk's Office or mailed to the proper person as follows:

J. Stephen Peek, Esq. (Holland & Hart)

Samuel Lionel, Esq. (Lionel Sawyer & Collins)

Brad D. Brian Esq. (Munger Tolles & Olson)

James J. Pisanelli, Esq. (Pisanelli Bice)

Dan Kutinac

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> This does not prevent the Defendants from raising any other appropriate objection or privilege.

# EXHIBIT 4

Electronically Filed 03/04/2013 02:32:07 PM

CLERK OF THE COURT

TRAN

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA \* \* \* \*

STEVEN JACOBS

Plaintiff

CASE NO. A-627691

VS.

DEPT. NO. XI

LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP., et al..

Defendants  Transcript of Proceedings

BEFORE THE HONORABLE ELIZABETH GONZALEZ, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

HEARING ON PLAINTIFF'S RENEWED MOTION FOR NRCP 37 SANCTIONS

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 2013

APPEARANCES:

FOR THE PLAINTIFF:

JAMES J. PISANELLI, ESO.

TODD BICE, ESQ.

FOR THE DEFENDANTS:

J. STEPHEN PEEK, ESQ. JON RANDALL JONES, ESQ.

MARK JONES, ESQ. MICHAEL LACKEY, ESQ.

COURT RECORDER:

TRANSCRIPTION BY:

JILL HAWKINS

FLORENCE HOYT

District Court

Las Vegas, Nevada 89146

Proceedings recorded by audio-visual recording, transcript produced by transcription service.

小 WAR 04 2013

LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 28, 2013, 10:08 A.M.

(Court was called to order)

THE COURT: Okay. Are we ready? Mr. Pisanelli, are you arguing today, or is Mr. Bice?

MR. PISANELLI: I am, Your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. Please use regular people language today.

MR. PISANELLI: I will. And if I slip, please feel free to interrupt me, and I'll do my best to rephrase it.

For the record and for the audience, Your Honor, James Pisanelli on behalf of the plaintiff, Steven Jacobs.

Your Honor, I'm going to be blunt. There is a lot of reasons to be angry in this case. This case has been corrupted. And when I say there's a lot of reasons to be angry I don't me personally, I mean virtually every participant in this case, certainly Mr. Jacobs. His justice is being denied. Through just simply the delay his justice is being denied, his fair trial appears to be out of reach in light of what we've seen. Your Honor has as much reason to be angry as anyone. You've been given a mandate, an instruction from the Supreme Court to conduct a hearing on jurisdictional discovery, and the defendants' conduct in this case has gotten in the way of you doing your job. Certainly Mr. Bice and I have expressed some anger to you in the past, both in written word and at this podium, to a degree at times when we were

email has not been redacted, so only individual names have been redacted. So you could still -- to suggest that --

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THE COURT: That is violative of my order, Mr. Jones. And I don't really care that your client is in a bad position with the Macau Government. Your client is the one who decided to take the material out of Macau originally, failed to disclose it to anyone in the court, and then as a sanction for that conduct loses the ability in this case to raise that as an issue. I'm not saying you don't have problems in Macau. I certainly understand you may well have problems in Macau with the Macau Government. I tried to understand the letter you got from the Macau Government. I read it three times. And I certainly understand they've raised issues with you. But as a sanction for the inappropriate conduct that's happened in this case, in this case you've lost the ability to use that as a defense. I know that there may be some balancing that I do when I'm looking at appropriate sanctions under the Rule 37 standard as to why your client may have chosen to use that method to violate my order. And I'll balance that and I'll look at it and I'll consider those issues. But they violated my order.

MR. RANDALL JONES: Well, Your Honor, again, I would respectfully state that I was a part of that process, and whether we were being obtuse -- I hope that I'm never obtuse when I'm looking at a Court's transcript or order -- that when

MR. BICE: Thank you, Your Honor. MR. PEEK: Thank you, Your Honor. THE COURT: And I really truly appreciate you talking to the school children. MR. PEEK: Thank you, Your Honor. It's our pleasure -- it was my pleasure anyway. THE PROCEEDINGS CONCLUDED AT 11:40 A.M. \* \* \* \* \* 

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I CERTIFY THAT THE FOREGOING IS A CORRECT TRANSCRIPT FROM THE AUDIO-VISUAL RECORDING OF THE PROCEEDINGS IN THE ABOVE-ENTITLED MATTER.

# **AFFIRMATION**

I AFFIRM THAT THIS TRANSCRIPT DOES NOT CONTAIN THE SOCIAL SECURITY OR TAX IDENTIFICATION NUMBER OF ANY PERSON OR ENTITY.

FLORENCE HOYT Las Vegas, Nevada 89146

3/1/13

FLORENCE HOYT, TRANSCRIBER

DATE

# EXHIBIT 5

1	ORDR							
2	James J. Pisanelli, Esq., Bar No. 4027  JJP@pisanellibice.com							
3	Todd L. Bice, Esq., Bar No. No. 4534  TLB@pisanellibice.com							
4	Debra L. Spinelli, Esq., Bar No. 9695 DLS@pisanellibice.com							
5	PISANELLI BICE PLLC 3883 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 800							
6	Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone: (702) 214-2100							
7	Facsimile: (702) 214-2101							
8	Attorneys for Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs							
9	DISTRIC	T COURT						
10	CLARK COU	NTY, NEVADA						
11	STEVEN C. JACOBS,	Case No.: A-10-627691 Dept. No.: XI						
12	Plaintiff, v.	ORDER ON PLAINTIFF STEVEN C.						
13	LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP., a Nevada corporation; SANDS CHINA LTD., a	JACOBS' MOTION TO RETURN REMAINING DOCUMENTS FROM ADVANCED DISCOVERY						
14	Cayman Islands corporation; DOES I through X; and ROE CORPORATIONS							
15	I through X,	Hearing Date: April 12, 2013						
16	Defendants.	Hearing Time: In Chambers						
17	AND RELATED CLAIMS							
18		Коли						
19	Before this Court is Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs' ("Jacobs") Motion to Return Remaining							
20	Documents from Advanced Discovery (the "Motion"). The Court has considered all briefing on							
21	the Motion, including the supplemental brief it ordered from Defendants. The Court being fully							
22	informed, and good cause appearing therefor:							
23	THE COURT HEREBY STATES as follows:							
24	1. At issue are documents that Jacobs took with him when has had in his possession							
25	since before his he was terminated termination on July 23, 2010.							
26	2. Amongst these documents that Jacobs possessed at the time of his termination							
27	were documents over which Defendants claim an attorney-client or other form of privilege.							
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	1							

- 3. These are documents that Jacobs either authored, was a recipient of the otherwise bad access to possessed during the period of in the course and scope of his employment.
- 4. Jacobs' present Motion does not seek to compel the Defendants to produce anything. Rather, Jacobs seeks return of documents that were transferred to the Court's approved electronic stored information ("ESI") vendor. Advanced Discovery, pursuant to a Court-approved protocol. The documents at issue are all presently within his possession, custody and control.
- 5. Pursuant to a Court-approved protocol, Defendants' counsel were allowed to review Jacobs' documents and have now identified approximately 11,000 of them as being subject, in whole or in part, to some form of privilege, such as attorney-client, work product, accounting or gaming.
- 6. Based upon these assertions of privilege, Defendants contend that even though the documents are presently in Jacobs' possession, custody and control—the Court having previously concluded as part of its Decision and Order dated September 14, 2012 that Defendants are precluded from claiming that he stole the documents—they assert that Jacobs cannot provide these documents to his counsel and cannot use them in the litigation even if they relate to the claims, defenses or counterclaims asserted in this action.

7. Jacobs' Motion, although styled as one seeking return of documents from the Court's approved electronic stored information ("ESI") vendor. Advanced Discovery, more aptly seeks to allow Jacobs' councel to access these documents, which Jacobs has otherwise possessed and had access to since before July 23, 2010.

The Defendants assert that all privileges belong to the Defendants' corporate entities, not any of their executives, whether present or former. From this, they contend that Jacobs does not have the power to waive any privileges.

9.8. The Court notes a split of authority as to who is the client under such circumstances. See Montgomery v. Etrepid Techs. LLC, 548 F. Supp. 2d 1175 (D. Nev. 2008). However, the Court agrees that any privilege related to these documents in fact belongs to

Defendants, facts of this case are different, and the Court disagrees with the Defendants' framing of the issue.

the particular documents identified by the Defendants are subject to some privilege (a contention which Jacobs disputes), or whether Defendants waived the privilege, or whether Jacobs has the power to users or waive any particular privileges that may belong to the Defendants (a position which the Defendants' dispute). Instead, the question presently before this Court is whether Jacobs, as a former executive who is currently in possession, custody and control of the documents and was before his termination, is among the class of persons legally allowed to view those documents and use them in the prosecution of his claims and to rebut the Defendants' affirmative defenses and counterclaim, as these were documents that the former executive authored, received and/or had access to possessed, both during and offer his tenure.

14.10. The burden is upon the proponent of a privilege to substantiate the basis for the privilege as well as to establish that there has been no waiver. Granite Partners v. Bear, Stearns & Co., Inc., 184 F.R.D. 49, 52 (S.D.N.Y. 1999) ("The party seeking to assert a claim of privilege has the burden of demonstrating both that the privilege exists and that it has not been waived."). Here, the Court finds that the Defendants have failed to sustain that burden with respect to the documents in question, those documents presently being in Jacobs' custody since before his termination on July 23, 2010.

12. In the Court's view, the question is not whether Jacobs has the power to waive any privilege. The more appropriate question is whether Jacobs is within the sphere of persons entitled to review information (assuming that it is privileged) that pertains to Jacobs' tenure that he authored, received and/or possessed, and has retained since July 23, 2010.

privilege to assert to the documents as against outsiders, they have failed to sustain their burden of demonstrating that they have privileges that would attach to the documents relative to Jacobs' cannot review and use documents to which he had access during the period of his employment of them in this litigation.

1	14.12. That does not mean, however, that at this time the Court is making any						
2	determination as to any other use or access to sources of proof. Until further order, Jacobs may						
3	not disseminate the documents in question beyond that-of-his legal team. And, all parties shall						
4	treat the documents as confidential under the Stipulated Confidentiality Agreement and Protective						
5	Order entered on March 22, 2012.						
6							
7							
8	THEREFORE IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED AND DECREED as follows:						
9	1. The Motion to Return Remaining Documents from Advanced Discovery is						
10	GRANTED. When this Order becomes effective, Advanced Discovery shall release to Jacobs						
<b>T</b>	and his counsel all documents contained on the various electronic storage devices received by						
12	Advanced Discovery from Jacobs on or about May 18, 2012, and that have otherwise not been						
13	previously released to Jacobs and his counsel.						
14	2. Those documents listed on the Defendants' privilege log dated November 30,						
15	2012, shall be treated as confidential under the Stipulated Confidentiality Agreement and						
16	Protective Order entered on March 22, 2012 until further order from this Court.						
17	23. This Order is stayed for a period of ten days to allow Defendants to seek relief						
18	from the Nevada Supreme Court.						
19	DATED:						
20							
21		E HONORABLE ELIZABETH GONZALEZ BHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT					
22	Respectfully submitted by:	Approved as to form by:					
23	PISANELLI BICE PLLC	HOLLAND & HART					
24	I ISANELLI DICE I LLC						
25	By: James J. Pisanelli, Esq., Bar No. 4027	By: J. Stephen Peek, Esq., Bar No. 1758					
26	Todd L. Bice, Esq., Bar No. 4534	Robert J. Cassity, Esq., Bar No. 9779 9555 Hillwood Drive, Second Floor					
	ll - Debra L. Spinelli Esa., Bar No. 9695						
27	Debra L. Spinelli, Esq., Bar No. 9695 3883 Howard Hughes Pkwy, Suite 800 Las Vegas, NV 89169	Las Vegas, NV 89134					

# PISANELLIBICE PLIC 3883 HOWARD HUGHES PARKWAY, SUITE 800 LAS VECAS, NEVADA 89169

# KEMP JONES & COULTHARD

J. Randall Jones, Esq., Bar No. 1927 Mark M. Jones, Esq., Bar No. 000267 3800 Howard Hughes Pkwy., 17<sup>th</sup> Floor Las Vegas, NV 89169

Michael E. Lackey, Jr., Esq., admitted pro hac vice MAYER BROWN LLP 1999 K. Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20006

Attorneys for Sands China Ltd.

# EXHIBIT 6

# Glaser Weil Fink Jacobs Howard & Shapiro LLP

November 23, 2010

10250 Constellation Blvd, 19th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90067 310.553.3000 TEL 310.556.2920 FAX

Direct Dial (310) 282-6217 Email Polaser@glaserweil.com

### VIA FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION AND U.S. MAIL

Donald Campbell, Esq. Campbell & Williams 700 South Seventh Street Las Vegas, NV 88101

Re: Las Vegas Sands Corp., et al. adv. Jacobs

Dear Mr. Campbell:

This law firm represents Sands China Ltd. together with its subsidiaries (the "Company"). While we will be responding in due course to what we believe, to be kind, an ill-advised complaint filed in the above referenced matter, we address here a matter of immediate concern to our client. We have reason to believe, based on conversations with existing and former employees and consultants for the Company, that Mr. Jacobs has stolen Company property including but not limited to three reports he, while working for the Company, received from Mr. Steve Vickers of International Risk Ltd.

We urge Mr. Jacobs to avoid the "I don't know what you're talking about" charade and return such reports (and any copies thereof) of which most if not all, have been watermarked. Of course, to the extent he has other Company property, such property must also be returned immediately. If we do not receive the reports within the next five (5) business days, we will be forced to seek Court intervention either in Las Vegas or Macau.

On a related matter, we hereby demand and advise Mr. Jacobs (and any consulting company with which he is or was associated) to retain all of his/their files and his wife's files related to the Company and Las Vegas Sands Corp. Also, we remind Mr. Jacobs and his wife to preserve (a) all electronic mail and information about electronic mail (including message contents, header information, and logs of electronic mail system usage including both personal and business electronic mail accounts; (b) all databases (including all records and fields and structural information in such databases); (c) all logs of activity on computer systems that may have been used to process or store electronic data; (d) all word processing files and file

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Donald Campbell, Esq. Campbell & Williams November 23, 2010 Page 2

fragments; and (e) all other electronic data in each case relating to the Company or Las Vegas Sands Corp.

To minimize the risk of spoliation of relevant electronic documents, Mr. Jacobs (and any consulting company with which he is or was associated) and his wife should not modify or delete any electronic data files relating to the Company or Las Vegas Sands Corp. that are maintained on on-line storage and/or direct access storage devices unless a true and correct copy of each such electronic data file has been made and steps taken to ensure that such copy will be preserved and accessible.

Obviously, no one should alter or erase such electronic data and should not perform any other procedures (such as date compression and disc de-fragmentation or optimization routines) that may impact such data on any stand-alone computers and/or network workstations unless a true and correct copy has been made of such active files and of completely restored versions of such deleted electronic files and fragments and unless copies have been made of all directory listings (including hidden files) for all directories and subdirectories containing such files, and unless arrangements have been made to preserve copies.

Finally, any and all steps necessary to preserve relevant evidence created subsequent to this letter should be taken.

This letter is written without waiver of or prejudice to any and all of our client's rights and remedies.

Very truly yours,

Patricia Glaser

of GLASER, WEIL, FINK, JACOBS, HOWARD & SHAPIRO, LLP

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Glaser Well Fink Jacobs Howard & Shapiro and

10250 Constellation Blvd. 19th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90057

TT MERITAS LAW HAMS WOMDWIDE

Donald Campbell, Esq. Campbell & Williams 700 South Seventh Street Las Vegas, NV 88101

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# EXHIBIT 7



VIA FACSIMILE

November 30, 2010

Patricia Glasor, Esq. Glaser Weil Fink Jacobs Howard & Shapiro 10250 Constellation Bivd. Los Angeles, California 90067

le: Jacobs v. Las Vegas Sands Corp., et al.

Dear Ms. Glaser:

We are in receipt of your letter dated November 23, 2010, which was received shortly before the Thanksgiving Holiday. Before turning to the substance contained therein, let me begin by stating "nice to meet you, too."

Moving on . . . please be advised that my firm and I have been consumed in another piece of commercial litigation that has been proceeding on an expedited basis with a myriad of court hearings and deadlines throughout the month of November and continuing into December. You may confirm the existence and breakneck pace of the litigation about which I speak with your local counsel, Stephen Peck and Justin Jones, as they represent one of the parties in the action. As such, I have not had an opportunity to address the contents of your letter with my client, Mr. Jacobs. I do, however, anticipate being able to discuss this matter with him in detail early next week.

Meanwhile, you may assist us in avoiding your self-coined "I don't know what you're talking about charade" by describing in more detail the "three reports" referenced in your letter. It has been our experience that wrongfully terminated corporate executives are often—and properly—in possession of a multitude of documents received during the ordinary course of their employment. Contrary to the allegations contained in your letter, that does not mean the documents were "stolen." Thus, in order to determine whether Mr. Jacobs possesses the reports you went "returned immediately," it would help to know exactly what you are talking about.

tod Bouth Beventh (Theet Lab Vecae, Noveca Bolo) Phone: Todogra Boes Pax: 700/328/0240

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Patricia Glaser, Esq. November 30, 2010 Page 2

DJC:mp

Finally, insofar as Mr. Jacobs is in possession of any other documents or evidence related to Sands China, Ltd. and Las Vegas Sands, Corp. we have previously instructed him, as we instruct any client, to preserve all such materials in whatever form they exist.

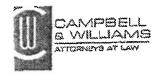
This letter is written without waiver of or prejudice to any and all of our client's rights and remedies.

Very truly yours,

CAMPBELL & WILLIAMS

000692

# EXHIBIT 8



VIa E-Mail Pglaser@glaserwell.com

January 11, 2011

Patricia Glaser Glaser, Well, Fink, Jacobs, et al. 10250 Constellation Blvd., 19<sup>th</sup> Floor Los Angeles, California 90067

Re: Jacobs v. Las Vegas Sands Corp.

Dear Ms. Glaser:

I am in receipt of your e-mailed letter sent to us last Friday evening. As I am presently out of state, I wanted to get you a quick response.

The original materials forwarded to you were sent directly by Mr. Jacobs. There was no Heung Wah Keong report found by Mr. Jacobs in any files currently in his possession. This is not to say that a copy of such a report might not later be located, but Mr. Jacobs feels confident he has conducted a review which has been fairly exhaustive and, accordingly, thinks the likelihood of his possession of the same is remote.

Mr. Jacobs does, however, maintain possession of a copy of those original reports which he forwarded to your attention. Mr. Jacobs respectfully declines your request that he destroy them. Instead, it is his intention to preserve all such copies which are likely to be of evidentiary value in any future legal proceedings.

Sincerely yours,

CAMPBELL & WILLIAMS

Ulmalle Lampall

Donald J. Campbell, Esq. Dictated but not read to avoid delay

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DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

STEVEN JACOBS

Plaintiff CASE NO. A-627691

vs.

DEPT. NO. XI

LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP., et al..

Transcript of Defendants . Proceedings

BEFORE THE HONORABLE ELIZABETH GONZALEZ, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

### STATUS CHECK

TUESDAY, JUNE 18, 2013

APPEARANCES:

FOR THE PLAINTIFF: TODD BICE, ESQ.

DEBRA SPINELLI, ESQ. ERIC ALDREN, ESQ.

FOR THE DEFENDANTS: J. STEPHEN PEEK, ESQ.

JON RANDALL JONES, ESQ.

MARK JONES, ESQ.

COURT RECORDER: TRANSCRIPTION BY:

JILL HAWKINS

FLORENCE HOYT District Court Las Vegas, Nevada 89146

Proceedings recorded by audio-visual recording, transcript produced by transcription service.

LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, TUESDAY, JUNE 18, 2013, 8:27 A.M. 1 2 (Court was called to order) 3 THE COURT: Does everybody want to state your appearances, please. 4 5 MR. ALDREN: Eric Aldren on behalf of plaintiff Steve Jacobs. 6 7 MS. SPINELLI: Debra Spinelli on behalf of Mr. 8 Jacobs. MR. BICE: Todd Bice on behalf of Jacobs. 9 MR. RANDALL JONES: Randall Jones on behalf of Sands 10 11 China Limited. 12 MR. MARK JONES: And Mark Jones, Your Honor. Good 13 morning. MR. PEEK: And Stephen Peek on behalf of Las Vegas 14 Sands and Sands China Limited, Your Honor. Good morning. 15 THE COURT: Okay. Good morning. You can sit down. 16 17 Thank you for coming in. One of the reasons that I 18 set this is I'm trying desperately to get you set -- case set 19 for the jurisdictional discovery hearing that the Nevada 20 Supreme Court ordered me to do in their writ of mandamus on 21 Case Number 58214. I am concerned, I think you guys know 22 that, because I've said it before, about the length of time 23 it's taken us to do this discovery. Now that we have resolved 24 the issue about Jacobs documents, and I will go ahead and sign 25 an order with modifications from what you guys have submitted,

how much more time do you need before I can set the hearing?

MR. BICE: Well, once you sign that, Your Honor --

THE COURT: You'll have it today.

MR. BICE: Okay. So once that is set we then, however, still have the outstanding issue of the -- our motion for sanctions under Rule 37.

THE COURT: But that has nothing to do with the jurisdictional issue unless you're going to ask for an evidentiary sanction.

MR. BICE: And that -- as you will recall, that motion does ask for an evidentiary sanction, and it has been effectively stayed by this Court granting them a stay --

THE COURT: On the Macanese production.

MR. BICE: -- to petition to the Nevada Supreme Court. And that motion seeks two things. It seeks to strike their affirmative defense of personal jurisdiction, number one, to eliminate the need for any jurisdictional hearing, and, alternatively, if the Court doesn't so strike, then we have asked for a number of evidentiary sanctions that flow from a result of the sort of long-standing noncompliance with discovery over the course of about 24 months.

THE COURT: Assume for a minute that I don't vacate the stay I've already imposed because of the issues pending in the Nevada Supreme Court related to the Macau Data Privacy Act.

1 MR. BICE: Yes. 2 THE COURT: Do you want to go forward with the 3 evidentiary hearing before the sanctions hearing completes? 4 MR. BICE: Well, it renders moot, obviously, our 5 sanctions hearing, and we believe that we are entitled to 6 those sanctions. If the Court is saying that it's not going 7 to impose any sanctions --8 THE COURT: I didn't say that. 9 MR. BICE: Okay. 10 THE COURT: I said, Mr. Bice, assume I'm not going 11 to lift the stay I've already imposed because of the writ 12 related to the Macau Data Privacy Act that's pending in the 13 Nevada Supreme Court. 14 MR. BICE: Yes, sir. 15 THE COURT: Assume I'm not going to lift that stay. 16 MR. BICE: All right. THE COURT: That means the evidentiary hearing on 17 the sanctions doesn't go forward. Do you still want to go 18 19 forward with your jurisdictional hearing, or do you want to 20 continue to wait on the Nevada Supreme Court? 21 MR. BICE: I would like to schedule the evidentiary 22 hearing. 23 THE COURT: Okay. 24 MR. BICE: I do not want to continue. I think as we 25 disclosed to you -- and I think we disclosed to you in our

status report we actually tried to get the Nevada Supreme 2 Court to --3 THE COURT: I read your application to them. 4 MR. BICE: -- to lift the stay, and it was summarily 5 rejected by the clerk, saying we need to direct that to you. 6 We had a debate with the clerk, and the clerk, of course, won 7 that debate, as she often does. So, as a result, it is our 8 intention regardless of what you do today to submit that 9 motion to you. Now, whether or not that motion becomes moot depending upon the timing of when you set the evidentiary 10 11 hearing, obviously we'll make adjustments accordingly and 12 reassess in light of whatever you direct us today in terms of 13 timing. 14 THE COURT: Okay. So do you really want me to delay the evidentiary hearing any further, or do you want me to just 15 go ahead and set it? 16 17 MR. BICE: I think I would ask the Court to go ahead and set it. That obviously presupposes, Your Honor, that we 18 19 obtain access to our client's documents, which has been the 20 subject of the other order that I understand --21 THE COURT: Well, that order will get entered, and 22 then somebody's going to file -- they say they're going to 23 file an extraordinary writ. 24 MR. BICE: Right. 25 THE COURT: They're going to do that, then they're

1 going to ask me for a stay. 2 MR. BICE: Correct. 3 THE COURT: Then I'm going to decide. And if I stay 4 it, then we will have to vacate the jurisdictional hearing because you can't go forward without having that information. 5 MR. BICE: That we believe is true. 6 7 THE COURT: So I understand that dynamic, but I'm 8 not there yet. 9 MR. BICE: Understood. Thank you, Your Honor. 10 THE COURT: I need to set the evidentiary hearing so 11 it looks like I'm at least trying to do what the Nevada Supreme Court told me to do two and a half years ago. 12 13 MR. BICE: We understand that. Thank you, Your 14 Honor. 15 THE COURT: Mr. Jones. Welcome back. MR. RANDALL JONES: Thank you, Your Honor. 16 Hopefully I'll make some sense. I'm still suffering a little 17 18 jet lag. 19 Your Honor, as you I'm sure saw in our joint status 20 report, we've indicated we're willing to go forward with the 21 evidentiary hearing now. And the only issues we had was that 22 there are a number of different theories that have been 23 proposed by the plaintiff with respect to jurisdiction over Sands China. And we would simply like to have the Court 25 provide some kind of a briefing schedule prior to that hearing

whenever it's set. Obviously, whatever schedule the Court thinks is appropriate, but we would like to get a statement from the plaintiff as to what their jurisdictional theories are that they want to move forward for for the hearing and a short statement of a legal and factual basis for those legal theories, and then give us an opportunity to file motions for summary judgment with respect to any legal theories that we think are susceptible to summary judgment so we can narrow the issues. That's the only issue that we have. And, as we've indicated in our report, while we would like to take the deposition of Mr. Jacobs before the hearing, we understand under the circumstances —

THE COURT: Keep going. I'm listening. I'm also looking for a writing utensil.

MR. RANDALL JONES: No problem.

We understand under the circumstances that that's not going to happen or it's not possible with the rulings of the Court, so we just want to reserve our right to make sure we can cross-examine Mr. Jacobs at the hearing and also call him as a witness in our case if we think that's appropriate.

So really all we're saying is we'd just like a briefing schedule so we can find out exactly what their position is on jurisdiction and give us an opportunity to narrow those issues before the hearing so that we can make the hearing as efficient as possible.

THE COURT: Mr. Mark Jones, do you want to tell 1 anything to Mr. Randall Jones? It's my no double teaming rule 3 that requires a lot of counseling. 4 (Pause in the proceedings) 5 MR. RANDALL JONES: Your Honor, Mr. Mark Jones has 6 informed me that both sides, as I understand it, agreed to supplement documents and witnesses before the evidentiary 8 hearing. So I assume that's something --9 THE COURT: When before? MR. RANDALL JONES: Pardon me? 10 11 THE COURT: How long before? Anybody. 12 MR. RANDALL JONES: I think that's really, again, part of what we're asking the Court to do, is give us some 13 14 kind of a briefing schedule as to if you're going to set it, 15 when it's going to be set, when we would have to --16 THE COURT: Hold on. Let me -- wait, wait. Let me 17 ask. 18 MR. MARK JONES: Your Honor, we had talked to Mr. 19 Bice about 60 to 45 days before the hearing, and Mr. Bice 20 replied that --21 THE COURT: I'm not giving you that long before the 22 hearing. So here's the issue. MR. MARK JONES: And that was then. And he said, 23 24 let's, then, subject to what we want the Court to decide. 25 MR. BICE: That's right. I am amenable -- as Mr.

Mark Jones and I have discussed, I'm amenable to doing a list 1 2 of witnesses and disclosures for the hearing. I'm not 3 agreeable to this briefing. 4 THE COURT: Lists I would require you to give in any 5 evidentiary hearing --6 MR. BICE: Absolutely. Absolutely, Your Honor. 7 THE COURT: -- of the witnesses you intend to call 8 and the documents you intend to use. 9 MR. BICE: Right. Yes. 10 THE COURT: Okay. So that's a normal thing I do in 11 every evidentiary hearing. 12 MR. BICE: Correct. So -- now, this -- obviously, 13 if this was not in contemplation --14 THE COURT: Let's let Mr. Randall Jones finish the 15 argument, since I interrupted with this supplemental issue, which was whether it was discovery or something else was going 16 17 to confuse me. Okav. 18 MR. RANDALL JONES: I really have -- I have nothing 19 else to add, Your Honor. I just think that it would help you. Obviously there's been a lot going on in this case for a long 20 21 time, and I think it would be helpful to the Court, it'd 22 certainly be helpful to us, to understand exactly what Mr. 23 Jacobs believes he has. We've seen now in his status report an indication that he thinks, at least as I understand their 24 25 position, the fact that a decision was made with respect to

Mr. Jacobs's employment status in Las Vegas that's sufficient under any circumstances to confer jurisdiction. We'd just like to know exactly what their position is. We'd like to brief those issues, and, if the Court feels it appropriate, then make some legal rulings about some of those issues before we go forward with an evidentiary hearing so we'll all be better prepared to have the hearing and understand exactly what the scope of the hearing is.

THE COURT: Okay. Thank you.

MR. RANDALL JONES: Thank you.

THE COURT: Now Mr. Bice.

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MR. BICE: Your Honor, on the issue about witnesses and documents, obviously that would be a standard directive from you, and Mr. Jones and I are in agreement on that.

I think my -- well, I know my discussion with Mark Jones was let's see what Judge Gonzalez has in mind in terms of scheduling and then we will either pick or have you tell us when you would like those disclosures to occur. Obviously we're not viewing this as an opportunity to now identify new witnesses that have not previously been disclosed and subject to any form of examination, number one.

Number two, I disagree with Mr. Jones's position.

And again, I'm not attributing this to him or Mark Jones or

Mr. Peek, but, you know, Las Vegas Sands and its entities have
a pretty established track record of their way of doing

litigation is to make any plaintiff spend as much money as possible to get to a trial. We have experienced that in a number of cases, and this one is no exception. So to tell us now that because new -- yet new counsel is on board they'd like us to have to file more motions for their benefit I think is unwarranted and unnecessary. We have briefed this issue of our jurisdictional theories on countless occasions. They are free to read them just like the Court has had to do, just like we have had to do. If they want to file some form of motion in limine at the time of this hearing claiming that certain facts aren't admissible to prove a certain theory, have at it. They're free to do so. But to tell us that -- to shift the burden onto us yet again so that we can file yet another motion to educate them yet again I think is unnecessary and burdensome on us, Your Honor. So we would ask -- I don't know what Her Honor has

So we would ask -- I don't know what Her Honor has in terms of timing. I can tell you that we could do an evidentiary hearing in the month of September, and we could do one in the month of November. I don't know -- but, again, I don't know what your timing is.

THE COURT: My timing is July.

MR. BICE: Okay.

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THE COURT: That would be next month.

MR. BICE: That'll be next month.

THE COURT: Yes.

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MR. BICE: Okay.
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              THE COURT: But I need to ask some questions before
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    I make that determination --
              MR. BICE: Understood.
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              THE COURT: -- which is why I'm trying to get
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    through your discussions about what you think scope issues and
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    what you have to do are so that I can try and see if what I'm
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    thinking of works.
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              MR. BICE: Understood. Thank you, Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: How many days do you believe such an
    evidentiary hearing limited to jurisdictional issues only will
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    take, Mr. Bice?
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              MR. BICE: I would say three to four.
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              THE COURT: Three to four?
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              MR. BICE: Yes, sir -- or yes, ma'am.
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              THE COURT: Mr. Jones, how many days?
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    estimate.
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             MR. RANDALL JONES:
                                 I guess one of my first
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    questions is what is a day. Because --
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              THE COURT: A day for me is 10:30 to noon with a
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   break, and then 1:15 to 5:00.
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             MR. RANDALL JONES: Okav.
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              THE COURT: It's a week-long basically.
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             MR. RANDALL JONES: Yeah. So I would suspect, Your
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   Honor, we would probably figure six or seven to be
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1 conservative. 2 THE COURT: Okay. Lucky for you I have six days in 3 a row. Well, there's a weekend in between. 4 MR. RANDALL JONES: And that's fine, Your Honor. 5 Six days in July? THE COURT: Yes. The middle of July. 6 7 MR. RANDALL JONES: I have a trial next week that is 8 number one on the stack. It's a bench trial. It's in front of Judge Sturman. It's anticipated to go into the following 9 week a little bit, and so it shouldn't be a major --10 11 THE COURT: But you'll be done the first week of 12 July, maybe the second week of July? 13 MR. RANDALL JONES: I think the first week of July is what everybody's anticipating. And barring any unforeseen 14 15 circumstances, that's what the court and counsel are 16 anticipating. 17 THE COURT: Okay. MR. RANDALL JONES: So the only other point I would 18 19 make, Your Honor, is that -- and I don't want to belabor this, but we -- I have read the briefs and I know what they've said 20 21 about jurisdiction, their theories. I've read them all, and 22 I --23 THE COURT: Starting with the first one. 24 MR. RANDALL JONES: Starting with the first one, 25 exactly. And so I do think -- and I don't think that's overly

burdensome to have them clarify for us exactly what they want to go forward -- what theories. If it's all theories, I think we've got at least six that we've identified. That's fine. I just want to be able to know what that is. And that's nothing different than we would have certainly in a trial where we have a pretrial order that says, here's what our legal theories are, so we can then anticipate that and we can go forward. And there may be some that are clearly as a matter of law not tenable under any take on the facts as they understand them. And so it makes -- it seems to me it makes no sense -- they're the ones talking about this great expense. If we have to drag out the evidentiary hearing on points that are clearly not tenable under Nevada law, then that's an expense that they're burdening the Court with and themselves with that's unnecessary. So I don't see the great burden of asking that we be allowed to at least address those issues legally. I think it's appropriate, it makes sense, and it's not burdensome and in fact will make the process more efficient.

So with that, Your Honor, we would ask that we at least be allowed to get those theories, what they are, and then make the appropriate motion. The Court can decide that it doesn't agree, but at least we'll have it.

THE COURT: Mr. Bice.

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MR. BICE: We've made this disclosure on countless

occasions by way of motion, and we've -- in our statement to 1 2 the Court for this hearing we said that we intend to pursue 3 all of our available theories relative to personal jurisdiction. So there isn't any confusion. This motion 4 5 isn't going to streamline anything. If they would like to 6 file their own motions, if there's certain theories they claim 7 are precluded as a matter of law, by all means they're free to file their motions. But to try and shift the onus onto us is 8 what they're really trying to do. 10 THE COURT: Okay. Thank you. 11 (Pause in the proceedings) 12 THE COURT: All right. Gentlemen, I have six days 13 in a row for you. There is one caveat. On one of those days 14 I have committed to recruit pro bono lawyers at the firm of Holland & Hart. I wouldn't expect Mr. Peek to make that 15 16 luncheon, but I'll make it. 17 MR. PEEK: Somebody would be happy to, you know, go 18 over there with you, Your Honor. 19 THE COURT: July 16, 17, 18, 19, 22, 23. 20 Mr. Kutinac, please do not book a Business Court 21 settlement conference on the 22nd. 22 MR. KUTINAC: I will block it in. THE COURT: Okay. 23 24 MR. RANDALL JONES: Your Honor, could you say that 25 again. I'm a little slow today.

THE COURT: July 16 through 23rd, not including the 1 2 Saturday and Sunday. 3 MR. PEEK: Is the 16th a Tuesday? 4 THE COURT: A tuesday. 5 MR. PEEK: Thank you. THE COURT: And we should be able to start at 6 7 10:00-ish on most days from my current calendar. MR. RANDALL JONES: 10:00 on Wednesday? 8 THE COURT: 10:00 on Tuesday --9 10 MR. RANDALL JONES: On Tuesday, the first --11 THE COURT: -- the 16th. Looks like 10:00 on 12 Wednesday, 10:00-ish. So that depends. As soon as I finish 13 my other stuff I'm ready to start. Sometimes I finish early, sometimes I finish later. 14 15 MR. PEEK: Since you have most of the long-winded 16 lawyers in that hearing --17 THE COURT: It's really light. In the middle of 18 July nobody wants to be in Las Vegas. So I have that time 19 open for you. I knew you'd like that. 20 All right. So let's set a couple -- I've got four 21 deadlines that I want to negotiate with you, and they are the 22 following. And I will take -- yes? 23 MR. BICE: Your Honor, may I -- I think we can -- we 24 need to talk, and I'd like to be able to step out into the 25 hall and talk to Mr. Jacobs, because --

THE COURT: I will give you that minute as soon as I give you the four categories of things I want you to tell me the dates on.

MR. BICE: All right. And we also are going to -there is another case that is in front of you that we may have some issues with discovery on those dates, but we will address that. But I think we can make those dates work.

THE COURT: I'm happy to have the Granite Gaming discussion at our next scheduled status -MR. BICE: It's not that. It's the Bright Source matter, Your Honor, would be the -THE COURT: Oh. Okay. All right. Well, that case is going the last weeks of the year until the end of the year,

and it's finished.

MS. SPINELLI: We just keep postponing depositions. Opposing counsel keeps saying that we're treating it like the red-headed stepchild, so I just want to make sure --

THE COURT: I booked that trial in stone.

Apparently one wife has already told the husband she's taking the time off, he doesn't get to. I don't know which husband it is, but it's somebody at your firm.

Okay. Proposed findings of fact, conclusions of law will be submitted prior to the hearing; a witness list identifying the witnesses you intend to call and a general statement of what you anticipate the witness to speak about;

the documents you intend to use in evidence at the hearing, and a trial brief, which will not be blind but will be served on the other side.

So I'm going to take a quick break from your case, Mr. Bice, so you can go make whatever calls you want to. And if the defendants' counsel need to make any calls about the scheduling, please do.

MR. BICE: Thank you, Your Honor.

MR. PEEK: And, Your Honor, you didn't give us a date when all that was due. Is that what we're waiting on?

THE COURT: I'm waiting on two things, Mr. Bice to tell me that Mr. Jacobs won't be joining us, in which case I'll have a different discussion with Mr. Bice, and then some dates on what we're going to do for those four times. And I am negotiable on the scheduling of those. I usually have them two days before the hearing. I may want to do it more before the hearing given the nature of this case.

MR. PEEK: Did I understand that Mr. Bice was going to check if Mr. Jacobs will be available during those six days? Is that what --

THE COURT: I believe that's what he's going to call about.

MR. BICE: That's what I'm calling about.

MR. PEEK: And that's what we were talking about in terms of wanting Mr. Jacobs here for the hearing because we

didn't get a chance to take his deposition.

THE COURT: I heard that part. I got that.

Okay. So if you guys would step back, I'll do the other things that are on my calendar this morning.

(Court recessed at 8:48 a.m., until 9:18 a.m.)

THE COURT: All right. If we could go back to Jacobs versus Sands.

MR. BICE: Thank you for the brief opportunity to confer with my client, Your Honor. We will make those dates work.

THE COURT: Okay. So let's talk about the order of the disclosures of the four categories I've identified. And, as Mr. Peek can tell you from prior experience in here, and I think Mr. Bice has had to do it, too, I frequently require proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law not only on bench trials, but also for preliminary injunction and evidentiary hearings so that you are forced to frame the issues better before you stand up and start presenting your case in front of me, and it makes my work as a judge easier so that I can keep on top of my cases. Because otherwise I forget and I'm not able to get decisions out in a timely way, and this is the way that works for me. I'm sorry it's a burden on you, but it's the only way I can make my very heavy schedule work.

So I don't really need those findings of fact and

conclusions of law until a couple days before the hearing. But if you think it will assist you in seeing each other's ahead of the hearing, I'm happy to give that a little more lead time.

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MR. RANDALL JONES: Your Honor, you raised an issue I wanted to raise with the Court anyway with respect to the timing. Because -- again, from our perspective there have been new things brought up in terms of their legal theories about jurisdiction, and I don't understand Mr. Bice's position that, no, they're not, but I certainly understand the original order from the Supreme Court. There were two jurisdictional arguments made, and there's certainly more than two now. what we would like, if the Court would agree, we think that they have the burden and this would be appropriate, that they file their proposed conclusions and findings at least -- we'd like a week before we have to file ours so that we can again see what their position is, and then we can appropriately respond to it. And I would ask the Court to -- we're all on a pretty short schedule here, but we think that would be an appropriate thing to do under the circumstances.

THE COURT: Mr. Bice.

MR. BICE: Your Honor, again, this isn't a criticism of Mr. Jones, but with every new counsel comes the argument that they don't understand what has happened in this case.

And that's fine. That could be their position. But to now

1 say, well, we should be given yet another advantage by -- they 2 should assemble their findings of fact, their proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law a week in advance so 3 4 that -- of our having to submit one, again, you know, it's a 5 desire to have this constantly unlevel playing field. Even 6 when you have preliminary injunction hearings, Your Honor, the 7 parties submit their competing orders, their competing findings of fact, conclusions of law simultaneously. The 8 9 desire to now say, well, we'd like to get theirs first, well, 10 of course they would. Who wouldn't? I'd like to get theirs 11 first. But the fact is that those should be exchanged 12 simultaneously. We would propose that they be exchanged on 13 the 11th of July, which is the Thursday before, and we would 14 also propose that that be the same day for the trial brief. 15 THE COURT: What about the witness list and the 16 documents? 17 MR. BICE: We would propose the witness list and the 18 documents submitted on the 5th of July. THE COURT: Okay. 19 MR. RANDALL JONES: Your Honor, first of all, it is 20 21 a criticism of me to say that we are new counsel and we don't 22 know what their positions are. We've seen all their 23 positions. Their positions change, and they have changed

repeatedly. Whether I was the attorney at the beginning of

this case and stayed the attorney up to the present time

doesn't change things. They have moved the ball all around with respect to their legal theories. So -- and they have the burden of proof. And the Court -- in my experience this Court and other courts don't always require simultaneous exchanges. So in this particular case we think that, since they have the burden, that they've certainly changed their position from the original hearing on jurisdiction at the beginning of time, which I am aware of, and I have seen their positions change over time, as recently as their status report, that we think it's not only fair, but appropriate, since they do have the burden, that they submit theirs first.

And with respect to the 11th, if they want to submit theirs on the 11th, certainly we would like then at least till the 17th -- well, actually that's --

THE COURT: Already be started by then.

MR. RANDALL JONES: Yeah. Right. We start on the 16th. So the 11th won't work. So -- well, then we would like them to submit theirs, since they think they can submit the trial brief on the 5th -- or, excuse me, exchange witnesses and documents by the 5th, they submit by the 5th, and we can certainly submit ours by the 11th.

THE COURT: How about we do this. July 2nd each of you will exchange a list of witnesses and document lists.

That will include any summaries or demonstrative evidence that you think you're going to use.

1 By July 9th you will submit your proposed findings 2 of fact and conclusions of law in electronic format. 3 By July 11th you will submit your trial briefs. You 4 may file those simultaneously, but you must serve each other. 5 And on July 15th any exhibits must be delivered to 6 the clerk. 7 And, Dolce, what time do you want them to come see you, after noon? I'm doing a settlement conference all day 8 long that day, so you won't be in court much. 9 10 THE CLERK: 1:00 p.m. 11 THE COURT: 1:00 p.m. 12 Are you going to be presenting your exhibits 13 electronically given the volume, or are you going to use paper? 14 15 MR. BICE: My guess is we're going to use paper, Your Honor. That's my present belief. 16 17 MR. RANDALL JONES: Your Honor --18 MR. PEEK: May I consult with Mr. Jones for a minute? 19 20 THE COURT: You may. 21 (Pause in the proceedings) 22 MR. RANDALL JONES: Your Honor, I think electronic. 23 And if we change our position, Your Honor --24 THE COURT: There is a special protocol that we're 25 experimenting with after my five-month-long trial where almost

all the exhibits were presented electronically. We came up 1 2 with a new protocol. I will have Max send it out to you. It 3 is still in draft form, but it is what the Clerk's Office is 4 trying to use as a recommended standard. We haven't adopted it yet. We're working through bugs still. So Max will send 5 6 that to you. If you want to use electronic, it will be how we do it so that Dolce can follow the rules her bosses have 7 8 instituted. 9 MR. RANDALL JONES: Your Honor, one other 10 clarification point or additional point. As I understand it, 11 you want the exchange of witnesses and documents by the 7th --12 or, excuse me, the 2nd? 13 THE COURT: July 2. 14 MR. RANDALL JONES: The 2nd. 15 THE COURT: Two. July 2. 16 MR. RANDALL JONES: Yes. Understood. 17 THE COURT: Proposed findings of fact, conclusions of law exchanged on July 9 with electronic format sent to me. 18 19 July 11th for your trial briefs. If you guys really 20 think you need another day, I'll give you till July 12th, 21 because I'm not going to read it till the weekend. need you to have it to me by 3:00 o'clock on the Friday. 22 23 And July 5th that you're going to meet with Dolce in 24 delivering the exhibits. 25 MR. RANDALL JONES: Your Honor, my point was that

since -- again, we have a concern about their theories, at 1 least we would like the opportunity to have a supplement -- to 2 3 supplement our witness and exhibit list after the 2nd. If we could have say --4 5 THE COURT: If you want to do that, you'll have to 6 ask me, and I will be happy to sign an OST to deal with that 7 issue. You've got a little bit of lead time on it, Mr. Jones. 8 MR. RANDALL JONES: All right. 9 THE COURT: And that applies to everyone. 10 MR. BICE: Yes. 11 THE COURT: And if it's a true rebuttal issue that 12 you couldn't have anticipated, that is, of course, a different 13 issue. 14 MR. BICE: That was going to be my only point of 15 clarification, Your Honor. I don't expect to see new 16 witnesses. 17 THE COURT: Mr. Bice, you might see new witnesses, like this plumber they had in the other case who apparently 18 19 they knew about but never knew they re-plumbed it differently. 20 MR. BICE: And if it's true rebuttal, I understand 21 that. 22 THE CLERK: [Inaudible] 23 THE COURT: I think Mr. Bice is going to talk to his 24 people about whether he wants to use electronic exhibits or 25 not.

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             MR. BICE: I am. But I will tell you this, Your
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   Honor, based upon our own experience, including with Mr.
 3
   Adelson. Paper tends to work best with these witnesses. So
    if your anticipation -- and maybe I misunderstood the Court's
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    instruction.
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              THE COURT: Dolce wants to know whether you're
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   bringing her in 27 bankers' boxes or --
             MR. BICE: No.
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             THE COURT: -- or an external hard drive.
             MR. BICE: I will be bringing her a hard drive. I
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   apologize.
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             THE COURT: She's happy now.
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             MR. BICE: My misunderstanding.
             MR. BICE: May I have --
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             MR. PEEK: Your Honor, my experience, though,
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   however is it's still -- and I think Mr. Bice is correct that
17
   certainly a piece of paper oftentimes works better to show a
   witness.
18
19
             THE COURT: Absolutely.
20
             MR. PEEK: So if we want to not necessarily bring in
21
    the 27 boxes, but certainly if we have an exhibit that we
22
   think we want to show a --
23
             THE COURT: Absolutely. In fact, in the one we did
24
   for five months I had the contract in a binder so that I could
   refer to it and highlight and make notes on it even though
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technically everything was being presented electronically.
 1
 2
              MR. PEEK: But can I have my witnesses make notes in
 3
    their binders, too?
 4
              THE COURT: If it's theirs and not Dolce's. But
    then you know notes can be looked at. People can look at it.
 5
             MR. PEEK: I know, Your Honor.
 6
 7
             THE COURT: Then we have a different issue, Mr.
 8
    Peek.
             MR. PEEK: We do.
 9
10
             THE COURT: What else did you guys still want to
   talk to me?
11
             MR. BICE: I misunderstood, Your Honor. So, yes,
12
13
    there actually is one other issue, and it's referenced in
14
    their status report about they are -- I'd like to get a
15
    deadline now in light of this schedule. They'd indicated that
    they are working on the privilege log of the --
16
17
             THE COURT: Yeah. That was the Suen. Hold on. Let
18
   me go to the place that says Suen.
19
             MR. BICE: Right. And there's another log, also,
20
    and that's this log on documents that they have withheld that
    were flagged --
21
22
             THE COURT: Shortly. It wasn't "Suen," it was
23
    "shortly."
24
             MR. BICE: -- that were flagged by the
25
    jurisdictional discovery terms, but they withheld them on the
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basis that they said that they went to merits and not to
 1
 2
    jurisdiction. And you had indicated they were to log those.
 3
    So --
              THE COURT: Page 3, line 9, "The log should be ready
 4
 5
    shortly."
 6
              MR. RANDALL JONES: Your Honor, Mr. Lackey's not
 7
    here, and he's the one involved with that. But I can get an
 8
    answer today and get that to the Court and counsel.
 9
              MR. BICE: That's fine.
10
              THE COURT: Okay. That'd be lovely.
11
              MR. BICE: May I have one second to speak to Mr.
12
    Peek --
13
              THE COURT: Yes.
14
              MR. BICE: -- before we end. And Mr. Jones.
15
              MR. RANDALL JONES: And I have another issue I want
    to raise, as well.
16
17
              MR. BICE: Oh. I apologize.
18
              THE COURT: Why don't you caucus.
19
                      (Pause in the proceedings)
20
              THE COURT: Mr. Jones, you had something else you
21
    wanted to say.
22
              MR. RANDALL JONES: With respect to witnesses,
23
    because it's typical in a situation like this, I think
    everybody, certainly we anticipated we'd be finished with the
    jurisdictional discovery before we designated experts, we had
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a couple of experts that we were considering using. Obviously 2 we --3 THE COURT: For the jurisdictional discovery? 4 MR. RANDALL JONES: Yes, Your Honor. We have not 5 prepared expert reports because we didn't know we were going 6 to have the hearing on July 11th -- or, excuse me, July 16th. 7 So that's somewhat problematic, but I wanted to raise that 8 with the Court, that we --9 THE COURT: How soon could you get -- you know, 10 technically you don't have to provide a report under Rule 30 11 -- is it 30? 20? Whatever rule it is. The one that changed what you've got to provide in the experts --12 13 MR. RANDALL JONES: 26. I think it's 26. 14 THE COURT: Maybe it's -- yeah. Whatever rule it is. 15 MR. RANDALL JONES: I think it's 26. 16 17 THE COURT: You don't technically have to provide an 18 expert report, you can provide a summary of what the expert is 19 prepared to say, and if you can get those exchanged, I'm happy 20 to do it; but you're going to have to do it within the next 21 week or so. 22 MR. RANDALL JONES: Understood, Your Honor. MR. PEEK: What's the "or so," Your Honor? 23 24 MR. RANDALL JONES: Yeah, what's the "or so." 25 That's a good point.

```
MR. PEEK: I got the week, but I was wondering more
 1
   about the "or so." In other words, what's the --
 3
              THE COURT: Week to 10 days.
 4
             MR. RANDALL JONES: That's fine, Your Honor.
 5
              THE COURT: That's a timing issue. That's me
 6
   looking at a calendar and saying, how will I make this work.
              MR. PEEK: Would July 1 work, Your Honor, which is
 7
 8
   really --
 9
              THE COURT: No, July 1 won't work.
             MR. PEEK: Ten days is the 28th, which is a Friday.
10
             THE COURT: July 1 won't work, because I have the
11
   witness lists and document lists scheduled.
12
13
             MR. PEEK: On the 2nd.
             MR. BICE: Well, Your Honor, I'd like to be heard on
14
15
    this.
16
             THE COURT: Okay, Mr. Bice.
17
             MR. BICE: I disagree, because we had this
18
   discussion about reports --
19
             THE COURT: Who?
20
             MR. BICE: -- with Ms. Glaser. I mean, we've been
21
    through two sets of counsel now when we had this --
22
             THE COURT: There've been more than two sets of
23
    counsel.
             MR. BICE: -- right -- when we had this debate about
24
25
    these experts. And you told them they were going to have to
                                  30
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1
    comply with the rule. These --
 2
              THE COURT: Experts on jurisdictional issues?
 3
             MR. BICE: Yes.
 4
              THE COURT: When did I say that?
 5
             MR. BICE: This is at the September 27, 2011,
 6
    hearing. Now, these -- and this is our problem here.
 7
              THE COURT: Okay. I'm listening.
8
              MR. BICE: These are not percipient witnesses who
9
    are being designated as experts, also, so therefore you can do
10
    the summary sort of approach with them. These are -- as we
11
    understand it -- now, maybe we misunderstand, because we
12
    haven't seen anything from them -- these are outside, purely
13
    outside witnesses being retained purely, solely to provide
14
    expert opinion.
15
              THE COURT: Bunch of law professors probably; right?
16
             MR. BICE: So we believe that reports were
17
    necessary. These witnesses have been disclosed or identified
18
    as they might use them on I believe it was -- I apologize,
19
    Your Honor; I'm going to find the --
20
              MR. PEEK: Within the Court's order I believe it's
    the 22nd or 23rd of September is when I think Your Honor
21
22
    required it to be done, and we met that rule. Sands China met
23
    that requirement. We both exchanged them on the same day. I
2.4
    believe it's the --
2.5
              MR. BICE: September 23 of 2011.
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MR. PEEK: Yeah. That was my recollection, Your
 1
 2
   Honor.
 3
             MR. BICE: And so to now hear them say --
 4
             THE COURT: Hold on, Mr. Bice.
 5
             MR. BICE: -- hear them say, well, we didn't do a
   report in the last year and six months we think is --
 6
 7
             THE COURT: What page of the transcript? 49?
             MR. BICE: Yeah, I think it was page -- let me look,
 8
   Your Honor. Maybe I misunderstood.
 9
             MR. PEEK: There was a -- I remember there was a
10
11
   discussion.
12
             THE COURT: Hold on. I'm there.
13
             MR. BICE: Well, the discussion is about -- yeah,
   it's on to page 50, Your Honor.
14
15
             THE COURT: That was when I said I'd never before
16
   had an expert on a jurisdictional hearing.
             MR. BICE: Correct. And Ms. Glaser didn't --
17
             THE COURT: Wait. Let me read.
18
19
             MR. BICE: Oh. I apologize, Your Honor.
20
             MR. PEEK: May I read over your shoulder, Todd?
             MR. BICE: You may.
21
22
                      (Pause in the proceedings)
23
              THE COURT: I didn't say it had to be a report. I
24
   said, "The other method the rule dictates." That's on line 12
25
   of page 51.
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MR. BICE: Right. And Ms. Glaser -- is that it? 1 2 THE COURT: That's what I said. 3 MR. BICE: I understand that. 4 THE COURT: "It can either by report or by the other 5 method that the rule dictates, and, unfortunately, as I sit 6 here I can't tell you what rule it is." 7 MR. PEEK: That's what I recall from the same thing, 8 Your Honor. 9 THE COURT: I'm reading the transcript. 10 MR. BICE: Well, it's in the transcript, right. Our point is Ms. Glaser said she was going to bring this to the 11 Court. 12 13 THE COURT: No. What I told Mr. Pisanelli is that 14 she needed to provide the information so that we would have a 15 clue. I told Mr. Pisanelli he could then either move to 16 strike it or take the deposition and that I would then decide, 17 and it didn't mean I would think the witness was credible or 18 important, but I would listen to them. 19 MR. BICE: Right. "Can either be by report or other 20 method that the rule dictates." Our point is the rule doesn't 21 -- for truly outside experts like these there is -- the rule 22 dictates a report. 23 MR. RANDALL JONES: Your Honor --24 MR. BICE: These aren't treating physicians who are 25 allowed --

THE COURT: I know, Mr. Bice. We had this lovely 1 discussion on the ADKT 487 hearing about a week ago that I'm 3 still trying to get over. Hold on a second. 4 (Pause in the proceedings) THE COURT: It's 26(4). So it's 26(b)(4). But I 5 think the rule change was in 16.1 related to the expert 6 disclosures. Yeah. It's in 16.1(a)(2). "The court upon good 7 cause shown or by stipulation of parties may relieve a party 8 9 of the duty to prepare a written report in an appropriate case," blah, blah, blah, blah. 10 In the initial disclosures of witnesses that were 11 12 exchanged in 2011 was there a disclosure as to a summary of the facts and opinions to which the witness is expected to 13 14 testify, the qualification of that witness to present evidence under the statutes, and compensation? 15 MR. BICE: I have it here if you'd like --16 THE COURT: That's a disclosure? 17 MR. BICE: Yes. 18 THE COURT: May I see it. 19 MR. BICE: You may. 20 THE COURT: Thank you. 21 22 That's it? MR. RANDALL JONES: Pardon me? 23 THE COURT: How's that going to help me make a 24 25 determination on jurisdictional for either Mr. Howe or Mr.

Klugerman?

MR. RANDALL JONES: Your Honor, here's the dilemma. In every case I've been involved with first of all there's a scheduling order with respect to these things, so this case has gone on sort of a different track.

THE COURT: I've had discovery stayed in this case with the exception of jurisdictional issues by the Nevada Supreme Court for two and a half years.

MR. RANDALL JONES: Understood, Your Honor.

THE COURT: Or however. Maybe it's only two years.

MR. RANDALL JONES: We've disclosed these experts back in 2011, and we talked about issues of corporate governance. We haven't certainly been a position to get any kind of report, because we haven't taken the deposition of Mr. Jacobs because of the facts in this case or finish other discovery, factual discovery. I've -- every case I've been involved in the parties typically finish factual discovery before they have expert reports due. So --

THE COURT: Not any case I'm involved in, unfortunately. They never finish factual discovery ever.

MR. RANDALL JONES: You tend to have some unique cases, Your Honor. And I've been involved in some of those, so I can appreciate what you're saying. But certainly the most appropriate way as a litigator from my perspective is you want to know what the facts are before you have your experts

decide what their opinions are going to be or --

THE COURT: Yes. But this is a very unusual situation, because we are purely dealing with jurisdictional issues. And, as I told Ms. Glaser on September 27th, 2011, I'd never had an expert testify in a jurisdictional hearing. I wasn't saying at the time I wouldn't let them testify, but I was. And I told her she needed to disclose the information. And if that's the disclosure, it doesn't seem to comply with 16.1's requirement for what experts are required to have disclosed, much less whether there's been a report or not.

MR. RANDALL JONES: Well, I guess my point is, Your Honor, is that at this point there was a disclosure, we've gone on from there. At this point the Court has told us now we're going to have a hearing in very short order.

THE COURT: I gave you 30 days' notice, almost 30 days' notice.

MR. RANDALL JONES: I'm not -- again, I'm just pointing out the facts. It is a short deadline. Mr. Bice got up and said initially they would be ready by September or November, and you said, that's not what's going to happen. That's fine. You're the judge. And you may not think this expert or any expert is appropriate to testify in a jurisdictional issue. We would like the opportunity to have this expert testify, or experts, as the case may be. We may not designate -- or use either one of them, but we would like

the opportunity. And, again, the path of this case has been certainly unusual in my experience, and I've only been in this, as Mr. Bice likes to point out, a relatively short period of time. We would like the opportunity to at least present this information to the Court. And, you know, if the Court says no, the Court says no. But we --

THE COURT: No, I don't have a problem listening to people tell me what the rules are. The question is whether the rules were followed. I mean, because they're very different issues as to what the rules are for being listed on the Hong Kong Exchange and the corporate governance issues between a parent company and its foreign subsidiary are very interesting issues from a practical standpoint and may impact us. But what best practices are and what actually happened is why I'm having a jurisdictional hearing.

MR. RANDALL JONES: Understood. Understood, Your Honor. Again, we're here simply saying we would like to use these experts -- actually, I can't even go that far. That's a decision we now are going to have to make in light of the ruling of the Court today of when we're going to have this hearing.

THE COURT: Well, I said, apparently on

September 27th, 2011, that the disclosure of experts could

either be by report or by the other method that the rule

dictates. That means that I relieved you from the requirement

of providing a report, because I allowed you to use the other 1 2 method the rule dictates. But if you're going to do that, the 3 disclosure must be within -- it must be prior to June 28th. MR. RANDALL JONES: That's --4 THE COURT: And if Mr. Bice needs to do something 5 6 because you have provided experts who tell us what the 7 expectations of the Hong Kong Exchange are and what the best practices of the relationship between a parent company and its 9 foreign subsidiary are, then I will listen to Mr. Bice. And if he needs to have someone speak on rebuttal to that issue, 10 11 he will be relieved of a report requirement --12 MR. RANDALL JONES: Understood, Your Honor. 13 THE COURT: -- because the timing won't permit it. MR. RANDALL JONES: Should we do that before the 14 15 28th, or by the 28th? 16 THE COURT: Before close of business on the 28th. 17 MR. RANDALL JONES: That's fine. 18 MR. PEEK: Thank you, Your Honor. 19 THE COURT: Mr. Bice, here's your copy back. 20 you for sharing that with me. 21 MR. BICE: Thank you, Your Honor. 22 THE COURT: Thank you for reminding me I'd already 23 addressed this issue two years ago. 24 MR. BICE: Depending on what I get on the 28th, Your 25 Honor, I guess I may be back in front of you --

THE COURT: Lucky for all of us, I'm here. 1 2 MR. BICE: Lucky for me. 3 -- to address this issue, because I don't believe 4 that was what we discussed back in 2011. I believe the rule provides a means to be relieved of the report requirement, and 5 it wasn't in any way followed. And now these experts haven't 6 7 been deposed, these experts haven't provided us with any information at all. 8 9 THE COURT: I understand what you're saying. 10 MR. BICE: So we'll see what we get. We may have a rebuttal witness, depending on what we get, and the rules will 11 12 -- I guess the rules will be applied to us in the same fashion 13 in which they apply to them. 14 THE COURT: I try to apply the rules equally to 15 everyone. MR. BICE: I wasn't suggesting that you weren't, 16 Your Honor. 17 18 THE COURT: They may seem draconian, but they're 19 applied equally. 20 Equally draconian, Your Honor? MR. PEEK: 21 MR. RANDALL JONES: You mean for today, Your Honor? 22 THE COURT: Yes, for today, Mr. Jones. 23 MR. RANDALL JONES: You have not made a decision on 24 the competing order. 25 THE COURT: I actually have. I just haven't 39

communicated it to you. I'm using parts of Mr. Bice's, parts 1 2 of Mr. Jones's, and rewriting part of the paragraphs, and you 3 should have it by the end of the day. 4 MR. BICE: All right. 5 THE COURT: That's why I asked Max while you are 6 here about the electronic versions, because I wanted to see if 7 anyone had any additions given the minute order that I issued 8 on Friday. Because I read the surreply, and I clarified a 9 couple issues in my minute order, and I need to make sure 10 those are incorporated. So I have an electronic version from 11 both of you. I can cut and paste better than you can, because 12 I know what's in my head. 13 MR. RANDALL JONES: I think -- if I understand your 14 order, I think you have addressed -- the minute order, I think 15 you have addressed some of our issues. 16 THE COURT: I tried. 17 Anything else? 18 MR. BICE: No. 19 THE COURT: All right. 20 THE PROCEEDINGS CONCLUDED AT 9:46 A.M. 21 22 23 24 25

CERTIFICATION
I CERTIFY THAT THE FOREGOING IS A CORRECT TRANSCRIPT FROM THE AUDIO-VISUAL RECORDING OF THE PROCEEDINGS IN THE ABOVE-ENTITLED MATTER.
AFFIRMATION
I AFFIRM THAT THIS TRANSCRIPT DOES NOT CONTAIN THE SOCIAL SECURITY OR TAX IDENTIFICATION NUMBER OF ANY PERSON OR ENTITY.
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6/19/13
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