-- in part some of the observations -- there was communication apparently from them back to CDC as they went through getting, you know, telling them their findings, what's going on, what they're doing, getting advice on where to go from there as far as the investigation was concerned.

Now, all of this was condensed into their report, essentially, but these are clearly handwritten notes of her contemporaneous observations and so forth at the time, which may be, you know, additionally some information that is not directly contained in the report.

To that degree I think counsel is certainly entitled to them, and we provided them as soon as we had access to them ourselves.

THE COURT: And we didn't know about these before?

MR. STAUDAHER: We knew about them this weekend and we attempted to get them this weekend, but with the time change and everything it was — they were not able to be sent here in advance, and we got them last night was the first time we had access.

THE COURT: Ckay. But before this weekend you didn't know about the --

MR. STAUDAHER: Not --

THE COURT: -- all these notes and --

MR. STAUDAHER: -- notes from her.

THE COURT: Okay. And my understanding is you have

two witnesses here today?

MR. STAUDAHER: Yes.

THE COURT: Can we maybe do the other witness first, then? Here's the thing --

MR. STAUDAHER: That's fine. I don't --

THE COURT: -- as you know, we're late. I mean, I agree, Mr. Wright needs time to look at the notes. That's, I think, a fair request. And I think, you know, he's had -- because a juror -- two jurors were late, one had a babysitting issue, the other juror had to go to the VA and he left the VA around 9. He's been in contact with my bailiff. We were kind of, you know, my bailiff was, you know, kind of rushing him to get here, so I'm reluctant now that we rushed the jurors here, the lady with the babysitting issue had to find a babysitter at the last minute, the gentleman who was at the VA, I'm reluctant now to say, okay, we rushed you here, sit in the back for another hour.

So if we can get started, that would be the Court's preference. Whether you want to put on the other witness and get through that person and then we'll have -- you know, as I said, I wanted to break around 1 to accommodate a juror who has to go to her child's graduation.

So, you know, it would be my preference to start now, you know -- if we take a longer lunch that's fine -- to give Mr. Wright the time he needs that will actually be

accommodating to one of the jurors. That would be my 1 2 preference. So could we start with the other --MR. WRIGHT: That's fine. 3 THE COURT: -- either start direct on this juror 4 (sic), -- I don't know how long that's going to take; that 5 might take a while, or start with the other juror [sic] and 6 let Mr. Wright and Mr. Santacroce do their cross of the other 7 juror. However we do it, I want to get, you know, with a few, 8 you know, bathroom breaks or whatever, I want to get us to 9 1:00 and then maybe take an hour and forty-five minute lunch 10 or whatever to give Mr. Wright the time he needs to review the 11 records that were produced. So --12 MR. STAUDAHER: That's fine. However the Court wants 13 to do it. We can start --14 THE COURT: Okay. Well, I --15 MR. STAUDAHER: -- with the second witness, that's 16 fine, cr, you know, that would be -- I think that would be 17 probably the most --18 19 THE COURT: All right. Let's do that, then. Can we do that? 20 MR. WRIGHT: Yes. 21 22 THE COURT: All right. MR. WRIGHT: Can we -- why don't we take -- I mean, 23 these came out in different page orders and things --24

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THE COURT: Okay.

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1	MR. WRIGHT: Margaret to mine. Why don't we take
2	one set of these, give them to Gayle Fischer Langley, ask her
3	to put the copy in the logical, correct order.
4	MS. WECKERLY: I'll have her do that while the other
5	one is testifying.
6	MR. WRIGHT: Right.
7	THE COURT: Okay. She can work on that in the
8	hallway.
9	MS. WECKERLY: Sure.
10	MR. WRIGHT: The
11	MS. WECKERLY: Oh, you don't want
12	MR. WRIGHT: Right. I've only got one set
13	MS. WECKERLY: Okay. That's okay.
14	MR. WRIGHT: okay.
15	MS. WECKERLY: I'll use my set.
16	MR. WRIGHT: Okay.
17	THE COURT: Okay.
18	MR. WRIGHT: Yeah, but
19	THE COURT: And then if they're in order
20	MR. WRIGHT: let her put them in order.
21	THE COURT: if you want to make another copy in
22	the back or whatever we need to do
23	MS. STANISH: Right. And maybe have her
24	THE COURT: to get this moving, we'll do that.
25	MS. STANISH: maybe have her put a just
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1	handwrite a page number on the top so we can refer
2	MS. WECKERLY: Okay. And then
3	MS. STANISH: to some with her.
4	MS. WECKERLY: I can also on the break have her
5	stay if you have questions about the order or anything like
6	that, you know, when we're on the lunch break.
7	MR. WRIGHT: Okay.
8	MS. WECKERLY: We'll have her explain
9	MR. WRIGHT: Yeah, she can put one set just the
10	whole order
11	MS. WECKERLY: Okay.
12	MR. WRIGHT: chronologically.
13	MS. WECKERLY: That's fine.
14	THE COURT: Right. If you need to talk to her over
15	the lunch break, you can certainly have her you can use the
16	courtroom, you can use the vestibule
17	MS. STANISH: Sure.
18	THE COURT: or whatever you need to do.
19	MR. WRIGHT: Okey-doke.
20	THE COURT: So all right. Having said that, can we
21	bring the jury in and get started?
22	MS. STANISH: Yes.
23	THE COURT: All right.
24	(Pause in the proceedings.)
25	THE MARSHAL: Ladies and gentlemen, please rise for
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1	the presence of the jury.		
2	(Jury entering at 9:53 a.m.)		
3	THE MARSHAL: Thank you, everybody. You may be		
4	seated.		
5	THE COURT: All right. Court is now back in session.		
6	The record should reflect the presence of the State, the		
7	defendants and their counsel, the officers of the court, and		
8	the ladies and gentlemen of the jury.		
9	And the State may call its next witness.		
10	MR. STAUDAHER: State calls Dr. Melissa Schaefer,		
11	Your Honor.		
12	THE COURT: All right.		
13	THE MARSHAL: Will you step right up there for me,		
14	please. Remain standing. Raise your right hand and face that		
15	young lady to the left.		
16	MELISSA SCHAEFER, STATE'S WITNESS, SWORN		
17	THE CLERK: Thank you. Please be seated. Will you		
18	please state and spell your first and last name for the		
19	record.		
20	THE WITNESS: My name is Melissa Schaefer,		
21	M-E-L-I-S-S-A, S-C-H-A-E-F, as in Frank, E-R.		
22	THE COURT: All right. Thank you.		
23	Mr. Staudaher?		
24	MR. STAUDAHER: Thank you, Your Honor.		
25	DIRECT EXAMINATION		

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1	BY MR. STAUDAHER:		
2	Q Dr. Schaefer, what do you do for a living?		
3	A I am a medical officer at the Centers for		
4	Disease Control and Prevention in Atlanta, Georgia.		
5	Q And how long have you done that job?		
6	A Since 2009. So almost four years now.		
7	Q I'm going to take you back in time a bit. Would		
8	but before we get to an investigation that I want to ask		
9	you some questions about, could you go through a little bit of		
10	your training and background that led you to be in the		
11	position you are today.		
12	A Sure. So I'm a physician. I got my medical		
13	degree from Northwestern University in Chicago in 2003; and		
14	then I did an emergency medicine residency at UC Davis in		
15	Sacramento, which was a three-year residency, and got board		
16	certified in emergency medicine; and then moved on to do a		
17	fellowship program at the Centers for Disease Control and		
18	Prevention.		
19	Q So when you say "fellowship program," what is		
20	that?		
21	A So it was a two-year fellowship, or training		
22	program. Essentially in epidemiology or public health.		
23	Q So that was an area that you had interest or		
24	A Yes.		
25	Q how did you get into it in the first place?		
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A Yeah. So it was an area I had interest and basically wanted to move from kind of direct patient care one-on-one to, you know, a bigger impact in healthcare; and so that was, to me, public health and seemed like a great opportunity.

- Q Now, you mentioned that you did a residency in -- in the emergency room or emergency medicine?
  - A In emergency medicine, yes.
- Q Did you actually practice in that capacity for any length of time?

A Following my residency, no. I was — it was a three-year residency, so I'm working as a physician in the hospital training in that field.

Q So you did the training you -- in that specialty area, and then when you finished you went to the CDC?

A Yeah. So I did the training in that field. I completed the series of exams in order to get board certified or recognized as certified in emergency medicine, and then went after that to do the program at CDC.

Q And in that program at CDC, what kind of training does that entail?

A So it's a two-year training program. They take, you know, physicians, nurses, PhDs; you apply, you go through an interview process, and then you get accepted or rejected into the program. And then you get -- you choose amongst

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different divisions or locations at CDC or as a CDC person in different state health departments. And then depending on the specialty of where you end up, you work within that division and that field with that group.

I'm going to take you back in time a little bit now to the beginning of 2008 -- January 2008. You know why you're here today, correct?

> Α Yes.

- Were you part of an investigation related to a potential hepatitis C outbreak at the time at the Southern Nevada Health District -- a call that came in from them and related to that issue?
  - Yes, I was part of that investigation.
- Can you tell us how it was that you became 0 involved and then how you ended up getting out here?

Sure. So the Southern Nevada Health District contacted CDC, and so that would have been my supervisor as well as Dr. Langley's supervisor to talk about, I think they had two cases of acute hepatitis C virus infection in patients who had a common exposure at a clinic, and then within a day of that phone call, I think had identified a third patient, which was unusual, and so wanted to discuss it with CDC and get some assistance. So -- sorry, go ahead.

- I'm sorry. Go ahead. I didn't mean any --
- So that call would have come in to our

supervisors, and then they eventually pulled us in.

Q Now, when you say two cases, that doesn't sound like a lot, but what's the issue?

A So Southern Nevada Health District, I think, typically reported zero to four cases of acute hepatitis C virus infection per year. And so then, you know, a couple-day time period they had two acute cases reported to them, and these people — and I'd have to look at — at their notes or whatever, but I don't think had any traditional risk factors for hepatitis C virus infection in that six-month period before they had symptoms. And — but they had both gotten a procedure at the same clinic around the same time period, and so that was a red flag.

Q So you're -- I mean, were you part of this initial phone call?

A I don't think I was on that -- I can't remember if I was on that initial phone call or if it was an email. I don't recall exactly when I was pulled in. I know I was on a call before we came out, but I think our supervisors were more the first -- the first point of contact for this.

Q If you know, in relation to the call that came in from Nevada, how quickly or how soon thereafter did that third case come into — into play?

A I think it was the following day, yeah.

Q So after --

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1	A I think it was the		
2	Q — that third case came into play, was there		
3	some plan to put into motion for you-all to come out and help		
4	with the investigation?		
5	A Yeah. So at that point they issued an		
6	invitation for us to do an Epi-Aid investigation, or basically		
7	have a team from CDC travel to Las Vegas to work with the		
8	Health Department to do a field investigation.		
9	Q Okay. You mentioned the term "Epi-Aid"		
10	A Right.		
11	Q what does that mean?		
12	A Essentially in order for CDC to go anywhere,		
13	we need to get an invitation from the Health Department, and		
14	we're giving aid in an epidemiologic investigation, so it's an		
15	Epi-Aid. We will send a team to work with the Health		
16	Department to do the investigation.		
17	Q Moving kind of into the future of your		
18	investigation, at some point do you have to generate a report		
19	as a result of being called out to help with the community		
20	investigation?		
21	A Yes.		
22	Q And did you do that in this case?		
23	A Yes, we did.		
24	Q And what was the title of that report?		
25	A It's a trip report. Sometimes it's called an		
	ll .		

1	Epi-2, but it a trip report is essentially what we refer to		
2	it as.		
3	Q Okay. So "trip" does that mean the trip that		
4	you went out to investigate?		
5	A Right. So we took a trip to Las Vegas, so it's		
6	the summary of our investigating in Las Vegas. Some of these		
7	investigations you don't have to travel for, but we did, so we		
8	call it a trip report.		
9	Q So if it's referred to as "trip report" or		
10	Epi-Aid report" or "Epi-Aid trip report," is it the same thing		
11	that we're talking about?		
12	A Yes.		
13	Q Okay. You come out to Las Vegas did you come		
14	cut by yourself or with anybody else?		
15	A I came out with Dr. Fischer or Langley she		
16	was Dr. Fischer at the time, but Dr. Fischer or Langley.		
17	Q Okay. So her name is changed but		
18	A Yes.		
19	Q she's still the same person?		
20	A Same person. Yes.		
21	Q So you come out with her. Anybody else that		
22	accompanied you from CDC?		
23	A No.		
24	Q So just you two. How does it go when you get		
25	out here to Las Vegas?		

A So -- I should say that we had supervisors back in Atlanta, our home team, who we were in, you know, daily contact with who were helping to supervise and frequent contact -- working on the investigation with us, but as far as traveling to Las Vegas, it was Dr. Langley and I.

So we arrived in Las Vegas and went to the Health
Department and interest — an entrance meeting with folks from
the Health Department, folks from the Bureau of Licensure and
Certification. I don't recall who all was at this meeting,
but basically the public health group to talk about why we
were there, what we were going to do, how we were going to
work together to do it.

- Q Do you remember when -- what day that was --
- A I think it was --
- Q -- when you first came out?
- A -- January 9 is the day we arrived, I think.
- Q Okay. So you get the call from -- obviously before that. Do you remember what day the call came in?

A I think we've said January 2 in the reports that we've generated. That sounds right.

- Q That's about right?
- A I think so.
- Q Okay. So a call comes in around the second of January, and then on the 9th you're actually physically out in Las Vegas?

1	1		

A Correct.

Q Is -- you mentioned that beside you and Dr. Fischer Langley or -- or Langley, I guess is what it is now --

A Yes.

Q -- that beside you actually physically being here, working with the local -- local entity that does investigations, you were in communication back with your --

sort of the mother ship or the -- or CDC?

A The home team, yes.

Q How does that work when you -- when you're in an investigation, how and why do you even communicate back and forth?

A So whenever we do an Epi -- an Epi-Aid, essentially you have the field team, which was Dr. Langley and myself, and then you have the supervisors which are back in Atlanta. And so those are the folks that are supervising us as we're doing the investigation, so we're doing, you know, daily calls back with them to say here's what we accomplished today, here's what we saw, here's what we found. They give feedback on, okay, you need to X, Y, and Z tomorrow, or we agree with your plan or look more into this.

So they, you know, are employees at CDC that have been there longer than us. I'm in a training program, so they're part of supervision for us.

So do you rely on their aid as well, as far as

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how -- areas to go in your investigation, looking at things that you may have missed, that kind of thing?

A Yeah, so we, you know, obviously we were talking to them before we come out to get a game plan together for what we're going to do when we arrive and, you know, relying on their experience from prior outbreaks and, you know, looking at literature ourselves; and then as we're talking each day of, you know, here's what we did today, going through the game plan, moving forward.

Q Now, it seems — and please explain to us if you can — when you go to do an investigation for an outbreak or for a restaurant or whatever the issue is that you're trying to help with the local entity that has called you in, are they all different or do they pretty much follow the same pattern?

A Well, so I guess I should — should qualify by saying I was an EIS officer and am currently employed in the division of healthcare quality promotion.

Q And before we go any further, "EIS" means what?

A The epidemic intelligence service. So that's the two-year fellowship program I mentioned. I'm sorry.

Q Okay. Sorry, I didn't mean to interrupt you.

A No. No. So I am in the division of healthcare quality promotion. So we focus on patient and healthcare worker safety. So we got involved in this because it looked like it was an outbreak tied to a healthcare setting. And

then Dr. Langley was an EIS officer in the division of viral hepatitis. And so since we had cases of acute hepatitis C virus infection, we thought we were looking at an outbreak of hepatitis. That's where they got involved.

So we're working together bringing different areas of expertise to the table. So I wouldn't necessarily do a restaurant investigation. That would be other folks.

- Q And I just used that as an example, I'm sorry.
- A Yeah, I know, but -- right.
- Q So if I understand you correctly, because of the type the type of facility that might be involved, the actual infectious agent and so forth, that's what sort of picked, so to speak although CDC decides who actually goes that goes to the calculus of what I mean, who actually is going to come out to do the investigation?

A Yeah. So when Southern Nevada Health District had this issue, they're calling, and that call is going to go to the division of viral hepatitis and to our group because of those factors. And then we're the folks that are going to go to assist if we're invited.

- Q So you complemented each other, then, in your areas?
  - A Yes.

Q Was that the plan to have some complementary sort of investigation going on?

Yeah. Yeah, and that's -- that's how we've 1 2 historically done it and, you know, even in my time since 3 then, if there is a hepatitis outbreak that looks like it's 4 linked to healthcare, our groups work very closely together. 5 Okay. So you come out together -- all right. 6 Do you arrive on the same plane? 7 Α Yes. 8 Are you from the same location --9 Yes. Α 10 -- when you -- when you start out? 11 Yes. 12 Okay. So you get here, what's -- what happens 13 when you first arrive in Las Vegas? 14 So we went to the health department and that's 15 where we had that entrance or the first meeting with us, the 16 Board of Licensure and Certification, which are the regulatory 17 folks, and the health department. And that's where, you know, 18 everyone was there at the health department to talk about what 19 brought us there and what our plans were moving forward for 20 this investigation. 21 So you all meet -- did you know at the Okav. 22 time how close in proximity this clinic was to the health 23 district itself? 24 I think they mentioned that it was within 25 walking distance, so yes.

1	Q So did you actually walk there?
2	A We did.
3	Q Okay. So you know how close it was?
4	A Yes.
5	Q At the time that you're at the the health
6	district and you're going through the meeting and talking
7	about it, is does anybody ever call over to the clinic to
8	let them know you're going to come over there?
9	A Yes.
10	Q So you just didn't show up on their front door.
11	You at least called over and said, hey, we're going to come
12	over or we'd like to, something along those lines?
13	A I did not call, but yes, someone called.
14	Q Okay. So after the call is made, what do you
15	do?
16	A We walked to the clinic.
17	Q So you come over there; when you get to the
18	clinic, roughly what time of day was it, if you can recall?
19	A I don't recall. It was it was afternoon, it
20	was after lunch, it was probably getting later in the
21	afternoon toward when the clinic I think was wrapping up for
22	the day. It was later in the
23	Q So they were
24	A afternoon, so
25	Q near the end of their schedule you think
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1	A I believe so
2	Q or close to it?
3	A yes.
4	Q When you get over there, what do you do?
5	A So we had
6	Q Before we go there, who is accompanying you
7	physically over to that location?
8	A So it was myself, it was Dr. Langley from CDC,
9	it was Brian Labus from the Southern Nevada Health District.
10	I believe we had folks from the the regulatory folks from
11	Board of Licensure and Certification, although I'm not 100
12	percent, but I know for certain Dr. Langley and Brian and I
13	were there.
14	Q So you go over. What do you do?
15	A So we had an entrance meeting with the folks at
16	the the ambulatory surgery center or the clinic to tell
17	them this is why we're here, this is what our concerns are,
18	and this is our plan for an investigation here.
19	Q So do you tell them that we're going to come
20	back tomorrow or the next day or or some other time? Or
21	how does that I mean, what kind of information do you give
22	them about how you're going to conduct your investigation?
23	A Yeah, so we, you know, had a meeting with a
24	couple folks while they are basically saying, you know, we had
25	these reports of acute hepatitis C infection. They had

procedures at your facility, so we're planning to do an investigation here. We'll be here for several days on site to look at your records, to look at procedures while you're taking care of patients to try to figure out how or where these people got their infection and make any recommendations to stop transmission if it occurred here.

Q And you mentioned records. Why would records be important to look at?

A So we look at medical records of patients and — to verify their infection, to see if they were infected before they actually had the procedure there, and also to look at what procedure they had and look for commonalities amongst the cases. You know, did they all get the same medicine? Did they all have procedures on the same day? Did they all have the same healthcare worker? You know, looking for common things that could have resulted in transmission.

Q You typically start your investigation with a, sort of a paper review like that, or how do you — how do you go about it?

A I mean, it can vary; you have to be flexible. But typically, yes, we will look at medical records to, again, get at some of those commonalities which can help direct our observations. You know, if we all — if we know that all the patients had the same procedure with the same healthcare workers, then we're going to want to make sure to observe that

healthcare worker if we can, those kinds of things. 1 2 So it gives you a roadmap as to how to do your observational [inaudible] investigation? 3 Yeah, it can inform how we, you know -- making Α 4 sure that we check the right boxes for observations, yeah. 5 So if -- and let's go back. You're -- you're 6 over at the clinic, you come later in the day, you meet and 7 have -- and have this sort of general meeting; you know who 8 you met with at the clinic? 9 So I know we met with Ms. Rushing, Tonya 10 Rushing, I think her name is. I think Dr. Cliff Carrol was 11 there as well. And then there may have been one or two nurses 12 or a nurse manager there. I don't recall names, but I know 13 for sure that at least Ms. Rushing and Dr. Carrol were there. 14 15 So -- but a small group? 0 Yes, we were in --16 Α 17 Two to four ---- Ms. Rushing's --18 19 -- people? Q 20 -- office, so, yes. And now, her office -- was it located on the 21 ground floor, or was it up higher? 22 23 No, it was upstairs. Α So you come in and -- I mean, when you walk into 24 25 the facility, they -- did they know you were actually walking

over to come see them?

A Yeah. So I believe it was Brian Labus who had called to tell them that we were coming over. And I don't recall the specifics that if they met us there or if they told us where to go, but I know we ended up in — in, I believe, her office.

Q So that -- you come in however you come in and you end up at -- on one of the higher floors --

A Yeah.

Q -- to talk with Tonya and Clifford Carrol and whomever else was there?

A Correct.

Q Now, when you are up there, you're doing this discussion. I mean, how long does this conversation take place? Do you tell him anything about what you found, what you're there for, any of that?

A You know, I don't recall all of the details of the discussion. We obviously told them that we were looking into these case — reports of hepatitis C virus infection in patients who had procedures at their facility, and told them that we would be conducting an on-site investigation, and I don't recall any, you know, the specifics of — of any more of that, really.

Q Now, that day after the meeting, what do you do?

Do you -- do you leave? Do you come back? I mean --

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So, I think on that day we went back downstairs nd of a walk-through to, you know, take a look at the facility, how things were set up. And I d one observation of a procedure that day, I nk it was the last case of the day, you know, there and wrapping up. I think we went in, I d one observation that day.

Okay. But then you left?

Correct. I think they were closing up. I don't e reviewed any records or if they were going to us for the next day, but yes, I think then we

So you say, "the next day." Is it the next day back?

Yes.

How many days were you there in the clinic after ctually reviewing things?

So I think we were in Las Vegas for nine or ten d have been at the clinic pretty much all of I'm trying to think if there was one day that osed on, like, a Sunday, but I think we were there every day.

So on -- and that includes the weekends?

Yeah. Yes.

So if you start on a Wednesday or a

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Thursday or whatever it is, you would continue to go through the following weekend into the next week?

A Right.

Q When you are there on the weekends, procedures going on, or are you doing chart review?

A I don't remember honestly, for the weekend. I think we probably did chart review. I don't know that they had any cases going on on Saturday. I think it was just a chart-review day, but I -- I don't remember.

Q Let's walk through your -- your first couple of days. What is the main emphasis? You mentioned chart review to get your roadmap --

A Right.

Q -- and how long did you do that before you were actually down looking at procedures and so forth?

A Well, so when we're doing chart review, we have what we call an abstraction form, which is essentially a form that we develop that's standardized to make sure that when we're looking at the medical records, we're all documenting the same information systematically for each record.

So, you know, you complete this form and it will have fields for, you know, procedure information, meds they received, personnel that took care of them, so that we're — we're collecting that systematically.

And so we were looking at records for those three

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cases we knew about, and essentially looking at the days they had procedures, looking at the records of all the other patients that had procedures on those days to see is there anybody else who is infected that we don't know about, any other cases we haven't heard about yet, or anybody who had their infection before they came there that could have been a source for these patients, for their infection.

So again, collecting that information for everybody on those days is what we're looking at.

Q When you — when you say you're looking at the records, and you said some of the information that you're actually looking for, is there anything specific that you're looking for in the record? Not just the — the healthcare worker, or, you know, the type of procedure they had, but I mean, is there something that you can glean from the records that gives you an idea that there may be something to focus on specifically?

A Well, so again, we're looking at commonalities and so — I guess I should go through, you know, when you were doing the hepatitis investigation there are certain ways you can get hepatitis, and so we're focusing on, you know, how hepatitis is transmitted in what we're observing or looking for.

And then when we're looking at the records, again, like I said, we're looking for commonalities. Did these

people have the same scope used on all of them? Did they all get a biopsy? Did they all get the same medication? Did they get re-dosed with their medication? What time of day did they have their procedure and in what order? Who was -- who was the healthcare worker, you know, caring for them? Was there the same worker for everybody? Did they get, you know, blood-glucose monitoring? I mean, we're looking at, you know, common links amongst everyone that could explain how transmission might have occurred. 

Q Now, is it sufficient to just use the chart work to — to look for those commonalities to figure it out, or do you have to actually — have to actually do observation as well?

- A You have to do both, yes.
- Q And did you do both in this case?
- A We did.

Q So after that period of chart review, whatever it was, is that primarily when you started doing the observations in conjunction with the continuation of that chart review?

A Correct. I mean, we were doing chart review throughout our time there, but yes, we were — then had moved on to do observations.

Q And you said you focused on the two — two days when you had patients that were infected, correct?

1	A Yes.
2	Q And when you locked at that, you said you looked
3	at all of the patients on those on those two days?
4	A Correct.
5	Q Now, did the clinic staff help pull those
6	records for those dates for you, or did you just wander
7	through the medical records unit and just do it yourself?
8	A No, they pulled the records for us.
9	Q So you relied on them to help you at least to
10	categorize things to
11	A Yes.
12	Q to look
13	A Yes.
14	Q at?
15	A Yes.
16	Q How many people were assigned to that chart
17	review during the process and how many people were assigned to
18	do observation? Did you do combinations?
19	A Yes, we did combinations. As far as chart
20	reviews, so Dr. Langley and myself, and then I believe there
21	were some folks from Southern Nevada Health District that
22	helped as well. I can't recall exactly how many. Maybe two
23	or three people. But that's why we have a form that we all
24	use so that everybody is collecting things the same way.
25	And then the same with observations. Dr. Langley

and myself, Brian Labus from Southern Nevada, the Board of Licensure and Certification. The regulatory folks were doing their own investigation, but they were there reviewing their own records and doing their own observations in parallel with us.

Q So even though there are other people there like the Bureau of Licensing and Certification, and maybe Brian Labus with the Health District, and maybe anybody from his — his unit, and then, obviously you and Ms. Langley — or Dr. Langley. I assume you talked together at some point; is that right?

A Yeah. So we — the clinic gave us a conference room that we were all — had a table where they brought all the records and we were all able to gather in, you know, each day to do the record review and abstraction, to — to have meetings with each other to talk about things we were seeing or doing.

So we were pretty much together, you know, the whole time other than when, you know, if we were separated for some observations.

Q So are you at least aware of what's going on with other portions of the investigation at the time?

A Yes.

Q And when you find something in a chart or something -- somebody observes something, do -- do you point

it out to each other --

A Yes.

 $\ensuremath{\mathtt{Q}}$  — so that everybody else can look and try to see the same things?

A Yes. We discuss as we're going, you know, what we're seeing, what we're finding; and I think as I mentioned, you know, Dr. Langley and I are doing, you know, daily calls back with this home team at CDC, so she and I are staying at the same motel, you know, meeting together to cover the day's events as well.

Q Now, the -- during the time that you're there, the -- the volume of patients coming through, was there anything about that that struck you?

A I mean, it seemed like they were very busy. It was a two-procedure room clinic and patients were moving through pretty quickly.

Q Something you noted, though?

A Yeah.

Q Okay. Was that something that went into your analysis that -- of actually the volume of patients kind of going through? How did that --

A I mean, we recorded the number of patients seen each day. And as I said, we, you know, focused on primarily these two dates where we had — where our patients had their procedures. So obviously, we had the list of all the patients

seen on those days.

- Q On those days?
- A Correct.
- Q The days that you were actually there observing, did you record anything related to that as well?
  - A I don't think so, no.
  - Q You just noted it?
  - A Yes.

Q Okay. Now, you mentioned the -- the chart review. Did -- when you were going through the chart review, did you know -- did anything start sticking out in your mind or -- or as you're looking at it, is that something that either you wanted to follow up on or something that seemed a bit odd? Anything like that as you go through the charts?

A It was — it was hard for us to actually get an order that patients went in for their procedures. They had two procedure rooms, but there was no room number or delineation documented, so it wasn't possible for us through the record to tell which patient was in which room.

So then we were looking at times recorded, and that was also challenging because there seemed to be some overlapping times where maybe a healthcare provider was documented in two places at the same time. And so I think we were challenged even — and I think we mentioned this in — in our, you know, our report of trying to get the correct order

that everybody was in for their procedures.

Generally, did you feel that after you looked at all of the different sources that you had the general order

Yeah. I mean, we did the best we could based on the times to try to get a general order.

Was -- so is it fair to say that -- that accurate documenting in the record was important for you?

Sure. Yes.

If you had learned that it was completely fabricated or portions were completely fabricated, would that have been a concern?

Yes.

Specifically the anesthesia records in the case, did you review those?

Yes.

Why would you have need to even look at those

I mean, again, it's trying to get an order that patients were in. We also were looking at the anesthesia records to see what medications patients received. They get, you know, an IV to sedate them for their procedure, so looking to see what medications were administered, who administered it, how many doses were administered. So trying to -- to

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Q That kind of information, does that relate to direct modes of transmission that you were familiar with?

A Right. So, you know, one of the -- I'd say the most frequent or one of the most frequent mechanisms of transmission when we see hepatitis in a healthcare setting is from unsafe injection practices or mishandling of medications.

Q Okay. So that was one area you were looking at?

A Sure.

Q To the exclusion of all others or -- or how did it work? I mean, how do you decide what to focus on or what to do as far as your investigation?

A So again, it's, you know, knowing how the virus is transmitted, knowing kind of the history of outbreaks and mechanisms of transmission and possibilities, and so we tried to make sure we covered the bases to look at all those possibilities.

Q So when you move to your observational sort of aspect of it — I know you're still continuing with the chart review, but when you move to the observational part, what kinds of things were you looking for or looking at?

A So we're looking for opportunities of — of blood exposure and shared equipment or shared medications between patients. So, you know, we asked do they do any finger-stick testing for diabetics, for blood-glucose monitoring, you know, that they could share equipment. They

didn't do that there, so that was not an issue.

We looked at, you know, the medications that folks are getting. They're all — or for the most part all getting an IV and getting medication for sedation and getting, you know, some of them are getting saline to flush. So we're looking at how those meds are handled and administered.

They're getting an endoscopy procedure, which is why they're there, so we're looking at the scopes that are used to see if there's any scope in common and how it's reprocessed to make sure that's done appropriately. Some of them are getting biopsies, taking tissue, you know, from their colon or from their esophagus, and so we're looking at that process.

I mean, I think those are some of the — the main things. We're looking at, you know, there's been reports of a health — healthcare workers being infected themselves with hepatitis and transmitting to patients through theft of narcotics and — and misuse of that. So we're looking did any of these patients get narcotics and is that a possibility.

Q Okay. Did you also decide whether they got narcotics or the like? And just sticking with that one part for just a moment, are we talking about, like, a physician or healthcare worker that might be stealing the medication and using it?

- A Correct.
- Q And then maybe contaminating because that --

1	that supply because they are in fact infected infected
2	themselves?
3	A Correct.
4	Q And then that is used to another for
5	another patient and then infects that patient?
6	A Correct.
7	Q Did you look at the aspect of that in the
8	practice?
9	A We did.
10	Q In doing so did you do you look at things
11	like where the medication is stored, who has access to it,
12	that kind of thing?
13	A Correct.
14	Q Again, did you look at those all of those
15	aspects?
16	A Yes.
17	Q Any issue there with regard to that that sort
18	of narcotic medication that was available at the clinic?
19	A No.
20	Q Now, you had mentioned flushes and IV's and the
21	like. Were there specific areas of the practice where things
22	were done that you focused on, meaning, like, a preop area, a
23	postop area, a procedure room, things like that?
24	A Yes.
25	Q Can you tell us about that, how you kind of
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walked through that?

them their medicine. So in some instances a nurse would place the IV in this preop area, so the patient would be changed in their gown and they would go and sit in this area to get their IV placed. And so typically we were told that when the IV is placed, if it's placed by a nurse in that preop area, they'll flush it with saline; and essentially, that's just to keep the line open so that it doesn't clot off by the time they go back for their procedure to get their medicine.

And so we did observe — did some observations in that area. They had — I think they were 20 cc vials of saline that are multidose saline vials that they did use for multiple patients. And so the practice would essentially be to place an IV, to draw up, you know, 1 or 2 cc of saline or 1 or 2 ml of saline and go ahead and inject it into that IV to leave it open. And then the patient would go, you know, for their procedure when they were called.

Q So what would be the issue there? What would you be looking at?

A So we're looking to see, you know, is there any possibility for contamination of that vial since it's used for multiple patients; but because you don't typically for the —for this short waiting time need to give an — another flush or another dose of saline, they didn't have any reason to go

back into the vial for the patient to get a second dose.

So essentially they would take a new needle and a new syringe, draw up those 1 to 2 cc, give it to the patient, discard the needle and syringe, and then the patient is waiting for their procedure and then the vial is hanging out for the next patient.

- Q Okay. Did you observe anything amiss there at all?
  - A Not that I can recall, no.
    - Q Okay. Would you have noted it had you --
  - A Yeah, it --

- Q -- seen something?
  - A -- would have been in our report.
  - Q And it does not -- it's not in your report?
  - A It's not in our report, no.
- Q As far as the -- I mean, you mentioned multi-use of saline bottles; that's a known use for those kinds of bottles, correct?
- A If they're labeled multi-use, which means they have some type of preservative in them, yeah, they can be used for multiple patients assuming that you are safe about it.
- Q Did you ever see a breach in the sense of and I'm talking about the preop room there any of that, meaning that anybody took a used syringe and tried to go back into a bottle even?

1	A No, I did not.
2	Q You and I assume you interviewed people and
3	the like as well?
4	A Right.
5	Q And it was important for your investigation?
6	A Right.
7	Q Any indication from any source that there was
8	reuse of that medication, meaning multiple syringes going in
9	and out of those bottles?
10	A No.
11	Q So also I assume that you look at the people
12	that would be administering that medication?
13	A Right. And so that was typically the nurses
14	that were doing that. Actually, I think it was pretty much
15	always the nurses out there that were doing that. We were
16	told that the nurse anesthetist, if they placed an IV, they
17	didn't typically use flush because if they're placing the IV
18	they're going to give the sedative for the procedure at that
19	point.
20	So, you know, we did look at the saline flush, and
21	as I said, you know, we looked at patients on, you know, that
22	were on those two days, and there wasn't, like, a common nurse
23	that gave saline flush to all of our cases.
24	Q In fact, on the 25th was there even a nurse
25	involved in the saline flush for one of the patients?

1	А	No.
2	Q	Okay. So there's a
3	А	Well, so so I should I should clarify.
4	You're talking	g about the patient who had the the acute
5	hepatitis C i	nfection?
6	Q	That's correct.
7	А	Yes. There was not a a nurse that was
8	documented as	admin as putting the IV in for that patient.
9	Q	Who it was a CRNA?
10	A	Correct.
11	Q	Okay. So no nurse involved in that patient at
12	all?	
13	А	Well, there may have been a nurse in the
14	procedure roo	m
15	Q	Well
16	А	but as far as placing the IV, no.
17	Q	I misspoke. And that's what I was referring to
18	was	
19	А	Yes.
20	Q	related to the IV placement.
21	MR.	WRIGHT: Can I have foundation on this?
22	THE	COURT: Well, yeah
23	BY MR. STAUDA	AHER:
24	Q	We're talking about the 25th of July, correct
25	A	Correct.
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1	Q that date
2	A 2007, yes.
3	${ t Q}$ — and the source patient on that date is the
4	one we're talking about?
5	A Well, I was talking about the the case
6	patient, but it's also true for the source patient as well.
7	Q Okay. So on the case patient, which was the
8	do you remember the name of the case patient at that time?
9	A I don't. We try not to bring back names to CDC
10	of patients.
11	Q Eventually was that information I mean, those
12	those patients, did their blood samples go off to CDC?
13	MR. WRIGHT: The foundation I wanted is just how she
14	knows this. Or read it?
15	THE COURT: Did you
16	MR. STAUDAHER: Oh
17	MR. WRIGHT: Looked at it? Interviewed the people?
18	THE COURT: Okay. How
19	MR. STAUDAHER: That's fine. We'll go
20	THE COURT: did you glean this information?
21	THE WITNESS: Through a review of the medical record.
22	BY MR. STAUDAHER:
23	Q Okay. So you actually physically put your eyes
24	on the medical records and could see that kind of stuff?
25	A Yeah, and I can refer to our trip report if
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1	if we need to to
2	Q Sure. Go ahead, if you would.
3	A So this was the the Epi-Aid 2 or the trip
4	report that you mentioned.
5	MR. STAUDAHER: And just for Counsel, as she goes
6	through this, this is State's Exhibit 92.
7	THE COURT: And that's
8	MR. STAUDAHER: It starts with Bates No. 1 or
9	4199.
10	THE COURT: and that's been admitted, correct?
11	MR. STAUDAHER: Yes, it has been.
12	THE COURT: All right.
13	THE WITNESS: So this is on page 13 of that report.
14	It's tables 1 and table 2 that I'm referring to. Do I
15	MR. STAUDAHER: Let me
16	THE COURT: He's putting it
17	MR. STAUDAHER: go to it.
18	THE COURT: up oh.
19	THE WITNESS: Okay.
20	BY MR. STAUDAHER:
21	Q And just if we have to at any point and
22	these are new, so I don't know if they work the same as 2.2,
23	but you can just draw with your fingernail
24	A Oh.
25	Q on the screen, and then you just tap down
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here and it goes away. 1 2 Α Okay. All right? So if you have to clear it, you can 3 4 do that, okay? 5 Thank you. Okay. THE COURT: So he's going to put it up, and then it 6 7 -- the report will --8 THE WITNESS: I'll draw? 9 THE COURT: -- appear on the --10 THE WITNESS: Okay. THE COURT: -- monitor. 11 12 BY MR. STAUDAHER: 13 Okay. And you said page 13, correct? Yep, so table -- if you bring it up just a 14 little bit so you can see table 1 and 2. 15 Okay. I can zoom in on that a little --16 17 Α Okay. -- if we need to. I'll try to -- okay. 18 19 Α So this is our case patient 1 who had their procedure, as you can see, on July 25, 2007. They had a 20 The IV was started by one of the nurse 21 colonoscopy. anesthetists -- nurse anesthetist 4. And then, if you look 22 down on table 2, this is the patient who we ultimately linked 23 as the source patient, who also had their procedure on July 24 25, had their procedure before our patient. He became 25

1	infected and had their IV started by nurse anesthetist 4.
2	So this information was obtained from a review of
3	the records at the clinic.
4	Q So in this case both the source patient from the
5	25th the source patient and the infected patient had their
6	IV started by the nurse anesthetist?
7	A That was what was documented, yes.
8	Q And it was nurse anesthetist 4; do you know who
9	that was?
10	A That was Mr. Lakeman.
11	Q Okay. Ronald Lakeman?
12	A Yes.
13	Q So no no nurse involved and when I say
14	"nurse," because obviously he's a nurse too, but no preop
15	nurse or anybody involved in that in the IV insertion or
16	any saline flush or anything like that?
17	A Based on documentation it no.
18	Q Okay. Anything else I missed that you wanted to
19	point cut or no?
20	A I think this is it for the
21	Q Okay.
22	A for that question.
23	Q And we can come back to it if we need to.
24	A Okay.
25	Q Now, let's move forward. So we're talking about
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1	the preop area that you looked at, the commonalities in people
2	and whether or not even a nurse was involved in the IV,
3	correct?
4	A Correct.
5	Q The next area, as we understand, was a procedure
6	room?
7	A Correct.
8	Q Did you what did you do as far as either
9	observational work there or or work to try and determine
10	where there might be a potential source of infection?
11	A So the procedure room is basically where they're
12	having their procedure, so they go into the room; and
13	essentially what I did was, you know, kind of put myself in
14	the corner of the room so that I could, you know, as
15	unobtrusively as possible observe what was happening to, you
16	know, when they from when they wheeled the patient in to
17	when they wheeled the patient out. And basically kind of
18	stationed myself in there for a while to watch multiple
19	procedures.
20	Q Okay. Any issues there?
21	A Yes.
22	Q Okay. So that's where you is that the first
23	time that you actually saw something in the clinic that gave
24	you some concern?

A Yeah, I think so.

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1	Q Besides I'm not talking about the charts.
2	I'm talking about observational things.
3	A Yeah. Yes.
4	Q Okay. So so walk us through what you see.
5	A I mean, I think the main thing we saw there is
6	they're using the medicine that they're using to sedate
7	people or make them go to sleep or sleepy for the procedure is
8	a medication called propofol. And propofol is in a vial it
9	is labeled for single-patient use, and the clinic's practice
10	was to use those vials for multiple patients.
11	Q Now, are you personally I mean, as a
12	physician familiar with that drug?
13	A Yes.
14	Q Is that in your stint in the ER that you used
15	that drug or were familiar with it there?
16	A I did use it in the ER, yes.
17	Q You said that it's single patient use only; is
18	there a reason why?
19	A It doesn't have a it doesn't have a
20	preservative or a bacteria static a preservative that
21	essentially makes sure that bacteria can't multiply in there.
22	Yeah, they call it milk of anesthesia because
23	MR. WRIGHT: Say that again?
24	THE WITNESS: Milk of anesthesia.
25	MR. WRIGHT: Okay.
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1	THE WITNESS: because it's it looks like milk.
2	It's a white, opaque liquid, and, you know, there's concern
3	for bacterial growth that can happen in there if it's, you
4	know, used serially for multiple patients going in and out of
5	it over, you know, a prolonged period of time.
6	BY MR. STAUDAHER:
7	Q And that's just bacterial infection, correct?
8	A Right.
9	Q But are is it do I understand you
10	correctly that the bottles themselves say single patient use
11	only on them
12	A Yes.
13	Q or something to that effect?
14	A Yeah. Yes.
15	Q And is that generally known?
16	A Yes.
17	Q So at this point you're familiar with the
18	medication, you know kind of how it's supposed to be used, and
19	you're not seeing it used in that manner?
20	A Correct.
21	Q What else, if anything?
22	A I mean, I saw some lapses in hand hygiene, or,
23	you know, not looking like they were cleaning their the
24	nurse anesthetist was cleaning her hands appropriately, you
25	know, when she should have. Saw the propofol being used for

1	multiple patients. Saw some recapping of needles, which can
2	put the healthcare worker at risk of a needle disk injury.
3	Q But that would be a risk from basically an
4	infected patient to the healthcare worker
5	A Right. Right.
6	Q not the other way around
7	A Right.
8	Q correct?
9	A But we're looking at kind of everything, so
10	Q Everything? The hand washing and hygiene
11	issues, did those I mean, this this agent this
12	infectious agent hepatitis C is a blood-borne pathogen,
13	correct?
14	A Right.
15	Q Is that a concern that I mean, obviously it's
16	not the best thing, but is that a concern for the transmission
17	of just hand-washing issues?
18	A No, not particularly.
19	Q So at this point, though, if I understand you
20	correctly, the use the multiple use of this single-use
21	medication was a concern?
22	A Yes.
23	Q Now, you mentioned the CRNA you said female,
24	Are you actually observing this person yourself?
25	A Yes.

1	Q Do you know who that was?
2	A That was Ms. Hubbard.
3	Q And tell us what you observed during the time
4	that you're in the room with these multiple bottles.
5	A So
6	MR. WRIGHT: That's foundation. Just a date, if you
7	know
8	MR. STAUDAHER: Oh.
9	THE COURT: Right. If you know
10	MR. WRIGHT: like, where it is in your report?
11	THE COURT: which particular date
12	THE WITNESS: Can I look at my notes to see if I
13	BY MR. STAUDAHER:
14	Q Sure.
15	THE COURT: Sure.
16	BY MR. STAUDAHER:
17	Q If you need to refresh your memory, go ahead and
18	do so.
19	A if I made any notation of that. So I don't
20	recall the date. I don't have it documented. It was while we
21	were obviously in Las Vegas, so during those nine or ten days.
22	THE COURT: Do we need a I'm sorry, do we need a
23	break, or do we need more notepads?
24	UNIDENTIFIED JUROR: No, we need pens.
25	MR. STAUDAHER: New pens?
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1	UNIDENTIFIED JUROR: And paper.
2	MR. STAUDAHER: Okay.
3	THE COURT: So stop us and we'll get that to the
4	jurors
5	THE WITNESS: Nope, no problem.
6	THE COURT: and
7	All eyes are on the bailiff.
8	MR. STAUDAHER: Both of you need new ones?
9	THE COURT: Three new notepads?
10	UNIDENTIFIED JUROR: No, just two.
11	THE COURT: Just two? Does anyone need new pens?
12	Two new pens oh, three new pens?
13	(Pause in proceedings.)
14	THE COURT: All right. Everyone good to go? All
15	right. Mr. Staudaher, perhaps if you would recall your last
16	question you could state
17	MR. STAUDAHER: If I I'll try to the best of my
18	ability if I can do so.
19	THE COURT: State it again.
20	BY MR. STAUDAHER:
21	Q We were I think we were talking about in the
22	procedure room watch or seeing multiple vials and I asked
23	you who it was, you said Linda Hubbard, and I think we were at
24	the point where you were trying to discern in the scheme of
25	this this ten days that you were there, do you remember
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roughly where it was in that time period? 1 It would have been toward the beginning of, you 2 know, the first half of that because I think we did -- but I 3 4 can't give you the exact dates. We did some chart review, then we were doing some observations, and then we made some 5 recommendations to fix some practices. So this was obviously 6 7 before they had fixed the practices. 8 Okay. So let --MR. WRIGHT: And -- and she -- she indicates -- just 9 for the record, you looked at what when you were trying to 10 11 find the date? THE WITNESS: Oh, I was looking at the notes that I 12 had provided. I don't know if they're an exhibit or not, 13 14 but --15 MR. WRIGHT: Okay. 16 BY MR. STAUDAHER: 17 They're not. 18 Α Okay. 19 MR. WRIGHT: May I approach? 20 THE COURT: Sure. 21 MR. WRIGHT: Just --22 THE COURT: Just so Mr. Wright can --23 MR. WRIGHT: -- I've got a stack --24 THE WITNESS: Yes, sir. 25 MR. WRIGHT: -- so I just want to be --

1	THE WITNESS: Sure. So it's this you have the
2	right stack, and so I was looking here on page 3, and then
3	again on page 23 where it says Hubbard and perhaps some
4	handwritten notes.
5	MR. WRIGHT: Okay. You have the same stack that I
6	do?
7	THE WITNESS: Yes, sir
8	MR. WRIGHT: It's to 32?
9	THE WITNESS: I believe this is what they've
10	provided, so
11	MR. WRIGHT: Okay. Thank you very
12	THE WITNESS: let me just make sure.
13	MR. WRIGHT: much.
14	THE WITNESS: Well yep to 32.
15	MR. STAUDAHER: Okay. May I proceed, Your Honor?
16	BY MR. STAUDAHER:
17	Q So anyway, we're talking about Ms. Hubbard, your
18	cbservations of her
19	A Right.
20	Q and the fact that there appears to be
21	multiple or use of one bottle for more than one patient; is
22	that
23	A Right.
24	Q correct?
25	A Correct.
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REMARKS/ANNOTATIONS (For LCRO/OCRG Use Only) 26. CERTIFICATION OF INFORMANT Burial Date Issued
25. NAME AND ADDRESS OF CEMETERY OR CREMATORY
LIBINGAN NG BAYANI アドイ RECEIVED BY Underlying cause c. HEPATITIS C & CHRONIC KIDNEY DISEASE.

I. Other significant conditions contributing to death:

MATERNAL CONDITION (If the deceased is female aged 15-49 years old) OSPITAL NG MUNTINLUPA, ALABANG, MUNTINLUPA CITY CHOICMREUGIOUS SECT 9 CITZENSHIP 10. RESIDENCE HOSSONO. CAUSES OF DEATH (If the Antecedent cause ROMAN CATHOLIC RET. MIL. OFF. RODOLFO MICHELANGELO TOWER SUCAT MUNT. 080 AT THE OFFICE ence of External MUNTINLUPA CITY OSPITAL NG MUNTINLUPA METRO MANILA ROBE T ALBERT I. ARAGON MELANI MEANA -(For ages 0 to 7 days, accomplish items 14-19a at the back) ased is aged 8 days and over) FEDERICO MEANA, SR. (DEC.) 3 Hospital X Authority HEPATIC & UREMIC ENCEPHAL OPATHY IV CLERK OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR GENERAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH €0940309° 24a. BURIAL/CREMATION PERMIT 20 FEBRUARY 1935
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National Statistics Office MARRIED MRD MALE CARMELITA N. ERICTA

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Page 1 of 2, 2 Copies

5. That I am executing this affidavit to affect to the [puthfulness of the foregoing statements for all legal intents and purposes. In truth whereof, I have affixed my signature below this	ILMER RILLO KE Signation Lic. E 4014 No 3/20/09 at 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	CHILDREN AGED 0 TO 7 DAYS   CONTINUE TO FILL UP ITEM 20   CONTINUE TO FILL UP ITEM 20   CONTINUE TO FILL UP ITEM 20   CAUSES OF DEATH   I HEREBY CERTIFY that I have performed an autopsy upon the body of the deceased and that the cause Date   Continue Continue Certification of the deceased and that the cause Certification of the Cer
nnents for all legal intents and purposes.  Ner Printed Name of Affiant)  Libited to me his Community Tax Cert  Address  Address	LMER ILLO KEANA following  Lic. Embalmer  4014 No3/29/09 at Manila ate 9uly 10. 2012  CATION OF DEATH of legal age, single/married/divorced/widow/widower, los with law, do hereby depose and say: and mas buried/gremated in  on	eased and that the cause of death was

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CARMELITA N. ERICTA
Administrator and Civil Registrar General
National Statistics Office



Embassy of the United States of America

Manila, Philippines

Republic of the Philippines	)	
City of Manila	)	
Embassy of the United States of America	ca)	SS

I, <u>Jennifer Landau-Carter</u>, a Vice Consul of the United States of America at Manila, Philippines, duly commissioned and qualified, do hereby certify that

## \*\*JERMYN JULIUS R. CHECA\*\*

whose true signature and official seal are, respectively, subscribed and affixed to the foregoing (annexed) certificate (document), on the 12th day of April 2013, the date thereof, <u>Authentication Officer</u>, <u>Department of Foreign Affairs</u>, <u>Manila</u>, <u>Republic of the Philippines</u>, duly commissioned and qualified, to whose official acts, faith and credit are due. NOTE: This document is only to be used in the United States of America.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the American Consular Services at Manila, Philippines, this **15th** day of **April 2013**.

Vice Consul of the

United States of America

<sup>&</sup>quot;The Embassy assumes no responsibility for the truth or falsity of the representations, which appear in the foregoing (or, annexed) document (or specified elements of the document)."

# DEPARTMENT OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS

MANILA, PHILIPPINES



S.N. 11A 1382937

# AUTHENTIC ATION CERTIFICATE

Mhom Presents Shall Come, Greetings

the time of signing,	whose name appears.	of Foreign Affairs, do	JERMYN JULIUS R. CHECA
the time of signing, Administrator and Civil Registrar General, National Statistics Office	whose name appears signed in the attached certification (document, was at	of Foreign Affairs, do hereby certify that CARMELITA N. ERICTA ,	US R. CHECA . Authentication Officer of the Department

the There his acts the contents of the annexed document (s), and that full faith and credit may the Department assumes 8

Manila

duty appointed and qualified to sign

responsibility believe that the signatu seal af fixed to the said centry lication,

document are genuine.



City of Manila, Philippines, this
12th day of APRIL 20 hereunto set my hand at the IN WITNESS HERE OF, I have 201

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JERMYN J Authe document(s) is/are: tication Officer CHECA

Documentary (P5.00) Stamp

NSO Certified true copy of Death Certificate of 4980546 RODOLFO TORRILLO MEANA

(Not valid without DFA dry seal, red ribbon, documentary stamp and if document bears any visible physical tampering, erasures or if soiled and worn out). 0599 12 April 2013, sff

ANY ALTERATION OR ERASURE VOIDS THIS DOCUMENT

TO BE FILLED-UP AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR  5 8 9 10 10 11 198(a)/190 198(c) 198(a)/190 198(c)	Name in Print CLERK Tille or Position CLERK  Date Pastrons (For LCRO/OCRG Use Only)  ALBERT I. ARAGON  Signature Signature SIJSAN E. BIT LEDO  Name in Print Signature Signatu	NOF INCOMANT SUCREMENTAL SUPPLIES TO BE BURGET TO BURGET SUCAT MUNT.  DALIGHTER  ACKNOWLED TO BURGET SUCAT MUNT.  Date  ACKNOWLED TO BURGET SUCAT MUNT.  ACKNOWLED TO BURGET SUCAT	particulars are correct as near and that death occurred at	Jane CHEPATITIS C & CHRONIC KIDNEY DISEASE.  Joant conditions contributing to death:  CONDITION (If the deceased is female aged 15-49 years old)  CONDITION (If the deceased is female age	(Name of Hospital/Ciniofnethaliton/House No. St. Sarangay, Chyllunicipath, Province)  3 MUNTINLUPA, ALABANG, MUNTINLUPA CITY  SSECT 9 CITZENSHIP 10. RESIDENCE House No. St.  THOLIC FILIPINO UNITIP MICHELANGEL  12 NAME OFFATHER (First, Michie, Last)  VERY FEDERICO MEANA, SR. (DEC.) EXPECTACI  MEDICAL CERTIFICATE  (For ages 0 to 7 days, accomplish fiems 14-19a at the back  FH (If the decessed is aged 8 days and over)  BEPSIS  SEPSIS  TEXASTIC OF CHICAGO CITAGO CONTINUATION OF THE PROVINCE MEDICAL CERTIFICATE  15 SEPSIS	City/Municipality
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Administrator and Civil Registrar General
National Statistics Office

			JATIONAY STATIS
2. That the deceased at the time of hisher death.    was not attended by	CERTIFICATION OF EMBALMER TORRILLO NEANA following in HEREBY CERTIFICY that They embalmed all the regulations prescribed by the Department of Health.  Signature Romeo L. Burdeos Title/Designation 4014  Are Funeratta Paz-Sucat Inc. Loense No.3/20/09 at Manila Dr. A. Santos Ave., Paranaque City Expiry Date 9uly 10, 2012  AFFIDAVIT FOR DELAYED REGISTRATION OF DEATH  AFFIDAVIT FOR DELAYED REGISTRATION of legal age, single/married/divorced/widower, with residences for being duly swom in accordance with law, do hereby depose and say:  1. That divided the state of	19a. CAUSES OF DEATH  a Main disease/condition of infant  b. Other disease/condition of infant  c. Main maternal disease/condition affecting infant  d. Other maternal disease/condition affecting infant  e. Other relevant circumstances  CONTINUE TO FILL UP ITEM 20  POSTMORTEM CERTIFICATE OF DEATH  I HEREBY CERTIFY that I have performed an autopsy upon the body of the deceased and that the cause of death was same in Print  Name in Print  Address  Address  Address	**CHILDRENAGED 0 TO 7 DAYS  **CHILDRENAGED 0 TO 7 DAYS  **AGE OF MOTHER**  15. METHOD OF DELIVERY(Normal spontaneous   16. LENGTH OF PREGNANCY: (in completed weeks)  **THOSE OF BIRTH**  (Single Twin, Triplet etc)  **TYPE OF BIRTH**  (Single Twin, Triplet etc)  **TYPE OF BIRTH**  (First, Second, Third, etc)

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CARMELITA N. ERICTA
Administrator and Civil Registrar General
National Statistics Office

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CLERK OF THE COURT

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

\* \* \* \* \*

THE STATE OF NEVADA,	)
Plaintiff,	) CASE NO. C265107-1,2 ) CASE NO. C283381-1,2
VS.	) DEPT NO. XXI )
DIPAK KANTILAL DESAI, RONALD E. LAKEMAN,	) )
Defendants.	) TRANSCRIPT OF ) PROCEEDING

BEFORE THE HONORABLE VALERIE ADAIR, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

JURY TRIAL - DAY 28

TUESDAY, JUNE 4, 2013

APPEARANCES:

FOR THE STATE:

MICHAEL V. STAUDAHER, ESQ.

PAMELA WECKERLY, ESQ.

Chief Deputy District Attorneys

FOR DEFENDANT DESAI:

RICHARD A. WRIGHT, ESQ.

MARGARET M. STANISH, ESQ.

FOR DEFENDANT LAKEMAN: FREDERICK A. SANTACROCE, ESQ.

RECORDED BY JANIE OLSEN COURT RECORDER TRANSCRIBED BY: KARR Reporting, Inc.

## INDEX

# WITNESSES FOR THE STATE:

MELISSA SCHAEFER

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## EXHIBITS

# STATE'S EXHIBITS ADMITTED: PAGE 164 and 50 63

1	LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, TUESDAY, JUNE 4, 2013, 9:30 A.M.
2	* * * *
3	(Outside the presence of the jury.)
4	THE COURT: All right. If everyone's ready?
5	MR. WRIGHT: No.
6	THE COURT: What's wrong?
7	MR. WRIGHT: I'm barely halfway through the notes
8	that were produced this morning, and my suggestion is putting
9	Langley on the stand and going through the notes outside of
10	the presence of the jury. I think these are her notes.
11	MS. WECKERLY: They are.
12	MR. STAUDAHER: Yeah.
13	THE COURT: Okay.
14	MR. WRIGHT: And I'd I mean or I'm going to do
15	it in front of the jury and it's going to be a long,
16	convoluted process.
17	THE COURT: Ckay. Let's back up. You were provided
18	with notes this morning from the next witness; is that what
19	you're telling me?
20	MR. WRIGHT: Yes, but they just received them. I'm
21	not
22	THE COURT: Okay. They just received them. How many
23	pages of notes? What are we talking about?
24	Mr. Staudaher, tell us what you've got and what you
25	did with it and when you got it.

MR. STAUDAHER: We received, I believe last night when — at around 9:00 or so Detective Whiteley met the investigators at the airport to pick them up and take them to their hotel room. We were aware that they had — at least one of them had — notes were previously produced from the other one that we had in our possession, but this particular witness we did not have any, and there were some notes available. She brought those with her, they were copied, they were scanned and sent; but apparently, in the form they were sent last night late it was difficult, if not impossible, for counsel to open them.

So this morning when they arrived physically here we made copies of those, provided them to counsel, and they've been going through them, as have we.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. STAUDAHER: So it's probably -- I haven't counted the pages, but it looks like there's probably 30-plus pages or 40 pages.

THE COURT: Okay. And the notes are of what? Notes she took contemporaneous with the investigation?

MR. STAUDAHER: With the investigation, yeah, that's when --

THE COURT: So as she's there, she's making notes of her observations, or what?

MR. STAUDAHER: Combinations of that. I think part

THE COURT: Well, you know, it's at 1:15, so scheduling, we'll be breaking for lunch around 1:00, so make sure you have witnesses here through until 1:00. And another juror has a graduation at 5:00, so we'll be breaking for the day at --

MS. STANISH: Second grade?

THE COURT: -- at 4:40. So just so you know with scheduling -- okay. This is -- I know, you know, early on we had witnesses who had to come back a couple of days, this is the second day -- you know, Friday we had to break really early, and I know defense had said they thought they'd take all day and they didn't, and today we've had to break an hour and 15 minutes early.

So, you know, I don't want anyone to be inconvenienced, but I would rather one juror — one witness, excuse me, be inconvenienced than the Court, and more significantly 16 jurors. So, you know, even if some people have to come back, I don't want to keep running out of people. And I know in the beginning we had too many — too many witnesses for the, you know, how far we got, but maybe things are picking up speed now. So just be mindful of that.

As I said, I don't want anyone to have to be inconvenienced, but I'd rather one witness be inconvenienced than 16 jurors and the Court that now, you know, has nothing — well, I'm sure we can — actually, we all have work to do,

1 so it's mainly the jurors. You know, we can fill up the next 2 hour and a half working on other things. So that's not the 3 big deal. So just, as I said, let's please try to have a full 4 day going forward. 5 And, Ms. Weckerly, can you give the Court kind of a 6 head's up of where we're going with the witnesses and -7 MS. WECKERLY: You mean for the balance of the trial? 8 9 THE COURT: Yeah. 10 MS. WECKERLY: Okay. Well, we -- after we get 11 through this week, which I've emailed everybody the --12 THE COURT: Okay. So this week --13 MS. WECKERLY: We're going to put on --14 THE COURT: Obviously, I don't get the email, so --15 MS. WECKERLY: Okay. This week we're putting on 16 tomorrow the two doctors from the CDC, and I'm told they'll 17 take over a day combined. Wednesday is Nancy Sampson who did 18 the whole analysis with the times and the charts. So my --19 you know, in speaking with everyone we all agreed that she'd 20 probably take a day. Thursday morning the Court is going to 21 hear the balance of the other bad acts hearing. We have two 22 witnesses telephonically and one appearing live. 23 afternoon we have Rod Chaffee who I think will be a long 24 witness. But if not, I'll bring --

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THE COURT: Yeah, Mr. --

1 MS. WECKERLY: -- someone else in. 2 THE COURT: Yeah, I mean, have some -- again, you 3 know, I don't want to inconvenience anybody, but one person 4 inconvenienced is better than 16. 5 MS. WECKERLY: Okay. 6 THE COURT: And Mr. Chaffee is the one that got 7 fired and had the --8 MS. WECKERLY: Right. 9 THE COURT: -- threat and the bomb scare and --10 MS. WECKERLY: Right. 11 THE COURT: Okay. 12 MS. WECKERLY: So we'll need to have like a little, 13 from the State's perspective, hearing on what is admissible 14 regarding his conduct and what isn't. 15 THE COURT: Okay. 16 MS. WECKERLY: Friday we have Ann Lobiondo who is 17 also a CRNA and then the doctors, the quality care people. 18 Next week we're planning on putting on all of the insurance 19 people, including two experts on insurance billing as well as 20 Tonya Rushing and all the representatives from the various 21 insurance companies and the actual data input person. And 22 then the next week will be Brian Labus and experts Miriam 23 Alter and Dr. Cohan. And then if we get further --24 THE COURT: And Dr. Cohan is going to say what? 25 MS. WECKERLY: He's -- he's looked at all the cases

İ	
1	and the epidemiology and also the effects on the various
2	victims. But if we get if we can get through more than
3	those three, I'll have other doctors at the end of the week.
4	THE COURT: And that's it?
5	MS. WECKERLY: Then it I mean, then it's just the
6	yeah, then it's just the Philippines and the
7	THE COURT: Right. Defendants. So then we still
8	have Mr. Meana's deposition.
9	MS. WECKERLY: Well, right, which we can throw on, I
10	guess, whenever.
11	THE COURT: Right. That's ready and waiting. And
12	then the coroner from the Philippines?
13	MR. STAUDAHER: Yeah.
14	MS. WECKERLY: The coroner is here. She went to the
15	Philippines
16	THE COURT: Okay.
17	MS. WECKERLY: but she's local.
18	THE COURT: Okay. So the coroner from the autopsy,
19	and then the medical records, you just got the everything
20	to comply with the requirements. You're just going to put that
21	in, and is there anything else from the Philippines?
22	MS. WECKERLY: The
23	MR. STAUDAHER: The death certificate is here.
24	MS. WECKERLY: The death certificate
25	THE COURT: Right.

MD CTAIDAUED. And the outency report
MR. STAUDAHER: And the autopsy report.
THE COURT: That's just an exhibit.
MS. WECKERLY: And the detective goes to the
Philippines on just sort of chain of custody.
THE COURT: Right. The the detective who is
fluent in
MS. WECKERLY: Right.
THE COURT: in Tagalog; correct?
MS. WECKERLY: Right.
THE COURT: And goes to translate
MS. WECKERLY: But he's
THE COURT: for the coroner.
MS. WECKERLY: short.
THE COURT: So he's short. Okay. So that's
everybody on the Philippine Mr. Meana situation; correct?
MR. STAUDAHER: Correct.
MS. WECKERLY: Yes.
THE COURT: And then what else is there?
MR. STAUDAHER: We have two other people. One from
the American Association of Nurse Anesthetists who is coming
in, but we'll work that in as far as the scheduling is
concerned. And the other one I just lost it. Ch, the
person for who is the guardian for Ms. Grueskin to come in
and talk about her situation, so
THE COURT: Okay.

1	MR. STAUDAHER: But that that should be the
2	balance.
3	MS. WECKERLY: That's it.
4	THE COURT: Okay. And then does the defense still
5	anticipate two weeks for the defense case? Maybe one, and
6	that includes, Mr. Santacroce, your case as well?
7	MR. SANTACROCE: Yes.
8	MR. STAUDAHER: I think they had had joint
9	MR. SANTACROCE: Right.
10	THE COURT: No, I know. I'm just so that's
11	MR. STAUDAHER: And we told them that if they needed
12	for scheduling purposes to call one of their experts out of
13	order in our case in chief, we can interrupt our case in
14	chief
15	THE COURT: Okay.
16	MR. STAUDAHER: $$ to do that to accommodate them,
17	so
18	THE COURT: Okay. So minimum four weeks. And is
19	any of the Metro people going to testify about the search
20	warrant or all of that? So I didn't hear I didn't hear
21	that part, so
22	MS. WECKERLY: He'll be he'll be a quick witness.
23	THE COURT: Yeah. So that's another day. Anybody
24	else from law enforcement besides this detective?
25	MR. STAUDAHER: Possibly Levi Hancock, but I think
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1	we can get most of what we need through
2	THE COURT: Is that an FB I'm not familiar.
3	MR. STAUDAHER: He was like, for example, on
4	the
5	THE COURT: He's an FBI agent?
6	MR. STAUDAHER: statement that we
7	MR. WHITELY: No, Metro.
8	THE COURT: Metro?
9	MR. STAUDAHER: were just going over with Linda
10	Hubbard, I mean, he and and Mr. Whitely were both there for
11	it, but I'm not sure Mr. Whitely was here for the entirety of
12	the of it. So he needs to go back and listen to it to make
13	sure.
14	MR. WRIGHT: It was a tag team.
15	MR. STAUDAHER: Yeah.
16	THE COURT: Well, Mr. Wright, it's always a tag
17	team. I mean, that's what they teach. No, I don't know what
18	they teach. It's always a tag team. I mean, that's
19	MR. WHITELY: Not if I can help it.
20	THE COURT: That's I've never seen one that
21	didn't involve two officers hardly ever, if ever. Okay.
22	Well, I'm just wanting a heads up. So okay, then. We'll see
23	everyone
24	MS. WECKERLY: Well, I mean well, I'll speak to
25	defense counsel, but once we kind of set those experts' times

and days, they're all flying from out of state. So it's not like we can just get a witness here once — you know, once we get out of the —

THE COURT: No, I'm good on the out of state people.

I'm just saying on some of these filler people, you know, if local people have to sit in the hall and then come back the next day, I would rather do that than have --

MR. STAUDAHER: Sure.

THE COURT: You know, especially -- well, we're all done with the CRNAs; correct?

MS. WECKERLY: One more.

THE COURT: Okay. And what about the GI techs?

MS. WECKERLY: We're done with them.

THE COURT: Okay. You know what I'm saying? I mean, on the local people I'd rather they sit out in the hall and have to come back than, you know, we have these days that were, you know, an hour and a half, two hours early. That's all I'm saying. I get it for the out of state people that, you know, obviously we're -- you know, sometimes they're going to take over a day.

Oh, the woman, the safekey mom, her — the last day of school is tomorrow, so she'll be able to stay late on the days we have the out of state people. If we — we've had to end at 5:00, and I know at least — I can think of at least one, maybe two, that had to stay over at additional expense

for the State and so forth.

So at least on those people we have to go not three hours late, you know, not two and a half hours late, but if we have to go a little bit late on those out of state experts, both sides, we will go late so that we can save either the State or the defense the expense of having to keep them here another night and changing their tickets and all of that stuff.

Okay. Well, I'm hearing actually from what you've told me five weeks. But maybe — I don't know. And maybe consider this, too. On some of these things, I mean, so far, no, there really hasn't been anything. But maybe on some of this stuff if you can enter into some stipulations on —

MS. WECKERLY: Okay. If you want --

THE COURT: -- the foundational --

MS. WECKERLY: -- to stip to the health report.

THE COURT: -- things or whatever. Huh?

MS. WECKERLY: The Health Department report.

MS. STANISH: All right. Well, how about you guys not doing that 404B stuff so we're not here for another six weeks.

MS. WECKERLY: We'll all talk and see if we can pinpoint how much time on these -- some of these witnesses so we can maybe stack two experts on the same day or something.

THE COURT: Right. And like I said, on those

people, after the safekey mom's issue, if we have to run late 1 on those days, then we're going to run late on those days. 2 3 MR. STAUDAHER: Was she the only one that had a strict --4 5 THE COURT: She was the only one that had a strict 5:00. Some people may have, you know, issues as they come up. 6 7 We're just trying to deal with all the juror issues as they 8 come up. Like another guy has a VA thing tomorrow, but I 9 think he can get him -- he can get that done during the time 10 the other juror is at the graduation. And so I think he'll fit into the --11 THE MARSHAL: He's going to try and go first thing 12 13 in the morning --14 THE COURT: Okay. THE MARSHAL: -- and see if he can -- if the line is 15 short enough to where he can get it handled. If not, he's 16 17 going to take care of it --18 THE COURT: Okay. Otherwise, he's going to go at lunch, but that may take a little bit longer. But he has to 19 do whatever it is at the VA tomorrow, so we said he could do 20 21 that. MR. SANTACROCE: I hate to keep bringing up Pomykal, 22 23 but have we --24 THE COURT: Yes. 25 MR. SANTACROCE: -- reached any decision with her? KARR REPORTING, INC.

THE COURT: If you'd like to -- I was going to give you guys copies of the unofficial transcript so you can look at them, and then I'll read it over and if you want to make argument off that or whatever, either side, you can. MR. STAUDAHER: Okay. THE COURT: And we'll do that, I guess, first thing in the morning. (Court recessed for the evening at 3:55 p.m.) 

## CERTIFICATION

I CERTIFY THAT THE FOREGOING IS A CORRECT TRANSCRIPT FROM THE AUDIO-VISUAL RECORDING OF THE PROCEEDINGS IN THE ABOVE-ENTITLED MATTER.

# **AFFIRMATION**

I AFFIRM THAT THIS TRANSCRIPT DOES NOT CONTAIN THE SOCIAL SECURITY OR TAX IDENTIFICATION NUMBER OF ANY PERSON OR ENTITY.

KARR REPORTING, INC. Aurora, Colorado

KIMBERLY LAWSON

KARR Reporting, Inc.

## PACKET 1





Embassy of the United States of America

Manila, Philippines

Republic of the Philippines	)
City of Manila	)
Embassy of the United States of Ame	erica) ss

I, <u>Jennifer Landau-Carter</u>, a Vice Consul of the United States of America at Manila, Philippines, duly commissioned and qualified, do hereby certify that

### \*\*JERMYN JULIUS R. CHECA\*\*

whose true signature and official seal are, respectively, subscribed and affixed to the foregoing (annexed) certificate (document), on the 12th day of April 2013, the date thereof, <u>Authentication Officer</u>, <u>Department of Foreign Affairs</u>, <u>Manila</u>, <u>Republic of the Philippines</u>, duly commissioned and qualified, to whose official acts, faith and credit are due. NOTE: This document is only to be used in the United States of America.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the American Consular Services at Manila, Philippines, this **15th** day of **April 2013**.

Vice Consul of the

<sup>&</sup>quot;The Embassy assumes no responsibility for the truth or falsity of the representations, which appear in the foregoing (or, annexed) document (or specified elements of the document)."

# DEPARTMENT OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS

MANILA, PHILIPPINES



S.Z. 11A 1 382936

## AUTHENTICATION CERTIFICATE

Presents. Shall Come, Greetings

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	Curther Certify that I am familiar with her this handwriting and		the contents of the annexed document (s), the Department assumes		fication /docume	Manila , duby appointed and qualified to sign	re of signing. Administrator and Civil Registrar General, National Statistics Office	name appears signed in the attached certification /document, was at	reign Affairs, do hereby certify that CARMELITAN. ERICTA	, JERMYN JULIUS R. CHECA, Authentication Officer of the Department

JERMYN JUL Authent ation Officer R HECA

City of Manila, Philippines, this

12th day of

APRIL

201

IN WITNESS HERE OF, I have hereunto set my hand at the

NSO Certified true copy of Death Certificate of RODOLFO TORRILLO MEAI 4980546 **TORRILLO MEANA** 

Annexed document(s) is/are:

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ANY ALTERATION OR ERASURE VOIDS THIS DOCUMENT

soiled and worn out

12 April 2013, sff

1	unusual?
2	A No, because we covered for each other. I've
3	never seen this record before. I don't
4	Q Okay. Well
5	A understand what this is.
6	Q I'm not asking you if you have or haven't.
7	I'm asking you if you remember on that day why neither one of
8	you appear to be in the other person's room at any time during
9	the day.
0	A Probably because, you know, if I would start
1	it, it would be my case. If Ron would start it, it would be
.2	his case. Now, as to who typed all this stuff up, it
13	evidently wasn't slash, you know, Hubbard/Lakeman or
4	Lakeman/Hubbard. I I have nothing to I understand this.
15	THE COURT: Did you ever relieve each other in the
16	middle of a patient, like there'd be a patient already under
.7	anesthesia and then you
18	THE WITNESS: Well, that's what I said. For lunch,
19	you know
20	THE COURT: Okay. So you he'd go to lunch and
21	you'd take over and the patient was already there getting the
22	procedure done?
23	THE WITNESS: Yeah, that's what I was trying to
24	explain.
25	THE COURT: Okay. And so was there ever any days
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- 11	
1	that you didn't you just worked straight through the whole
2	day and didn't
3	THE WITNESS: No.
4	THE COURT: go lunch? Always went to lunch?
5	THE WITNESS: Yes.
6	THE COURT: Okay.
7	BY MR. SANTACROCE:
8	Q Okay. So the fact that this diagram doesn't
9	show you being in his room or he being in your room doesn't
10	mean it didn't happen, is that what you're telling me?
11	A Correct.
12	Q So tell me the standard procedure. If you
13	took a lunch, you would go into Ron's room or vice versa?
14	A Well, if I was going to lunch, you know, if
15	Ron was working in the other room, if we had one doc and we
16	were working back and forth, that's when we tried to get our
17	lunches done before the afternoon when the second physician
18	would appear. And, you know, I'd go over and tell him that I
19	was going to lunch, or he'd come in and relieve me and tell me
20	to go to lunch.
21	Q When you went in when when someone
22	relieved the other person, you would use the supplies and
23	propofel in that person's room?
24	A Yes, sir.
25	Q And you would use the same aseptic techniques
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1	and practices that you talked about all day today?
2	A Yes, sir.
3	Q Okay. Let's go back up to you, okay.
4	A Okay.
5	Q On this particular I'll represent to you
6	that the orange line indicates people that came into the
7	clinic that already had hep C, that the white lines or no
8	colored lines are people that haven't reported hep C, and the
9	yellow lines or the green lines are the people that allegedly
10	were infected at the clinic. Do you see that?
11	A What's the blue one?
12	Q I'm not sure what the blue one is.
13	MS. WECKERLY: It's the source patient.
14	BY MR. SANTACROCE:
15	Q Oh, it's the source patient. So in other
16	words, this person had hep C when they came into the clinic.
17	A And my red patient had hep C when he came in?
18	Q Correct. So the blue one would be what the
19	State is alleging was the source patient for for this green
20	one, Washington, you see that? The other orange ones are
21	people that came into the clinic that already had hep C, as
22	well as this person with the blue. Did I make myself clear,
23	or am I confusing you?
24	A Okay. So the blue guy should really be a red
25	guy?
	1

I			<b>!</b>
1		Q	No, the blue guy had hep C when he came in,
2	but		
3	]	А	Well, that's what you told me the red guy did,
4	too.		
5	(	Q	Okay. Well, let me finish.
6		A	Okay.
7	(	Q	The blue guy had hep C when he came in, but he
8	is alleged	ly the	e one that that infected
9		THE CO	DURT: The green guy.
10	BY MR. SAN	TACROC	CE:
11		Q	Mr. Washington, the green guy.
12		А	So the green guy didn't have hep C when he
13	came in?		
14		Q	Correct. That's what the State is saying.
15	The green	guy di	idn't have hep C when he came in, but they're
16	saying he	got it	t from the blue guy.
17		А	Okay.
18		Q	Okay? You with me?
19		А	Gotcha.
20		Q	Okay. My question
21		А	But my red guy had hep C when he came in?
22		Q	Yeah. Would you
23		A	Okay.
24		Q	have known that?
25		A	Would I have known that he had hep C?
			KARR REPORTING, INC. 152

1	Q When he came in.
2	A No.
3	Q You would have no way of knowing that?
4	A We had no records. And we asked patients if
5	they ever had any bloodborne problems, you know, if they ever
6	had hepatitis or HIV or Aids or any of that kind of stuff.
7	But half of them didn't have the foggiest idea of what was
8	going on with their bodies anyway, so
9	Q Okay. So you wouldn't have done anything
10	different to your red guy here; right? I mean, you would have
11	used the same universal precautions you would normally use;
12	correct?
13	A I wouldn't right.
14	Q Okay. And you notice it's it doesn't
15	appear, at least it hasn't been reported, that anybody you
16	treated after the red guy came up with hep C. Good for you.
17	It's a good thing.
18	A It was my lucky day, huh?
19	Q Yeah, apparently. Now, let's look at Mr.
20	Lakeman's room. A guy comes in with hep C. Do you see that?
21	A Yes, sir.
22	Q There's been no switching of rooms back and
23	forth between you and Mr. Lakeman at this time of day.
24	A No.
25	Q There's been no transfer of propofol from room
	KARR REPORTING, INC. 153

1	to room at this time of day; correct?
2	A Correct.
3	Q Because you testified the only time you would
4	bring another bottle of the propofol to another room was late
5	in the day with the last patient; correct?
6	A Correct, sir.
7	Q All right. So now the blue guy comes in with
8	hep C. Mr. Lakeman treats one, two, three patients; correct?
9	Apparently, from this chart anyway.
10	A Correct.
11	Q And then Mr. Washington comes in and gets hep
12	C, correct, according to the chart?
13	A According to this, yes.
14	Q And then nobody after that for the rest of the
15	day gets hep C.
16	A Okay.
17	Q Okay. Now, when you first found out from the
18	CDC that they were saying that poor injection practices from
19	propofol caused the outbreak, what was your reaction?
20	A It was ridiculous.
21	Q And why did you
22	MS. WECKERLY: Your Honor, may we approach?
23	THE COURT: Sure.
24	(Off-record bench conference.)
25	BY MR. SANTACROCE:

1	Q In your opinion is there anything in the
2	procedures that you employed while at the clinic in using
3	propofol that could could account for this hep C outbreak?
4	A I don't think so.
5	Q I want to talk to you a little bit more about
6	the billing because you said that when you got there Mr.
7	Lakeman told you to bill at 31 minutes; correct?
8	A Yes, sir.
9	Q And your belief was he told you that because
10	of PacifiCare?
11	A Yes, sir.
12	Q And your belief was that it didn't matter how
13	much time you billed because you believed that it was a flat
14	fee anyway; correct?
15	A Yes, sir.
16	Q And was that common knowledge among the CRNAs?
17	A That
18	MS. WECKERLY: Objection. Foundation.
19	BY MR. SANTACROCE:
20	Q Well
21	THE COURT: Yeah, you need to
22	BY MR. SANTACROCE:
23	Q you discussed this
24	THE COURT: lay a foundation.
25	BY MR. SANTACROCE:
	KARR REPORTING, INC. 155

1	Q with other CRNAs; correct?
2	MS. WECKERLY: Objection. Hearsay.
3	THE COURT: Yeah, that's sustained.
4	MR. SANTACROCE: I didn't ask what they said, Your
5	Honor. I'm asking her
6	THE COURT: Well, I know, but
7	MR. SANTACROCE: if she based
8	THE COURT: then you're going to
9	MR. SANTACROCE: her opinion on it.
10	THE COURT: say based on what they said did they
11	do this or that, and that would call for her to comment on
12	what they said. So she can say what her practice was or what
13	she was directed by management to do or
14	MR. SANTACROCE: Well, she particularly
15	THE COURT: you know, if her in her practice
16	this would have occurred or something like that.
17	MR. SANTACROCE: Well, I can ask her about my client
18	since she said my client told her to bill 31 minutes.
19	THE COURT: Okay.
20	MR. SANTACROCE: Okay.
21	BY MR. SANTACROCE:
22	Q And your basis for that was because of the
23	PacifiCare issue?
24	A Correct.
25	Q Okay. Nothing else in your mind; correct?
	KARR REPORTING, INC. 156

1	A Correct.
2	Q And you had nothing to do with billing anyway,
3	did you?
4	A No, and I never have.
5	Q Do you know if any of the other CRNAs had
6	anything to do with billing?
7	A No.
8	Q You don't know or they didn't?
9	A I don't know.
10	Q Okay. But as far as you're concerned, you had
11	nothing to do with it?
12	A Correct.
13	Q You were asked some questions about who you
14	perceived to be your supervisor, and I believe you said Jeff
15	Krueger and Katie Maley, and as far as billing went it was
16	Tonya; correct?
17	A Correct.
18	Q Did you ever have discussions with Tonya
19	regarding practices of billing?
20	A Not really. She would send Jeff down or one
21	of the other people would come down from upstairs and tell us
22	that, you know, we had to change our times and do this stuff
23	because the patient you know, we needed to bill for 31
24	minutes.
25	Q So in other words, if you had filled out an
	KARR REPORTING, INC. 157

- The second second	
1	anesthesia record and didn't have 31 minutes, they would bring
2	it back and say fix it?
3	A Correct.
4	Q Other than that, that was as far as you had to
5	do with billing?
6	A Yeah, I I never knew anything about
7	billing. I've never done any billing for anybody or anything
8	and I I know nothing about it.
9	Q And you didn't get paid, your salary wasn't
10	based on how much billing you did or how many patients you
11	saw?
12	A No, sir.
13	Q You were on salary plus bonuses?
14	A Well, yeah. It was salary. We I really
15	I didn't count on the bonuses because you never knew when you
16	were going to get them.
17	Q And those bonuses weren't tied to any
18	performance by you as far as how many patients you did?
19	A No, sir.
20	Q And, in fact, bonuses stopped at some point;
21	correct?
22	A They were very delayed, but I guess they
23	did stop.
24	Q I'm sorry?
25	A I guess they did stop.
	KARR REPORTING, INC. 158

1	Q In the procedure room itself well, strike
2	that. You said that you were responsible for patients all the
3	way until they were discharged; right? Basically in the
4	post-op area?
5	A Correct.
6	Q So in other words, if there was an emergency,
7	the nurses would come get you?
8	A Would get one of the nurse anesthetists,
9	right.
10	Q What about in the procedure room? Did you
11	have emergency medications other than propofol that you were
12	able to use in case of a patient emergency?
13	A We had to go out to the locked cabinet
14	outside.
15	Q Okay. And what source of emergency medication
16	would you have?
17	A We have all of the epinephrine and everything
18	that we needed for cardiac arrest, sodium bicarbon, everything
19	else would be out there.
20	THE COURT: So you didn't have that in the procedure
21	room? If someone had an emergency somebody had to run out and
22	get
23	THE WITNESS: You had to
24	THE COURT: somebody to unlock
25	THE WITNESS: run out and
	KARR REPORTING, INC.

Į.	
1	THE COURT: the cabinet and
2	THE WITNESS: unlock the red cart and
3	THE COURT: then you'd run back in or whatever?
4	THE WITNESS: Yes.
5	BY MR. SANTACROCE:
6	Q Okay. There's been some testimony about a
7	tackle box. Do you recall seeing a tackle box in any of the
8	rooms that had medication in it?
9	A No.
10	Q Did you carry a tackle box from room to room?
11	A No.
12	Q There was testimony about the saline pushes.
13	Remember that testimony
14	A Yes, sir.
15	Q the saline push? Do you know did you
16	know a Janine Drury?
17	A She was one of the RNs, yes.
18	Q Okay. Did she have something to do with
19	saline that you used for those pushes?
20	A There were a time I think there were a
21	couple mornings where they really wanted us to implement this
22	thing that she and Katie were out at the desk and they were
23	drawing the syringes up.
24	Q For the saline pushes for the propofol?
25	A Yes.
•	KARR REPORTING, INC.

1	Q And they would draw them out of a common
2	saline bottle?
3	A A bag, yeah.
4	Q A bag?
5	A A small bag.
6	Q And they would draw multiple syringes of
7	saline out of that common bag?
8	A [Nods head yes].
9	Q Is that a yes?
10	A Yes, that's a yes.
11	THE COURT: You have to answer yes or no.
12	THE WITNESS: Oh, I'm sorry. I did it again.
13	THE COURT: I know. People do it all the time.
14	It's a taped transcript. Well, it's a tape and then it'll be
15	a written transcript.
16	BY MR. SANTACROCE:
17	Q And your testimony was that you never reuse a
18	syringe or needle on more than one patient, isn't that
19	correct?
20	A Until after the CDC was there, correct.
21	Q And then after the CDC came, what was the
22	change?
23	A I would reuse the syringe because the propofol
24	was just for one patient.
25	Q And you thought that was aseptic?
	KARR REPORTING, INC. 161

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1	A Yes, sir.
2	Q And you tried to explain that to the CDC
3	person?
4	A Well, that's she asked me if I would ever,
5	and I said, yes, now that the propofol would be for one
6	person, yes.
7	Q And you didn't see how there could be
8	contamination based upon the procedures you were using; is
9	that correct?
10	A Correct.
11	Q I believe you testified on direct examination
12	that it wasn't the only way people got sick. What did you
13	mean by that?
14	A Well, there were other ways that a virus can
15	be transferred.
16	Q Okay. Specifically tell me what you meant
17	when you made that statement.
18	A Well, from what I understand there was also a
19	bottle of saline used
20	MS. WECKERLY: Objection. Foundation.
21	BY MR. SANTACROCE:
22	Q You saw this at the clinic during the time
23	period of the infection; correct?
24	A During the time period before the CDC was
25	there.
	II

1	Q Okay. What what did you observe?
2	A We had they had taken our break room and
3	made it into a room where the patients would come and get
4	their IVs started. And there was one to two of the nurses
5	back there and they used a multi-dose vial of saline to flush
6	the IVs, you know, to put saline in through the heplock to
7	make sure that the IV was open prior to bringing the patient
8	over to us.
9	Q And that was multiple patients, one dose I
10	mean, one container?
11	A One container.
12	Q Okay. What other did you have any other
13	things when you said it wasn't the only way people got sick?
14	A Well, I think part of it could have come from
15	the scopes themselves, from the endoscopy scopes.
16	Q And did you see something in particular during
17	this time period before the CDC got there?
18	A Well, there is always there's always a
19	chance of contamination with feces and body fluids between one
20	patient and another.
21	Q From the scopes, is that what you're telling
22	me?
23	A From the scopes.
24	Q Is there anything else that you observed
25	during that time period that caused you concern?
	II

1	A That I personally observed?
2	Q Yes.
3	A No.
4	Q No?
5	A I've learned a lot from reading the newspaper,
6	but
7	THE COURT: Well, we're not going to talk about
8	that.
9	BY MR. SANTACROCE:
10	Q Well
11	A But that's not what I saw.
12	Q Okay. I only want you to tell me what you
13	saw.
14	A When the CDC observed you, you testified that
15	there was an exit interview or a summation period.
16	A Yes, sir.
17	Q What do you mean by that?
18	A They called each each one of us out into
19	this room with a big table and talked to us before they left.
20	Q Do you know who was it a male or a female
21	who talked to you?
22	A Female.
23	THE COURT: And was it individual? Each employee
24	went to this table individually, or were you there as a group?
25	THE WITNESS: I was there by myself.
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1	THE COURT: That's what I meant. Okay.
2	BY MR. SANTACROCE:
3	Q And this person is female from the CDC tell
4	you that they observed you and that you were doing something
5	wrong?
6	A No.
7	Q Okay. Did they mention anything about gloves
8	to you?
9	A No, they never did.
10	Q Okay.
11	A They talk I think they spoke to different
12	people about different things, but
13	Q And you in particular, that's all I want you
14	to talk about. When you had this summation or interview with
15	this female from the CDC, she didn't say, hey, we observed you
16	doing this, this, and this, and you need to do this?
17	A No.
18	Q Nothing?
19	A No.
20	Q Okay.
21	THE COURT: Why don't we go ahead and just take
22	our
23	MR. SANTACROCE: I'm done, Your Honor, so
24	THE COURT: Okay. Well
25	MR. SANTACROCE: let me just review my notes.
	KARR REPORTING, INC. 165

That's all I have, ma'am. Thanks very much. 1 THE WITNESS: Thank you. 2 THE COURT: All right. Ladies and gentlemen, we're 3 going to go ahead and take a quick 10 minute recess. During 4 the recess you're reminded that you're not to discuss the case 5 or anything relating to the case with each other or with 6 anyone else. You're not to read, watch, or listen to any 7 reports of or commentaries on the case, person or subject 8 matter relating to the case. Please don't form or express an 9 opinion on the trial. Notepads in your chairs. If you have 10 any questions, hand them to the bailiff on the way out the 11 12 door. (Jury recessed at 2:48 p.m.) 13 THE COURT: And, ma'am, don't discuss your testimony 14 with anybody else during the break. 15 (Court recessed at 2:48 p.m., until 3:03 p.m.) 16 (In the presence of the jury.) 17 THE COURT: All right. Court is now back in 18 19 session. And, Ms. Weckerly, you may conduct your redirect 20 examination. 21 MS. WECKERLY: Thank you. 22 23 REDIRECT EXAMINATION BY MS. WECKERLY: 24 25 Ms. Hubbard, if I understood you correctly on KARR REPORTING, INC.

1	cross-examination, you said there were occasions where you or
2	another CRNA might start a procedure and take a break and
3	another one would come in and finish?
4	A For lunch, yes.
5	Q For lunch. Okay. In in those instances
6	where one of you started it and the other one finished, would
7	the patient actually be sedated when you switched over?
8	A Yes.
9	Q Okay. In those instances is there anywhere in
10	the record, the anesthesia record or the medical record, that
11	would tell us that occurred?
12	A Usually we put a slash and then the other
13	person's name.
14	Q Okay.
15	A That's why I don't understand on those ones
16	that were presented there weren't two names on a couple of
17	them.
18	Q So your recollection is when that occurred
19	mid-procedure, there's be a slash and both names would appear?
20	A Yes.
21	Q Now, when you would go I assume you'd go
22	over in the other CRNAs room during the lunch period when
23	you're covering for that person?
24	A Yeah, that person would come in and relieve me
25	in my room, or I would go over and relieve them in their room,

1	yes.
2	Q Okay. When you would go over to their room,
3	did you ever see partially used vials of propofol in the room?
4	A There might be one from that patient.
5	Q And would you use those partially open vials
6	or was it your practice to just start over and open all new
7	ones?
8	A I would $$ I would use what was there.
9	Q Okay. So
10	A It would only be one it would be the bottle
11	from that patient.
12	Q Okay. So you would use the partially open
13	vial even though maybe you didn't witness it being opened?
14	A We were all professional people. Yes.
15	Q Okay. You were you were asked about if
16	there was anything on the patient's record that would indicate
17	whether or not they were hepatitis C positive.
18	A Yes.
19	Q And to your recollection that wasn't something
20	that would be filled out, you know, when they first got to the
21	clinic or anything like that?
22	A I don't remember ever seeing anything, you
23	know, like there's nothing there wasn't anything that came
24	with them from the office or anything, you know, like
25	Q Would it be in their history and physical at
	KARR REPORTING, INC. 168

1	all if they were hepatitis C positive to your recollection?
2	A It should be.
3	Q Okay. And so
4	A But most of the time we didn't have a history
5	and physical.
6	Q You didn't have that available to you?
7	A No, that's why we had to ask them all the
8	questions.
9	Q Okay. And would that be one of the questions
10	that you'd ask in your pre-anesthesia evaluation?
11	A Yes.
12	Q And so you would know before you did the
13	procedure
14	A If they knew.
15	Q If they knew. Right. If they had reported
16	it, you would know.
17	A If they realized that they actually had it,
18	yes.
19	Q Okay. Now, you you were interviewed by the
20	FBI and then you were interviewed by the police twice. And
21	you indicated that occurred over a two-day period?
22	A Yes.
23	Q And one at the second date was October the
24	15th of 2008? I can show you my copy
25	A I guess.
	KARR REPORTING, INC. 169

1	Q if you don't want to dig yours out.
2	A The first one was the 14th?
3	Q Yeah, this is page
4	A It was one day after another.
5	Q Yeah. And I meant I just want to just want
6	to make sure I have the date right. It looks like on page 22
7	that the second part starts on the
8	A This was the 14th, yes.
9	Q Right.
10	A So on the 22nd was the 15th. Yes.
11	Q Okay. And your lawyer was present; correct?
12	A Yes, sir ma'am.
13	Q And Detective Whitely here was present?
14	A Yes.
15	Q And what what did he do in that interview
16	that you found coercive?
17	A I felt it wasn't just him, but I felt that
18	they really didn't believe what I was saying.
19	Q Okay. And so how did how did that seem
20	coercive to you? What was done that made it seem like a
21	coercive setting?
22	A It was just challenging what I said.
23	Q And that would be like verbally saying that
24	doesn't make sense or we don't believe you, that sort of
25	thing?

ji	
1	A Yeah.
2	Q And other than that, was there anything
3	coercive, were you not allowed to take breaks when you wanted
4	to or were you not allowed to speak with your attorney?
5	A Not that I remember.
6	Q And and as I understand it, you don't
7	remember a single part of this interview; correct?
8	A I really and truly I I'm drawing a total
9	blank with it. I'm sorry.
10	Q So you don't remember anything discussed in
11	that interview?
12	A Basically, no.
13	Q Now, you you said on cross-examination that
14	it's your view that anesthesia time is calculated from your
15	per-assessment time through recovery; correct?
16	A Yes, ma'am.
17	Q Okay. And when you were you were
18	interviewed by the FBI prior to being interviewed by the Las
19	Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, and you described the
20	timing for anesthesia time. You said that we would get
21	creative or use, quote, creative timing. And this is on the
22	bottom of page 4 and the top of page 5 of that document. And
23	my question is what do you mean by get creative or use
24	creative timing?
25	A I don't know because I have question marks
	KARR REPORTING, INC. 171

1	there, too.					
2	Q Okay. So you don't you don't know.					
3	A I don't know what those words of getting					
4	creative I I don't know.					
5	Q Okay. But it is your your belief that you					
6	can legitimately claim time for pre-op through recovery?					
7	A It was my belief, yes.					
8	Q Okay. And and if that's true, why was it					
9	necessary to chart false vital signs as though they occurred					
10	in the procedure room?					
11	A Because they didn't take vital signs when I					
12	was talking to the patient, and I didn't take vital signs when					
13	the patient was in the recovery room.					
14	Q Right. But if you could chart all the way					
15	through recovery legitimately, why would you need to make it					
16	look like they're in the procedure room longer than they were?					
17	A I don't know.					
18	Q Now, you discuss that you thought that there					
19	were other ways that this virus could have been transmitted					
20	besides through propofol; correct?					
21	A Yes, ma'am.					
22	Q Did you do any independent research in this					
23	case like reviewing patient files or anything like that?					
24	A On our patients?					
25	Q Yes.					

1	A No.						
2	Q Did you review which scopes were used to see						
3	if there was any commonality between the scopes and when they						
4	were used and processed and who ended up getting infected with						
5	hepatitis C?						
6	A No.						
7	Q Did you do any research about how the scopes						
8	were processed between the patients that ultimately ended up						
9	infected?						
10	A No.						
11	Q Did you do any research regarding the number						
12	of syringes that might have been used at the clinic?						
13	A No.						
14	Q How about the number of vials of propofol?						
15	Did you look into that?						
16	A No.						
17	Q Okay. Did you did you look into or observe						
18	any practices in the pre-op area that you thought were						
19	improper?						
20	A Me myself?						
21	Q Yes.						
22	A No.						
23	Q No. Ckay. So you didn't have any first hand						
24	view of anything going on in pre-op that you thought was a						
25	dangerous practice?						
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1						
1	A I didn't, no.					
2	MR. WRIGHT: I'll pass the witness.					
3	THE COURT: All right. Mr. Wright, any recross?					
4	MR. WRIGHT: Your Honor, I do have a question which					
5	would be cross that I forgot to ask.					
6	THE COURT: That's all right.					
7	RECROSS-EXAMINATION					
8	BY MR. WRIGHT:					
9	Q When Dr. Carrol wanted you fired, okay					
10	A Yes, sir.					
11	Q that time frame, do you recall discussing					
12	with Tonya or with Dr. Desai your need to remain employed					
13	because of your husband being on your insurance?					
14	A No.					
15	Q Okay. You don't recall anything about that?					
16	A He wasn't on my insurance.					
17	Q Okay.					
18	A It was disability Medicare.					
19	Q Okay. Thank you.					
20	THE COURT: Mr. Santacroce.					
21	MR. SANTACROCE: Yes.					
22	RECROSS-EXAMINATION					
23	BY MR. SANTACROCE:					
24	Q Ms. Hubbard, what time would you typically					
25	take lunch?					
į	KARR REPORTING, INC.					

1	A 11:00, 11:30.				
2	Q I want to go back to Exhibit 157. Do you see				
3	the green stripe there?				
4	A Green stripe. Yes, sir.				
5	Q What time was that procedure started?				
6	A 8:25.				
7	Q And that was the procedure Mr. Lakeman did?				
8	A Yes, sir.				
9	Q And now I want to go back up to here. You				
10	notice any procedures you started at 8:25?				
11	A No.				
12	Q Huh?				
13	A Yes, I do.				
14	Q So you were in a procedure room at 8:25 on one				
15	patient, Mr. Lakeman was in the other procedure room on Mr.				
16	Washington at 8:25. So there was nothing he wasn't				
17	relieving you for lunch or you weren't relieving him for lunch				
18	at 8:25 in the morning; correct?				
19	A Correct.				
20	MR. SANTACROCE: I have nothing further.				
21	THE COURT: Ms. Weckerly.				
22	MS. WECKERLY: Nothing further.				
23	THE COURT: All right. We have a couple of juror				
24	questions up here. A juror would like to know who would be				
25	charging for anesthesia if you started a procedure but another				
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CRNA finished it? For example, if you left the proceeding, who would fill out the time for the procedure, you or the -
THE WITNESS: I would say the person finishing the case.

THE COURT: Okay. During the time all CRNAs were using saline to push any propofol in the heplock into the bloodstream, from where were you drawing the saline?

THE WITNESS: That's what I was asked. Those syringes most of the time were drawn up for us by the RNs.

THE COURT: Okay. So did you have a bottle of saline there with you, or were you getting syringes that already had saline in them? This is when you administered, not to flush the heplock, but when you were administering the propofol with saline that you talked about before.

THE WITNESS: That was the flush.

THE COURT: Okay. There was no time that you were administering propofol and saline? Not talking about the flush when they first put the heplock in, but unrelated to that.

THE WITNESS: No, the syringe -- the heplocks were usually flushed by the RNs back in the back --

THE COURT: Okay.

THE WITNESS: -- in the -- in the room when they were started if they were started back there. And then the 5 cc flushes the RNs drew up for us in the morning and gave us

this bundle of syringes --1 THE COURT: That already had saline in it. 2 THE WITNESS: That already had the saline in it. 3 THE COURT: Did you ever have a bottle of saline 4 that you or another nurse anesthetist could draw from in the 5 6 procedure room? 7 THE WITNESS: I don't remember that. THE COURT: Okay. And were new syringes and needles 8 used for each patient that had the saline in them? 9 THE WITNESS: The saline syringes, yes. 10 THE COURT: Okay. Did you ever take those syringes 11 from one room to another, from one procedure room to another 12 13 procedure room? THE WITNESS: I don't remember doing that, no. 14 15 THE COURT: Okay. Now, when you and another nurse anesthetist such as Mr. Lakeman would work on the same 16 patient, was that reflected anywhere in the patient's chart? 17 18 I mean, did you both sign off on the patient's chart or how did that work? 19 THE WITNESS: It should be on the anesthesia record. 20 21 THE COURT: Okay. THE WITNESS: And the nurses should have noted it on 22 23 their record for the procedure. THE COURT: Is it the kind of thing where you would 24 25 both sign the patient's record or that --

1	THE WITNESS: Yeah, or slash and we'd write each					
2	other's name down.					
3	THE COURT: Okay. So you wouldn't necessarily, if					
4	you were the second nurse anesthetist or the first, you					
5	wouldn't necessarily yourself write on it, but it was the job					
6	of the other nurse anesthetists to make sure both names were					
7	on the chart or were you both required to write on the chart?					
8	THE WITNESS: Yeah, someone would make sure that					
9	both names were on there.					
10	THE COURT: Someone?					
11	THE WITNESS: Right.					
12	THE COURT: Okay.					
13	THE WITNESS: Be it nurse anesthesia A or nurse					
14	anesthetist B, you know					
15	THE COURT: Someone should have done it.					
16	THE WITNESS: Yes.					
17	THE COURT: Okay.					
18	Ms. Weckerly, do you have any follow up to those					
19	last juror questions?					
20	MS. WECKERLY: No, Your Honor.					
21	THE COURT: Mr. Wright, do you have any follow up to					
22	those last juror questions?					
23	MR. WRIGHT: No, Your Honor.					
24	THE COURT: Mr. Santacroce?					
. 25	MR. SANTACROCE: Yes.					

## 1 FURTHER RECROSS-EXAMINATION 2. BY MR. SANTACROCE: 3 We're talking about two terms, two different terms here, a push and a flush. They're two different things; 4 5 right? 6 Correct. 7 The flush is when the nurses in the pre-op 8 room would flush a heplock and they would use saline; correct? 9 Α Correct. 10 0 And the push is when you would use saline for 11 the propofol? 12 Α Correct. 13 And the saline that you used for the push came 0 14 from the nurses in the pre-op area like Janine Drury? 15 Α Well, not -- they didn't draw -- they weren't 16 drawn up in the pre-op area. They were drawn up at the 17 nurse's desk --18 0 Okay. 19 -- out in the front. 20 And that would have been done by the RNs in 21 another area with a saline bottle? 22 Correct. 23 A multi-use saline bottle? Q 24 I would think so. Α 25 Q . And those syringes were brought to you; KARR REPORTING, INC. 179

1	correct?						
2	A Yes.						
3	Q Okay. You didn't fill them out of any bottle?						
4	A No.						
5	MR. SANTACROCE: Nothing further.						
6	THE COURT: Ms. Weckerly?						
7	MS. WECKERLY: Nothing else.						
8	THE COURT: Any additional juror questions for this						
9	witness?						
10	All right. Ma'am, I see no additional questions.						
11	Please don't discuss your testimony with anyone else who may						
12	be called as a witness in this matter and you are excused.						
13	THE WITNESS: Thank you.						
14	THE COURT: State may call its next witness.						
15	MS. WECKERLY: Peter Maanao.						
16	THE COURT: And, sir, just face this lady right here						
17	who will administer the oath.						
18	PETER MAANAO, STATE'S WITNESS, SWORN						
19	THE COURT: Thank you. Please be seated. And						
20	please state and spell your first and last name for the						
21	record.						
22	THE WITNESS: My first name is Peter, my last name						
23	is Maanao, and that's spelled M-A-A-N-A-O.						
24	DIRECT EXAMINATION						
25	BY MS. WECKERLY:						

1	Q		Can you pronounce your last name for me again?		
2	P	Ā	It's Maanao.		
3	Ç	2	Okay.		
4	P	A	Close enough.		
5	Ç	2	I'll try that.		
6	THE COURT: Say it about another ten times and maybe				
7	we'll get it.				
8	BY MS. WECKERLY:				
9	Ç	2	I don't know if I'm going to get that one		
10	right.				
11	I	Ą	It's been 20 years.		
12	Ç	Q	Sir, how were you employed in 2007?		
13	7	A	In 2007 I was an employee of the Shadow Lane		
14	Endoscopy Center.				
15	Ç	Q	And when were you hired?		
16	Ī	A	In the month of December 2007.		
17	(	Q	Okay. So December 2007. Do you remember what		
18	day your first day of work was?				
19	Ī	A	I believe it was maybe two days after		
20	Christmas, so either the 26th or the 27th.				
21	(	Q	Of '07?		
22		A	Yes.		
23	(	Q	And you were hired to work as what?		
24		A	As one of the registered nurses.		
25	(	Q	Where did you go to school to be a registered		
			KARR REPORTING, INC. 181		

1	nurse?
2	A CSN.
3	Q And when did you graduate from nursing school?
4	A March 2007.
5	Q So less than a year earlier?
6	A Correct.
7	Q After you graduated from nursing school, did
8	you work anywhere else before the endoscopy center?
9	A Yes, I did. I was at Spring Valley Hospital.
10	Q And also as an RN, I presume?
11	A That's correct.
12	Q Where were you assigned to work at Spring
13	Valley Hospital?
14	A Med tele.
15	Q What is that?
16	A It's basically you take how do I explain
17	this to you? It's medical telemetry. While patients are on
18	the unit being monitored by heart monitors, they're sick, but
19	not sick enough to be anywhere else on our floor.
20	Q Okay. And so is that you're not doing
21	procedures, but monitoring problems with patients as they come
22	up; is that correct?
23	A That's correct. After they're transferred
24	from the emergency room, they usually end up on my unit.
25	Q Okay. And then if there's problems you have
	KARR REPORTING, INC. 182

1	to decide	how to	address them?
2		А	Correct.
3		Q	You when you decided to go work for the
4	endoscopy	center	, who was it that interviewed you from the
5	center?		
6		А	Her name is Katie Maley.
7		Q	And you were obviously hired do you
8	remember h	ow lor	ng it was between your interview and the time
9	you starte	ed worl	ς?
10		А	Maybe two weeks.
11		Q	And it's still like over the the holidays
12	kind of of '07?		
13		А	Correct.
14		Q	When you first got or you first started work
15	at the end	doscop	y center, was there anyone who kind of oriented
16	you or sho	owed y	ou around?
17		А	Yes.
18		Q	Who was that?
19		А	It was Janine Drury.
20		Q	And did Ms. Drury scrt of walk you through the
21	place and	give	you sort of the the responsibilities for
22	each part	of th	e center?
23		А	Yes.
24		Q	And in your time that you worked there, did
25	you work	in pre	-op?
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1	A Yes, I did.
2	Q Did you work in the procedure room?
3	A On occasion to either start the morning with
4	the surgeons or to break the nurses that were already in there
5	doing the rest of the cases.
6	Q And did you ever work in recovery?
7	A Sometimes.
8	Q How about discharge, did you do that?
9	A Every once in awhile.
10	Q Okay. So you actually worked in all the areas
11	that nurses work in at the endoscopy center?
12	A Yes.
13	Q When you were working in pre-op, what were
14	your responsibilities?
15	A I would receive the patient, get them checked
16	in, do their vital signs, put their IVs in, and just make sure
17	that all the documents that were needed for today's procedure
18	were in that patient's chart. And then
19	Q And when you were putting the IVs in, did you
20	flush those, the IVs you put in with saline?
21	A Yes, I did.
22	Q And was that saline a multi-use container of
23	saline?
24	A Yes, it was.
25	Q And did you do that aseptically or according
	KARR REPORTING, INC. 184

1	to how you were ta	aught in nursing school?
2	A Ye	es, I did.
3	Q Ai	nd what does that mean when you have a
4	multi-use containe	er?
5	A W	hen you go into a multi-dose vial, it's one
6	syringe and one ne	eedle every time you go into it.
7	Q 01	kay. So you never injected someone with
8	saline and went b	ack in the bottle with the same syringe?
9	A N	0.
10	Q W	ould you ever do something like that?
11	A N	O.
12	Q Y	ou after you flushed the IVs with saline I
13	assume that patie	nts would wait or move on to the procedure
14	room if there was	a room available?
15	A C	orrect.
16	Q W	hen you worked in at the center, was there
17	ever a time when	the center moved from the multi-use bottle of
18	saline to actual	prefilled saline syringes?
19	A I	t was several days after my employment, my
20	first day of work	, when they went to the 5 5 ml prepackaged
21	saline syringes.	
22	Q A	and those are individually filled with saline;
23	correct?	
24	A Y	es.
25	Q W	Then you when you worked in the procedure
		KARR REPORTING, INC. 185

- 1	
1	room, my understanding is that you you weren't in there
2	except for maybe to relieve people to go on breaks?
3	A Yes.
4	Q So was the majority of your time in pre-op
5	or
6	A Usually typically in the morning. But as it
7	became needed to break nurses in other areas, then I would,
8	of course, be told to go and relieve this person or that
9	person, to go ahead and have them get their lunches in.
10	Q When you were in the procedure room, what
11	what was your what were your roles? What was your
12	responsibility?
13	A If the surgeon found any polyps or anything
14	like that he would biopsy that and I would have to chart down
15	where in the colon they were taken so that I could fill out
16	the Quest Laboratory, the pathology forms, and then I would
17	document the vital signs that I saw on the monitors, just
18	basically just try to fill out my paperwork before that
19	procedure was completed.
20	Q During the time you worked at the endoscopy
21	center, did you ever see the reuse of any equipment used in
22	the procedure rooms?
23	A No, I did not.
24	Q You also worked in post-op?
25	A That's correct.
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1	Q And what were your responsibilities in
2	post-op?
3	A I would receive the patient after their
4	procedure. They would be placed on a monitor, observed for
5	half an hour. If after a half an hour their vital signs were
6	stable, they would be escorted to a bathroom where they were
7	given their clothes to change. If and then they were
8	escorted from that point over to the discharge area.
9	Q Now, when you were working in pre-op, did you
10	ever have the CRNAs come out and interview patients before
11	their procedures?
12	A I don't recall.
13	Q Okay. I mean, you don't remember that at all,
14	or you don't recall that occurring?
15	A They may have. It's just so busy. It's hard
16	to say who was talking to who at what time because you're
17	focused on that one patient. Once you get them squared away,
18	you move on to your next patient to pre-op and you just try to
19	keep pace with as many of those patients that were coming back
20	as best you can.
21	Q Were patients moving, from your observation,
22	were patients moving through pre-op pretty quickly?
23	A I would say so.
24	Q Okay. Were they sitting there for half hour
25	periods at a time, or less time than that in your

I		
1	recollection?	
2	А	Half an hour or more.
3	Q	Okay. When when you were working in
4	recovery, I ass	sume your responsibility was to make sure that
5	patients were d	coming out of the procedure okay?
6	А	Yes.
7	Q	Did you ever have a doctor come out and check
8	on the patient	?
9	А	I can't say that I have.
10	Q	Okay. How about a CRNA? Did you ever see
11	that happen?	
12	А	I can't say that.
13	Q	Okay. Do you know what pre-charting is?
14	А	Yes, I do.
15	Q	What is that?
16	А	That's filling in information on a patient's
17	chart before t	hey either arrive in your area or you've taken a
18	set of vital s	igns or you've even had a chance to assess the
19	patient.	
20	Q	In nursing school what is taught to you
21	regarding pre-	charting?
22	А	You chart what you see and what you do when
23	you do it.	
24	Q	So you're not supposed to pre-chart?
25	А	Correct.
		KARR REPORTING, INC.

1	Q Were you when you worked at the endoscopy
2	center, were you trained by anyone to pre-chart?
3	A I was trained by Janine Drury to do that.
4	Q Okay. And would that include the times and
5	everything?
6	A Yes.
7	Q Before before those events occurred?
8	A Correct.
9	Q And so on the I know you were there very
10	briefly, but were there times that you actually pre-charted?
11	A Probably.
12	Q Now, you you were there a very, very brief
13	amount of time. Do you remember the CDC coming into the
14	center and observing?
15	A Yes.
16	Q And if I represented to you that was around
17	January the 8th, does that comport with your recollection?
18	A Somewhere around after January 2nd, I believe.
19	Q Okay. And when they came in, did you did
20	you see strike that, better question. When they came in,
21	did they watch you work in any part of the facility?
22	A Yes.
23	Q Where did they watch you? Where were you when
24	they observed you?
25	A I was in pre-op and also in recovery.
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1	Q Okay. And so they would have observed your
2	practices in those two areas?
3	A Yes.
4	Q Do you recall how long it was that they
5	observed you?
6	A Maybe 15 minutes at a time.
7	Q While while you were at the endoscopy
8	center, did you ever work with with Dr. Desai?
9	A No.
10	Q Never in the procedure room with him?
11	A No.
12	Q Okay. Did you ever hear a conversation about
13	syringes involving Dr. Desai?
14	A Yes.
15	Q Can you give us the time frame on when that
16	conversation occurred to the best of your recollection?
17	A I would have to say on before it was
18	before the end of the year.
19	Q So before before the CDC and obviously
20	after you're employed, so sometime towards the end of
21	December
22	A Correct.
23	Q of 2007? Where where did this
24	conversation take place?
25	A There is an area between one of the procedure
	KARR REPORTING, INC. 190

1	rooms and the pre-op room which is no further than five feet
2	in front of me.
3	Q And was the conversation between yourself and
4	Dr. Desai?
5	A No, it wasn't.
6	Q Who who was in the conversation?
7	A It was between Dr. Desai and Dr. Carrol.
8	Q And what did you hear Dr. Desai say?
9	A I heard him say that discussing the amount
10	of the price of syringes and that, you know, staff should be
11	should try to minimize the amount of supplies used during
12	patient care.
13	Q And was it a lengthy conversation or did you
14	just hear those couple comments?
15	A Just those couple of comments, and they just
16	erd up walking away from me at that point.
17	Q And I assume you didn't follow along?
18	A No, I've got other things to do.
19	Q Thank you, sir.
20	MS. WECKERLY: I'll pass the witness, Your Honor.
21	THE COURT: All right. Cross.
22	CROSS-EXAMINATION
23	BY MR. SANTACROCE:
24	Q Good afternoon, sir.
25	A Good afternoon.
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1	Q I represent Ron Lakeman sitting back there.
2	You don't know Ron, do you?
3	A I can't say that I do.
4	Q Okay. You were employed at the end of
5	December at the clinic; correct?
6	A Correct.
7	Q And I'll represent to you that he left
8	employment in October. So you don't recall him coming back at
9	any time and working with him, do you?
10	A I can't say that I do.
11	Q And all of the procedures that you talked
12	about were procedures that were employed at the clinic from
13	December 26th or 27th until the clinic closed; correct?
14	A Correct.
15	Q You have no knowledge or did not see anything
16	firsthand prior to that time period, and specifically
17	September 21, 2007, or July 25, 2007?
18	A No, sir.
19	Q You talked about when you worked in the pre-op
20	area that you would flush every heplock; correct?
21	A Correct.
22	Q And you would do that with saline?
23	A Yes.
24	Q And when you first got there you would use
25	multi you would use saline on multiple patients; correct?
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1	
1	A I would use a multi-dose saline bottle, but I
2	didn't ever practice the I never practiced that way of
3	using a multi-dose vial on the same on different patients.
4	Q Okay.
5	A That's just not my practice.
6	Q Okay. But you can't speak for what others did
7	prior to you getting there, can you?
8	A No, I can't.
9	Q All we can tell from you is that there was
10	multi-use saline in the pre-op area and you didn't use that on
11	more than one patient with the same needle and syringes;
12	correct?
13	A Yes, sir.
14	Q Were there other RNs in the pre-op area when
15	you were there?
16	A Yes, there were.
17	Q And who were they?
18	A That would be Janine Drury and on occasion
19	Jeff Krueger.
20	Q Okay. And did you ever witness them flushing
21	heplocks?
22	A Yes, I did.
23	Q Would they use the multi-dose vials as well?
24	A Yes, they would.
25	Q You testified that Janine Drury, I guess, sort
	KARR REPORTING, INC. 193

1	of mentored you when you got there; is that correct?
2	A That's correct.
3	Q You testified that she instructed you on
4	pre-charting?
5	A Yes, she did.
6	Q So if she was here testifying contrary to that
7	she'd be mistaken about pre-charting?
8	A Yeah.
9	Q I wasn't clear about the pre-op patients. Did
10	you say that they could possibly be in the pre-op area for a
11	half hour or more before they went to a procedure room?
12	A That's correct. That would be more so in the
13	afternoon times or maybe 10:00, 11:00 in the morning. That's
14	when things start to slow down
15	Q Started to back up.
16	A and back up.
17	Q So when you administered a heplock and flushed
18	that heplock, they could be sitting in that room for a half
19	hour before they get called into your procedure room?
20	A Yes.
21	Q When you worked in the procedure rooms
22	themselves, you never saw propofol reused on multiple
23	patients, did you?
24	A No.
25	MR. SANTACROCE: That's all I have. Thank you.
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1	THE COURT: Ms. Stanish.
2	CROSS-EXAMINATION
3	BY MS. STANISH:
4	Q Good afternoon.
5	A Good afternoon, Counselor.
6	Q My name is Margaret Stanish. I am counselor
7	to Dr. Desai. And how do I say your last name?
8	A It's Maanao.
9	Q Ma
10	A Close enough. That's fine.
11	Q Clarify for me a couple things about the
12	pre-charting issue, okay? Let's start when you're in pre-op.
13	When you're doing the assessment when the patient first comes
14	in, do you recall writing a time for a pre-op assessment in
15	the chart?
16	A Yes.
17	Q What time would you use?
18	A The time that the patient was received by me.
19	Q And what would you do, would you look at your
20	watch?
21	A Or there was a clock similar to that one in
22	the pre-op room.
23	Q Okay. And when you're in the pre-op doing the
24	patient assessment, did you have have a quick time to
25	assess the patient?
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1	A Yes.
2	Q And the let's move into the procedure room
3	now. What time did you use to denote the start time of the
4	procedure?
5	A Again, the time was taken off the clock.
6	Q And what time did you use to end the procedure
7	time?
8	A When the patient leaves the room.
9	Q And, again, you're taking it off the clock?
10	A Yes.
11	Q Is that something that Ms is it Drury,
12	Janine Drury told you to do, or is that something you did just
13	because that's how you were trained?
14	A Well, that's how I was trained.
15	Q And when you're in the procedure room or,
16	I'm sorry, when you're in the recovery room, did you denote
17	the time that the patient well, what kinds of times did you
18	note, if any, when you were in the recovery room?
19	A The arrival time of the patient, and then of
20	course the portable monitors are hooked up to the patient and
21	the times are taken off of that to write down those vital
22	signs, and they're set for every five minutes.
23	Q Okay. So you would take the time from the
24	monitor?
25	A Yes.

1	Q And why would you use a monitor instead of a
2	watch or clock?
3	A Because the monitors are set for every five
4	minutes. They're set to go off and take vital signs every
5	five minutes.
6	Q Okay. And then you get a little strip with
7	the time on it?
8	A Right.
9	Q And that's what you would use to denote the
10	time in the chart?
11	A Yes.
12	Q Did you ever see anybody reuse a syringe in
13	the clinic?
14	A No.
15	Q Okay. I have nothing further. Thank you,
16	sir.
17	A You're welcome.
18	THE COURT: Any redirect?
19	MS. WECKERLY: No redirect.
20	THE COURT: Any juror questions for the witness? No
21	juror questions.
22	All right. Sir, thank you for your testimony.
23	Please don't discuss your testimony with anyone else who may
24	be a witness in this case.
25	THE WITNESS: Yes, ma'am.
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1 THE COURT: Thank you and you are excused. 2 State, call your next witness. 3 MS. WECKERLY: Can we approach? 4 THE COURT: Sure. 5 (Off-record bench conference.) 6 THE COURT: All right. Ladies and gentlemen, 7 apparently that's all the witnesses that were scheduled for 8 today, so we are going to go ahead and take our evening 9 recess. 10 During the evening recess you are not to discuss the 11 case or anything relating to the case with each other or with 12 anyone else. You're not to read, watch, or listen to any 13 reports of or commentaries on this case, any person or subject 14 matter relating to the case. Do not do any independent 15 research by way of the internet, or any other medium, and 16 please do not form or express an opinion on the trial. We'll 17 reconvene tomorrow morning at 9:00 a.m. And please place your 18 notepads in your chairs and follow the bailiff through the 19 rear door. 20 (Jury recessed at 3:42 p.m.) 21 THE COURT: Okay. On scheduling, tomorrow one of 22 the jurors has a graduation at 1:15. 23 MS. STANISH: First grade? 24 THE COURT: No, it's actually eighth grade. 25 MS. STANISH: Oh, okay.

## Electronically Filed IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF IN AD 2014 09:08 a.m. Tracie K. Lindeman Clerk of Supreme Court

DIPAK KANTILAL DESAI,	) CASE NO. 64591
	)
Appellant,	)
	)
vs.	)
	)
THE STATE OF NEVADA,	)
	)
Respondent.	)
	)

## **APPELLANT'S APPENDIX VOLUME 23**

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1	And once they leave the room, correct me if I'm wrong, but my
2	understanding was you said you really didn't have time to go
3	see them in recovery.
4	A Yeah, I yes.
5	Q Okay. So your time with them would end after
6	they left the procedure room?
7	A But if there was a problem, the nurses that
8	were in the recovery area would come get one of us to come
9	take care of that patient.
10	Q Okay. But your normal face time with the
11	patient would end after they left the procedure room; is
12	that
13	A Correct.
14	Q Okay. Now, do you remember any special
15	consideration for patients who had PacifiCare insurance?
16	A I think they were supposed to be 31 minutes
17	for the procedure itself.
18	Q Okay. And why why was that? What's
19	your understanding of that?
20	A I think it was that the patient would have to
21	pay for their anesthesia if it wasn't at 31 minutes.
22	Q And did you only do that for PacifiCare
23	patients?
24	A I tried initially, but then it just got to be
25	too difficult because I didn't have time to find out who had
	II

1	what insurance.		
2	Q Okay. So was some of the information you put		
3	on the anesthesia time wrong?		
4	A Probably, yes.		
5	Q Okay. And you knew that form was going to		
6	insurance companies because you knew the thing about		
7	PacifiCare; right?		
8	A But I understood that it was a flat fee for		
9	anesthesia		
10	Q Okay.		
11	A so it really didn't matter what time was on		
12	there.		
13	Q Well, actually, that's my question. If your		
14	understanding was that it was a flat fee, why would PacifiCare		
15	patients have to show a time of over 31 minutes?		
16	A Because PacifiCare was different than the		
17	other insurances.		
18	Q So are you saying that it's PacifiCare that		
19	wasn't a flat fee, or they all were a flat fee?		
20	A The way I understood it, PacifiCare wasn't,		
21	that's why they wanted the 31 minutes.		
22	Q Okay. And other than PacifiCare, though, you		
23	started putting over 30 minutes on people that didn't have		
24	PacifiCare insurance?		
25	A Correct.		
	II		

1	Q	And was that correct? Was the time correct	
2	that you put on	those forms?	
3	А	No.	
4	Q	And was it longer than those procedures were?	
5	A	It could have been, yes.	
6	Q	Okay. And so did you actually put vital signs	
7	that didn't exi	st?	
8	A	I could have.	
9	Q	Okay. And you knew that that form was going	
10	to an insurance	company; right?	
11	А	No, I really didn't.	
12	Q	You didn't know it was for billing?	
13	А	No, I knew the time was for billing, yes.	
14	Q	Okay. So	
15	А	But I didn't think that it really mattered	
16	because I really thought that it was just a flat fee		
17	Q	Okay.	
18	А	except for PacifiCare?	
19	Q	Why did you bother to put the false vital	
20	signs?		
21	А	To make it look good.	
22	Q	Why would you need to make it look good?	
23	А	Just because.	
24	Q	To make it look like the patient was in there	
25	and you were ta	aking vitals when you weren't?	
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1	A Probably.		
2	Q Was that what you were trained to do?		
3	A No.		
4	Q Do you remember anyone telling you to do it		
5	that way?		
6	A No, I don't.		
7	Q Do you remember telling the police, this is on		
8	page 12, that Ron Lakeman told you to do it that way?		
9	A As far as the time, yes.		
10	Q Okay. So you actually do remember Ron Lakeman		
11	telling you to do over 30?		
12	A Because it because it was the way it was		
13	done, that PacifiCare's had to be 31 minutes.		
14	Q Right. Not just PacifiCare. Did he tell you		
15	that that was the way the timing was supposed to be done?		
16	A Not for everybody, no.		
17	Q So he just limited it, in your recollection,		
18	to PacifiCare?		
19	A Correct.		
20	Q And you just took it upon yourself to do		
21	everyone else that way?		
22	A Just because there wasn't enough time in the		
23	day to check everybody's insurance.		
24	Q Okay. And in that 10 minutes that you were		
25	spending in pre-op doing the pre-anesthesia evaluation you		
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1	didn't have time to ask what the insurance was?		
2	A That was the least of my problems.		
3	Q Okay. Did Dr. Desai ever tell you about		
4	billing 31 minutes or		
5	A Yes.		
6	Q What did he say about that?		
7	A That it was that it should be billed 31		
8	minutes.		
9	Q Did he ever look at your anesthesia records to		
10	see		
11	A Yes, he did.		
12	Q —— that you were billing 31 minutes?		
13	A Yes, he did.		
14	Q Did the policy of billing 31 minutes ever		
15	change in your employment there?		
16	A After the whole thing with the CDC and stuff,		
17	yes.		
18	Q And then what happened? How did it change?		
19	A We were told to bill for the time that the		
20	patient was in the room.		
21	MS. WECKERLY: Court's indulgence.		
22	I'll pass the witness, Your Honor.		
23	THE COURT: All right. Let's get started on cross.		
24	Who would like to go first?		
25	MR. WRIGHT: I'm going to, but can we take a brief		
	KARR REPORTING, INC. 85		

recess. 1 THE COURT: All right. Let me see counsel at the 2 3 bench, please. (Off-record bench conference.) 4 THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, we're just going 5 to take a quick like 10 minute recess. And during the recess 6 you're reminded not to discuss the case or anything relating 7 to the case with each other or with anyone else, not to read, 8 watching, or listen to any reports of or commentaries on the 9 case, person or subject matter relating to the case, and 10 please not to form or express an opinion on the trial. 11 Notepads in your chairs. Follow the bailiff out the double 12 doors this time. 13 (Court recessed at 11:24 a.m., until 11:36 a.m.) 14 (In the presence of the jury.) 15 THE COURT: All right. Court is now back in 16 17 session. And Mr. Wright, are you ready to proceed with your 18 cross-examination? 19 MR. WRIGHT: Yes, Your Honor. 20 THE COURT: All right. 21 22 CROSS-EXAMINATION 23 BY MR. WRIGHT: Ma'am, my name is Richard Wright. I represent 24 Dr. Desai. You -- you testified about transcripts you have 25

1	locked at because you were previously interviewed. You		
2	brought those with you		
3	A Yes, sir.		
4	Q correct? How many how many of those do		
5	you have?		
6	A Two.		
7	Q Two? Do you do you understand which two		
8	do you have? Do you have them there?		
9	A $$ I have one from the FBI and one that was a		
10	two-day thing with the police.		
11	Q Okay. You have an FBI interview, summary of		
12	an interview; correct?		
13	A Yes, sir.		
14	Q And that's August 14, 2008?		
15	A That's the date on there, yeah.		
16	Q Yeah, the date on there.		
17	A Uh-huh.		
18	Q And you also have a transcript, and the date		
19	on that is October 14, 2008?		
20	A Yeah, and I think it's continued on the 15th.		
21	Q Okay. October 14th and 15th.		
22	A Yes, sir.		
23	Q Two days with police. And, in fact, you were		
24	interviewed by the FBI; correct?		
25	A Yes, sir.		
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1	Q Okay. And you were interviewed by the police		
2	over two days?		
3	A Yes, sir.		
4	Q Okay. And in addition to that you also went		
5	before the Grand Jury		
6	A Yes, sir.		
7	Q correct? And that do you recall when in		
8	the chronology you went to the Grand Jury?		
9	A That was before the FBI and the police.		
10	Q Okay. And did they were you provided a		
11	transcript of your Grand Jury testimony?		
12	A No, sir.		
13	Q Okay. Your your Grand Jury testimony		
14	transcript shows July 17, 2008.		
15	A Okay.		
16	Q So we have Grand Jury, July 2008; FBI, August		
17	2008; police, two days, October 2008. Do you think that's a		
18	correct chronology?		
19	A Yeah, I guess.		
20	Q Okay. Now, at at that time you were		
21	unemployed?		
22	A Yes, sir.		
23	Q Okay. And you had worked up until the closing		
24	of the clinic; correct?		
25	A Yes, sir.		
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1	i	Q	And then did did you did you surrender
2	your CRNA	licens	se
3		А	Yes, we
4	i	Q	when the other
5		А	voluntarily surrendered them.
6		Q	Okay. And you voluntary let me finish the
7	question s	so tha	t
8		А	Oh, I'm sorry.
9		Q	we get a good record of it. Did you
10	surrender	at th	e same time all the other CRNAs turned in their
11	license?	Do yo	u know?
12		А	Yes, sir.
13		Q	Okay. And it was at the same time?
14		А	Yes, sir.
15		Q	Okay. And you you had an attorney that was
16	hired to:	repres	sent you all, Tracy Singh? Did you know that?
17		А	Yes, sir.
18		Q	Okay. And you followed her advice to turn in
19	your lice	nse?	
20		А	Yes, sir.
21		Q	Okay. And thereafter you didn't practice any
22	further -		
23		А	Correct.
24		Q	CRNA-ing?
25		А	Or nursing.
			KARR REPORTING, INC. 89

1	Q	Or nursing. Okay. And I want to go back now
2	to your career.	
3	A	Yes, sir.
4	Q	Starting back in where did you go to nursing
5	school?	
6	A	Cooper Hospital in Camden.
7	Q	Okay. In Camden New Jersey.
8	А	Correct.
9	Ω	And is that how how long of nursing
10	school?	
11	А	It was three years.
12	Q	Three years? And you got out of nursing
13	school when?	
14	А	1967.
15	Q	Okay. And did you immediately go to CRNA
16	school?	
17	А	No, sir.
18	Q	Okay. You went into nursing
19	А	Yes.
20	Q	is that correct? At what point in time did
21	you go back and	study anesthesia?
22	А	I believe it was 1969.
23	Q	Okay. So you worked a couple years as a
24	nurse?	
25	А	Yes, I worked nights in intensive care.
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1	Q Okay. And then did you go back to nursing
2	school to become a CRNA?
3	A I went to Nazareth Hospital School of
4	Anesthesia for Nurses in Northeast Philadelphia.
5	Q Okay. How long is that?
6	A It was 18 months at the time.
7	Q Okay. And you graduated?
8	A Yes, sir.
9	Q Okay. And to become a CRNA do you take tests,
10	a board?
11	A Boarded.
12	Q Boarded?
13	A Uh-huh.
14	Q Okay. And what does that mean?
15	A That means you have satisfied the requirements
16	of the American Association of Nurse Anesthetists to be a
17	nurse anesthetist, a CRNA.
18	Q Okay. And then you went to work as a CRNA in
19	the New Jersey area?
20	A Yes, sir.
21	Q Okay. And tell run through your CRNA
22	career.
23	A I worked at Helene Fuld Hospital for probably
24	about five or six years. And then I went to Hamilton Hospital
25	for another maybe five years. And then I came back into the
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1	
1	city of Trenton and worked at Mercer Hospital, and then that
2	became Mercer Medical Center and then it combined with Helene
3	Fuld. I was there for 18 years.
4	Q Okay. And did did you was that your
5	last job in New Jersey?
6	A That was my last job in New Jersey.
7	Q Okay. And then you came out to Las Vegas?
8	A Correct.
9	Q Okay. And that was in we know you started
10	August 2005 at the clinic
11	A Yes, sir.
12	Q correct? And you saw an advertisement for
13	a nurse anesthetist in your
14	A In the AANA Journal.
15	Q Okay. IN the AA
16	A Bulletin. Bulletin. The American Association
17	of Nurse Anesthetist.
18	Q Okay.
19	A Yeah. We have we have little things
20	they have the classified ads in the back.
21	Q Okay.
22	A And it sounded like a good sounding job. And
23	I wanted to get my husband out of New Jersey because it was
24	too cold and he had a very, very bad winter. So we liked Las
25	Vegas and it was warm.

1	Q Okay. You just held up I'm going to
2	describe for the record, you held up a
3	A Yeah, this is a page. This is the the next
4	one. This was not the one this was the one that ${ m Mr.}$
5	Sagendorf was hired from, but it was basically the same
6	advertisement.
7	Q Okay. And this this is a page out of the
8	AANA news bulletin
9	A Yes.
10	Q that you looked at here on the
11	A Yes, sir.
12	Q Okay. And
13	A It's right there under Nevada. It sounded
14	like a good job.
15	Q This this is a May 2007.
16	A Yes, that's what I said. That's probably the
17	one that Mr. Sagendorf was hired from, but it was basically
18	the same ad.
19	Q Okay. There was an ad run and this is a
20	journal you receive monthly?
21	A With your membership, yes.
22	Q Okay. And you've been a member all along
23	throughout your career?
24	A Yes, sir.
25	Q Okay. And the
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H	
1	A Until 2008.
2	Q When the clinics closed and you turned in your
3	license?
4	A Correct.
5	MR. WRIGHT: Can you mark that?
6	THE COURT: Any objection to the ad in the nursing
7	magazine? Are you shaking your head no, Mr. Staudaher?
8	MR. WRIGHT: It's your
9	MR. STAUDAHER: No.
10	MS. WECKERLY: No objection.
11	MR. STAUDAHER: No.
12	THE COURT: Okay.
13	MR. STAUDAHER: I'm sorry, Your Honor.
14	MR. WRIGHT: Just because she brought it and we're
15	talking about it, so
16	THE COURT: That's fine. They don't object. So
17	it'll be Desai next in order.
18	Which is, for the record?
19	THE CLERK: L1.
20	THE COURT: L1.
21	(Defendant's Exhibit L1 admitted.)
22	BY MR. WRIGHT:
23	Q Even though that's a later edition, that's the
24	same ad you were responding to back in 2005?
25	A Correct.
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1	Q Okay. And when when you responded, if you
2	you started in August 2005, but you were interviewed prior
3	to that?
4	A I was interviewed in June, I think.
5	Q Okay. And you you fly out or you and your
6	husband?
7	A Both of us flew out.
8	Q Okay. And interviewed by Tonya Rushing?
9	A Yes, sir.
10	Q Okay. And another lady you don't recall?
11	A Yes.
12	Q Okay. And meet any of the doctors at that
13	time?
14	A I met Dr. Carrol.
15	Q Dr. Carrol?
16	A And Ron Lakeman.
17	Q And Ron Lakeman.
18	A Uh-huh.
19	Q Okay. And were you hired were you offered
20	a job on the spot?
21	A Yes, I was.
22	Q Okay. And then even though that's June it
23	took until August to get your licensing in Nevada; is that
24	correct?
25	A Correct.
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1	Q Okay. And there was a delay in there because
2	of your fingerprints or something?
3	A Correct.
4	Q Okay. So when when you started work at the
5	clinic, Shadow Lane, okay, you were starting as a full time
6	CRNA?
7	A Correct.
8	Q Okay. So I think you said Keith Mathahs, you
9	were replacing him?
10	A That's what I understood, yes.
11	Q Okay. And he was retiring from full time
12	CRNA
13	A Yes, sir.
14	Q correct? But he he he still remained
15	vacations and call back?
16	A Yes, sir.
17	Q Because you you continued to work with
18	Keith intermittently up until the clinic closed?
19	A Very rarely, yes.
20	Q Okay. Rarely you worked with him?
21	A Correct.
22	Q Okay. And by with him, I mean he had a shift
23	at the same time you did and
24	A He had one room and I had the other.
25	Q Okay. And you you would mainly work the
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1	majority of you	r time, you were there two and a half years;
2	correct?	
3	А	Yeah.
4	Q	Approximately?
5	А	Approximately.
6	Q	Okay. The majority of the time you would have
7	been working Ro	on Lakeman in the other room?
8	А	Yeah, until Ron left. Right.
9	Q	Okay. And he left in the fall of 2007. Do
10	you recall that	2?
11	А	I don't recall when he left, no.
12	Q	Okay. Now, you were you, when you were
13	hired, already	had experience with gastroenterology; correct?
14	А	Yes, sir.
15	Q	Because you had worked in you had worked
16	where there we:	re endoscopies and colonoscopies done; correct?
17	А	Yes, sir.
18	Q	And you worked with propofol?
19	· A	Yes, sir.
20	Q	And you were very experienced with it?
21	A	Somewhat experienced.
22	Q	Okay.
23	A	Yes.
24	Q	Somewhat like you had used it frequently?
25	А	We used it a lot with same day stay same
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day stay patients and patients that wouldn't have a lot of 1 post-operative pain. Because patients that would have pain, 2 our nurses in recovery room would just turn around and give 3 morphine to. And, you know, why use propofol which is 4 probably four times as expensive as pentathal if they were 5 just going to get slammed with a narcotic post-operatively? 6 So when I worked endoscopies and when I did some other things 7 like smaller surgeries that were supplemented with local 8 anesthetics like arthroscopies and that kind of stuff, I would 9 use propofol, yes. 10 Okay. Because basically with those type of 11 procedures, when you've had it you're going to wake up 12 relatively pain free from the procedure; correct? 13 Yeah, it's -- it's a procedure that would not Α 14 have a lot of pain associated with it. Yes. 15 Okay. So when -- when you came and started 16 work at the clinic, August 2005, you -- you started doing 17 procedures and you started working in one of the rooms; 18 correct? 19

Yes, sir. Α

20

21

22

23

24

25

Okay. And the -- you -- you stated that your patient interview about half the time was done in the pre-op area, and about half the time in the procedure room; is that correct?

> Α Correct.

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i i i	
1	Q Okay. Run through the patient interview
2	process.
3	A Start off with asking if they had any problems
4	with their heart or their lungs. It was all basically on the
5	back of the anesthesia record was like a mini physical kind of
6	thing. And you would cover all the systems, ask them if they
7	had an problems with anesthesia in the past, if their family
8	had had any problems with anesthesia because some of the
9	things are familial.
10	Q Okay. And you would do all of that with every
11	patient whether it was out in the pre-op area or in the
12	procedure room before the procedure started?
13	A One way or the other, yes, sir.
14	Q Okay. And if it was done in the procedure
15	room, that would be a situation where you didn't have time to
16	do it in pre-opinion, but the patient is brought in and you
17	interview them before the procedure begins?
18	A Yes, sir.
19	Q Okay. And the did you do that with every
20	patient?
21	A Yes, sir.
22	Q Okay. I mean, it never got so busy that you
23	just like skipped interviews and things?
24	A No.
25	Q Okay. The you've you've indicated that
	11

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1	the practice, t	he clinic patient load escalated; correct?
2	А	Yes, sir.
3	Q	Okay. And you started off, you doing in your
4	room, what, may	be 25 patients?
5	А	Maybe 20, 25, yeah.
6	Q	Okay. And then it got up to around 30?
7	А	Yes, sir.
8	Q	Is that correct?
9	А	And then it kept on going.
10	Q	Okay. How far did it go?
11	А	I think there's a couple of days like to the
12	end of the thin	g where we were doing there were like 80
13	patients on the	schedule for the day.
14	Q	Okay. All in the schedule?
15	A	Correct.
16	Q	Okay. And the some percentage of them may
17	not come?	
18	А	And there would be some percentage that would
19	be added as wel	1.
20	Q	Okay. And so do you know what the highest
21	ever done was i	n the records for the clinic?
22	A	I'd say in the 80s.
23	Ω	Okay. Did the district attorney or the police
24	show you any re	ecords showing there was never a day where it
25	was in the 80s?	

1	A No.
2	Q Okay. Now, you were asked some questions by
3	Ms. Weckerly, and she was asking you about you doing 60 or 70
4	patients.
5	A The clinic doing them.
6	Q Okay. But you would do one half of those;
7	correct?
8	A Yes, sir.
9	Q I mean, you weren't doing 60 or 70 patients?
10	A No.
11	Q Okay. Now, when it's time to administer the
12	propofol I want to go through your process. And did your
13	process remain the same your practice and procedure, okay.
14	A Uh-huh.
15	${ m Q}$ Did it remain the same from August 2008 until
16	the CDC came in January 2008?
17	A Yes, sir.
18	Q Okay. Did I say August 2005? That's what I
19	mean.
20	A I think so.
21	Q Okay. I'm getting mixed up here. The your
22	procedure remained the same, your method of administering
23	propofcl, and then it changed on propofol multiuse after the
24	CDC came; is that
25	A Correct.

1	Q correct?
2	A Yes, sir.
3	Q Okay. So before the CDC comes, tell me what
4	would you do first thing in the morning?
5	A We'd open syringes and put the syringes put
6	the needles on the syringes. Draw up some lidocaine in some
7	of them. Go over to the procedure room that had the locked
8	closet, get flats of propofol, bring one to each room, and
9	draw up propofol in some of the syringes that had the
10	lidocaine in it and some of the syringes that didn't have
11	lidocaine in it.
12	Q Okay. Now, assuming were you the first
13	normally scheduled to be the first CRNA there?
14	A I was one of the first.
15	Q Okay.
16	A There were two of us that opened in the
17	morning.
18	Q Okay. And each of you would be there and one
19	of you or both of you would go get the propofol?
20	A No, one person would go do it.
21	Q Okay. Go check it out. There was a checkout
22	procedure; correct? Did you sign it out?
23	A I don't I don't really I think we signed
24	out by the flats. I'm not really sure.
25	Q Okay. And a flat would be like 25 bottles of
	KARR REPORTING, INC. 102

1	20s?
2	A Correct.
3	Q Okay. And so you would get your flat, 25
4	bottles in a flat container; correct?
5	A Yeah, a little cardboard bottom.
6	Q Okay. And take it to your room and the other
7	CRNA would take a flat to his room?
8	A Sometimes. And sometimes the one person would
9	just take out two
10	Q Okay.
11	A $$ and leave the one in the one room and go to
12	the other room.
13	Q Okay. And the the propofol, it other
14	than end of the day, last patient, the propofol would stay in
15	each procedure room; correct?
16	A As far as I remember, yes.
17	Q Okay. The and so you would get out needles
18	and syringes, and they're packaged separately; correct?
19	A Correct.
20	Q Put put together put the needle on the
21	syringe; right?
22	A Yes, sir.
23	Q Okay. And then you would preload, you'd put
24	lidocaine in some. Like, what, 1 cc?
25	A One to two, yeah.
	KARR REPORTING, INC. 103

1	Q Okay. And then you'd fill the balance with
2	propofol?
3	A Correct.
4	Q Okay. So it's like 10 ccs of propofol.
5	A Between eight and ten, right.
6	Q Eight and ten. And then you would fill
7	another stack of needles and syringes with just propofol.
8	A Correct.
9	Q Okay. And and you would if you used
10	if you filled 10 syringes you would have used like five vials
11	of 10; correct?
12	A Yeah, I guess that would be it.
13	Q Well
14	A Yeah.
15	Q Okay. And you you would use each of those
16	up; correct?
17	A Yes, sir.
18	Q Okay. So it's empty and you toss them out?
19	A Yes.
20	Q Okay. And so then the patients start coming
21	in. The first patient comes in. You you may have
22	pre-interviewed the patient already, right, in the pre-op
23	area?
24	A I may have or I may talk to them in the room.
25	Q Okay. Either way, first patient comes in,
	KARR REPORTING, INC. 104

1	okay.
2	A Yes, sir.
3	Q Is the heplock in?
4	A It might be or it might not be.
5	Q Okay. And if it's not, you put it in?
6	A Yes, sir.
7	Q Okay. And if it's in, that means a nurse did
8	it out in pre-op; correct?
9	A Yes.
10	Q Okay. So the patient is there, doctor comes
11	in, tech is there, nurse is there; correct?
12	A Yeah.
13	Q Okay. Now, what is your practice? What do
14	you then do when you're ready to put the patient to sleep?
15	A Put the monitors on the patient, turn the
16	patient on their side, get a baseline reading on all of the
17	monitors, and give the patient propofol and
18	Q Okay.
19	A monitor them while the procedure is being
20	done.
21	Q Okay. And what's get a baseline reading on
22	the monitors mean?
23	A Get a blood pressure recording, make sure I
24	know what the EKG says because if the if the stickies if
25	the electrodes aren't in the right place you may not get a
	KARR REPORTING, INC.

H	
1	good tracing. Make sure that the pulse oximeter is reading
2	right.
3	Q Okay.
4	A Make sure you know where you stand before you
5	give that patient any medication.
6	Q Okay. So the everything is totally hooked
7	up so that you can fully monitor the patient the entire time
8	of the procedure?
9	A Correct.
.0	Q Okay. And then that that everything, the
1	patient is okay and hooked up, and then your your first
12	injection, you you put it in the heplock; right?
13	A Yes, sir.
14	Q The needle and syringe. Do you clean the
15	little heplock?
16	A Sure.
17	Q Okay. And then do you put the full you
18	pick up one with lidocaine and propofol, okay.
19	A Yes, sir.
20	Q Do you inject the full 10 ccs?
21	A Depends on how big the patient is. It depends
22	on you know, you're you're talking to them while you're
23	doing this and you're saying, you know, it may burn a little
24	bit while you're going off to sleep, just let yourself relax,
25	and you watch the nationt

H	
1	Q Okay.
2	A And when the patient starts to flutter their
3	eyes or their eyes close, then you know that they're pretty
4	well asleep.
5	Q Okay. And and you are going to, on the
6	charts, what you chart, you're going to keep track of the
7	quantity of propofol administered; correct?
8	A Yes, sir.
9	Q And you're going to have the total and the
10	number of doses; is that correct?
11	A Yes.
12	Q Okay. So if at the beginning, assuming you
13	what, do you slowly give the full thing, assuming you were
14	going to give 10 ccs?
15	A Yes, slowly.
16	Q Okay. You just slowly the patient goes to
17	sleep, and then you like jot down 10 ccs, check that or write
18	it down?
19	A Or or 2 ccs of lidocaine and 10 of
20	propofol. It depends on what was in the syringe, yes.
21	Q Okay. But you chart that?
22	A Yes, sir.
23	Q Okay. And then we we've I'm asking you
24	this methodically because we've had different CRNAs explaining
25	different procedures they utilized. Okay?

1	А	Okay.
2	Q	So after your done with that first and I'm
3	presuming you ga	ave the full syringe, okay.
4	А	Okay.
5	Q	And let's make it a colonoscopy.
6	А	Okay.
7	Q	What do you do with that syringe?
8	А	It goes in the red box.
9	Q	The red box?
10	А	Uh-huh.
11	· Q	That's the Sharps container?
12	А	Yes, sir.
13	Q	Okay. And then you pick you pick up
14	another and ins	ert it, or do you wait?
15	А	Probably insert another syringe.
16	Q	Okay. So you would be ready if more propofol
17	is needed?	
18	А	Correct.
19	Q	And this would just be no lidocaine, just the
20	another syri	nge of propofol?
21	А	Yes, sir.
22	Q	Okay. And then you are watching the patient,
23	you're watching	the monitor or their what do you call those
24	what are you	watching?
25	А	Monitors and the patient.
		KARR REPORTING, INC. 108

1	Q Okay. And if if more is needed, you have
2	the needle and syringe in the heplock, and you would, if more
3	is needed, you would give some dosage; correct?
4	A Yes, sir.
5	Q And you might give 5 ccs?
6	A Yes.
7	Q Okay. And if you did, you would then chart
8	that?
9	A Yes.
10	Q And if if you ended up giving another 5,
11	you would chart that?
12	A Yes, sir.
13	Q And if the procedure was goes on, you
14	you've stated for colonoscopy you might use two, sometimes
15	three syringes; correct?
16	A Correct.
17	Q Okay. So assuming on this you used the second
18	one fully, okay.
19	A Okay.
20	Q Do you then toss that one?
21	A Yes, sir.
22	Q Okay. Now, the say the patient needs more.
23	You pick up another needle and syringe full of propofol
24	A Yes, sir.
25	Q correct? Put it in the heplock, patient
	KARR REPORTING, INC. 109

1	needs more, you'd give whatever additional dosage is needed.
2	A Yes, sir.
3	Q Okay. Now, in that situation, suppose you had
4	given 150, 50, 50. So that's 250, or 25 ccs, okay.
5	A Uh-huh.
6	Q Third third syringe, patient is done,
7	procedure is done. You still have proposol in the third
8	syringe; correct?
9	A Uh-huh.
10	Q What do you do with that?
11	A Usually squirt it out in the trash can.
12	Q Okay.
13	A And then put the needle and syringe in the
14	in the Sharps container.
15	Q Okay. You would not use that on any other
16	patient?
17	A No, sir.
18	Q You wouldn't put it back in the vial or
19	something?
20	A No, sir.
21	Q Okay. And you you testified on direct
22	examination with Ms. Weckerly that there were occasions when
23	you would like let's take the hypothetical. You've used
24	the second syringe so that the patient has received 20 ccs,
25	okay.

- 11			
1	A Ok	say.	
2	Q Ar	nd suppose there's a little bit left still in	
3	the propofol vial,	okay.	
4	A 0}	kay.	
5	Q Pi	copofol vial holds more than 20; correct?	
6	A A	little bit more, yeah.	
7	Q 01	kay. I mean, it's 22?	
8	A W	natever.	
9	Q 0	kay. So suppose the patient just needs a	
10	little bit more p	ropofol. Rather than picking up a new fully	
11	loaded 10 cc prop	ofol, you may take that same needle and	
12	syringe that's used on the patient for the second time, go		
13	into the vial and	get what's left, and inject that into the	
14	patient; correct?		
15	A Y	es, sir.	
16	Q C	kay. And in doing that, that is a fully,	
17	totally clean ase	ptic procedure; correct?	
18	A W	Well, yeah, because then you're going to toss	
19	that bottle. You	're not going to use that on another patient.	
20	Q	okay.	
21	Α )	You wipe the top of the the rubber the	
22	stopper off with	alcohol before you put the needle through.	
23	Q	Okay. And so and and reusing the needle	
24	and syringe		
25	Α :	The inside is sterile.	
		KARR REPORTING, INC.	

1	Q same patient right. And there you		
2	have on occasion done that; correct?		
3	A Yes, sir. The inside is sterile. The inside		
4	of the syringe is sterile, the inside of the needle is		
5	sterile, and the propofol is clean.		
6	Q Okay. And and what is then done? The		
7	propofol vial is tossed; right?		
8	A Yes, sir.		
9	Q And the needle and syringe?		
10	A After the patient is injected, yes.		
11	Q Okay. Now, same I I want to go same		
12	process when you are using 50s, the big propofol vial.		
13	A Yes, sir.		
14	Q Okay. Did did you use the spike or the		
15	A Sometimes.		
16	Q Did you use the spike?		
17	A Sometimes.		
18	Q Okay. And if you use the spike, that's a		
19	device that you punch through the rubber; right?		
20	A Yes, sir.		
21	Q And allows you to draw propofol without having		
22	to enter with the needle and syringe?		
23	A Yeah, you just screw the syringe onto the		
24	spike and draw it up		
25	Q Okay.		
	II		

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1	A into the syringe.	
2	Q So if on a given morning you had 50s rather	
3	than 20s, okay.	
4	A Yes, sir.	
5	Q You would take five syringes, hook each of	
6	them onto the spike on the 50 propofol vial, and draw up five	
7	syringes?	
8	A One at a time, yes.	
9	Q Right. One at a time. And then you would put	
10	the needle on it and the cap on it and put them in the box?	
11	A On the syringes; yes.	
12	Q Okay. Now, you would be monitoring the	
13	patient and determining if more propofol is needed, and your	
14	monitoring of it means is the patient starting to come up,	
15	wake up	
16	A Yes, sir.	
17	Q — right?	
18	A Yes, sir.	
19	Q Okay. And is that visibly looking at the	
20	patient, or also looking at did the monitors change when	
21	I'm starting to wake up?	
22	A It can.	
23	Q Okay.	
24	A Your pulse rate will get faster.	
25	Q Okay. So when I'm under the influence of	
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1	propofel, my pulse rate slows down normally?		
2	A It's basically a general anesthetic, yes, sir.		
3	Q I didn't hear you.		
4	A It's a general anesthetic, yes.		
5	Q Okay. Well, I'm not familiar with it. You		
6	are. Okay. With a general anesthetic, it slows me down, all		
7	of my my heartbeat?		
8	A Yes, sir.		
9	Q Okay. And and that's why it has to be		
10	carefully monitored because you're slowing down my heartbeat;		
11	right?		
12	A Yes.		
13	Q Okay. And as as more is needed, you you		
14	are determining, the patient is starting to wake up, where is		
15	the procedure, meaning is it almost done; correct?		
16	A Yes, sir.		
17	Q Okay. And you went through various		
18	physicians, Carrol, Desai, Carrera, on your direct		
19	examination. As you were going to give more propofol and the		
20	physician says no more, I'm done, words to that effect;		
21	correct?		
22	A Or close to done, yes.		
23	Q Pardon?		
24	A Or close to done.		
25	Q Okay. I'm close to done. And that and		
	KARR REPORTING, INC. 114		

l			
1	that would be like code for you don't need anymore, I'm close		
2	to done; right?		
3	A Yeah.		
4	Q Okay. And then you would go ahead and make		
5	the judgment yourself; correct?		
6	A Well, you're you're twisting that.		
7	Q Okay. Well, I don't want to twist it.		
8	A Because I would be watching the screen as		
9	well. When you watch the screen you know how much scope is		
10	there to go in or out or where are they with that.		
11	Q Okay.		
12	A And, you know, you're you're kind of		
13	you're watching the patient it's kind of like a whole area		
14	that you're observing at the same time.		
15	Q Okay.		
16	A And if you see them playing with a polyp or a		
17	little node kind of thing, you know they're not really on the		
18	way out because you know they're going to put something in		
19	there and either remove the polyp or burn the nodule,		
20	whatever.		
21	Q Okay. And so you being aware of all of the		
22	MR. STAUDAHER: Could we approach for one moment,		
23	please?		
24	THE COURT: Sure.		
25	(Off-record bench conference.)		
	KARR REPORTING, INC.		

1 THE COURT: Ladies and gentlemen, we're going to go 2 ahead and take our lunch break at this point. We'll be in 3 recess for the lunch break until 1:20. 4 During the lunch break you are reminded that you're 5 not to discuss this case or anything relating to the case with 6 each other or with anyone else. You're not to read, watch, or 7 listen to any reports of or commentaries on this case, any 8 person or subject matter relating to the case. Don't do any 9 independent research by way of the Internet or any other 10 medium. And please do not form or express an opinion on the 11 trial. Notepads in your chairs, and follow Kenny through the 12 rear door. 13 And, ma'am, during the break, please don't discuss 14 your testimony with anybody else. Okay? 15 (Jury recessed at 12:14 p.m.) 16 THE COURT: All right. Ma'am, you're excused for 17 the lunch break. 18 THE WITNESS: Thank you. 19 (Court recessed at 12:15 p.m., until 1:23 p.m.) 20 (In the presence of the jury.) 21 THE COURT: All right. Court is now back in 22 session. 23 And, ma'am, of course you are still under oath. 24 Mr. Wright, you may resume your cross-examination.

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25

BY MR. WRIGHT:

1	Q We on those occasions when physicians would	
2	tell you no more, I'm about done during a procedure and you	
3	determined that you believed more propofol was needed, you	
4	would go ahead and give more propofol; correct?	
5	A Yeah. It depended where I was looking at it	
6	on the screen and what the patient was presenting me.	
7	Q Okay. And despite what Carrol Dr. Carrol	
8	or Dr. Carrera or Dr. Desai said, you would make your own	
9	independent judgment; correct?	
10	A Yes, sir.	
11	Q Okay. And then you would give more propofol	
12	if that was your judgment?	
13	A Yes, sir.	
14	Q Okay. And did any of them ever discipline you	
15	for disobeying?	
16	A No.	
17	Q Okay. Now, CDC comes in January 2008, and you	
18	were present at a time when evaluations and reviews were	
19	taking place, observations; correct?	
20	A Yeah.	
21	Q Okay. Do you recall it?	
22	A I don't actually remember them observing us.	
23	Q Okay.	
24	A They were floating all around the clinic.	
25	They somebody drew our blood and asked us a whole bunch of	
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1	questions about our past medical history.		
2	Q	Okay. And	
3	А	And then there was a summation with a bunch of	
4	people sitting	around the table and that was that is all I	
5	really remember		
6	Q	Okay. The do you remember that afterwards	
7	certain changes	were implemented in the clinic?	
8	А	Yes, sir.	
9	Q	Okay. And one of the changes would be no more	
10	lidocaine; is that correct?		
11	A	Yeah, I guess that was probably one of them.	
12	Q	Okay. Well, do you recall it?	
13	А	No, I really don't.	
14	Q	Okay. Do you recall that no more multi-use of	
15	propofel?		
16	A	Yes, sir.	
17	Q	Okay. And do you recall that 50s would no	
18	longer be used?		
19	A	Yes, sir.	
20	Q	Until that time, 50s would be used for	
21	multiple patients; correct?		
22	A	Yes.	
23	Q	Okay. And after the CDC is there, use only	
24	20s; correct?		
25	А	Yes, sir.	
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1	Q	And if it's not totally used up, discard it?
2	А	Yes, sir.
3	Q	Meaning the vial of propofol
4	А	Yes, sir.
5	Q	correct? And any time you're going to
6	enter a vial of	propofol, use a new needle and syringe?
7	A	No.
8	Q	No?
9	А	No.
10	Q	You don't recall that?
11	А	No.
12	Q	Okay. What do you recall?
13	А	It was one patient, so why did it matter if we
14	were using the s	same syringe and needle?
15	Q	Okay. And I don't know the answer to that.
16	A	And that's what I told the inspector when they
17	were leaving. S	She asked me if I had ever reused needles and
18	syringes. And I	I said no, but now where we're using a 20
19	one patient, 20	ccs, that's it, there's no what what's
20	the sense in usi	ing another syringe?
21	Q	Okay. Because
22	A	And she couldn't give me an answer, so
23	Q	Okay. And because and explain why that's
24	totally safe now	w that it's the rule is one 20 cc vial for a
25	patient, okay.	

j	
1	A Yes, sir.
2	Q Okay. And if I use simply one needle and
3	syringe for that one patient, and then throw away that needle
4	and syringe and the vial, that's totally safe; correct?
5	A But it's totally safe to redraw from that same
6	vial for that same patient.
7	Q Right. Is that what you're saying?
8	A Yes, sir.
9	Q Okay. And you you absolutely believe
10	that's totally safe; correct?
11	A Yes, sir.
12	Q Okay. Now, what if after CDC was there a
13	patient needed more than one 20 vial?
14	A And that did happen.
15	Q Okay. What happened so you've used one
16	one 20 and the patient needs more, so you get another 20.
17	A Right, but now that belongs to that patient,
18	toc.
19	Q Meaning?
20	A It gets tossed when the patient leaves the
21	room.
22	Q Okay. So if there's any left, throw it out?
23	A Correct.
24	Q Okay. Now, you were asked about a meeting
25	with the CRNAs present where saline propofol $\min \mathbf{x}$ or push was
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1	•	
1	discussed.	
2	A Push.	
3	Q Push. Okay. A saline push means after	
4	after injecting propofol, separately inject saline?	
5	A Correct.	
6	Q Not mixing the two.	
7	A Correct.	
8	Q And not using saline instead of propofol;	
9	correct?	
10	A Correct.	
11	Q It's simply propofol injection, then follow	
12	with saline; right?	
13	A Correct.	
14	Q Okay. And do do you recall that at the	
15	meeting, see if this refreshes your recollection at all, that	
16	there was the discussion by a CRNA about that practice, that	
17	saline push being utilized at the VA?	
18	A No.	
19	Q You don't recall that?	
20	A No.	
21	Q Do you recall Mr. Mione discussing that?	
22	A No, I really don't.	
23	Q Okay. Now, when the new the new rules post	
24	CDC are in place, you have your incident in February with Dr.	
25	Carrol, okay.	
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1	А	Yes, sir.
2	Q	And what what actually did you do before
3	we discuss what	Dr. Carrol claims he saw? Tell me what you
4	did.	
5	A .	What I did?
6	Q	Yes, with the propofol. Do you recall?
7	А	I drew up the propofol to give to a patient.
8	Q	Okay. And what happened?
9	А	I don't understand
10	Q	Okay.
11	А	what you're saying.
12	Q	Okay. Tell me what Dr. Carrol accused you of.
13	Let me start th	at way.
14	А	He accused me of using left over propofol from
15	another patient	for that patient.
16	Q	Okay. He accused you at the time. At the
17	time it was pro	pofol can't be used on another patient; right?
18	А	Yeah.
19	Q	Okay. And he accused you of drawing up
20	propofel to use	for a different patient?
21	А	He accused me of drawing up propofol from a
22	vial that had b	peen used on another patient.
23	Q	Okay. And so did you draw it? I mean, that's
24	what he accused	l you of.
25	А	Correct.
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1	Q Okay. What did	
2	A It was	
3	Q Did you	
4	A it was what was	
5	Q —— do that?	
6	A No, it was it's what was remaining in that	
7	in that vial that hadn't been drawn up for the patient that	
8	was on the bed at that time.	
9	Q Okay. I'm not I'm not understanding. Did	
10	did he observe	
11	A There's more than 20 ccs of propofol in the	
12	vial.	
13	Q Okay.	
14	A And I was just drawing up what was left in	
15	that vial into another syringe because I knew you know, I	
16	didn't want to take the time to draw it up in that same	
17	syringe, in the full syringe, because I knew he wanted to get	
18	these cases down and get out.	
19	Q Okay. So were you drawing up the left over in	
20	the propofol to use on the patient that was still there?	
21	A It was not left over. It was that vial of	
22	propofol that was for that patient.	
23	Q Okay. So you were redrawing to use for that	
24	patient; correct?	
25	A I was drawing another syringe into another	
	KARR REPORTING, INC. 123	

1	syringe for the p	patient that was on that.
2	Q	Okay. On right there, the patient in the
3	room?	
4	A	Yes, the patient that was right in front of
5	me.	
6	Q	Okay. And and Dr. Carrol accused you of
7	drawing that up t	to use for a subsequent patient?
8	I A	No, he thought it was propofol that was left
9	from a patient be	efore.
10	Q	Oh, I see. He he thought that you
11	A	That I had it in my coat pocket or wherever
12	and that I pulled	d it out to give it to that patient.
13	Q	Okay. And that did not happen?
14	A	Correct.
15	Q	Okay. And he takes you upstairs? Dr.
16	Carrol	
17	А	Yes.
18	Q	takes you to Tonya's office?
19	А	Yes.
20	Q	Okay. And he asks that you be fired?
21	А	Yes.
22	Q	Okay. And what happens with you and Tonya?
23	А	She asked me what happened and I told her what
24	happened.	
25	Q	Okay.
		KARR REPORTING, INC. 124

1	A And she told me to go home and that she'd be	
2	in touch with me.	
3	Q Okay. And that's when she called you and said	
4	report to Burnham?	
5	A Correct.	
6	Q And you went to Burnham?	
7	A I went to Burnham and Mr. Mione came to	
8	Shadow.	
9	Q Okay.	
10	A We traded places.	
11	Q And at Burnham you were working under Dr.	
12	Mason?	
13	A Correct.	
14	Q Okay. And did you discus with him what had	
15	occurred?	
16	A Well, as I already stated, he called me into	
17	his office when we sat down and we talked it all out before I	
18	started my first case.	
19	Q Okay. And you stayed there two weeks and	
20	returned to Burnham?	
21	A Correct.	
22	Q Pardon me. To Shadow.	
23	A To Shadow.	
24	Q I got them mixed up. Okay. Now, you I'm	
25	going to jump now to July of 2008, okay. Clinic closes in	
	KARR REPORTING, INC. 125	

1	March 2008 and you go to the Grand Jury. Do you recall that?	
2	A Yes, sir.	
3	Q Okay. And when you went to the Grand Jury, do	
4	you recall what you told them?	
5	A Not totally, no.	
6	Q Okay. The do you recall telling the Grand	
7	Jury that your procedure, your practice method of dispensing	
8	propofol, drawing it up, mixing with lidocaine, medicating a	
9	patient, was the same as you had previously done before you	
10	ever came to Las Vegas?	
11	A I don't recall that, but that's basically what	
12	my practice was, yes.	
13	Q Okay. That that but that is true if you	
14	told the Grand Jury that; correct?	
15	A If that's what I said, yes.	
16	Q Okay. And do you recall explaining to the	
17	Grand Jury that you used propofol for multiple patients	
18	aseptically, cleanly?	
19	A Yes.	
20	Q Okay. And do you recall being asked about	
21	single-dose or single-use vials and what it means?	
22	A I don't remember that and I I never	
23	remember seeing the word single-dose on the bottles of	
24	propofol.	
25	Q Okay. And the were you honest with the	
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1	Grand Jury when you testified?
2	A Yes.
3	Q Okay. I mean, you testified to the best of
4	your ability to what you then knew. Is that a fair statement?
5	A Yes, sir.
6	Q I mean, you didn't go in and lie to anyone;
7	correct?
8	A Not that I not that I know of, no.
9	Q Okay. Do you do you recall telling the
10	Grand Jury, and going back to this saline flush meeting, okay.
11	A Okay.
12	Q It was mainly
13	MR. WRIGHT: I'm on page 151.
14	BY MR. WRIGHT:
15	Q It was mainly it was the difference between
16	the practice at VA because we were providing services for the
17	Veteran's Administration, as well, where a lot of the patients
18	are sicker and a lot less propofol could be used. So one of
19	the nurse anesthetists said he used smaller doses and used
20	saline flushes with everyone so that the propofol would
21	totally get into the vein and be totally used. Does that ring
22	any bells?
23	A No.
24	Q Okay. Do you recall then stating that the
25	individual you were talking about was Vincent Mione?

1	A	No.
2	Q	What that if you stated that,
3	that would have	been you you were testifying truthfully
4	at the time; rig	ght?
5	А	I'm telling you that I don't remember that
6	now, sir.	
7	Q	I understand you don't recall that. What I'm
8	saying is if you	u'd said that in July 2008, you were truthfully
9	answering quest:	ions?
10	А	Yes, sir.
11	Q	Do you recall being asked at the Grand Jury
12	whether you had	ever told the CDC representatives that you
13	were instructed	to reuse syringes with multiple doses of
14	propofel?	
15	А	No, I don't remember.
16	Q	Okay. Do you remember telling the Grand Jury
17	that you were n	ot instructed in that fashion?
18	А	No, I don't remember.
19	Q	Okay. Do you remember telling the Grand Jury
20	that you did no	t tell that to the CDC?
21	А	No, I don't remember.
22	Q	Okay. Now, you don't remember your testimony
23	at the Grand Ju	ry; correct?
24	А	Correct.
25	Q	Okay. You haven't seen that transcript. I
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1	
1	know you've looked at other transcripts. Would it refresh
2	your recollection if you looked at your Grand Jury testimony?
3	A I doubt it.
4	Q Do you want to attempt it?
5	A No.
6	Q Because?
7	A Because it's been almost five years ago, and
8	some of the things that have been put in these testimony I
9	don't honestly believe I said. And I remember discussing with
10	the CDC before they left that I had not reused syringes and
11	needles, but that we probably would be due to the fact that
12	now we're just using 20 ccs the 20 cc on a patient. When
13	the patient leaves the room, we throw it out.
14	Q Okay. That much that that's your best
15	recollection of your conversation with the CDC?
16	A Yes, sir.
17	Q Okay. Now, ask you some questions out of your
18	Grand Jury testimony. You tell me if you recall the questions
19	and answers, okay?
20	A Sure.
21	Q Did you ever did propofol ever move from
22	room to room? No, sir. Do you recall giving that testimony?
23	A No, because it did in the afternoon. It did
24	for the last patient.
25	Q Okay. For the last patient it would go to
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1	ha
1	be
2	A It wasn't a room to room to room kind
3	of thing. It would be from one room, the last patient would
4	be in the other room and we would bring over the last of the
5	propofol. So it wasn't like a tennis ball kind of thing, no.
6	Q Okay. Question, did you ever tell the Center
7	for Disease Control that you were instructed to use or reuse
8	syringes and to use these syringes with multiple doses of
9	propofol? Did you make that statement to the Center of
10	Disease Control? Answer, not that I remember, no. Do you
11	recall giving that?
12	A No, I don't.
13	Q Okay. Do you recall did you tell them that
14	you were instructed, though? Answer, I don't think so.
15	Question, could you have? Answer, no. Do you recall that?
16	A No, I don't.
17	Q Okay. Your as I understand your
18	recollection of the meeting, what you recall of meeting with
19	CDC, those answers would be correct.
20	A Yes, I think so.
21	Q Now, after after your Grand Jury appearance
22	in July, you were next interviewed by the FBI in August. Do
23	you recall that?
24	A Somewhat, yes.
25	Q Okay. And you I'm going to ask you some

II	
1	questions about your responses in this summary. And once
2	again, this is simply
3	A The summary is ridiculous.
4	Q You have a report; correct?
5	A Yes, I do.
6	Q And it's not a transcript like of a tape
7	recording?
8	A No, it's not.
9	Q I'm going to ask you about page 7.
10	A Okay.
11	MR. WRIGHT: If I may approach the witness to point
12	out
13	THE COURT: That's fine.
14	MR. WRIGHT: where I am because it's a lot of
15	writing.
16	BY MR. WRIGHT:
17	Q I'm starting on Hubbard claimson page 7, the
18	first big paragraph. Did you tell the FBI that ECSN, that's
19	the clinic; correct?
20	A Uh-huh. Yes, sir.
21	Q Always used clean needles and syringes. Do
22	you recall telling him that?
23	A No, but we did.
24	Q Okay. That's true.
25	A Yes.
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1	Q	She would she, that would be you
2	А	Yes.
3	Q	you would sometimes reuse a syringe if
4	there was a sma	ll amount of propofol left in the bottle;
5	correct?	
6	A	For that patient, yes.
7	Q	Yes. It says she would only do this if the
8	syringe was bei	ng used on the same patient.
9	А	Right.
10	Q	Okay. And that is true?
11	А	Yes, it is.
12	Q	Okay. Do you recall telling them that?
13	А	No.
14	Q	Okay. Now, in the the next paragraph
15	А	Yes.
16	Q	same page, you were asked about your
17	conversation wi	th the CDC
18	А	Okay.
19	Q	in January of 2008. It said you do not
20	recall advising	g the CDC that you were instructed to reuse
21	syringes.	
22	Α	Correct.
23	Q	Okay. You you don't recall it and do
24	you recall?	
25	А	No, I don't.
		KARR REPORTING, INC. 132

1	Q Okay. And do you believe you told the FBI
2	that?
3	MS. WECKERLY: Excuse me. I think you said CDC and
4	then FBI. So
5	MR. WRIGHT: Okay. I'm mixing these up.
6	THE WITNESS: I thought he was referring to this
7	being the FBI thing, so
8	MS. WECKERLY: Yeah, that's what I mean. I just
9	want to clear it for the record.
10	MR. WRIGHT: I don't even know what I was referring
11	to.
12	MS. WECKERLY: I just want it clarified.
13	MR. WRIGHT: Okay.
14	THE COURT: Okay.
15	BY MR. WRIGHT:
16	Q Did you tell the FBI asked you, did you
17	tell the CDC that you had been instructed at the clinic to
18	reuse syringes? And you told the FBI you did not recall
19	telling the CDC that.
20	A Correct.
21	Q And that is a true statement?
22	A Yes, it is.
23	O Now, you were interviewed, same interview,
24	FBI, and they asked they were asking about your billing
25	practices, timing of anesthesia practices, okay.

1	A Okay.
2	Q I'm on page 2, third paragraph down. Right
3	here. She she claims that the CRNAs were responsible for
4	patients after procedures had been done and the patients were
5	recovering, not the nurses.
6	A If there was a problem, they would come get
7	us, yes.
8 ,	Q Okay. But you were explaining do you
9	recall explaining to them that your responsibility as a CRNA
10	continued while the patients were in recovery?
11	A Correct.
12	Q And that's true?
13	A That's true.
14	Q Now, you were next interviewed for two days
15	for on two separate days by the police department?
16	A Correct.
17	Q Okay. And that was in October 14 and 15?
18	A Uh-huh.
19	Q And you have that
20	A Yes, I do.
21	Q transcript? You were represented by
22	counsel. You had a lawyer
23	A Yes.
24	Q when you went to the Grand Jury
25	A Yes.
	KARR REPORTING, INC. 134

	1	
1	Q -	- right? And who is that lawyer?
2	A M	ichael Pariente.
3	Q C	kay. And so he accompanied you to the Grand
4	Jury in July?	
5	A U	h-huh.
6	Q H	e was present with the FBI
7	A U	h-huh.
8	Ω -	- when you were interviewed in August?
9	A Y	es.
10	Q A	and he's present when you were interviewed by
11	the police; corre	ect?
12	A Y	es, it was in his office.
13	Q	Okay. It was in his office. Now, the had
14	had you receiv	ed entered into an agreement with the
15	State to protect	yourself?
16	A A	At what time?
17	Q Y	You tell me when it was entered into.
18	A	There was I am not an attorney, sir. I'm a
19	nurse.	
20	Q '	Yes, I
21	A A	And I know that Michael talked to somebody and
22	I I really	and truly I don't remember when it happened.
23	I don't know wher	n in the sequence of the I I really
24	I'm sorry, but th	nat was five years ago, and
25	Q I	I understand.
		KARR REPORTING, INC. 135

1	A I don't remember what I had for breakfast
2	yesterday, you know.
3	Q Okay. Did the you understood that at some
4	point an agreement was entered into; correct?
5	A Yes, sir.
6	Q Okay. And what did you understand that
7	agreement to be?
8	A I really can't tell you now.
9	Q Okay. Did did you believe that if you were
10	honest with them you would not be charged, prosecuted?
11	A If I was honest, yes.
12	Q Okay. I mean, generally that that was the
13	what your understanding was?
14	A Yes.
15	Q Okay. And when you're interviewed by the
16	police after the FBI interview, they started questioning at
17	one well, many things. But they questioned you at one
18	point about your anesthesia billing times. Do you recall
19	that?
20	A Yes.
21	Q Okay. Do you recall trying to explain to the
22	officers that your time included the responsibility you still
23	had for the patients in recovery?
24	A I can't remember the specific things, but
25	that's what that's the way I've always looked at it, so,
	II.

1	yes.
2	Q Okay. Do you recall let me do you
3	recall there were times that it appeared the detectives did
4	not like your answers?
5	A Well, yeah.
6	Q Do you recall there were times when they
7	when it was said let's go off the record?
8	A Yeah, and I don't remember what they were.
9	I've read over this like three or four times and I I just
10	don't remember what that was about.
11	Q Okay. Why why would someone go off the
12	record and have conversations and then turn the tape recorder
13	back on?
14	A I don't know, sir.
15	Q I want you to look at pages 13 through 18.
16	Well, let's start on page 13 there.
17	A Okay.
18	Q I'm starting on Now you have said you
19	personally give anesthesia to an average of 30 patients a day.
20	Okay?
21	A Yes, sir.
22	Q The the question, Now, you said that you'd
23	personally give anesthesia to on average approximately 30
24	patients a day. And you answered, Correct.
25	A Yes.
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- !!	
1	Q Right? And that is true; correct?
2	A Yes.
3	Q Okay. And then the detective says, So we
4	figure that up, and if you're billing 31, 32, 33 minutes a
5	day, that's a 15 to 16 hour day. And then you you answer,
6	That's not saying that I'm personally with them for that time,
7	but it's saying that I was responsible for them.
8	A Yes, sir.
9	Q Correct? The detective says
10	MS. WECKERLY: Your Honor, can we approach?
11	THE COURT: Sure.
12	(Off-record bench conference.)
13	THE COURT: All right. Mr. Wright, you may proceed.
14	MR. WRIGHT: Okay.
15	BY MR. WRIGHT:
16	Q You had answered, No, because patients that
17	are not in recovery room are still our responsibility, but
18	we're not sitting there with them. Detective, Okay. We're not
19	I guess you're not understanding where I'm going with this.
20	You answer, No, I'm not because you're you're blocking out
21	what I told you before where there's a pre-anesthesia
22	evaluation. Detective, No, we understand that. You answer,
23	There's the time we spent with them.
24	Detective, And we understand that you were fudging
25	the anesthesia on the front side because you would go

backwards. You answer, But I really don't call that fudging. I'm sorry. I'm still responsible for that patient until they 2 walk out the door. Detective says, Okay. M.P. Who is that? 3 That's my attorney, Michael Pariente. 4 Okay. He says -- your attorney says, I guess 5 what she's asking, Linda, that it's not -- you weren't looking 6 at it -- one could look at it and say 16 hours for not 7 actually there with that patient the entire 16 hours. In 8 other words, that's all they're trying to say. You answer, 9 Well, we already went over that before. Your attorney says, 10 Why don't we take a break? And it goes off the record. Okay? 11 12 Α Okay. Correct? Do you -- do you know what happened 13 during that break? 14 THE COURT: And any --15 16 THE WITNESS: No. THE COURT: I was just going to tell you anything 17 18 you discussed privately with your attorney you don't have to tell us about if it was just you and your attorney talking 19 20 privately. Okay? I -- I don't remember. 21 THE WITNESS: THE COURT: Okay. And that's --22 23 THE WITNESS: I really --THE COURT: -- fine, too. I'm just --24 25 THE WITNESS: -- don't remember.

THE COURT: I'm just letting you know that if it was a private conversation with your lawyer, you don't have to tell us. Now, if you're talking to your lawyer and the police are sitting there or the DA or the FBI or something like that and you're listening, then you have to tell us in response to a question. Okay?

THE WITNESS: Okay.

THE COURT: And so, Mr. Wright, she's testified --

MR. WRIGHT: Okay.

THE COURT: -- that she doesn't remember.

BY MR. WRIGHT:

Q Okay. You don't recall what happened during the off the record; correct?

A Correct.

Q Okay. Now — all right. Operator, We're back on the record. Time is 10:12. Same persons present.

Detective, Okay. So we're just going to go back for a minute and talk about the 31 minutes. In the first interview you told us that you billed 31 minutes universally; is that correct? Yes. Okay. And you told us on the average you thought that you probably spent about 20 minutes face to face time with each patient on average, yes or no? Yes. Okay. And did you follow most of your patients out to the recovery room physically?

You say, Physically taking them out? Detective,

Yes. Did you? You say, Yes. Detective, That's our sticking point. Another detective, Taking them out, just wheeling them out, dropping them off in recovery, and then going back into the room to start the next patient? You answer, Correct.

Detective, So you're taking them out. What you're saying is most of the time you took them, you physically wheeled them out? Answer, I would take my patients out. Most of the time I would disconnect them and take them out.

Detective, Well, that doesn't really add up either because your records reflect the time the patient left the room is when you ended your time. You answer, Okay. Detective, Because you told us in the first interview, correct me if I'm wrong, that you would put the actual end time which is when they wheeled out of the room, and then you would backtrack 31 minutes. You say, minutes. So that when I said you were fudging on the front side, that's what I meant, that you were altering the billing time when the patient got in there, not when the patient left. You answer, Correct.

Detective, So that doesn't make sense with what you're telling me now. If you were following the patient out of the room, then you would put your end time at the time that the procedure ended because almost every file of yours, and I've reviewed your anesthesia time, ends when everybody else's procedure time is ending. So it doesn't, if you're following the patient out to the recovery room every time, wouldn't you

put the time that they hit the recovery room within a few 1 minutes instead of ending it when the patient was wheeling out 2 3 of the room? You say, That's the time. Okay. Yeah. Detective, 4 5 Okay. Right, what? You answer, Whatever you said. Operator, We're going back off the record. What happens when you go off 6 7 the record again? I don't know, sir. 8 Operator, We're back on the record Detective, 9 0 10 We're just going back to go back and review one more time the billing for the at least 31 minutes of anesthesia 11 12 time. Do -- do you know -- can you tell me what --- what the purpose was for those stops, why you -- did you leave the 13 14 room? 15 А No. No recollection? 16 17 Α No. Is what you were attempting to tell the 18 detectives about you viewing your responsibility as beginning, 19 start time, beginning when you start your patient interview 20 21 either in pre-op or the procedure, and that your

A Yes, sir.

22

23

24

25

Q That is your true belief; correct?

responsibility continues until during the recovery period and

until they are discharged from the -- the recovery room?

1	A Yes, sir.
2	Q And you told the FBI that; correct?
3	A Yes, sir.
4	Q And you attempted to tell these detectives
5	that; correct?
6	A Yes, sir.
7	MR. WRIGHT: Court's indulgence.
8	BY MR. WRIGHT:
9	Q After the CDC came, still on billing time,
10	okay.
11	A Okay.
12	Q The CDC came, and then as I understand your
13	testimony, you then had a meeting with Dr. Carrol and Dr.
14	Desai about start time, end time. Do you recall that?
15	A I I remember reading about it. I don't
16	really remember the meeting, no.
17	Q Okay. But you don't you don't recall the
18	meeting.
19	A No, I don't.
20	Q Okay. Do you recall that after, among the
21	changes that were implemented after the CDC time frame, that
22	one of the procedures that was implemented, was utilized,
23	first as the start time, your first interaction with the
24	patient wherever it would be, and then you utilize end of the
25	procedure as your end time. Do you recall that being
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1	implemented?
2	A Yes.
3	Q But you just don't recall at what meeting or
4	how
5	A No.
6	Q it came about?
7	A I don't.
8	Q Okay.
9	(Pause in the proceedings.)
10	MR. WRIGHT: I've completed, Your Honor.
11	THE COURT: All right. Mr. Santacroce, cross.
12	MR. SANTACROCE: Thank you.
13	CROSS-EXAMINATION
14	BY MR. SANTACROCE:
15	Q Good afternoon, Ms. Hubbard. I represent Ron
16	Lakeman.
17	A Yes, sir.
18	Q I know you've been up here a long time
19	A Yes, sir.
20	Q and probably want to get out of here
21	A Yes, sir.
22	Q so I'll try to make this as brief as
23	possible. Okay?
24	A Thank you.
25	Q I want to talk about some of the things you
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1	testified to as it relates to Mr. Lakeman.	
2	A Okay.	
3	Q You testified that you came to the clinic in,	
4	I think, August of 2005; is that correct?	
5	A Yes, sir.	
6	Q That Mr. Lakeman was already working there;	
7	right?	
8	A Yes, sir.	
9	Q And I think you testified that you observed	
10	Mr. Lakeman do a procedure. You didn't know how many or	
11	exactly when, but you did observe him do a procedure; right?	
12	A Yes, sir.	
13	Q And your testimony was that you didn't observe	
14	anything out of the ordinary.	
15	A Correct.	
16	Q So when you when you mean nothing out of	
17	the ordinary, are you saying that his technique and procedure	
18	was something you had seen in the past, was familiar to you,	
19	and possibly you had used the same procedures?	
20	A Probably, yes.	
21	Q Okay. Was there ever a time when you, Mr.	
22	Lakeman, and Mr. Mathahs worked together all at the same on	
23	the same day?	
24	A There were a few occasions, yes.	
25	Q And I believe you testified that you worked	
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1	Monday to Friday, correct, at Shadow?		
2	A Yes, sir.		
3	Q And it would be you and Ron?		
4	A Yes, sir. But sometimes Keith would Mr.		
5	Mathahs would come in, as well.		
6	Q Okay. I want to show you a couple of things		
7	on a couple of days that are in question in this case. You		
8	can lock on your screen there if you would.		
9	A Thank you.		
10	Q This is the patient procedures for September		
11	21, 2007. And can you read that?		
12	A Yeah. I didn't work that day.		
13	Q That's exactly my point. Do you know why you		
14	didn't work that day?		
15	A Yeah, I was at a continued education thing		
16	done at New York New York.		
17	Q So on that day Mr. Mathahs was in one room and		
18	Mr. Lakeman was in the other room; correct?		
19	A Probably, yes.		
20	Q Okay. Would you have called Mr. Mathahs in,		
21	or would someone else have done that for you?		
22	A I don't know how that was handled.		
23	Q Okay. Let me show you another day in question		
24	here, July 25, 2007. Do you see that day?		
25	A Yes, sir.		
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1	Q	You did work that day, though; correct?	
2	А	It looks like it.	
3	Q	Okay. Well, I'll represent to you that this	
4	is information	the State prepared from plaintiff records,	
5	okay.		
6	А	Yeah, I was going to say it's got a lot of	
7	places with my name on it, so I guess I must have been there.		
8	Q	Okay. So let's talk about that. You see the	
9	first patient of the day?		
10	А	Yes, sir.	
11	Q	Started at 6:50; correct?	
12	A	Yes, sir.	
13	Q	And you did every patient in that particular	
14	room throughout	the whole day ending at 16:25 or 4:25 in the	
15	afternoon; correct?		
16	А	It ended at 16:57.	
17	Q	Okay. So that would be 4	
18	А	It was 5:00.	
19	Q	5:00.	
20	А	Yeah.	
21	Q	You did every patient in that room; correct?	
22	А	Yes, sir.	
23	Q	Now, I'm going to show you the other room.	
24	You see that ro	om?	
25	А	Yes, sir.	
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1	Q Who did that procedures in that room as far as	
2	CRNAs go?	
3	A Ron Lakeman.	
4	Q Okay. And Mr. Lakeman's first procedure	
5	started at 7:05	
6	A Yes, sir.	
7	Q in the morning; correct?	
8	A Yes, sir.	
9	Q And went through the whole day ending at	
10	17:21, or what time is that?	
11	A I don't know if that's 5:21 or if there's I	
12	don't know. It says that there's one missing for the 25th. I	
13	don't understand.	
14	Q Okay. His last procedure	
15	A The line under the one that says $5$ — yeah,	
16	that says 5:21, but then the one afterward, the line after it	
17	says that there's a procedure missing or something.	
18	Q Okay. So at least according to this chart his	
19	last ending time was 5:21?	
20	A Yes, sir.	
21	Q Okay. Now, I noticed something unusual when I	
22	looked at this chart, and that is neither one of you appear to	
23	have taken a lunch break, or at least it doesn't show that you	
24	went and covered for Ron in his room, or that he covered for	
25	you in your room at any time on this particular day. Is that	