## IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

SANDS CHINA LTD., a Cayman Islands corporation,

Petitioner,

VS.

CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT COURT, THE HONORABLE ELIZABETH GONZALEZ, DISTRICT JUDGE, DEPT. 11,

Respondents,

and

STEVEN C. JACOBS,

Real Party in Interest.

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APPENDIX TO
PETITION FOR WRIT OF
PROHIBITION OR
MANDAMUS
RE MARCH 6, 2015
SANCTIONS ORDER

**Volume X of XXXIII** (PA1769 – 1917)

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### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

Pursuant to Nev. R. App. P. 25, I certify that I am an employee of MORRIS LAW GROUP; that, in accordance therewith, I caused a copy of the **APPENDIX TO PETITION FOR WRIT OF PROHIBITION OR MANDAMUS RE MARCH 6, 2015 SANCTIONS ORDER Volume X of XXXIII (PA1769 – 1917)** to be served as indicated below, on the date and to the addressee(s) shown below:

## VIA HAND DELIVERY (CD)

Judge Elizabeth Gonzalez Eighth Judicial District Court of Clark County, Nevada Regional Justice Center 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155

## Respondent

## VIA ELECTRONIC SERVICE

James J. Pisanelli Todd L. Bice Debra Spinelli Pisanelli Bice 400 S. 7th Street, Suite 300 Las Vegas, NV 89101

## Attorneys for Steven C. Jacobs, Real Party in Interest

DATED this 20th day of March, 2015.

By: <u>/s/ PATRICIA FERRUGIA</u>

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03/02/2015	Transcript: Evidentiary Hearing – Motion for Sanctions – Day 5	XXX	PA43202 – 431
03/03/2015	Transcript: Evidentiary Hearing – Motion for Sanctions – Day 6 Closing Arguments	XXXI	PA43432 – 601
02/11/2015	Transcript: Evidentiary Hearing re Mot for Sanctions – Day 3	XXVI	PA15494 – 686
02/12/2015	Transcript: Evidentiary Hearing re Motion for Sanctions – Day 4	XXVII	PA15733 – 875
08/29/2012	Transcript: Hearing on Defendants' Motion to Quash Subpoenas	IV	PA721 – 52

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10/09/2014	Transcript: Hearing on Motion for Release of Documents from Advanced Discovery	XIV	PA2689 – 735
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12/18/2012	Transcript: Hearing on Motions for Protective Order and Sanctions	IX	PA1663 – 1700
09/27/2011	Transcript: Hearing on Plaintiff's Motion to Conduct Jurisdictional Discovery	II	PA261 – 313
02/28/2013	Transcript: Hearing on Plaintiff's Renewed Motion for NRCP 37 Sanctions	XII	PA2160 – 228
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06/28/2012	Transcript: Hearing to Set Time for Evidentiary Hearing	IV	PA593 – 633
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05/24/2012	Transcript: Status Check	III	PA561 – 82
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1 MOT James J. Pisanelli, Esq., Bar No. 4027 2 JJP@pisanellibice.com Todd L. Bice, Esq., Bar No. 4534 TLB@pisanellibice.com 3 Debra L. Spinelli, Esq., Bar No. 9695 DLS@pisanellibice.com PISANELLI BICE PLLC 5 3883 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 800 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 Telephone: (702) 214-2100 Facsimile: (702) 214-2101 6 7 Attorneys for Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs 8 9 10 PISANELLI BICE PLLC 3883 HOWARD HUGHES PARKWAY, SUITE 800 LAS VECAS, NEVADA 89169 11 STEVEN C. JACOBS, 12 Plaintiff, 13 14 LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP., a Nevada corporation; SANDS CHINA LTD., a Cayman Islands corporation; DOES I through X; and ROE CORPORATIONS 15 16 I through X, 17 Defendants. 18 AND RELATED CLAIMS 19 20 21

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CLERK OF THE COURT

### DISTRICT COURT

#### CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Case No.: A-10-627691 Dept. No.:

PLAINTIFF'S RENEWED MOTION FOR NRCP 37 SANCTIONS ON ORDER SHORTENING TIME

Hearing Date: 02/28/13

Hearing Time: 104 ...

Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs ("Jacobs") renews his motion for sanctions, including the striking of Sands China Ltd.'s ("Sands China") personal jurisdiction defense. To the surprise of no one, particularly Jacobs, Sands China openly defied this Court's December 18, 2012 discovery order, as well as this Court's entire sanctions ruling. It is no surprise because Sands China's disregard is in accord with the campaign of noncompliance that it and its Co-Defendant, Las Vegas Sands Corp. ("LVSC"), have waged for nearly two years. Defendants have made the clear choice that the consequences of noncompliance of this Court's rules and orders are preferable to the truth about them and their activities coming out in discovery. Thus, they

knowingly concealed documents and information that LVSC had secretly brought from Macau and had its own attorneys review. They conveniently "lost" the originals of Jacobs' electronically stored information and hard drives from Macau, and omitted informing either Jacobs or this Court. They purposefully changed their own data transfer policy between corporate entities so as to erect a "stone wall" in the face of discovery demands made by Jacobs and the United States government. Plus, they have obstructed depositions and necessitated repeated motions to compel by instructing witnesses not to answer questions on matters that the Court has repeatedly overruled. And these are just the things Jacobs and the Court know about.

It is through that lens of history that Sands China's latest maneuver is viewed. On December 18, 2012, this Court gave Sands China two weeks to do what it had been told to do for over a year — produce the responsive documents to Jacobs' jurisdictional discovery requests, whether they were located in Macau or elsewhere. Of course, Sands China knew that it was never going to actually comply. But rather than just admit it, Sands China employed its limitless resources towards a sham response. On the day of the ordered production, January 4, 2013, Sands China carried out a document dump. This dump consisted of producing around 27,000 pages that are redacted to the point of rendering the documents of import unintelligible. But even knowing what it had done and the blatant impropriety of it, Sands China added insult to injury by then filing a report with this Court congratulating itself on a job well done. And, from their standpoint, it is indeed "mission accomplished." Sands China produced a pile of essentially useless and unintelligible papers. It should have saved the trees and produced nothing, which was, of course, its intent all along.

This conduct is not a product of inadvertence, confusion or lack of sophistication by a novice litigant. No, it is the product of a perverse but necessary calculus by those who fear the truth coming out. Defendants have concluded that the consequences of noncompliance with this Court's rulings are preferable to the consequences of the evidence seeing the light of day. These Defendants have limitless financial resources. There is no monetary sanction that this Court can order that will impact them. These companies are controlled by one of the world's richest men. Paying attorneys' fees equates to victory.

complying. Their intention is and remains unchanged: Avoid having the facts see the light of day. There is nothing more that Jacobs or this Court can do to alter the Defendants' calculated plan. They have knowingly violated multiple orders, including the December 18, 2012 Order. The time has come to strike Sands China's defense of personal jurisdiction, impose serious evidentiary sanctions on these Defendants, and allow Jacobs to proceed with the merits of his case.

Jacobs requests that this Court entertain an order shortening time because the Court previously indicated that it may convene an evidentiary hearing concerning Jacobs' requested relief. If that is the Court's inclination, then Jacobs asks this Court for an order shortening time so as to establish the timing of such an evidentiary hearing and to further set the briefing schedule. LVSC and Sands China have ground this case to a halt by disputing jurisdiction while simultaneously sabotaging the discovery process so as to avoid an evidentiary hearing on

This Motion is based on Nevada Rule of Civil Procedure 37, the following Memorandum of Points and Authorities, any and all exhibits thereto, the papers and pleadings on file herein, including Jacobs' Motion for NRCP 37 Sanctions (the "First Motion for Sanctions"), and any oral argument this Court may consider.

The time has come to end the charade. Sands China and LVSC have no intention of

DATED this 7th day of February, 2013.

jurisdiction, let alone a full and fair one.

PISANELLI BICE PLLC

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Las Vegas, Nevada 89169

Attorneys for Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs

#### ORDER SHORTENING TIME

Before this Court is the Request for an Order Shortening Time accompanied by the Declaration of counsel. Good cause appearing, the undersigned counsel will appear at Clark County Regional Justice Center, Eighth Judicial District Court, Las Vegas, Nevada, on the day of February, 2013, at 10 mm, in Department XI, or as soon thereafter as counsel may be heard, to bring this PLAINTIFF'S RENEWED MOTION FOR NRCP 37 SANCTIONS ON ORDER SHORTENING TIME on for hearing.

DATED: 02/08/13

DISTRICT COURT JUDON

Respectfully submitted by:

PISANELLI BICE PLLC

James J. Pisanelli, Esq., Bar No. 4027 Todd L. Bice, Esq., Bar No. 4534 Debra L. Spinelli, Esq., Bar No. 9695 3883 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 800 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169

Attorneys for Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs

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## DECLARATION OF TODD L. BICE, ESO. IN SUPPORT OF PLAINTIFF'S RENEWED MOTION FOR NRCP 37 SANCTIONS ON ORDER SHORTENING TIME

I, TODD L. BICE, Esq., being first duly sworn, hereby declare as follows:

- I am one of the attorneys representing Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs ("Jacobs") in the 1. action styled Steven C. Jacobs v. Las Vegas Sands Corp., et al., Case No. A656710, pending before this Court. I make this Declaration in support of Plaintiff's Renewed Motion for Sanctions (the "Motion"). I have personal knowledge of the facts stated herein and I am competent to testify to those facts.
- On November 21, 2012, Jacobs filed a Motion for NRCP 37 Sanctions and in 2. connection with that Motion, on December 4, 2012, filed a Motion to Conduct Limited Discovery Relating to Pending NRCP 37 Sanctions Motion and Motion to Set Evidentiary Hearing for Pending NRCP 37 Sanctions Motion ("Motion for Evidentiary Hearing").
- The Court heard the Motion for Evidentiary Hearing on December 6, 2012, and denied the motion without prejudice, stating that if the Court determines evidentiary sanctions are appropriate, then the Court would offer Defendants the option of having an evidentiary hearing.
- 4. Jacobs respectfully requests the Court set a hearing on shortened time not to fully address the merits of this Motion but to address whether or not Defendants will be requesting an evidentiary hearing relating to this Motion and to set a briefing schedule and date(s) for the evidentiary hearing.
- 5. In other words, Jacobs is seeking to avoid the inevitable delay that will occur if the Court sets this Motion for a hearing in the ordinary course and then at that hearing date the Defendants request an evidentiary hearing.
  - 6. I certify that this Motion is not brought for any improper purpose.

I declare under the penalties and perjury of the laws in the state of Nevada that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated this 21th day of February, 2013.

TODD L. BICE, ESO.

#### MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

#### I. INTRODUCTION

Sands China did not intend to comply with this Court's December 18, 2012 Order, and it knows it. It admits that it only produced a small portion of information that Jacobs knows exists. It searched only nine custodians, and purposefully omitted those that Jacobs identified as having highly relevant information. But of course, these are the same custodians that would also have documents that Sands China and LVSC would prefer this Court not to see. Thus, they were not searched. As if it needed to be more contemptuous, Sands China exacerbated its defiance by redacting the documents on grounds that this Court has expressly overruled, so as to render the documents indecipherable and useless. Its goal was to produce nothing of substance, and that is precisely what it did. Sands China appears to think that it can escape the consequences of this misconduct by presenting the Court with a receipt for \$900,000 as proof of all the work they did to make sure that no useful information was produced, and thus the Court will overlook how the emperor has no clothes. No one is that blind.

It would have been better, or at least more honest for Sands China to have just produced nothing at all. The result to Jacobs and this Court would have been the same (albeit without Jacobs having to incur attorneys' fees to sort through the unintelligible productions). But Sands China has no plans of being honest with Jacobs or the Court, as doing so only confirms that it is never going to comply with this Court's orders. For Defendants, any sanction this Court may impose is a pittance compared to what they stand to lose should the truth come out in this litigation or any government investigation. Accordingly, they have told this Court (by their actions): "Go ahead, sanction us. We are not going to comply." This is the one instance where the Court should take the Defendants at their word.

#### II. BACKGROUND

A. In Response To Jacobs' First Motion for Sanctions, The Court Orders Sands China To Produce All Jurisdictional Documents.

This Court has already said the obvious: "[T]here appears to be an approach by the client to avoid discovery obligations that I have had in place since before the stay [issued on August 26,

2011]." (Ex. 1, Hr'g. Tr. dated Dec. 18, 2012, 7:13-17 (emphasis added).) Unsurprisingly then, on November 21, 2012, Jacobs filed the First Motion for Sanctions. In that Motion and the subsequent hearing thereon, Jacobs pointed out that Defendants had not only ignored its discovery obligations under Nevada's Rules of Civil Procedure, but also this Court's express orders. Indeed, during the sixteen months of jurisdictional discovery, Sands China produced only fifty-five pages, or nineteen total documents, which is ridiculous given that the purpose of jurisdictional discovery to determine whether the Court has personal jurisdiction over Sands China.

Falling back on their old defense, Sands China claimed that it was excused from producing (or even reviewing) documents because of the Macau Personal Data Protection Act (the "MPDPA"). That tired excuse was meritless, in no small part because three months earlier this Court ruled that the MPDPA can no longer be used as a defense or excuse for not producing jurisdictional documents. (Ex. 2, Decision & Order dated Sept. 14, 2012 ("Decision & Order"), 8:20-2 ("Las Vegas Sands and Sands China will be precluded from raising the MDPA as an objection or as a defense to admission, disclosure or production of any documents.").)

In another of its routine moves, Sands China tried to shift the blame to Jacobs. It claimed that Jacobs failed to meet and confer with its counsel concerning the proper custodians in Macau or applicable search terms. This story proved equally disingenuous. The search terms had long been the subject matter of LVSC's production. And, the principal custodians in Macau had long been identified in correspondence. Sands China's only retort was to note that the custodians had been identified for merits discovery. But of course, it could not explain how that somehow diminished its obligation to search for jurisdictional documents from the same key individuals. In the end, Sands China simply grasped for any excuse for its own noncompliance.

This Court rightly rejected these excuses, nothing that these Defendants had "violated numerous orders." (Ex. 1, Hr'g. Tr. Dated Dec. 18. 2012, 28:17). It gave Sands China one last chance to comply. (Id., 28:17.) The Court set a firm deadline that by January 4, 2013, "Sands China will produce all information within their possession that is relevant to the jurisdictional discovery." (Id., 24:15-17.) In other words, Sands China had fourteen days, including holidays, to do what the Court had already ordered nine months ago, and then again

three months prior. (See Ex. 3, Order Regarding Mot. to Conduct Juris. Discovery dated March 8, 2012, 3:16-5:7; Ex. 2, Decision & Order, 8:20-2.)

#### B. Sands China Purposefully Violates the Court's Order.

Sands China wants to pretend that a new miracle occurred over the holiday season. It claims that it was able to search for and produce all of its documents from Macau, a feat it decried as impossible just days earlier. In fact, Sands China asks for a round of applause. It filed a status report proclaiming how it had employed countless attorneys in Macau at high expense to conduct the review and get the production done. As supposed proof of its Herculean efforts, Sands China claimed that it spent over \$900,000 to produce some 27,000 pages (i.e., about 5,000 documents) on January 4, 2013. But as this Court has seen before, what these Defendants say in "status reports" oftentimes bear little resemblance to reality. And so it is yet again.

#### Sands China knowingly did not search the principal custodians in Macau.

To begin, Sands China only searched a total of nine Macau custodians. Nine. And the nine custodians were not even the highest prioritized custodians designated by Jacobs – in fact, only six are on the list. Sands China simply selected the persons Sands China wanted to review, which ensured that the most problematic documents for the Defendants would remain hidden offshore. (Ex. 4, Sands China's Report on Compliance, 5:12-13.) And even for these nine custodians, Sands China did not search for all of the relevant documents.

Take the custodian Ruth Boston just for the sake of example. Sands China only searched her documents with respect to one of Jacobs' Requests for Production of Documents. (Id. at Ex. C.) This is in addition to the fact that it did not even search custodians in Macau for a number of the document requests, and then limited the search to a subset of custodians for most all of the other document requests:

Jacobs was one of those nine, meaning that Jacobs already had a large portion of the information Sands China just produced to him.

Jacobs is unable to confirm Sands China's representation that it searched the nine custodians' ESI because of the substantial redactions made to the documents produced. For all Jacobs knows, the documents produced could have come from LVSC's previous productions.

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•	Request No. 6 - searched only seven custodians
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•	Request No. 9 - searched only six custodians
•	Request No. 10 - searched only four custodians
•	Request No. 11 - searched only six custodians
•	Request No. 12 - searched only four custodians
•	Request No. 13 - searched only four custodians
•	Request No. 14 - searched only three custodians
•	Request No. 15 - searched only four custodians
•	Request No. 16 - searched only five custodians
•	Request No. 17 - searched only four custodians
•	Request No. 18 - searched only four custodians
٠	Request No. 19 - searched only three custodians
•	Request No. 20 - searched only four custodians
•	Request No. 21 - searched only six custodians

Request No. 22 - searched only four custodians

(See id.)

To highlight the manipulative nature of Sands China's non-search of key designees, the Court needs to look only at its purposeful failure to search the records of Iain Bruce and David Turnbull, two of Sands China's independent directors. The involvement of these two individuals, particularly Turnbull, has been routinely discussed at the jurisdictional depositions, including various emails with LVSC executives to which they were parties. And there is no denying that some of these emails have been the most embarrassing and problematic for the Defendants to try and rationalize. Clearly Bruce's and Turnbull's ESI were reasonably likely to contain documents relevant to jurisdictional discovery. Indeed, that is precisely why on December 12 (six days before the December 18 hearing), Jacobs' counsel requested an agreement to depose Bruce and Turnbull for jurisdictional discovery. (Ex. 5, Bice e-mail dated Dec. 12, 2012.) True to form, not ı

only would Sands China not cooperate in the depositions, it then purposefully failed to search their documents even in the face of this Court's order. Again, this is intentional, not an oversight.

But the crown jewel of noncompliance is Defendants' intentional refusal to produce documents from custodian Luis Melo. Melo is the Number 2 person identified on the list of most important custodians in Macau. (Ex. 6.) And, Melo's documents are already located in the United States, being part of the secret shipment that Sands China made to LVSC in August of 2010 that they concealed from both this Court and Jacobs. Sands China and LVSC know how important Melos' documents are to this case. That is precisely why they secretly shipped those documents to Las Vegas at the same time they brought over Jacobs' ESI.<sup>3</sup> Yet, despite this Court's sanctions order, despite their possession of these documents for two years in Las Vegas, and despite their own counsel representing to this Court that "we've given them everything we have in Las Vegas," Sands China has not produced a single document from Melo's ESI. (Ex. 1, Hr'g. Tr. Dated Dec. 18, 2012, 14:23.)

### 2. Sands China knowingly produces unintelligible documents.

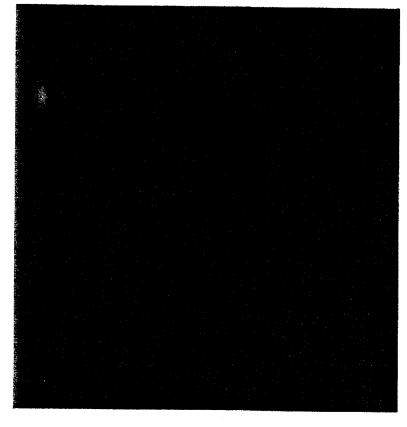
The purposeful non-search of central custodians is, in and of itself, an intentional violation of the Court's order. But Sands China had even more in store for Jacobs and this Court. Its last and loudest laugh came in the form of redactions that it made to the limited documents that it produced with its under-inclusive search. Sands China redacted everything and anything that might reveal whose document it was, or who had access to the document. Specifically, it redacted the names, titles, telephone numbers, fax numbers, and email addresses of everyone and anyone associated with each document. (Exs. 9-23, samples of production.) For good measure, Sands China would also redact dates and the names of board committees (and even what appears

In what can only be some form of perverse joke, Sands China asserted that Melo is not likely to have information relevant to personal jurisdiction – even though their own witness, particularly Ken Kay, identified Melo as having extensive involvement in the company's financing which was directed out of Las Vegas – and that many of his documents may be privileged. (Ex. 7, Bice Ltr. Dated Jan. 18, 2013; Ex. 8, Peek Ltr. Dated Jan. 29, 2013.) This Court would be hard pressed to find a more transparently improper attempt at avoiding compliance. LVSC and Sands China know precisely how important Melo's documents are, which is why they were some of the first documents brought to the United States "inadvertently" before they needed to find an excuse for nonproduction. And, this Court can rest assured that these Defendants have already been through Melo's ESI with a fine tooth comb, but have simply not produced any of it for jurisdictional purposes.

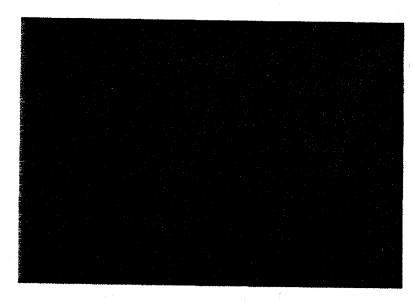
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PISANELLI BICE PLIC 3883 HOWARD HUGHES PARKWAY, SUITE 800 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89169 to be the term "Board of Directors" itself), among other innocuous things. (Ex. 22.) The effect of these redactions was precisely what Sands China intended – any document of substance was transformed into useless pieces of paper from which neither Jacobs nor any witness could ever glean real information. Sands China did not want to produce anything of substance, so it made sure that it did not by redacting the few documents it actually searched for.

Even the Defendants' own witnesses acknowledge that the redactions have rendered the production worthless. For instance, at Michael Leven's renewed deposition, Jacobs showed him several samples of Sands China's latest tactics and asked Leven to identify the document and explain its subject matter. Leven's testimony proved how Sands China had sabotaged the production:<sup>4</sup>



Jacobs currently only has a rough copy of Mr. Leven's deposition transcript and will supplement with the final transcript upon receipt.



Sands China knew that it had purposefully not complied with this Court's order. But that did not stop it from filing a so-called "Report on Its Compliance with the Court's Ruling of December 18, 2012," and proclaim its good deeds. But the real effect of that "Report" was to highlight how much money Sands China spent (supposedly \$900,000) in making sure that whatever substantive documents were produced would contain nothing decipherable. There are no limits to Sands China's arrogance.

#### III. ARGUMENT

### A. A Litigant's Established Pattern of Misconduct And Deception Mandates Additional Sanctious.

As a preliminary matter, although the Court's analysis of Jacobs' First Motion for Sanctions focused upon Sands China's failure to produce so much as a single page from Macau, Jacobs also sought (and seeks) sanctions against both Defendants for their long campaign of discovery abuses. As this Court has already noted, "there [were] varying degrees of willfulness demonstrated by the Defendants and their agents in failing to disclose transferred data to Jacobs ranging from careless nondisclosure to knowing, willful and intentional conduct with an intent to prevent [Jacobs'] access to information discoverable for the jurisdictional proceedings." (Ex. 2, Decision & Order, ¶ 35(a).) At that time the Court's concern was with the "limited issue" of Defendants' counsels' "lack of candor and nondisclosure of information to the Court and

appropriate sanctions pursuant to EDCR 7.60." (*Id.* at 1:28-2:9; Hr'g. Tr. dated Sept. 10, 2012, 5:13-14 (the Court noting that its "hearing [was] not intended to infect any rights that Mr. Jacobs may have related to Rule 37 sanctions relating to the same issues.")).

The Court recognized that Jacobs was free to pursue additional Rule 37 sanctions based upon the concealment of outstanding evidence. And, under the law, such a past pattern of misconduct strongly counts toward the imposition of severe sanctions for repeat offenders. Young v. Ribeiro Bldg., Inc., 106 Nev. 88, 93, 787 P.2d 777, 779-80 (1990) (The Nevada Supreme court has long found that in fashioning sanctions, specifically in determining the appropriateness of terminating sanctions, the court should look to, among other factors, the totality of the circumstances relating to a party's conduct throughout discovery); Temora Trading Co., Ltd. v. Perry, 98 Nev. 229, 645 P.2d 436 (1982) (terminating sanctions are proper where the normal adversary process has been halted due to an unresponsive party, as diligent parties are entitled to be protected against interminable delay and uncertainly in resolution of their legal rights.).

But even before addressing the consequences for violating this Court's December 18, 2012, Order, it is important to note that Sands China's representations to this Court have proved less than forthright even about events that proceeded the Order's entry. Put bluntly, Sands China's story does not match up. Specifically, Sands China claims in its Report on Compliance that it engaged FTI on December 19, 2012, to "assume most of the technical aspects of the review and redaction process" because its prior vendor was unable to handle the "significantly increased volume of documents that had to be reviewed and produced." (Ex. 4, Sands China's Report on Compliance, 4:2-10.) However, FTI's production "indexes" that Sands China produced along with its documents were created well before December 19, 2012, showing that FTI's "review and redaction process" began as early as December 4, 2012. (Ex. 24, Screen shots of index's Properties)

Considering that FTI does not have an office in Macau, it appears that Sands China transferred its documents to FTI's office in Hong Kong for the review and redaction process. This is contrary to what Sands China told this Court when it claimed that "it could not rely on Hong Kong lawyers (or any other non-Macau lawyers) to review or redact Macau documents

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containing 'personal data.'" (Ex. 4, Sands China's Report on Compliance, 3:17-19). Thus, not only did Sands China engage FTI well before December 19, 2012, FTI's documents show that it had already undertaken the process of reviewing and redacting its documents before the Court issued the December 18 Order. This was occurring while at the very same time Sands China was telling this Court that it had been precluded from reviewing documents.

In truth, what little information Sands China did produce on January 4, 2013, only casts further doubt as to the accuracy of its various representations as to what it has been doing in Macau and why the documents were not produced long ago. On the face of FTl's own reports, it had been reviewing the documents for Sands China's own apparent strategic purposes while at the very same time Sands China was telling this Court that it could not review documents. Once again, more hiding of the ball appears to be occurring.

#### B. The Time Has Come To End The Charade About Personal Jurisdiction.

Regardless of the inconsistencies of Sands China's reporting as to its true activities, there is no dispute as to its knowing and intentional noncompliance with this Court's order that all documents be produced by January 4, 2013. Sands China did not search material custodians. Even for the few custodians it did search, it searched for less than a majority of the responsive requests. Then, to top it all off, what few documents of substance were gathered were then redacted so as to make them useless by redacting the names of every person, including who sent or received a document, and what it concerned.

As Jacobs explained in his First Motion for Sanctions, there are many legal grounds upon which this Court can and should impose severe sanctions for recurrent violations of this Court's orders. Rule 37 authorizes sanctions for "willful noncompliance with a discovery order of the court." See also Young v. Johnny Ribeiro Bidg., Inc., 106 Nev. 88, 92, 787 P.2d 777, 779 (1990). In addition to Rule 37, the Court has "inherent equitable powers" to impose sanctions for "abusive litigation practices." Id. (citing TeleVideo Sys., Inc. v. Heidenthal, 826 F.2d 915, 916 (9th Cir. 1987)) (citations omitted); see also GNLV Corp. v. Serv. Control Corp., 111 Nev. 866, 869, 900 P.2d 323, 325 (1995) (noting that courts have the inherent authority to impose discovery sanctions "where the adversary process has been halted by the actions of the unresponsive party."). As the

Nevada Supreme Court warned, "[l]itigants and attorneys alike should be aware that these [inherent] powers may permit sanctions for discovery and other litigation abuses not specifically proscribed by statute." Young, 106 Nev. at 92, 787 P.2d at 779.

"Fundamental notions of fairness and due process require that discovery sanctions be just and that sanctions relate to the specific conduct at issue." GNLV Corp., 111 Nev. at 870, 900 P.2d at 325 (citing Young, 106 Nev. at 92, 787 P.2d at 779-80). Along those lines, the minimum sanction a court should impose is one that deprives the wrongdoer of the benefits of their violations. See Burnet v. Spokane Ambulance, 933 P.2d 1036, 1041 (Wash. 1997) (en banc) ("The purpose of sanctions generally are to deter, punish, to compensate, to educate, and to ensure that the wrongdoer does not profit from the wrongdoing." (emphasis added)); Woo v. Lien, No. A094960, 2002 WL 31194374, 6 (Cal. Ct. App., Oct. 2, 2002) (upholding trial court's imposition of sanctions because not doing so "would allow the abuser to benefit from its actions.").

For that reason, one of the sanctions Rule 37 provides is an order that the "designated facts shall be taken to be established for the purposes of the action in accordance with the claim of the party obtaining the order." NRCP 37(b)(2) (emphasis added). At the same time, "[t]here is no indication in Rule 37 that this list of sanctions was intended to be exhaustive." J. M. Cleminshaw Co. v. City of Norwich, 93 F.R.D. 338, 355 (D. Conn. 1981). The language "suggests that, under that rule, a court possesses the authority to fashion any of a range of appropriate orders to enforce compliance with the requirements of pre-trial discovery." Id. (citing Flaks v. Koegel, 504 F.2d 702, 707 (2d Cir. 1974) (noting the discretionary nature of discovery sanctions)). In other words, a court may fashion any form of sanction that meets the purpose of sanctions, which is "to ensure that a party does not benefit from its failure to comply, and to deter those who might be tempted to such conduct in the absence of such a deterrent." Starlight Int'l Inc. v. Herlihy, 186 F.R.D. 626, 647 (D. Kan. 1999).

Thus, "by imposing certain types of sanctions, the Court can prevent frustration of the discovery process by giving the frustrated party or parties the benefit of an inference that the deposition would have yielded evidence favorable to its position — or at least unfavorable to that

defendant." See In re ClassicStar Mare Lease Litig., (multiple Civ. Action Nos.) 2012 WL 1190888 (E.D. Ky. Apr. 9, 2012). Ultimately, "[s]election of a particular sanction for discovery abuses under NRCP 37 is generally a matter committed to the sound discretion of the district court." Stubli v. Big D Int'l Trucks, Inc., 107 Nev. 309, 312, 810 P.2d 785, 787 (1991); see also GNLV Corp., 111 Nev. at 866, 900 P.2d at 325 (noting the decision to impose discovery sanctions is "within the power of the district court and the [Nevada Supreme Court] will not reverse the particular sanctions imposed absent a showing of abuse of discretion.")

Here, LVSC and Sands China have knowingly sabotaged Jacobs' prosecution of this action. They have objected, obfuscated and obstructed the very process they asked for, thereby preventing Jacobs from proceeding with showing personal jurisdiction over Sands China. Defendants cannot be allowed to continue to profit from this noncompliance. At long last, the only means to deprive LVSC and Sands China of the benefits of their conduct is to strike Sands China's defense of personal jurisdiction, impose substantive and adverse inferences, and allow Jacobs to proceed with the merits of his case. See Insurance Corp. of Ireland, Ltd. v. Compagnie des Bauxities de Guinee, 456 U.S. 694 (1982) (affirming the federal district court's finding of facts establishing personal jurisdiction as a sanction for the foreign defendant's failure to produce documents during jurisdictional discovery); Bayoil, S.A. v. Polembros Shipping Ltd., 196 F.R.D. 479 (S.D.Tx. 2000) (federal district court striking the defendant's defenses of lack of personal jurisdiction and forum non conveniens).

#### IV. CONCLUSION

After everything that has happened in this case, the Court gave Sands China one more chance to produce its documents and comply (albeit untimely) with its obligations for jurisdictional discovery. Sands China ignored that opportunity. Instead, it used its resources to create a phony appearance of compliance while simultaneously making sure that whatever it

In the interest of brevity, Jacobs hereby incorporates his analysis of *Insurance Corp. of Ireland, Ltd. v. Compagnie des Bauxities de Guinee*, 456 U.S. 694 (1982) and *Bayoil, S.A. v. Polembros Shipping Ltd.*, 196 F.R.D. 479 (S.D.Tx. 2000) from the First Motion for Sanctions.

PISANELLI BICE PLLC 3883 HOWARD HUGHES PARKWAY, SUITE 800 LAS VEGAS, NEVADA 89169 produced was useless to Jacobs or the Court. This Court warned Sands China that its time is up on January 4, 2013. The Court can no longer excuse the Defendants' refusal to comply.

DATED this 7th day of January, 2013.

PISANELLI BICE PLLC

By:

James J. Pisanelli, Esq., Bar No. 4027

Todd L. Bice, Esq., Bar No. 4534

Debra L. Spinelli, Esq., Bar No. 9695

3883 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 800

Las Vegas, Nevada 89169

Attorneys for Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs

#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I HEREBY CERTIFY that I am an employee of PISANELLI BICE PLLC, and that on this 7th day of February, 2013, I caused to be sent via e-mail and electronic service true and correct copies of the above and foregoing PLAINTIFF'S RENEWED MOTION FOR NRCP 37 SANCTIONS properly addressed to the following:

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An employee of PISANELLI BICE PLLO

### EXHIBIT 1

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CLERK OF THE COURT

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

STEVEN JACOBS

Plaintiff

CASE NO. A-627691

vs.

LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP., et al..

DEPT. NO. XI

Defendants . . . . . . . . . . . .

Transcript of Proceedings

BEFORE THE HONORABLE ELIZABETH GONZALEZ, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

HEARING ON MOTIONS FOR PROTECTIVE ORDER AND SANCTIONS TUESDAY, DECEMBER 18, 2012

APPEARANCES:

FOR THE PLAINTIFF:

JAMES J. PISANELLI, ESQ.

DEBRA SPINELLI, ESQ.

TODD BICE, ESQ.

FOR THE DEFENDANTS:

JON RANDALL JONES, ESQ. J. STEPHEN PEEK, ESQ. MARK JONES, ESQ.

MICHAEL LACKEY, ESQ.

COURT RECORDER:

TRANSCRIPTION BY:

JILL HAWKINS

FLORENCE HOYT

District Court

Las Vegas, Nevada 89146

Proceedings recorded by audio-visual recording, transcript produced by transcription service.

CLERK OF THE COURT JAN 03 2013

LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 18, 2012, 8:06 A.M. 1 2 (Court was called to order) THE COURT: Good morning. Which motion do you guys 3 want to handle first, the protective orders? MR. MARK JONES: Your Honor, I have a housekeeping 5 6 issue, if I may, first. 7 THE COURT: Sure. MR. MARK JONES: Spoke with Mr. Bice. Thank you. 8 Yesterday was the last day for the other side to 9 oppose Mr. Lackey's pro hac admission for his -- excuse me, 10 pro hac application for his admission into this case, and 11 there's no opposition. So Mr. Bice had asked if the Court -12 if I may --13 THE COURT: Any objection? 14 15 MR. BICE: No. THE COURT: All right. Then you can approach. I'll 16 be happy to sign, Mr. Jones. Here you go. 17 All right. Now which motion do you guys want to 18 19 argue first? MR. RANDALL JONES: Your Honor, in a sense I guess 20 they're sort of mixed together, but perhaps our --21 THE COURT: Well, the protective order on the 22 videotape deposition is different than the sanctions and the 23 other protective order motion. 24 MR. RANDALL JONES: And I guess what I was thinking 25 2

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do it.

And so what happened after that hearing, we were retained, Mr. Lackey's firm was retained, and action started right away. This was within weeks of that hearing. Your Honor. New counsel was brought in. The reason we were brought in was to try to make sure that we complied with what you wanted us to do. And, Your Honor, I've been practicing here a long time and I've known you both in private practice and on the bench, and I would hope the Court would understand that we take our -- not only our oath, but our obligation on discovery very, very seriously.

THE COURT: Oh, I have no doubt about that, Mr. Jones. That's not the issue. The issue is not you or your firm's credibility or Mr. Lackey or Mr. Peek or any of the attorneys at this point. The issue is a -- what appears to be an approach by the client to avoid discovery obligations that I have had in place since before the stay.

MR. RANDALL JONES: And, Your Honor, I understand that's your concern. And I understood that before you said that just now. And I understand why that's your concern. I have tried to make sure that I understand the history of this case. And I will tell you the client understands the concern. That's why new counsel this far along in the case was brought in.

THE COURT: Third new counsel.

search terms that we have used to try to find documents all seem to be related to information that in fact is overexpansive beyond what would be contacts that Sands China might have with the United States, in particular with Nevada. So we're essentially, we believe, getting a substantial amount of overinclusive documents.

Let me just give you an example. In the depositions two documents were used in Mr. Adelson's deposition of the 200,000 documents that have been discovered, and I think 19 were used in either in Mr. Goldstein or Mr. Leven's deposition, I can't remember, but one of those two. But the point is, Your Honor, is that we have been trying to accomplish this discovery, and we believe that the Court has set limits on what this discovery is. In fact, your order says what the limits of discovery are. And so our --

THE COURT: You're referring to the March 8th, 2012, order?

MR. RANDALL JONES: That's correct, Your Honor. And so I guess I would ask the Court some questions to help us try to understand where the Court has a concern that we are not in compliance or at least attempting to comply and why the parameters should be expanded beyond Mr. Jacobs's ESI in Macau. We've given them everything we have in Las Vegas, including the ghost image information of the Jacobs ESI. What possibly could we expect to find with respect to contacts with

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better job than their predecessor, then guess what happens, we 2 have a new set of lawyers coming in. 3 I'm overlapping a little bit on the basis of the 4 motion. 5 THE COURT: I don't want to do the sanctions 6 motions, yet. 7 MR. PISANELLI: So I won't do that. 8 THE COURT: Thank you. MR. PISANELLI: The point is very simply you never 9 10 told them not to produce it, and they didn't do it. THE COURT: Thank you. 11 12 The motion for protective order is denied. I am going to enter an order today that within two weeks of today, 13 which for ease of calculation because of the holiday we will 14 consider to be January 4th, Sands China will produce all 15 information within their possession that is relevant to the jurisdictional discovery. That includes electronically stored 17 information. Within two weeks. 18 19 So I can go the motion for sanctions. The motion for sanctions appears to be premature since I've not 20 21 previously entered an order requiring that certain information 22 that is electronically stored information in Macau be provided. About two weeks from now you might want to renew 23 your motion if you don't get it. 24 Can I go to the motion for the protective order on 25

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THE COURT: I did.

MR. PISANELLI: And they're giving us a precursor that they don't hear you, they just never hear you.

THE COURT: Well, Mr. Pisanelli, I've entered orders, I've now entered an order that says on January 4th they're going to produce the information. They're either going to produced it or they're not. And if they produce information that you think is insufficient, you will then have a meet and confer. And then if you believe they are in violation of my orders, and I include that term as a multiple order, then you're going to do something.

MR. PISANELLI: I will. I want --

THE COURT: And then I'll have a hearing.

MR. PISANELLI: I will. I want to make this one point, because you've made a statement that they have not yet violated an order, and that's of concern to me.

THE COURT: Well, they've violated numerous orders. They haven't violated an order that actually requires them to produce information. I have said it, we discussed it at the Rule 16 conference, I've had people tell me how they're complying, I've had people tell me how they're complying differently, I've had people tell me how they tried to comply but now apparently they're in violation of law. I mean, I've had a lot of things. But we've never actually entered a written order that says, please produce the ESI that's in

on counsel. 2 All right. Goodbye. 3 MR. RANDALL JONES: Your Honor, just to clarify that, with respect to a case-by-case basis. So if something 5 comes up at a deposition --THE COURT: Here's the deal, Mr. Jones. I will tell 6 you that Kathy England I both in separate cases had occasions 7 where a specific attorney came across the table and threatened 8 us. From that point forward that person was on the camera, as 9 well, not just the deponent. And that was approved -- my 10 recollection, mine was approved by Discovery Commissioner 11 Biggar, Kathy's was approved by a magistrate. But that was 12 where the attorney was doing something other than, you know, a facial expression or smirking. You know, you guys do that in 14 court all the time. What am I supposed to do? 'Bye. 15 MR. RANDALL JONES: Thank you, Your Honor. 16 THE PROCEEDINGS CONCLUDED AT 8:55 A.M. 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

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#### CERTIFICATION

I CERTIFY THAT THE FOREGOING IS A CORRECT TRANSCRIPT FROM THE AUDIO-VISUAL RECORDING OF THE PROCEEDINGS IN THE ABOVE-ENTITLED MATTER.

#### <u>APFIRMATION</u>

I AFFIRM THAT THIS TRANSCRIPT DOES NOT CONTAIN THE SOCIAL SECURITY OR TAX IDENTIFICATION NUMBER OF ANY PERSON OR ENTITY.

FLORENCE HOYT Las Vegas, Nevada 89146

Hower M. Hough

12/30/12

FLORENCE HOYT, TRANSCRIBER

DATE

## **EXHIBIT 2**

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CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA			
BS,	) · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Plaintiff(s),	) Case No. 10 A 627691 ) Dept. No. XI		
ANDS CORP, ET AL,	Date of Hearing: 09/10-12/12		
Defendants.	· ·		
	CLARK COUNDS, Plaintiff(s), ANDS CORP, ET AL,		

#### **DECISION AND ORDER**

This matter having come on for an evidentiary hearing before the Honorable Elizabeth Gonzalez beginning on September 10, 2012 and continuing day to day, based upon the availability of the Court and Counsel, until its completion on September 12, 2012; Plaintiff Steven Jacobs ("Jacobs") being present in court and appearing by and through his attorney of record, James Pisanelli, Esq., Todd Bice, Esq., and Debra Spinelli, Esq. of the law firm of Pisanelli Bice; Defendant Las Vegas Sands appearing by and through its counsel J. Stephen Peek, Esq. of the law firm of Holland & Hart and counsel for purposes of this proceeding, Samuel Lionel, Esq. and Charles McCrea, Esq., of the law firm of Lionel Sawyer & Collins: Defendant Sands China appearing by and through its counsel J. Stephen Peek, Esq. of the law firm of Holland & Hart, Brad D. Brian, Esq., Henry Weissman, Esq., and John B. Owens, Esq. of the law firm of Munger Tolles & Olson and counsel for purposes of this proceeding, Samuel Lionel, Esq. and Charles McCrea, Esq., of the law firm of Lionel Sawyer & Collins; the Court having read and considered the pleadings filed by the parties and the transcripts of prior hearings; having reviewed the evidence admitted during the trial; and having heard and carefully considered the testimony of the witnesses called to testify; the Court having considered the oral and written arguments of counsel, and with the intent of deciding the limited issues before the Court related to lack of candor and nondisclosure of information to

Page 1 of 9

the Court and appropriate sanctions pursuant to EDCR 7.60. The Court makes the following findings of fact and conclusions of law:

#### I. <u>PROCEDURAL POSTURE</u>

On August 26, 2011, the Nevada Supreme Court issued a stay of proceedings in this matter pending the conduct of an evidentiary hearing and decision on jurisdictional issues related to Sands China. The Court granted Jacobs request to conduct jurisdictional discovery prior to the evidentiary hearing. The order granting the jurisdictional discovery was ultimately entered on March 8, 2012.

#### II. <u>FINDINGS OF FACT</u>'

1. Prior to litigation, in approximately August 2010, a ghost image of hard drives of computers used by Steve Jacobs in Macau<sup>2</sup> and copies of his outlook emails were transferred by way of electronic storage devices (the "transferred data") to Michael Kostrinsky, Esq., Deputy General Counsel of Las Vegas Sands.<sup>3</sup>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Counsel for Las Vegas Sands objected on the basis of attorney client privilege to a majority of the questions asked of the counsel who testified during the evidentiary hearing. Almost all of those objections were sustained. While numerous directions not to answer on the basis of attorney client privilege and the attorney work product were made by counsel for Las Vegas Sands, sustained by the Court, and followed by the witnesses, sufficient information was presented through pleadings already in the record and testimony of witnesses without the necessity of the Court drawing inferences related to the assertion of those privileges. See generally, <u>Francis v. Wynn.</u> 127 NAO 60 (2011). The Court also rejects Plaintiff's suggestion that adverse presumptions should be made by the Court as a result of the failure of Las Vegas Sands to present explanatory evidence in its possession and declines to make any presumptions which might arguably be applicable under NRS Chapter 47.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> There is an issue that has been raised regarding the current location of those computers and hard drives from which the ghost image was made. The Court does not in this Order address any issues related to those items.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> According to a status report filed by Las Vegas Sands on July 6, 2012, there were other transfers of electronically stored data. Based upon testimony elicited during the evidentiary hearing, counsel was unaware of those transfers prior to the preparation and filing of the status report.

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- Kostrinsky requested this information in anticipation of litigation with Jacobs after learning of receipt of a letter by then general counsel for Las Vegas Sands from Don Campbell.
- This transferred data was placed on a server at Las Vegas Sands and was initially reviewed by Kostrinsky.
- 4. The attorneys for Sands China at the Glaser Weil firm were aware of the existence of the transferred data on Kostrinsky's computer from shortly after their retention in November 2010.
- The transferred data was reviewed in Kostrinsky's office by attorneys from Holland & Hart.
- 6. On April 22, 2011, in house counsel for Sands China, Anne Salt, participated in the Rule 16 conference by videoconference and responded to inquiry by the Court related to electronically stored information and confirmed preservation of the data.
- 7. At no time during the Rule 16 conference did Ms. Salt or anyone on behalf of Sands China advise the Court of the potential impact of the Macau Personal Data Privacy Act (MDPA) upon discovery in this litigation.
- 8. Following the Rule 16 conference with the Court, the parties filed a Joint Status Report on April 22, 2011, in which they agreed that the initial disclosure of documents pursuant to NRCP 16.1 would be made by Sands China and Las Vegas Sands prior to July 1, 2011. The MDPA is not mentioned in the Joint Status Report as potentially affecting discovery in this litigation.
- Following the Rule 16 conference, no production or other identification of the information from the transferred data was made.
- 10. Beginning with the motion filed May 17, 2011, Sands China and Las Vegas Sands raised the MDPA as a potential impediment (if not a bar) to production of certain documents.

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- 11. At a hearing on June 9, 2012, counsel for Sands China represented to the Court that the documents subject to production were in Macau; were not allowed to leave Macau; and, had to be reviewed by counsel for Sands China in Macau prior to requesting the Office of Personal Data Protection in Macau for permission to release those documents for discovery purposes in the United States.
- 12. At the time of the representation made on June 9, 2012, the transferred data had already been copied; the copy removed from Macau; and reviewed in Las Vegas by representatives of Las Vegas Sands.
- 13. The transferred data was stored on a Las Vegas Sands shared drive totaling 50 60 gigabytes of information.
- 14. Prior to July 2011, Las Vegas Sands had full and complete access to documents in the possession of Sands China in Macau through a network to network connection.
- 15. Beginning in approximately July 2011, Las Vegas Sands access to Sands China data changed as a result of corporate decision making.
- 16. Prior to the access change, significant amounts of data from Macau related to Jacobs was transported to the United States and reviewed by in house counsel for Las Vegas Sands and outside counsel, and placed on shared drives at Las Vegas Sands.
- 17. At no time did Las Vegas Sands or Sands China disclose the existence of this data to the Court.<sup>4</sup>
- 18. At no time did Las Vegas Sands or Sands China provide a privilege log identifying documents which it contended were protected by the MDPA which was discussed by the Court on June 9, 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> White Las Vegas Sands contends that a disclosure was made on June 9, 2011, this is inconsistent with other actions and statements made to the Court including the June 27, 2012 status report, the June 28, 2012 hearing and the July 6, 2012 status report.

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- 19. For the first time on June 27, 2012, in a written status report, Las Vegas Sands and Sands China advised the Court that Las Vegas Sands was in possession of over 100,000 emails and other ESI that had been transferred "in error".
- 20. In the June 27, 2012 status report, Las Vegas Sands admits that it did not disclose the existence of the transferred data because it wanted to review the Jacobs ESI.<sup>5</sup>
- Any finding of fact stated hereinabove that is more appropriately deemed a conclusion of law shall be so deemed.

#### III. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 22. The MDPA and its impact upon production of documents related to discovery has been an issue of serious contention between the parties in motion practice before this Court since May 2011.
- 23. The MDPA has been an issue with regards to documents, which are the subject of the jurisdictional discovery.
- 24. At no time prior to June 28, 2012, was the Court informed that a significant amount of the ESI in the form of a ghost image relevant to this litigation had actually been taken out of Macau in July or August of 2010 by way of a portable electronic device.
  - 25. EDCR Rule 7.60 provides in pertinent part:
- (b) The court may, after notice and an opportunity to be heard, impose upon an attorney or a party any and all sanctions which may, under the facts of the case, be reasonable, including the imposition of fines, costs or attorney's fees when an attorney or a party without just cause:
- (3) So multiplies the proceedings in a case as to increase costs unreasonably and vexatiously.

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The Court notes that there have also been significant issues with the production of information from Jacobs. On appropriate motion the Court will deal with those issues.

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26. As a result of the failure to disclose the existence of the transferred data, the Court conducted needless hearings on the following dates which involved (at least in part) the MDPA issues:

May 26, 2011
June 9, 2011
July 19, 2011
September 20, 2011<sup>6</sup>
October 4, 2011<sup>7</sup>
October 13, 2011
January 3, 2012
March 8, 2012
May 24, 2012

- 27. The Court concludes after hearing the testimony of witnesses that the 100,000 emails and other ESI were not transferred in error, but was purposefully brought into the United States after a request by Las Vegas Sands for preservation purposes.
- 28. The transferred data is relevant to the evidentiary hearing related to jurisdiction, which the Court intends to conduct.
- 29. The change in corporate policy regarding Las Vegas Sands access to Sands China data made during the course of this ongoing litigation was made with an intent to prevent the disclosure of the transferred data as well as other data.<sup>8</sup>
  - 30. The Defendants concealed the existence of the transferred data from this Court.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> This hearing was conducted in a related case, A648484.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> This hearing was conducted in a related case, A648484.

While the Court recognizes that several other legal proceedings related to certain allegations made by Jacobs were commenced during the course of this litigation including subpoenas from the SEC and DOJ, this does not excuse the failure to disclose the existence of the transforred data; the failure to identify the transferred data on a privilege log, or the failure produce of the transferred data in this matter.

- 31. As the transferred data had already been reviewed by counsel, the failure to disclose the existence of this transferred data to the Court caused repeated and unnecessary motion practice before this Court.
- 32. The lack of disclosure appears to the Court to be an attempt by Defendants to stall the discovery, and in particular, the jurisdictional discovery in these proceedings.
- 33. Given the number of occasions the MDPA and the production of ESI by Defendants was discussed there can be no other conclusions than that the conduct was repetitive and abusive.
- 34. The conduct however does not rise to the level of striking pleadings as exhibited in the <u>Foster v. Dingwall</u>, 227 P.3d 1042 (Nev. 2010) or the entry of default as in <u>Goodyear v.</u> Bahena, 235 P.3d 592 (Nev. 2010) cases. 9
- 35. After evaluating the factors in <u>Ribiero v. Young</u>, 106 Nev. 88 (1990), the Court finds:
- a. There are varying degrees of willfulness demonstrated by the Defendants and their agents in failing to disclose the transferred data to Plaintiff ranging from careless nondisclosure to knowing, willful and intentional conduct with an intent to prevent the Plaintiff access to information discoverable for the jurisdictional proceedings; 10
- b. There are varying degrees of willfulness demonstrated by the Defendants and their agents ranging from careless nondisclosure to knowing, willful and intentional conduct in concealing the existence of the transferred data and failing to disclose the transferred data to the Court with an intent to prevent the Court ruling on the discoverability for purposes of the jurisdictional proceedings;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The Court recognizes no factors have been provided to guide in the evaluation of sanctions for conduct in violation of EDCR 7.60, but utilizes cases interpreting Rule 37 violations as instructive.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> As a result of the stay, the court does not address the discoverability of the transferred data and the effect of the conduct related to the entire case.

- c. The repeated nature of Defendants and Defendants' agents conduct in making inaccurate representations over a several month period is further evidence of the intention to deceive the Court;
- d. Based upon the evidence currently before the Court it does not appear that any evidence has been irreparably lost;"
- e. There is a public policy to prevent further abuses and deter litigants from concealing discoverable information and intentionally deceiving the Court in an attempt to advance its claims; and
- f. The delay and prejudice to the Plaintiff in preparing his case is significant, however, a sanction less severe than striking claims, defenses or pleadings can be fashioned to ameliorate the prejudice.
- 36. The Court after evaluation of the evidence and testimony, weighing the factors and evaluating alternative sanctions determines that evidentiary and monetary sanctions are an alternative less severe sanction to address the conduct that has occurred in this matter.
- 37. Any conclusion of law stated hereinabove that is more appropriately deemed a finding of fact shall be so deemed.

#### IV.

#### ORDER

Therefore the Court makes the following order:

a. For purposes of jurisdictional discovery and the evidentiary hearing related to jurisdiction, Las Vegas Sands and Sands China will be precluded from raising the MDPA as an objection or as a defense to admission, disclosure or production of any documents.<sup>12</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> There is an issue that has been raised regarding the current location of those computers and hard drives from which the ghost image was made. The Court does not in this Order address any issues related to those items.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> This does not prevent the Defendants from raising any other appropriate objection or privilege.

Page 9 of 9

# **EXHIBIT 3**

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CLERK OF THE COURT

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Attorneys for Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs

## DISTRICT COURT

## **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA**

STEVEN C. JACOBS,

Plaintiff,

V.

LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP., a Nevada corporation; SANDS CHINA LTD., a Cayman Islands corporation; DOES I through X; and ROE CORPORATIONS

I through X.

Case No.:

Dept. No.:

ORDER R

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Defendants.

AND RELATED CLAIMS

Case No.: A-10-627691 Dept. No.: XI

ORDER REGARDING PLAINTIFF STEVEN C. JACOBS' MOTION TO CONDUCT JURISDICTIONAL DISCOVERY and DEFENDANT SANDS CHINA LTD.'S MOTION FOR CLARIFICATION

Date and Time of Hearings: September 27, 2011 at 4:00 p.m.

October 13, 2011 at 9:00 a.m.

Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs' ("Jacobs") Motion to Conduct Jurisdictional Discovery ("Motion") came before the Court for hearing at 4:00 p.m. on September 27, 2011. James J. Pisanelli, Esq., and Debra L. Spinelli, Esq., of the law firm PISANELLI BICE PLLC, appeared on behalf of Jacobs. Patricia L. Glaser, Esq., of the law firm Glaser Weil Fink Jacobs Howard Avchen & Shapiro LLP, appeared on behalf of Defendant Sands China Ltd. ("Sands China"). J. Stephen Peck, Esq., of the law firm Holland & Hart LLP, appeared on behalf of Defendant

Las Vegas Sands Corp. ("LVSC"). The Court considered the papers filed on behalf of the parties and the oral argument of counsel, and good cause appearing therefor:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that the Motion to Conduct Jurisdictional Discovery is GRANTED IN PART and DENIED IN PART as follows:

- 1. GRANTED as to the deposition of Michael A. Leven ("Leven"), a Nevada resident, who simultaneously served as President and COO of Las Vegas Sands Corp. ("LVSC") and CEO of Sands China (among other titles), regarding the work he performed for Sands China, and work he performed on behalf of or directly for Sands China while acting as an employee, officer, or director of LVSC, during the time period of January 1, 2009, to October 20, 2010; 1
- 2. GRANTED as to the deposition of Sheldon G. Adelson ("Adelson"), a Nevada resident, who simultaneously served as Chairman of the Board of Directors and CEO of LVSC and Chairman of the Board of Directors of Sands China, regarding the work he performed for Sands China, and work he performed on behalf of or directly for Sands China while acting as an employee, officer, or director of LVSC, during the time period of January 1, 2009, to October 20, 2010;
- 3. GRANTED as to the deposition of Kenneth J. Kay ("Kay"), LVSC's Executive Vice President and CFO, who, upon Plaintiff's information and belief, participated in the funding efforts for Sands China, regarding the work he performed for Sands China, and work he performed on behalf of or directly for Sands China while acting as an employee, officer, or director of LVSC, during the time period of January 1, 2009, to October 20, 2010;
- 4. GRANTED as to the deposition of Robert G. Goldstein ("Goldstein"), a Nevada resident, and LVSC's President of Global Gaming Operations, who, upon Plaintiff's information and belief, actively participates in international marketing and development for Sands China, regarding the work he performed for Sands China, and work he performed on behalf of or directly for Sands China while acting as an employee, officer, or director of LVSC, during the time period of January 1, 2009, to October 20, 2010;

This time period was agreed upon and ordered by the Court in the Stipulation and Order Regarding ESI Discovery entered filed on June 23, 2011, and is also relevant to the limited jurisdictional discovery permitted herein.

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- GRANTED as to a narrowly tailored NRCP 30(b)(6) deposition of Sands China in 5. the event that the witnesses identified above in Paragraphs 1 through 4 lack memory knowledge concerning the relevant topics during the time period of January 1, 2009, to October 20, 2010;
- GRANTED as to documents that will establish the date, time, and location of each 6. Sands China Board meeting (including the meeting held on April 14, 2010, at 9:00 a.m. Macau Time/April 13, 2010, at 6:00 p.m. Las Vegas time), the location of each Board member, and how they participated in the meeting during the period of January 1, 2009, to October 20, 2010:
- GRANTED as to documents that reflect the travels to and from 7. Macau/China/Hong Kong by Adelson, Leven, Goldstein, and/or any other LVSC employee for any Sands China related business (including, but not limited to, flight logs, travel itineraries) during the time period of January 1, 2009, to October 20, 2010;
- 8. DENIED as to the calendars of Adelson, Leven, Goldstein, and/or any other LVSC executive who has had meetings related to Sands China, provided services on behalf of Sands China, and/or travelled to Macau/China/Hong Kong for Sands China business during the time period of January 1, 2009, to October 20, 2010:
- GRANTED as to documents and/or communications related to Michael Leven's service as CEO of Sands China and/or the Executive Director of Sands China Board of Directors without payment, as reported to Hong Kong securities agencies, during the time period of January 1, 2009, to October 20, 2010;
- GRANTED as to documents that reflect that the negotiation and execution of the 10. agreements for the funding of Sands China occurred, in whole or in part, in Nevada, during the time period of January 1, 2009, to October 20, 2010;
- GRANTED as to contracts/agreements that Sands China entered into with entities 11. based in or doing business in Nevada, including, but not limited to, any agreements with BASE Entertainment and Bally Technologies, Inc., during the time period of January 1, 2009, to October 20, 2010;
- GRANTED as to documents that reflect work Robert Goldstein performed for 12. Sands China, and work he performed on behalf of or directly for Sands China while acting as an

employee, officer, or director of LVSC, during the time period of January 1, 2009, to October 20, 2010, including (on Plaintiff's information and belief) global gaming and/or international player development efforts, such as active recruitment of VIP players to share between and among LVSC and Sands China properties, and/or player funding;

- I3. GRANTED as to all agreements for shared services between and among LVSC and Sands China or any of its subsidiaries, including, but not limited to, (1) procurement services agreements; (2) agreements for the sharing of private jets owned or made available by LVSC; and (3) trademark license agreements, during the time period of January 1, 2009, to October 20, 2010;
- 14. DENIED as to documents that reflect the flow of money/funds from Macau to LVSC, including, but not limited to, (1) the physical couriering of money from Macau to Las Vegas; and (2) the Affiliate Transfer Advice ("ATA"), including all documents that explain the ATA system, its purpose, how it operates, and that reflect the actual transfer of funds;
- 15. GRANTED as to all documents, memoranda, emails, and/or other correspondence that reflect services performed by LVSC (including LVSC's executives) on behalf of Sands China, including, but not limited to the following areas: (1) site design and development oversight of Parcels 5 and 6; (2) recruitment and interviewing of potential Sands China executives; (3) marketing of Sands China properties, including hiring of outside consultants; (4) negotiation of a possible joint venture between Sands China and Harrah's; and/or (5) the negotiation of the sale of Sands China's interest in sites to Stanley Ho's company, SJM, during the time period of January 1, 2009, to October 20, 2010;
- 16. GRANTED as to all documents that reflect work performed on behalf of Sands China in Nevada, including, but not limited, documents that reflect communications with BASE Entertainment, Cirque du Soleil, Bally Technologies, Inc., Harrah's, potential lenders for the underwriting of Parcels 5 and 6, located in the Cotai Strip, Macau, and site designers, developers, and specialists for Parcels 5 and 6, during the time period of January 1, 2009 to October 20, 2010;
- 17. DENIED as to documents, including financial records and back-up, used to calculate any management fees and/or corporate company transfers for services performed and/or provided by LVSC to Sands China, including who performed the services and where those

services were performed and/or provided, during the time period where there existed any formal or informal shared services agreement;

- 18. GRANTED as to all documents that reflect reimbursements made to any LVSC executive for work performed or services provided related to Sands China, during the time period of January 1, 2009, to October 20, 2010;
- GRANTED as to all documents that Sands China provided to Nevada gaming regulators, during the time period of January 1, 2009 to October 20, 2010; and
- 20. DENIED as to the telephone records for cellular telephones and landlines used by Adelson, Leven, and Goldstein that indicate telephone communications each had with or on behalf of Sands China.

IT IS HEREBY FURTHER ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that the parties are to abide by the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure as it relates to the disclosure of experts, if any, for purposes of the evidentiary hearing on personal jurisdiction over Sands China.

In addition, Defendant Sands China's Motion for Clarification of Jurisdictional Discovery Order on Order Shortening Time ("Motion for Clarification") came before the Court for hearing on 9:00 a.m. on October 13, 2011. James J. Pisanelli, Esq., and Debra L. Spinelli, Esq., of the law firm PISANELLI BICE PLLC, appeared on behalf of Jacobs. Patricia L. Glaser, Esq., of the law firm Glaser Weil Fink Jacobs Howard Avchen & Shapiro LLP, appeared on behalf of Defendant Sands China, and J. Stephen Peek, Esq., of the law firm Holland & Hart LLP, appeared on behalf of Defendant LVSC. The Court considered the papers filed on behalf of the parties and the oral argument of counsel, and good cause appearing therefor:

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IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that the Motion for Clarification is GRANTED IN PART as follows:

1. The parties are only permitted to conduct discovery related to activities that were done for or on behalf of Sands China; and

2. This is an overriding limitation on all of the specific items requested in Jacob's Motion to Conduct Jurisdictional Discovery.

DATED: March \$, 2012

Respectfully submitted by:
PISANELLI BICE PLCC

James J. Pisanelli, Esq., Bar No. 4027 Todd L. Bice, Esq., Bar No. 4534 Debra L. Spinelli, Esq., Bar No. 9695 Jarrod L. Rickard, Esq., Bar No. 10203 3883 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 800 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169

Attorneys for Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs

Approved as to form by:

HOLLAND & HART

J. Stephen Peck, Esq., Bar No. 1758
Brian G. Anderson, Esq., Bar No. 10500
9555 Hillwood Drive, Second Floor
Las Vegas, NV 89134

Attornoys for Las Vegas Sands Corp. and Sands China, Ltd.

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ABETH GONZALEZ

EIGHTH-JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT

# **EXHIBIT 4**

I REPT J. Stephen Peck, Esq. 2 Nevada Bar No. 1759 Robert J. Cassity, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 9779 3 Holland & Hart LLP 4 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2nd Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89134 (702) 669-4600 (702) 669-4650 - fax 5 speek@hollandhart.com 6 bcassity@hollandhart.com 7 Attorneys for Las Vegas Sands Corp. and Sands China, Ltd. 8 J. Randall Jones, Esq. 9 Nevada Bar No. 1927 Mark M. Jones, Esq. 10 Nevada Bar No. 000267 Kemp Jones & Coulthard, LLP 11 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 17th Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89169 (702) 385-6000 12 (702) 385-6001 - fax 13 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2nd Floor m.jones@kempiones.com Vegas, Nevada 89134 14 Holland & Hart LLP Michael E. Lackey, Jr., Esq. Mayer Brown LLP 15 71 S. Wacker Drive Chicago, Illinois 60606 16 (312) 701-7282 17 mlackey@mayerbrown.com 18 Attorneys for Sands China, Ltd. Ē 19 DISTRICT COURT 20 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 21 STEVEN C. JACOBS, CASE NO.: A627691-B DEPT NO.: XI Plaintiff, 22 Date: n/a 23 Time: n/a LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP., a Nevada corporation; SANDS CHINA LTD., a Cayman **DEFENDANT SANDS CHINA LTD'S** 24 Islands corporation; SHELDON G. ADELSON, REPORT ON ITS COMPLIANCE WITH in his individual and representative capacity; THE COURT'S RULING OF 25 DOES I-X; and ROE CORPORATIONS I-X, **DECEMBER 18, 2012** 26 Defendants. 27 AND ALL RELATED MATTERS. 28 Page 1 of 9 5940464\_1

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Holland & Hart LLP 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2nd Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89134 Defendant Sands China Ltd. ("SCL") hereby provides the Court with a Report of its compliance with the Court's ruling of December 18, 2012. This compliance resulted in the production to Plaintiff of more than 5,000 documents (consisting of more than 27,000 pages) on or before January 4, 2013.

### I. THE COURT'S DECEMBER 18, 2012 RULING

After Plaintiff served his jurisdictional discovery requests, Defendants began searching for and producing responsive documents. In this process, the parties eventually reached an impasse on SCL's position that, as to jurisdictional issues, a search of the ESI of custodians other than Plaintiff in Macau would be largely duplicative of LVSC's production.

Accordingly, on December 6, 2012, Defendants filed a motion for a Protective Order seeking the Court's guidance on whether the Macau search would have to include custodians other than Plaintiff. At that time, SCL was proceeding with an ESI search in Macau, but only for documents contained in Plaintiff's own ESI.

At a hearing held on December 18, 2012, the Court denied Defendants' motion and stated that it would enter an order directing SCL to produce all information relevant to jurisdictional discovery:

The motion for protective order is denied. I am going to enter an order today that within two weeks of today, which for ease of calculation because of the holiday we will consider to be January 4<sup>th</sup>, Sands China will produce all information within their possession that is relevant to the jurisdictional discovery. That includes electronically stored information. Within two weeks,

(Dec. 18, 2012 Tr., Ex. A, at 24). In so doing, the Court expressly noted that its ruling did not foreclose SCL from making appropriate reductions. (*Id.*, at 27).

As of January 4, 2013, the above-described order had not yet been entered. Nevertheless, after the hearing, SCL immediately began taking steps to expand its on-going efforts in Macau to comply with the Court's ruling.

#### II. SCL'S COMPLIANCE WITH THE COURT'S RULING

SCL's production of more than 27,000 pages of documents resulted from an extended process that included seven major stages: (1) the recruitment of additional Macau lawyers to

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assist the existing team in reviewing the documents generated by the expanded search; (2) the engagement of an additional vendor with sufficient expertise, technology and resources to assist SCL in completing the expanded search; (3) the identification of relevant custodians and search terms using accepted principles of electronic discovery; (4) the physical review of all documents retrieved by these search terms to determine responsiveness to Plaintiff's jurisdictional discovery requests; (5) the identification of all "personal data" in responsive documents within the meaning of the Macau Personal Data Protection Act ("MPDPA"); (6) the subsequent reduction of personal data from those identified documents; and (7) a review in the United States for privilege and confidentiality determinations.

To oversee and manage this document production effort (both before and after the Court's December 18, 2012 ruling), SCL engaged the law firm of Mayer Brown LLP, including lawyers from the Firm's Hong Kong office.

#### A. The Recruitment of Macau Lawyers to Review Documents

The first challenge following the Court's December 18, 2012 ruling was to recruit on short notice and during the holiday season a sufficient number of Macau attorneys to assist in completing the expanded search and review of documents in Macau. As SCL previously informed the Court, on November 29, 2012, the Office of Personal Data Protection ("OPDP") notified SCL that it could not rely on Hong Kong lawyers (or any other non-Macau lawyers) to review or redact Macau documents containing "personal data." (Ex. B). This restriction imposed a significant limitation on the pool of potential reviewers because Macau has fewer than 250 licensed lawyers (excluding trainees and interns), and many of those attorneys work for firms that cannot represent SCL because of pre-existing conflicts. In addition, the required review had to be conducted between December 18, 2012 and January 4, 2013, when Macan had five days of public holidays.

Notwithstanding these limitations, SCL succeeded in recruiting additional Macau lawyers. until, by December 27, 2012, SCL had engaged a total of 22 Macau attorneys to review potentially-responsive documents and redact personal data contained in those documents.

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# B. The Selection of an Additional Vendor

To complete the discovery directed by the Court, SCL also had to enlist an additional vendor to assist in processing and handling of the significantly increased volume of documents that had to be reviewed and produced. The existing vendor used a software application that repeatedly encountered several technical difficulties in attempting to "de-duplicate" the increased volume of documents and in preserving reductions throughout the production process. By December 19, 2012, SCL concluded that these difficulties would likely prevent the vendor from completing the project by itself.

Accordingly, on December 19, 2012, SCL engaged another vendor, FTI, to assume most of the technical aspects of the review and redaction process. Between December 19 and January 4, FTI not only re-processed all data that the initial vendor had processed, but also logged more than 500 hours in processing additional data, training reviewers and redacting responsive documents—all at a cost of more than \$400,000.

#### C. The Identification of Relevant Search Terms and Custodians

In addition to engaging a qualified vendor and recruiting a sufficient number of reviewers, SCL had to develop a strategy for the expanded search in Macau. In this process, SCL was left to its own devices. As described in earlier court filings, Plaintiff declined to cooperate with Defendants in identifying relevant custodians and search terms in either the United States or Macau. For example, in June 2012, Plaintiff announced to Defendants that they should develop their own lists of search terms and custodians for the U.S. searches, while in October 2012, Plaintiff simply ignored Defendants' request to meet and confer about ESI discovery in Macau.<sup>2</sup>

To be sure, at the December 18, 2012 hearing, Plaintiff asserted for the first time that he had sent a letter more than two years ago providing a list of relevant custodians:

... We met for hours with his prior counsel explaining over and over to the extent it was even needed if we're talking about the custodians that they didn't know about in Macau, they needed only look to Colby Williams's letter giving them 20 custodians that we want that they've known for two years.

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See, e.g., Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion for Sanctions, at 7-8 and Exhibit BB. Id.

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(Dec. 18, 2012 Tr., Ex. A, at 23-24) (emphasis supplied). But this letter merely listed the custodians that Plaintiff claimed were relevant to merits discovery, not to jurisdictional discovery, Indeed, Plaintiff sent the letter long before he had even served his jurisdictional discovery requests, and, in any event, the issues in jurisdictional discovery are very different from the merits issues.

With respect to jurisdictional discovery, Plaintiff simply declined to participate in any cooperative effort to reach agreement on search terms and custodians. In particular, after serving his jurisdictional discovery requests, Plaintiff never (1) provided Defendants with a proposed list of custodians for jurisdictional discovery; (2) participated with Defendants in finalizing an expanded list of search terms for jurisdictional discovery;3 or (3) responded to Defendants October 6, 2012 request to meet and confer about jurisdictional discovery in Macau. 4

As a result, SCL was forced to make its own determinations of relevant search terms and custodians to comply with the Court's ruling. To this end, SCL first identified eight Macau custodians (in addition to Plaintiff) whose ESI was reasonably likely to contain documents relevant to jurisdictional discovery. (See Ex. C, attached to this Report). SCL then utilized (with only minor variations) the same expanded set of search terms that Defendants had unilaterally developed to conduct the jurisdictional searches in the United States—search terms that Plaintiff has never challenged or even asked to review. (Attached to this Report is Exhibit C, which lists the custodians and search terms used by SCL to identify and produce documents relevant to jurisdictional discovery.).

This procedure comports with "best practices" in electronic discovery. The Sedona Principles instruct parties responding to discovery requests to "define the scope of the electronically-stored information needed to appropriately and fairly address the issues in the case and to avoid unreasonable overbreadth, burden, and cost." The Sedona Conference, Sedona Principles Addressing Electronic Document Production, Cmt. 4.b (2d ed. 2007) ("Sedona

Page 5 of 9

In July and August 2012, Defendants expanded the list of search terms and custodians used for the searches of LVSC's ESI after Plaintiff claimed that LVSC's production was inadequate.

Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion for Sanctions, at 7-8 and Exhibit BB.

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Principles"), Cmt. 6.b. This process typically includes "collecting electronically-stored information from repositories used by key individuals," and "defining the information to be collected by applying reasonable selection criteria, including search terms, date restrictions, or folder designations." Id.; see also id. Cmt. 11.a (instructing that "selective use of keyword searches can be a reasonable approach when dealing with large amounts of electronic data'n.

Consistent with these principles, the Nevada courts have repeatedly endorsed the use of specified custodians and search terms to govern electronic discovery. See, e.g., Cannata v. Wyndham Worldwide Corp., No. 2:10-cv-00068-PMP-VCF, 2012 WL 528224, at \*5 (D. Nev. Feb. 17, 2012) (ordering parties to agree on a final list of search terms and custodians).

The courts have also held that when a party requesting discovery refuses to agree on custodians and search terms, the responding party should develop its own search terms and list of custodians. See, e.g., Treppel v. Biovail Corp., 233 F.R.D. 363, 374 (S.D.N.Y. 2006). In these circumstances, the party requesting discovery effectively waives its objections because it would be unfair to allow the requesting party to refuse to participate in the process of developing a search strategy and then later claim that the strategy was inadequate. See, e.g., Covad Comme'ns Co. v. Revanet, Inc., 258 F.R.D. 5, 14 (D.D.C. 2009).

Thus, in the absence of any meaningful participation by Plaintiff, despite being invited to do so by Defendants, SCL relied on widely-accepted principles of electronic discovery to select a list of custodians and search terms that could reasonably be expected to yield documents relevant to the limited jurisdictional discovery the Court has allowed.

#### The Review and Redaction of Documents

After SCL developed its search strategy, it then applied the designated search terms to the ESI of the relevant custodians. SCL also processed approximately 20,000 pages of hardcopy documents maintained by Plaintiff and the other relevant custodians. Finally, SCL manually reviewed more than 50,000 hardcopy documents maintained by Plaintiff to determine whether they were copies of ESI or otherwise not relevant to any jurisdictional issues. This process yielded a population of more than 26,000 potentially responsive documents. FTI then "tiffed" each of these documents so that the Macau attorneys could redact personal data contained in the

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27 28 documents.

In the next step, the Macau attorneys reviewed each of the documents identified as potentially responsive to determine whether the document was, in fact, relevant to jurisdictional discovery and, if so, whether it contained any "personal data" within the meaning of the MPDPA. If the documents did contain "personal data," the reviewers then redacted that personal information.5

To complete this process, the attorneys logged more than 1,326 hours over a nine-day period, with several attorneys working up to 20 hours per day and on holidays. In total, the reviewing attorneys billed more than \$500,000 to complete the work in Macau.

#### E. The Privilege Review and Final Preparation of the Documents for Production

After FTI incorporated the redactions into new tiff images to ensure that the redactions could not be removed, the documents were transferred to the United States, where they were reviewed for privilege and confidentiality determinations. After the completion of this review. FTI created a new tiff image endorsed with a Bates number for each document. The new tiff image was then processed to create a new text file for production that omitted the text in the redacted area. The productions provided to Plaintiff contained the tiff images and text files created in the United States.

#### Ongoing Quality Control Review

In addition to the above-described production, SCL is currently undertaking quality control procedures to determine whether there are any documents relevant to jurisdictional discovery that the above review did not capture. For example, on January 7, 2013, the Macau reviewers identified approximately 17 hardcopy documents that had been maintained by some of the relevant custodians and that are arguably relevant to jurisdictional issues. documents are currently being prepared for transfer to the United States and final production. In addition, SCL is conducting an electronic search of the more than 50,000 hardcopy documents that SCL manually reviewed prior to production. If this electronic search results in the

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The reviewers designated reductions based on the MPDPA as "Personal Reductions" and reductions based on the attorney-client privilege as "Privileged."

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identification of any documents that are arguably relevant to jurisdictional discovery and that have not already been produced, SCL will produce such documents to Plaintiff.

#### III. CONCLUSION

In this Report, SCL has summarized the document production that it undertook in compliance with the Court's December 18, 2012 ruling. In addition to this production, SCL understands that LVSC has produced the travel records ordered by the Court and that the remaining depositions of Defendants' executives have now been scheduled, leaving only Plaintiff's deposition to be scheduled. Accordingly, SCL believes that, subject to the Court's schedule, a jurisdictional hearing can now be set following the completion of the depositions.

DATED January 8, 2013.

J./Stephen Peek, Robert J. Cassity, Esq.

Holland & Hart LLP 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2nd Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89134

Attorneys for Las Vegas Sands Corp. and Sands China Ltd.

J. Randall Jones, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 1927 Mark M. Jones, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 000267 Kemp Jones & Coulthard, LLP 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 17th Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89169

Michael E. Lackey, Jr., Esq. Mayer Brown LLP 71 S. Wacker Drive Chicago, Illinois 60606

Attorneys for Sands China, Ltd.

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#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

Pursuant to Nev. R. Civ. P. 5(b), I certify that on January 8, 2013, I served a true and correct copy of the foregoing DEFENDANT SANDS CHINA LTD'S REPORT ON ITS COMPLIANCE WITH THE COURT'S RULING OF DECEMBER 18, 2012 via e-mail and by depositing same in the United States mail, first class postage fully prepaid to the persons and addresses listed below:

James J. Pisanelli, Esq.
Debra L. Spinelli, Esq.
Todd L. Bice, Esq.
Pisanelli & Bice
3883 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 800
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Attorney for Plaintiff

An Employee of Holland & Hart LLP

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# EXHIBIT A



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**CLERK OF THE COURT** 

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

STEVEN JACOBS

Plaintiff

CASE NO. A-627691

VS.

LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP., et al..

DEPT. NO. XI

Defendants

Transcript of Proceedings

BEFORE THE HONORABLE ELIZABETH GONZALEZ, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

HEARING ON MOTIONS FOR PROTECTIVE ORDER AND SANCTIONS

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 18, 2012

APPEARANCES:

FOR THE PLAINTIFF:

JAMES J. PISANELLI, ESQ. DEBRA SPINELLI, ESQ. TODD BICE, ESQ.

FOR THE DEFENDANTS:

JON RANDALL JONES, ESQ.

J. STEPHEN PEEK, ESQ. MARK JONES, ESQ. MICHAEL LACKEY, ESQ.

COURT RECORDER:

TRANSCRIPTION BY:

JILL HAWKINS District Court FLORENCE HOYT Las Vegas, Nevada 89146

Proceedings recorded by audio-visual recording, transcript produced by transcription service.

CLERK OF THE COURT JAN 03 7013

1	LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 18, 2012, 8:06 A.M.			
2	(Court was called to order)			
3	THE COURT: Good morning. Which motion do you guys			
4	want to handle first, the protective orders?			
5	MR. MARK JONES: Your Honor, I have a housekeeping			
6	issue, if I may, first.			
7	THE COURT: Sure.			
8	MR. MARK JONES: Spoke with Mr. Bice. Thank you.			
9	Yesterday was the last day for the other side to			
10	oppose Mr. Lackey's pro hac admission for his excuse me,			
11	pro hac application for his admission into this case, and			
12	there's no opposition. So Mr. Bice had asked if the Court -			
13	if I may			
14	THE COURT: Any objection?			
15	MR. BICE: No.			
16	THE COURT: All right. Then you can approach. I'll			
17	be happy to sign, Mr. Jones. Here you go.			
18	All right. Now which motion do you guys want to			
19	argue first?			
20	MR. RANDALL JONES: Your Honor, in a sense I guess			
21	they're sort of mixed together, but perhaps our			
22	THE COURT: Well, the protective order on the			
23	videotape deposition is different than the sanctions and the			
24	other protective order motion.			
25	MR. RANDALL JONES: And I guess what I was thinking			

is maybe the protective order -- the first protective order 1 motion filed. But I don't know if the Court wants to do that or not. 3 MR. PISANELLI: That's a convenient way for the defendants to jump in front of an argument, but --5 6 THE COURT: Actually, I want to do that way. And 7 you're going to be surprised why after the argument. MR. PISANELLI: All right. 8 THE COURT: Mr. Jones. 9 MR. RANDALL JONES: I hope not pleasantly, Your 10 Honor. 11 12 THE COURT: Well, do you want to read my note? MR. RANDALL JONES: Your Honor, I wouldn't mind 13 reading your note. 14 THE COURT: No, that's okay, Mr. Jones. 15 MR. RANDALL JONES: It might help sharpen my 16 17 argument. THE COURT: It's all right. You're in trial in the 18 19 other department, so --MR. RANDALL JONES: Thank you, Your Honor. 20 THE COURT: -- let's argue the motion for protective 21 order on the search of data in Macau. 22 MR. RANDALL JONES: Yes, Your Honor. As you know, 23 obviously I don't have the full -- well, have not been 24 involved in this case for very long, so the history has been 25

created before my time. And I've done my best to try to get up to speed with that history in connection with these motions and just in general tried to become familiar with this case.

I think I would start by talking a little bit about that history and why we feel that that motion is appropriate. And I guess the first order of that history would be a letter that was sent back by defendants' counsel in May to the plaintiffs, talking about the search parameters and what they believe would be the appropriate way to do this process. And I want to mention this because I think it is important as relates to — for this overall process and the relationship with the motion for sanctions. And in that letter not only did the defense counsel spell out what we intended to do, but also made comment about willingness to meet and confer. So that's sort of the first part of that process.

And the next part of the process was the joint case conference statement, which also spelled out in great detail and I think there's somewhat seven different points that were spelled out about the process that the defense intended to take in trying to comply with the discovery. And that spelled out very specifically that we would look first at the — our client's, Jacobs's ESI information in the U.S. And again, the whole point of this is, as far as we know, the best information we have is that that's a ghost copy of what was created in Macau. So presumably it's no different than what's

in Macau in the first instance. So we spelled that out and said that's what we're going to do, then we're going to look all -- of course, all the Las Vegas Sands information and start producing that as quickly as we can.

And then there is a hearing the next day, June 28th, where this two-step approach was spelled out to the Court and counsel and was consistent with what was in the case conference statement.

or, excuse me, reiterated that the defendants would review all of the U.S. ESI first and then focus on Macau, and there was some — this wasn't just done, Your Honor, to try to delay things. And I say that, Your Honor, because I have been involved in discovery where you're talking about not just out of the state, but out of the country. And this is a unique circumstance. Certainly I would hope the Court would take into account that we are dealing with the sovereign government that may have a different idea of what we can and can't do. So the idea was to let's look at that stuff first, the information we have on the ghost hard drive here in the U.S. and whatever we have we produce that, and then we go look at what we know is going to be more of an issue in Macau.

And then, of course -- and I want to make sure to point out that they've made some comments about this so-called staggered approach which the Court said, no, you can't have

1 the staggered approach.

THE COURT: I've been saying that for a year and a half already.

MR. RANDALL JONES: Absolutely. And, Your Honor, you defined what a staggered approach was. Well, based on what I've read in the file and your rulings, a staggered approach was what we initially said, look, let's get the plaintiff's ESI from the plaintiff, from Mr. Jacobs --

THE COURT: Every time someone brought that up I said no.

MR. RANDALL JONES: Absolutely. And we understand that. That is not what we are saying we are doing.

THE COURT: No, I know. Now you're saying, we want to search what we have access to in the United States without dealing with the Macau Data Privacy Act and then, depending upon what we find, we may look at the stuff in Macau.

MR. RANDALL JONES: No, actually I don't think that's what we're saying. That's not my understanding of what we're -- in fact, that's not my understanding --

THE COURT: That's how I read this.

MR. RANDALL JONES: -- of what we're doing. In fact, that -- I will tell the Court that is not what we were doing. What we were doing was trying to make sure, especially after the hearing in September, that we got access to the Macau information. But we have to do it the way they let us

do it.

And so what happened after that hearing, we were retained, Mr. Lackey's firm was retained, and action started right away. This was within weeks of that hearing, Your Honor. New counsel was brought in. The reason we were brought in was to try to make sure that we complied with what you wanted us to do. And, Your Honor, I've been practicing here a long time and I've known you both in private practice and on the bench, and I would hope the Court would understand that we take our — not only our oath, but our obligation on discovery very, very seriously.

THE COURT: Oh, I have no doubt about that, Mr. Jones. That's not the issue. The issue is not you or your firm's credibility or Mr. Lackey or Mr. Peek or any of the attorneys at this point. The issue is a -- what appears to be an approach by the client to avoid discovery obligations that I have had in place since before the stay.

MR. RANDALL JONES: And, Your Honor, I understand that's your concern. And I understood that before you said that just now. And I understand why that's your concern. I have tried to make sure that I understand the history of this case. And I will tell you the client understands the concern. That's why new counsel this far along in the case was brought in.

THE COURT: Third new counsel.

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MR. RANDALL JONES: Understood. And we all hope the lasting counsel. And a major part of that decision was to make sure that any errors or issues that the Court was concerned about in the past are addressed and addressed appropriately. So with that in mind our firm was retained. I was just about to start my jury trial, and so my brother Mark Jones was tasked, with Mr. Lackey -- this was within weeks of us being retained -- of flying to Macau and addressing the issue directly. And we didn't know what we were going to find out when we got there. We were going there to try to see what we could do immediately. And so -- and, again, I hope the Court appreciates that there's two different issues here. One is -- from my perspective one is a party trying to hide behind the law of another country or another state, for that matter, to thwart the discovery process. That's on issue. The other issue is also trying to make sure that if you have to deal with the laws of another country you're in compliance with those laws.

So to the extent the Court was concerned that the OPDP law was being used to try to block discovery, that, I will this Court in open court on the record as an officer of the Court, is not what we are trying to do at this point. If it was ever — and I certainly don't believe it was ever being done, but I will tell the Court to the extent there was some miscommunication or misunderstanding of what our rights and

obligations were, two lawyers went to Macau to try to straighten that out. And when they got there they were informed of certain things. And I want to make sure the Court's aware of the fact that before Mark Jones went to Macau he sent an email again saying, look, we want to know what — we want to meet with you, we want to talk to you before — on going — this was mentioned in court the week before, I believe, on going to Macau, I want to talk to you all to make sure that we're all on the same page at least as to whether or not you have different terms — search terms or parameters that you want us to look at, this is what we think we should be doing. And I think it's important to the Court.

We tried to meet and confer with them over the summer, before our firms were involved, but still, the record is clear. We tried to meet with them on a couple of occasions and ask them about what search terms they wanted to use to try to expand the ESI discovery, and — both in terms of names and search terms. And they didn't meet with us. And so we expanded those search terms on our own and made them broader than what were initially spelled out. So that's — and, Your Honor, those are the facts as I understand them, that there's documentation to that effect in the file. So I have every reason to believe it's true.

So then before Mark Jones and Mike Lackey go to Macau an email is sent, said, let us know, we're going. And

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we get no response. They go there and they have a discussion. They are told for the first time that, no, Macanese lawyers can look at this information. And by the way, finally -- we don't know this until November 29th. We've talked to the Court, we sent the information to the Court. We are informed that we can have the Macanese lawyers look at this information and they can do the searches and to the extent there's any personal data that may be redacted. Our hope is that because it's Mr. Jacobs's ESI that there will be very little, if any, personal data that's going to be redacted. But we believe within the next week or two we're going to start getting production. And as we get it, whatever we get, if it is redacted, we're going to immediately produce it to the other side. And to the extent it's redacted we will address that as quickly as we can with the other side to see if there's any way to address that issue with the Macanese government and -assuming there's even a concern, depending on the type of information that appears to be redacted. So, Your Honor, we are trying to make sure we do what you want us to do.

But we have to try to -- and we did read your order as saying that we don't have to try to comply with the laws of another country. We can't use those laws inappropriately to simply block discovery, and we're not trying to do that. But we do have to try to comply with those laws. And I can't believe this Court would ever issue an order that says you

have to violate the laws of another country in order to 1 2 produce documents here. 3 THE COURT: You already violated those laws, Mr. Randall --5 MR. RANDALL JONES: No. THE COURT: -- Mr. Jones, Randall Jones. Sorry, 6 7 Randall. 8 MR. RANDALL JONES: That's all right. And we don't want to compound the error. And I can't believe this Court 9 10 would want us to do that. 11 And so the question is -- we've done everything else. We've produced 150,000 pages of documents since June. 12 We have spent an ungodly amount of money trying to make sure 13 we do this. So all we're asking this Court to is to allow us 14 15 to say, let's look at this information first -- and I know the 16 Court's impatient with this process, and I understand. 17 THE COURT: You know what, Mr. Jones, I'm not 18 impatient with this process. I am under a writ from the 19 Nevada Supreme Court to conduct an evidentiary hearing on 20 certain limited issues and enter findings of fact and 21 conclusions so that the Nevada Supreme Court can make some 22 additional conclusions related to the writ that is pending. I 23 am unable to accomplish what I have been ordered to do by the 24 Nevada Supreme Court in large part because of discovery issues.

 MR. RANDALL JONES: I understand. And I also understand that this Court issued an order that said what the parameters of discovery were going to be. And based on those parameters we believe we are in compliance, with the exception of the Macau ESI, which we're working on trying to get to the Court.

So I guess I would ask this Court, well, Your Honor, again, you know, we referenced the Sedona Principles. We're in a -- somewhat of a brave new world as it relates to discovery. That's -- electronic discovery is still new territory in a lot of respects. And that's why you have things like the Sedona Principles that are out there to try to give litigants and the Court some guidance about this process. And, you know, proportionality is a -- one of the principles that is expressed in Sedona, and it relates to electronic discovery.

THE COURT: Since you've mentioned the Sedona

Principles, Mr. Jones, has your client made an attempt to
obtain a protective order that is agreeable to the Macau

Government for the production of the information that would
otherwise be discoverable in this case?

MR. RANDALL JONES: No, Your Honor. And I'll tell you why in a minute.

THE COURT: I asked that question a year and a half ago. I asked the same question, and we still haven't done it.

 MR. RANDALL JONES: And here's why. Because we are hoping to be able to produce all the information that is in Macau in that ESI. And, Your Honor, again, that's a ghost image. And I know the Court is familiar -- more familiar probably than most courts in this jurisdiction about electronic discovery. So if it's a ghost image --

THE COURT: And Data Privacy Acts.

MR. RANDALL JONES: And Data Privacy Act. And a ghost image is just that. It should be duplicative of what is already here in the U.S. which has been produced. And, again, there's a limit to what this Court has ordered to be produced in this jurisdictional discovery. So the point is we believe that this redundant. But, irrespective of that, a great deal of time and expense has been incurred since September. Some of these things should have been done before. What we're asking this Court is to say, look —— we got to a point in September where the Court made some findings, and the Court made those findings based upon the information available to it up to that point in time. We're trying to move forward. And so since that time actions have been taken to try to make sure we comply with the Court's order as it relates to the Macau documents.

So if you expand the search terms -- remember, Your Honor, in Sands China we're talking about -- the claim as relates to Sands China is about an option agreement. The

search terms that we have used to try to find documents all seem to be related to information that in fact is overexpansive beyond what would be contacts that Sands China might have with the United States, in particular with Nevada. So we're essentially, we believe, getting a substantial amount of overinclusive documents.

Let me just give you an example. In the depositions two documents were used in Mr. Adelson's deposition of the 200,000 documents that have been discovered, and I think 19 were used in either in Mr. Goldstein or Mr. Leven's deposition, I can't remember, but one of those two. But the point is, Your Honor, is that we have been trying to accomplish this discovery, and we believe that the Court has set limits on what this discovery is. In fact, your order says what the limits of discovery are. And so our --

THE COURT: You're referring to the March 8th, 2012, order?

MR. RANDALL JONES: That's correct, Your Honor. And so I guess I would ask the Court some questions to help us try to understand where the Court has a concern that we are not in compliance or at least attempting to comply and why the parameters should be expanded beyond Mr. Jacobs's ESI in Macau. We've given them everything we have in Las Vegas, including the ghost image information of the Jacobs ESI. What possibly could we expect to find with respect to contacts with

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Nevada in Macau in the ESI of other people that would not be duplicative of what is found in the Las Vegas Sands ESI that's already been produced. And we haven't seen any indication from the plaintiff that there is such information that they expect to find or that they have not had full discovery.

We have answered their discovery, their requests to produce. We've laid out, what we've answered, in our brief. So, Your Honor, again, we don't know how — and I guess under Rule 26, you know, the rule itself provides that — 26(b)(2)(1) unreasonable — discovery is limited is unreasonable, cumulative, or duplicate documents. We believe that to the extent — and we're doing this anyway with the Macau ESI, we're still producing that — the party seeking discovery has had an ample opportunity to discover and to obtain the information sought. And we think that that has been the case here. And, (3), the discovery is truly burdensome or expensive, taking into account all the needs of the case, the amount in controversy, and the limits of resources and importance of the issues.

So here, Your Honor, we don't see the need -- and we don't believe the need has been spelled out by the plaintiffs as to why they need to go beyond the Macau ESI of Mr. Jacobs in this discovery.

Now, the timing is a different issue. And we certainly wish it could have been faster. And counsel

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1 involved in this case at this point in time are doing everything they can to try to make sure that it happens in short order. We've told the Court we believe -- we think we're going to have all this information with the extent of possibly any personal information being redacted by January 15th. But we hope to start having some of this information within the next week. And as soon as we get it we're going to start rolling it out.

So, Your Honor, we would ask that the Court have some proportionality with respect to how far the Court goes in allowing this discovery in Macau. And it further complicates the case. We've got to then ask for information beyond Mr. Jacobs's ESI which we don't see any grounds to --

(Pause in the proceedings)

MR. RANDALL JONES: And, Your Honor, and Mr. Peek is helping me out here because, again, I'm trying to catch up with all the information. You'd asked a question about a protective order and whether there had been one asked for. It's in Exhibit Y to our motion. The Macanese Government does specifically reference page 18, also mentioned the, quote, "protective order," and the related Jacobs litigation is sufficiently protected in compliance with the guidelines defined by the Personal Data Protection Act, Article 20, Item 2.

So there has been such a request, and the Macanese

Government has apparently -- and this was something I was not aware of digging through all of these exhibits, didn't find this reference on page 18, so I was not aware of that. But that has been addressed by the Macanese Government.

So I guess the biggest point is, Your Honor, is that we would ask the Court to consider the proportionality of the need for this information versus the burden and especially in the limited scope that the Court has ordered in this particular case.

So with that, Your Honor, if you have any questions, I would do my best to answer them.

THE COURT: Thank you.

THE COURT: Mr. Pisanelli.

MR. PISANELLI: Thank you, Your Honor. I'm going to do my best to exercise some restraint here, both in my emotions over what I just heard and understanding that we're talking about just a protective order so far.

First let me take an opportunity to correct Counsel, because I know he's not intentionally trying to mislead you. He is the newest person at the desk and clearly doesn't know the real history of what happened. When he suggests to you that we did not meet and confer in the summer or in the spring or the fall or last winter or two years ago, he's mistaken. Even in the circumstance in which he was referring me met for hours with his prior counsel explaining over and over to the

extent it was even needed if we're talking about the custodians that they didn't know about in Macau, they needed only look to Colby Williams's letter giving them 20 custodians that we want that they've known for two years. And the suggestion that they don't know what to do here, if that's what their client is telling Mr. Jones now, is something short of the real truth.

Counsel also tells you something that needs to be corrected. When he tells you that they have produced hundreds of thousands or 150,000, I can't remember the number, of documents and they're really working hard, remember we're talking about Sands China here, Your Honor. They've produced 15 documents, 55 pages. That's what Sands China has produced. So let's not get lost in them patting themselves on the back over a two-and-a-half-million-dollar bill, they say, with the all the hard work they did. Apparently that two and a half million dollars was spent on obstructing discovery, not actually finding.

And now this concept that will take us through the entire motion about redundancy and the very limited nature of discovery. I have to question whether Sands China has an order that no one else in this Court has seen. The have taken an approach in this motion and again in the presentation to you this morning that the only thing they're obligated to do is look at Steve Jacobs's ESI that is located in Macau

because, as they say, they have a ghost image here and why produce it twice.

Well, there's so much wrong with that statement.

First of all, there's nothing in the Court's order that says that this jurisdictional discovery is limited to Steve Jacobs. And why would it be, Your Honor?

THE COURT: You're talking about the March 8th order?

MR. PISANELLI: Yes.

THE COURT: The order related to certain depositions that you noticed and what documents I was going to require be produced related to those depositions.

MR. PISANELLI: Right. And in that order Your Honor said that the discovery that Sands China was obligated to give us had a time restriction on it, and the time restriction was after Mr. Jacobs's termination up to the filing of the complaint. Which one might then question, well, why in the world would you limit your discovery to just Steve Jacobs's ESI when the Court ordered discovery that occurred after he wasn't even at the company anymore, is there even possibly a reasonable interpretation from your words to say that, we thought that all we needed to look for was the deduplication—the product of the deduplication to make sure we had all of Steve Jacobs's ESI.

Recall this. Another handicap of Mr. Jones, because

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he wasn't here. Henry Weissman stood before you on this exact topic. This is what inspired Your Honor to make the no staggering remark that is quoted in our reply at page 5. He said, why would we produce the same document twice, we want to get, he said — and now I'm paraphrasing, that was a quote I just gave you — he said, we will get Steve Jacobs's ESI and then we'll figure out what we have that he didn't already give to us. And that's when Your Honor let him know the rules of this Court, the rules of Nevada and how you govern discovery, and you were very clear and unequivocal when you said, no, that's not what you do, Mr. Weissman, quote, "We do not stagger discovery obligations, period, end of story."

And so what Sands China did through the revolving door of counsel that has come in this courtroom is did exactly what Henry Weissman said he wanted to do and the exact opposite of what you told them to do. They staggered discovery, and now come in here hat in hand saying, well, we thought this was a limited exercise of deduplication, Your Honor, oh, we're so sorry, we thought this was all you actually asked of us and it has cost us so much money to do this. It really is an unbelievable position for Sands China to take to come in here and tell you that they thought when you said, we do not stagger, you meant we do stagger and go ahead and just do your deduplication process. There isn't a believable aspect of this position that they're sending — or

saying to you.

Now we hear some new defenses from them. For the first time we hear them say, Your Honor, we're not allowed to review our own records and we would ask you to be proportionate, I think that was the word, and not make us violate some other country's laws. Again, I can't imagine Sands China didn't hear your message loud and clear from the sanctions hearing when you said, Sands China, you will no longer be hiding behind the Macau PDPA. You were very clear that not because of anything from a discovery perspective — that's what we're here to do today, the Rule 37 motion has to do with discovery issues. This was because of a lack of candor to this Court, a lack of candor which Your Honor found, as I understand it, to be directed and orchestrated from the management offices of Las Vegas Sands on Las Vegas Boulevard. You cannot hide behind the Macau Personal Data Privacy Act.

And what is the theme today? Your Honor, the Macau Personal Data Privacy Act prohibits us from producing these records, you wouldn't possibly tell us to do something in violation of that order, would you, they say. We are not permitted, they say for the first time, to even review our own records. Can you imagine, Your Honor, the position that they're offering? We need government approval to review our own records in Macau. So the obviously, admittedly somewhat sarcastic question I would ask is, how in the world do you run

your business in Macau if you need government permission to look at your own records.

Rhetorical as it may be, let's just look at something far more specific. Sheldon Adelson and Mike Kostrinsky both gave us a little peek behind the curtain. There has been a free flow of information from Macau to Las Vegas Boulevard since the inception of the Macau enterprise. Every single thing Mike Kostrinsky ever wanted he got. Sheldon Adelson has information coming on a daily basis to his office on Las Vegas Boulevard until one thing happened. And Your Honor saw right through it and referenced it in your order. The discovery in this case and perhaps the discovery in a criminal investigation, that's when they said, oh, we can't review our records in Macau, with a wink and a nod, we've actually been doing it from day one, but now to comply with discovery we're not permitted to do that. It is contrary to what the record in this case tells us.

And you know what else it's contrary to, Your Honor, what the prior counsel told us. You saw in our papers that Steve Ma told us in June of 2011 -- I'm sorry, wrong date -- that Steve Ma told us that he was -- in June 2012 that he was gathering and reviewing documents for CSL, gathering and reviewing, he said in a letter to us. And then he said he would produce them on a rolling basis. He did, all of those 15 staggering documents that we got.

Then Patty Glaser came in this courtroom and she said to Your Honor, we sent a team of lawyers to do it, that's a fact. Remember, she was very emphatic. We had a little bit of a confrontation at the time. That's a fact. She may have even been pointing her finger at me when she said it. We spent a lot of money, the client's money, we sent lawyers to Macau to review documents in Macau. Your Honor that is irreconcilable with what they're saying now. Patty Glaser and Steve Ma say not only that they can and they will, but they had reviewed Macau documents. And now the newest team comes in and says, we're handcuffed and not permitted to.

THE COURT: Well, but you know they took -- you know they reviewed Macau documents because Mr. Kostrinsky carried them back.

MR. PISANELLI: That's part of my sanction motion.

THE COURT: I mean, we know.

MR. PISANELLI: So I'm beating this drum here because it is just outrageous to me. I will wrap it up. I understand your point. But it's outrageous that this company would come in here and as soon as this group of lawyers takes a turn, that admits something they're not supposed to, produces a piece of paper the Sands management didn't want to get out of their hands, my prediction is we're going to see a new team here. Because every single time someone stands up and tries or at least promises you that they'll start doing a

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1 better job than their predecessor, then guess what happens, we have a new set of lawyers coming in. 3 I'm overlapping a little bit on the basis of the motion. THE COURT: I don't want to do the sanctions 5 6 motions, yet. 7 MR. PISANELLI: So I won't do that. 8 THE COURT: Thank you. 9 MR. PISANELLI: The point is very simply you never told them not to produce it, and they didn't do it. 10 THE COURT: Thank you. 11 The motion for protective order is denied. I am 12 13 going to enter an order today that within two weeks of today, 14 which for ease of calculation because of the holiday we will 15 consider to be January 4th, Sands China will produce all information within their possession that is relevant to the 16 jurisdictional discovery. That includes electronically stored 17 information. Within two weeks. 18 So I can go the motion for sanctions. The motion 19 20 for sanctions appears to be premature since I've not previously entered an order requiring that certain information 21 22 that is electronically stored information in Macau be provided. About two weeks from now you might want to renew 23 your motion if you don't get it.

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Can I go to the motion for the protective order on

1 the videotape.

MR. PEEK: Your Honor, can we have some clarification?

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. PEEK: And here's the challenge that we have, is you're telling us to produce all of the documents that are responsive to the requests for production, and --

THE COURT: If a motion is renewed, Mr. Peek, and there is an impediment to production which Sands China believes relates to the Macau Data Privacy Act, when I make determinations under Rule 37 I will take into account the limitations that you believe exist related to the Macau Data Privacy Act. But, believe me, given the past history of this case there seems to be different treatment of the Macau Data Privacy Act at different times.

MR. PEEK: Your Honor, I appreciate what we went through in September. I appreciate what the Court's ruling was. And I think Mr. Jones has certainly made it clear how serious we take this. The motion for protective order certainly goes to who are the custodians, what are the search terms --

THE COURT: Your motion for protective order is really broad. Your motion for protective order says, "For the foregoing reasons Sands China urges the Court to enter an order providing that SCL has no obligation to search the ESI

in Macau of custodians other than Jacobs or to use any more expansive search terms on the Jacobs ESI in Macau that was used to search the Jacobs's ESI that was transferred to the United States in 2010."

The answer is no. Denied.

MR. PEEK: Okay. I'll let --

MR. PISANELLI: Your Honor, on the Rule 37 issue of whether there's an order --

THE COURT: Hold on a second, Mr. Pisanelli. Let me go back to Randall Jones.

MR. PISANELLI: Okay.

THE COURT: Not Jim Randall, Randall Jones.

MR. RANDALL JONES: Thank you, Your Honor. I do want to make clear because of what was said there's never been said and if it was misstated by me, then I want to make sure it's clear on the record. It's never been our position that our client can't look at the documents. The issue is whether or not we can take certain information -- our client is allowed to take certain information out of the country. And so I just want to make sure that's clear on the record. Our client can look at the documents, and our client's Macanese, we've just found out, can look at the documents. And from there it becomes more complicated. So I just want to make sure that's clear to the Court.

We understand what you're saying, and we will

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behind that anymore.

continue to do our best to try to comply with the Court's orders as best we can. And that's -- and I hope the Court does appreciate this is a complicated situation, and we -- I can -- I'll just tell you again, Your Honor, we're trying to make sure that we -- the lawyers and our client comply with your discovery. THE COURT: I understand. MR. PEEK: Yeah. We need to have redactions as part of that, as well, as that's -- I understood --THE COURT: I didn't say you couldn't have redactions. MR. PEEK: That's what I thought. THE COURT: I didn't say you couldn't have privilege I didn't say any of that, Mr. Peek. logs. MR. RANDALL JONES: As I understand it, Your Honor, you said we can still otherwise comply with the law as we believe we should and then you ultimately make the call as to whether or not we have appropriately done that. MR. PISANELLI: We will indeed --THE COURT: I assume there will be a motion if there is a substantial lack of information that is provided. MR. PISANELLI: So, Your Honor, on this issue of the Court order, we're saying it again. As part of your sanction

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order you were very clear and you said that they're not hiding

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 THE COURT: I did.

MR. PISANELLI: And they're giving us a precursor that they don't hear you, they just never hear you.

THE COURT: Well, Mr. Pisanelli, I've entered orders, I've now entered an order that says on January 4th they're going to produce the information. They're either going to produced it or they're not. And if they produce information that you think is insufficient, you will then have a meet and confer. And then if you believe they are in violation of my orders, and I include that term as a multiple order, then you're going to do something.

MR. PISANELLI: I will. I want --

THE COURT: And then I'll have a hearing.

MR. PISANELLI: I will. I want to make this one point, because you've made a statement that they have not yet violated an order, and that's of concern to me.

THE COURT: Well, they've violated numerous orders. They haven't violated an order that actually requires them to produce information. I have said it, we discussed it at the Rule 16 conference, I've had people tell me how they're complying, I've had people tell me how they're complying differently, I've had people tell me how they tried to comply but now apparently they're in violation of law. I mean, I've had a lot of things. But we've never actually entered a written order that says, please produce the ESI that's in

Macau within two weeks. 2 MR. PISANELLI: Well, you haven't entered anything 3 that specific, but you have entered an order that calls for ESI protocol that calls for this production --THE COURT: I know. 5 MR. PISANELLI: -- and you directed from this bench, 6 which is no different than an order, for them to create a log 7 8 THE COURT: Nevada Supreme Court thinks written 9 orders are really important. So we're going to have a written 10 order this time, Mr. Pisanelli --11 MR. PISANELLI: We are indeed. But --12 THE COURT: -- especially since I am under a limited 13 14 stay which only permits me to deal with jurisdictional information, which I've been trying to get to for a year and a 15 half. 16 17 MR. PISANELLI: As have we. THE COURT: And I have a note that says, "Find a 18 place for the Sands-Jacobs evidentiary hearing." But I can't 19 20 find a place for you until you actually have your discovery done or at least close to done. 21 MR. PISANELLI: I will remind Her Honor and the 22 battery of lawyers de jure [sic] that Your Honor told this 23 team I think a year and a half ago, create --24

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THE COURT: Well, it wasn't this team, it was a

different team.

MR. PEEK: Your Honor, I certainly appreciate Mr. Pisanelli's remarks about how he wants to characterize what 3 the Court's order was. THE COURT: Okay. 5 MR. PEEK: And I certainly disagree. 6 7 THE COURT: Okay. Will you stop arguing about this. 8 I've ruled. MR. PEEK: I'm happy to do that. 10 THE COURT: I now want to go to your motion for protective order on the videotaping of the deposition. That's 11 12 your motion, Mr. Bice's motion. MR. BICE: This our motion. It's actually not a 13 videotaping of the deposition, Your Honor. It's a videotaping 14 of opposing counsel --15 16 THE COURT: No, I know, Mr. Bice. MR. BICE: -- which is what this is, without any 17 18 | Court authorization, without seeking any leave of the Court to do so. You know, Your Honor, we've submitted our motion, we 19 20 went over the history of this. I didn't receive any written 21 opposition. I don't know if the Court has received a written 22 opposition from them or not. 23 THE COURT: I don't remember. MR. BICE: The point here is, Your Honor, Rule 30 --24 we have been videotaping all of the depositions without any 25

issues, and then we got this claim by Mr. Peek that, well, we want the videotape -- we want to put a camera behind the witness, I guess, from the other side of themselves and videotape you and your client during these depositions.

We objected to that. We told them, you know, you want to do that, you have to get permission of the Court to do that. Their position was now we're going to do it anyway. We thought that issue was sort of — they dropped it with the Mr. Leven deposition as long as I would move up his deposition by a half an hour. And then we found out because we got a cross-notice of deposition dropped in the mail to us that says that they're going to videotape opposing counsel during the deposition.

As we cite the caselaw to Your Honor, The Federal Courts under the exact same rule have said that that's inappropriate. They have sought any leave of the Court, so we ask the Court to enter a protective order. This is, with all due respect --

THE COURT: Thank you.

MR. BICE: -- it's simply harassment.

THE COURT: Mr. Mark Jones.

MR. MARK JONES: Thank you, Your Honor.

This was on an order shortening time, so, if I  $\leadsto$  if I may address it, we did not file any written opposition.

Your Honor, I'd like to emphasize one statement, and

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that is the first sentence of plaintiff's motion for protective order, because that's really what this is all about. It says, "The games, harassment, and unprofessional conduct continue." And, Your Honor, I want to tell you that I do not play games in my practice. I do not need to play games. One of the games that Mr. Bice believes that I am playing is with the timing. There's a lot going on with this case, Your Honor, and it got filed -- when it got filed there was no --

THE COURT: And the CityCenter case, which you guys got dragged into, too.

MR. MARK JONES: The point is that I received an email from Mr. Bice that a colleague and I read about the protocol of the counsel. One of the first things we filed — I've already talked to them about it and apologized. If I'm going to apologize for anything it's only that we did not email it to him. I think that was my assistant's fault. I didn't know anything about it, Your Honor, and just realized last night when Mr. Bice was talking about it. And we appreciate an extension that he had given us recently. And, of course, we in the normal course expect to get extensions back as they may ask for them on their end.

Now, as to the merits of the motion, yes, this was filed and served right before the deposition, but you don't hear them say it is late. And in fact it is not late, Your

Honor. It is timely filed under Rule 30, NRCP Rule 30, and that is that a cross-notice such as the one we had filed must be served upon five days' notice. And it was.

They say in their motion that a party needs leave of the Court to tape other parties or counsel. They cite to two Federal Court cases in FRCP with regard to that. The two cases are distinguishable. And in the Langsea [phonetic] case Mr. Adelson actually walked into a deposition, they've cited to that, with his own videographer with no prior notice. The Posorive [phonetic] case, in that case the plaintiff deponent brought his own camera to tape a deposition in violation of the court's explicit order prohibiting him to do so. Again, we think that those two cases are distinguishable. It's a federal -- they're federal rulings with regard to the Federal Court Rule, FRCP 30, and we think that there's is a significant difference in NRCP 30 and Nevada law with regard to that.

THE COURT: So can I interrupt you. Why do you think that it's appropriate in this particular case to depart from our long history in Nevada of only having the camera on the deponent? The only time I remember attorneys ever being on camera in a deposition was when they introduced themselves. And then it would go back to the deponent.

MR. MARK JONES: Your Honor, thank you. To answer that I would now go a little bit out of order. I was going to

get to the why. The genus of this is -- and I would characterize my involvement in coming into this case as an extremely contentious matter. I think that's fair to say. And I would estimate that I have taken -- excuse me, called the Court perhaps two times in my -- average in my career, every couple years. To my recollection, in this case the Court has been called I think about an average of twice for each deposition that has been taken.

The cross-notice stems from the Sheldon Adelson deposition and, frankly, the smirking and we would submit very inappropriate engaging of counsel with Mr. Adelson. And I wasn't there. Mr. Peek was, though. He's prepared to back me up on what exactly happened there, if the Court wants him to do that.

I'd like to back up one -- if that answers your question, I'd like to back up one minute to discuss NRCP 30, which is I think very important here, Your Honor. First of all, we found nothing in the rule and no caselaw holding that leave of the court is required for such a cross-notice under the circumstances. And I want to read to you from NRCP 30(b)(4), which has a very enlightening statement it about three fourths of the way down. And it says, "The appearance or demeanor of deponents or attorneys shall not be distorted through camera or sound recording techniques." Why do they include attorneys in that? That's right in the rule, Your

Honor. Again, we found nothing to say that this cannot take place.

And why are we doing this really? Your Honor, we would submit this. It's a safeguard to assure that this behavior does not happen again. We'd ask that you consider that in court or in trial there is a judicial officer that is monitoring and regulating order and monitoring such proceedings. And a court at trial that kind of behavior does not exist. The courts won't put up with that. Unfortunately, under the circumstances with the contentiousness, we believe and would submit that such a cross-notice would do the same. We think that it is harassing of professional conduct. And I don't know about the other -- I can't remember the last time I was called unprofessional, Your Honor, but welcome to this case.

We also, Your Honor, are bearing the cost -- we would bear the cost of the videographer, and we don't submit this puts any additional burden upon Mr. Jacobs.

And lastly, at the end of the motion they say that we've resorted to harassment in trying to intimidate our opponents because we can win any legitimate debates. This cross-notice isn't oppressive or harassing, Your Honor. I can't imagine having -- or Mr. Bice or Mr. Pisanelli being intimidated by having a camera on them. And it keeps professionalism in the depositions. It's almost like having

 Your Honor sitting there and reminding everybody during the deposition if they behave and they act professionally and they don't engage, what's the problem? And if they don't, we submit that a deposition can be used for any purpose at the time of trial, and we'll see what -- whether or not we might we able to use it at the time of trial.

In sum, it's a motion for protective order. And we would submit, of what? We don't find anything that says that you have to ask leave of the court within the rule. We think the cases are distinguishable that they cited. We don't think that Mr. Bice or Mr. Pisanelli will be intimidated in deposition. And we think it's within accordance of the rules, and we're paying for it.

And finally, if the Court says that leave is required under some long-standing rule, we're asking for it

THE COURT: Thank you.

The motion is granted. Only under unusual circumstances would the Court issue permission to videotape counsel who are taking the deposition. The audio record of the videotape does certainly provide a basis for protecting against misconduct of counsel. If for some reason you believe there is in fact misconduct, as opposed to a facial expression that someone takes exception to, I would be happy to reconsider on a case-by-case basis permitting the camera to be

on counsel. 1 2 All right. Goodbye. 3 MR. RANDALL JONES: Your Honor, just to clarify that, with respect to a case-by-case basis. So if something 4 comes up at a deposition --THE COURT: Here's the deal, Mr. Jones. I will tell 6 7 you that Kathy England I both in separate cases had occasions where a specific attorney came across the table and threatened 8 us. From that point forward that person was on the camera, as 9 well, not just the deponent. And that was approved -- my 10 11 recollection, mine was approved by Discovery Commissioner Biggar, Kathy's was approved by a magistrate. But that was 12 13 where the attorney was doing something other than, you know, a facial expression or smirking. You know, you guys do that in 14 court all the time. What am I supposed to do? 'Bye. 15 MR. RANDALL JONES: Thank you, Your Honor. 16 THE PROCEEDINGS CONCLUDED AT 8:55 A.M. 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

#### CERTIFICATION

I CERTIFY THAT THE FOREGOING IS A CORRECT TRANSCRIPT FROM THE AUDIO-VISUAL RECORDING OF THE PROCEEDINGS IN THE ABOVE-ENTITLED MATTER.

## AFFIRMATION

I AFFIRM THAT THIS TRANSCRIPT DOES NOT CONTAIN THE SOCIAL SECURITY OR TAX IDENTIFICATION NUMBER OF ANY PERSON OR ENTITY.

FLORENCE HOYT Las Vegas, Nevada 89146

FLORENCE HOYT, TRANSCRIBER DATE

# **EXHIBIT B**

To whom this may concern,

The abovementioned official letter has been well received.

This is in connection with the letter from your company (Venetian Macau Limited) stating that the local court in Nevada, US would be trying a civil case (Proceedings No.: A627691-B) involving Steven C. Jacob and Sands China Limited (hereinafter referred to as "SCL") with "Steven C. Jacob v. Las Vegas Sands Corp.; Sands China Ltd; Sheldon G. Adelson, et al." as the case name. In order to deliberate on whether it has jurisdiction over the abovementioned case, the court has requested SCL to provide information evidencing its relationship with "Las Vegas Sands Corporation" (hereinafter referred to as "LVSC"). Since your company believes that there may be documents in Macau which are significant to SCL's preparation of its own defense in the abovementioned case, your company intends to engage a lawyer in Macau, and to engage a law firm in Hong Kong which shall collaborate with that lawyer in inspecting the documents and information at your company's headquarters in Macau through the signing and provision of a contract of service. Your company believes that the abovementioned acts of document inspection and the treatment of personal data in connection therewith comply with the stipulations of Article 6, Item (5) of Macau's Personal Data Protection Act (Act 8/2005), and accordingly shall give notice to our Office pursuant to Article 21, No. 1 of that Act, or, in cases where our Office deems that a notice shall not be given, request the granting of permission by our Office in accordance with the stipulations of Article 22, No. 1, Item (4)1 of that Act. As a public authority as defined under Article 79, No. 3 of the Macau Civil Code and the Personal Data Protection Act, our Office is responsible for monitoring and coordinating the compliance with and implementation of the Personal Data Protection Act by virtue of the responsibilities conferred upon it by Chief Executive's Dispatch No. 83/2007 and Dispatch No. 6/2010.

Pursuant to the stipulations of Article 4, No. 1, Items (5) and (6) of the Personal Data Protection Act, the "entity responsible for processing personal data" refers to "a natural person or legal person, public entity, department or any other body which decides, individually or jointly with others, upon the purposes and means of the processing of personal data", while

The original version of the incoming letter reads "nes termes do disposte sa alinea 4) do arrigo 12." da Lai 8/3005."

"subcontractor" refers to "a natural person or legal person, public entity, department or any other body which is authorized by an entity responsible for processing personal data to process personal data."

In accordance with the content specified in the letter from your company, your company intends to inspect the documents and information at your company's headquarters through engaging a lawyer in Macau and a law firm in Hong Kong which shall collaborate on such inspection, in order to provide evidence of the relationship between SCL and LVSC. It is thus clear that your company has the control and decision rights regarding the processing of the abovementioned information, including the decision of engaging a lawyer in Macau and a law firm in Hong Kong which shall collaborate to inspect such documents and information. Consequently, your company is an entity responsible for processing personal data, while the lawyer in Macau and the law firm in Hong Kong, which are authorized, are subcontractors.

It should be noted that, based upon the fact that your company has authorized a law firm in Hong Kong to inspect documents containing personal data, as well as the fact that the specimen contract intended to be signed with the law firm in Hong Kong as provided by your company indicates that the services to be provided by such law firm shall include "defining the scope of the document disclosure requirements relating to the civil proceedings filed by Steven C. Jacob against Las Vegas Sands Corp. and Sands China Limited with the local court in Nevada, US and making responses thereto; and inspecting and analyzing all relevant documents under a mechanism complying with Macau's laws (including but not limited to Macau's Personal Data Protection Act (Act 8/2005))," our Office deems that the information relating to the documents containing personal data entailed in this case which an institution registered outside Macau has been authorized to inspect has been transferred to places outside Macau (including Hong Kong), and that under such circumstances, your company shall be allowed to proceed only when the stipulations of Article 19 or 20 of the Personal Data Protection Act are observed.

In view of the stipulations of Articles 19 and 20 of the Personal Data Protection Act, our Office deems that your company may only authorize a law firm in Hong Kong to inspect relevant documents subject to compliance with the stipulations of Article 20, No. 1, Item (1) or (2) of that

Act and upon giving notice to our Office. However, since your company has provided our Office with no information evidencing that your company has obtained the express consent of the parties relating to such information, nor any contract of employment signed between your company and its employees or such information as contracts signed between your company and its clients, our Office cannot deem that your company's authorization of a law firm in Hong Kong to inspect relevant documents complies with relevant stipulations of the Personal Data Protection Act.

In addition, the letter from your company states that it thereby notifies our Office of its act of engaging a lawyer for document inspection pursuant to the stipulations of Article 21, No. 1 of the *Personal Data Protection Act*, but that in cases where our Office deems that a notice shall not be given, it shall request the granting of permission by our Office in accordance with the stipulations of Article 22, No. 1, Item (4)<sup>2</sup> of that Act.

Article 21, No. 1 of the Personal Data Protection Act stipulates the following: "The entity responsible for processing personal data or its representative (if any) shall notify the public authority in writing, within 8 days from the commencement of processing, of one or a series of totally or partially automated processing operations intended to achieve one or more interconnected purposes." The situations in which notification is exempted are stipulated in No. 2 and No. 4 of that Article.

In view of the abovementioned legal stipulations, it is clear that the responsible entity shall give notifications and make declarations based upon the various purposes of personal data processing, rather than in connection with discrete, individual operations of personal data processing. In this case, as an entity responsible for processing personal data, your company shall give notifications and make declarations with respect to automated processing with one or more interconnected purposes, and shall not notify our Office of merely one of the procedures (i.e. engaging a lawyer to inspect information) within an individual activity. Moreover, your company has not provided the information necessary for notification and declaration, such as an indication of the types of information being processed, in accordance with the stipulations of

<sup>\*</sup>The original version of the incoming letter reads "not termor do dispose na alines 4) do artigo 22.º da Lei 8/2003."

Article 23 of the Personal Data Protection Act. Therefore, our Office cannot regard your company's previous letter as a fulfillment of its notification obligations.

...

Further, Article 22, No. 1, Item (4) of the Personal Data Protection Act stipulates that the use of personal data for purposes other than those of data collection shall be subject to permission by our Office. No inconsistency therefore exists between the notification obligations as stipulated in Article 21, No. 1 the Personal Data Protection Act and the application for permission as stipulated in Article 22, where the two Articles are concerned with different treatments of personal data. Consequently, an application for permission shall be directed to our Office pursuant to the stipulations of Article 22, No. 1, Item (4) and Article 23 of that Act in cases where personal data are used for purposes other than those of data collection, notwithstanding the fact that your company has effected notification and declaration with our Office in accordance with Article 21, No. 1 of that Act. Given that your company has provided neither sufficient information nor an account of the original purposes of data collection or the necessity of using personal data for purposes other than those of data collection, our Office cannot examine or approve the application for permission.

Based upon the foregoing, our Office shall archive your company's previous notification, declaration and application for permission, and we hereby recommend that your company recxamine its personal data processing situation, clearly define its need to fulfill notification and declaration obligations and to apply for permission, and provide our Office with statutory information for our examination and approval pursuant to the stipulations of Article 23 of the Personal Data Protection Act. Notifications and declarations may be effected and applications for permission may be made through submitting to us a Declaration of Personal Data Processing, which can be downloaded from the website of our Office (http://www.gpdp.gov.mo).

Should your company wish to appeal against the decision of our Office, an objection may be directed to our Office within 15 days upon receipt of this official letter of reply in accordance with the stipulations of Article 149 of the Approved Code of Administrative Procedures (Decree-Law No. 57/99/M of October 11); alternatively, an optional hierarchical appeal may be lodged to

the Chief Executive within the designated period for filing a judicial appeal in connection with relevant acts in accordance with the stipulations of Articles 155 and 156 of that Decree-Law.

In addition, your company may also file a judicial appeal with the Administrative Court within the period as stipulated in Article 25 of the Approved Code of Administrative Proceedings (Decree-Law No. 110/99/M of December 13),

Yours faithfully,

# **EXHIBIT C**

# CUSTODIANS AND SEARCH TERMS FOR MACAU REVIEW

- All search terms were run on documents using a date limiter of January 1, 2009 to and including October 20, 2010, except for Order ¶ 9 (RFP 6), which was run with the limiters as described in Paragraph 1 below.
- 1. March 8, 2012 Order ¶ 9 (RFP ¶ 6): Leven's services

Custodian: Steve Jacobs

Search terms:

Search terms for period between 10/14/09 and 7/23/10:
Leven w/25 ((Steve w/3 Jacobs) OR (Jeff\* w/3 Schwartz) OR (Irwin w/3 Siegel) OR (Stephen w/3 Weaver) OR (Steve w/3 Weaver) OR (Iain w/3 Bruce) OR (Ian w/3 Bruce) OR (Ferguson w/3 Bruce) OR (Iain w/3 Ferguson) OR (Ian w/3 Ferguson) OR (Chiang w/3 Yun) OR (Rachel w/3 Chiang) OR (Dav\* w/3 Turnbull) OR Lionel OR Leonel or Alves OR ((SGA OR Adelson OR Sheldon) AND (SCL OR "Sands China" OR VML OR "Venetian Macau Limited")) OR ((SCL OR "Sands China") w/10 (board or member\* OR director)) OR "leverage strategy" OR (investigation\* w/10 (government OR officiai\*)) OR ((Stanley w/3 Ho) w/25 ((Parcel\* 6 7) OR (Parcel\* 6 pre/1 7) OR (P6 pre/1 7) OR (P6 and 7)) OR (Site\* 6 and 7) OR (Site\* 6 pre/1 7) OR (P6 pre/1 7) OR (P6 and 7))) OR (Starwood) OR (st. w/3 regis\*) or "advisor" or ("acting CEO or "interim CEO"))

Search terms for period between 7/23/10 and 10/20/10: Leven or "acting CEO or "interim CEO"

Custodians: Benjamin Toh, Edward Tracy, Fiona Chan, Gunter Hatt, Kevin Clayton, Matthew Pryor, Stephen Weaver

#### Search terms

Search terms for period between 10/14/09 and 7/23/10:
Leven w/25 ((Steve w/3 Jacobs) OR (Jeff\* w/3 Schwartz) OR (Irwin w/3 Siegel) OR (Stephen w/3 Weaver) OR (Steve w/3 Weaver) OR (Iain w/3 Bruce) OR (Ian w/3 Bruce) OR (Iain w

Search terms for period between 7/23/10 and 10/20/10:
Leven w/25 ((Steve w/3 Jacobs) OR (Jeff\* w/3 Schwartz) OR (Irwin w/3 Siegel) OR
(Stephen w/3 Weaver) OR (Steve w/3 Weaver) OR (Iain w/3 Bruce) OR (Ian w/3 Bruce)
OR (Ferguson w/3 Bruce) OR (Iain w/3 Ferguson) OR (Ian w/3 Ferguson) OR (Chiang
w/3 Yun) OR (Rachel w/3 Chiang) OR (Dav\* w/3 Tumbull) OR (Toh w/3 Hock) OR
(Ben w/3 Toh) OR (Matthew w/3 Pryor) OR (Peter w/3 Wu) OR (Mark w/3 McWhinnie)
OR (David w/3 Sylvester) OR (Andrew w/3 Billany) OR (Ed w/3 Tracy) OR (Edward
w/3 Tracy) OR (David w/3 Sisk) OR (David w/3 Fleming) OR (Kevin w/3 Clayton) OR
(Jeff\* w/3 Poon) OR (Virginia w/3 Lam) OR (Gus w/3 Liem) OR "Venetian Marketing
Services" OR (Perry w/3 Lau) OR Alves OR ((SGA OR Adelson OR Sheldon) AND

(SCL OR "Sands China" OR VML OR "Venetian Macau Limited")) OR ("acting CEO OR "interim CEO"))

2. March 8, 2012 Order ¶¶ 10, 16 (RFP ¶ 7 and 20): Funding of Sands China

Custodian: Steve Jacobs

Search terms:

"Venetian Oriental Limited" OR "VOL Credit Agreement" OR ((Alves OR Leonel OR Lionel) w/25 (strata OR "4 seasons" OR condo\* OR 4S OR "Four Seasons" OR apartment\*)) OR ((BOCI OR "Bank of China") w/35 ("Four Seasons" OR 4S))

Custodians: Edward Tracy, Fiona Chan, Benjamin Toh, Stephen Weaver

Search terms:

Bella OR IPO OR "Venetian Oriental Limited" OR "VOL Credit Agreement" OR ((Alves OR Leonel OR Lionel) w/25 (strata OR "4 seasons" OR condo\* OR 4S OR "Four Seasons" OR apartment\*)) OR ((BOCI OR "Bank of China") w/35 ("Four Seasons" OR 4S))

3. March 8, 2012 Order ¶¶ 11, 16 (RFP ¶ 8, 16): Base Entertainment

Custodian: Steve Jacobs

Search terms:

"Base Entertainment" OR (Brian w/3 Becker) OR (Scott w/3 Zeiger) OR (Jason w/3 Gastwirth)

Custodians: Edward Tracy, Fiona Chan, Matthew Pryor, Kevin Clayton, Stephen Weaver

Search terms:

"Base Entertainment" OR (Brian w/3 Becker) OR (Scott w/3 Zeiger) OR (Jason w/3 Gastwirth)

4. March 8, 2012 Order 9 11, 16 (RFP 18): Bally Technologies

Custodian: Steve Jacobs

Search terms:

Bally OR Merlin OR (Robert w/3 Parente) OR (Ken w/3 Campbell)

Custodians: Edward Tracy, Fiona Chan, Gunter Hatt, Stephen Weaver,

Search terms:

Bally OR Merlin OR (Robert w/3 Parente) OR (Ken w/3 Campbell)

5. March 8, 2012 Order ¶ 12 (RFP ¶ 9): Goldstein's services

Custodian: Steve Jacobs

Search 1 (Phase 2/3):

(Goldstein w/35 ((player w/10 (funding OR credit OR development OR collection)) OR marketing OR promotion OR advertising OR Kwok OR Clayton OR (Steve w/3 Chan)

OR (Ben w/3 Lee) OR (Raymond w/3 Lo) OR (Isabel w/3 Leong) OR (David w/3 Law) OR VIP OR Junket OR (Cheung w/3 Chi) OR (Cheung w/3 Tai) OR (Chi w/3 Tai) OR CCT OR (Charles w/3 Heung) OR VMSL OR SCL OR Sands China)) OR (Goldstein w/25 (Steve Jacobs OR Jeffrey Schwartz OR Irwin Siegel OR Stephen Weaver OR Iain Bruce OR Chiang Yun OR David Turnbull OR Toh Hock OR Ben Toh OR Matthew Pryor OR Ed Tracy OR Edward Tracy OR David Fisk OR David Fleming OR "Venetian Marketing Services")) or (Charles /4 (Heung or Wah or Keung) OR (VIP\* w/5 promoter\*) or (("high-roller" or "whale") w/25 (Macau or Macao)) or ((unlicensed or (no\* /3 license\*)) w/25 junket) OR 71646 or 530636 or 746600 or 3272980 or 3898206 or 3728791

Custodians: Benjamin Toh, Edward Tracy, Fiona Chan, Kevin Clayton, Matthew Pryor, Stephen Weaver

### Search terms:

(Goldstein w/25 ((Steve /3 Jacobs) OR (Jeff\* w/3 Schwartz) OR (Irwin w/3 Siegel) OR (Stephen w/3 Weaver) OR (Steve w/3 Weaver) OR (Iain w/3 Bruce) OR (Ian w/3 Ferguson) OR (Ian w/3 Ferguson) OR (Chiang w/3 Yun) OR (Rachel w/3 Chiang) OR (Dav\* w/3 Tumbuli) OR (Toh w/3 Hock) OR (Ben w/3 Toh) OR (Matthew w/3 Pryor) OR (Peter w/3 Wu) OR (Mark w/3 McWhinnie) OR (David w/3 Sylvester) OR (Andrew w/3 Billany) OR (Ed w/3 Tracy) OR (Edward w/3 Tracy) OR (David w/3 Sisk) OR (David w/3 Fleming) OR (Kevin w/3 Clayton) OR (Jeff\* w/3 Poon) OR (Virginia w/3 Lam) OR (Gus w/3 Liem) OR "Venetian Marketing Services" OR Perry Lau) OR (Charles /4 (Heung OR Wah OR Keung) OR (VIP\* w/5 promoter\*)) OR (("high-roller" OR "whale\*) w/25 (Macau OR Macao)) Or ((unlicensed OR (no\* /3 license\*)) w/25 junket) OR 71646 OR 530636 OR 746600 OR 3272980 OR 3898206 OR 3728791

6. March 8, 2012 Order ¶ 13, 15 (RFP ¶ 10, 22): LYSC Services on behalf of SCL

Custodian: Steve Jacobs

## Search terms:

(Yvonne w/3 Mao) OR (((Eric w/3 Chiu) OR Yeung) w/25 Hengqin) OR (Chu Kong Shipping) OR CKS OR (basketball w/10 team) OR (Adelson Center) OR ("International Risk" OR IR) OR (collection w/20 (customer OR patron OR junket)) OR Vickers

Custodians: Benjamin Toh, Edward Tracy, Fiona Chan, Stephen Weaver

#### Search terme

(Yvonne w/3 Mao) OR (((Eric w/3 Chiu) OR Ycung) w/25 Hengqin) OR (Chu Kong Shipping) OR CKS OR (basketball w/10 team) OR (Adelson Center) OR ("International Risk" OR IR) OR (collection w/20 (customer OR patron OR junket)) OR Vickers

7. March 8, 2012 Order ¶¶ 15(1), 16 (RFP ¶ 11 and 21): Parcels 5 and 6

Custodian: Steve Jacobs

#### Search terms:

((Parcel\* 5 and 6) OR (Parcel\* 5 pre/1 6) OR (P5 pre/1 6) OR (P5 and 6) OR (Site\* 5 and 6) OR (Site\* 5 pre/1 6) OR (P5 pre/1 6) OR (P5 and 6)) AND (Gensler OR KNA OR (Shema w/3 Dougall) OR Manzella OR Pryor OR (Timothy w/3 Baker) OR (Paul w/3 Gunderson))

Custodians: Benjamin Toh, Edward Tracy, Fiona Chan, Kevin Clayton, Matthew Pryor, Stephen Weaver

Search terms:

((Parcel\* 5 and 6) OR (Parcel\* 5 pre/1 6) OR (P5 pre/1 6) OR (P5 and 6) OR (Site\* 5 and 6) OR (Site\* 5 pre/1 6) OR (P5 pre/1 6) OR (P5 and 6)) AND (Gensler OR KNA OR (Shema w/3 Dougall) OR Manzella OR Pryor OR (Timothy w/3 Baker) OR (Paul w/3 Gunderson))

8. March 8, 2012 Order ¶ 15(2) (RFP ¶ 12): Recruitment of SCL executives

Custodian: Steve Jacobs

Search terms:

(Spencer Stuart) OR (Tracy w/20 (resume OR interview)) OR (Sisk w/20 (resume OR interview)) OR (Egon Zehnder) OR ((Resume OR Recruit\* OR Interview OR Curriculum Vitae OR CV) w/30 (candidate OR executive OR VP OR "Vice president" OR "Chief Operating Officer" OR COO OR "Chief Financial Officer" OR CFO OR "Chief Development Officer" OR CDO))

Custodians: Edward Tracy Fiona Chan, Gunter Hatt, Stephen Weaver,

Search terms:

(Spencer Stuart) OR (Tracy w/20 (resume OR interview)) OR (Sisk w/20 (resume OR interview)) OR ("Egon Zehnder") OR ((Resume OR Recruit\* OR Curriculum Vitae OR CV) w/25 (candidate\* OR executive\* OR VP OR "Vice president" OR "Chief Operating Officer" OR COO OR "Chief Financial Officer" OR CFO OR "Chief Development Officer" OR CDO))

9. March 8, 2012 Order ¶ 15(3) (RFP ¶13): Marketing of Sands China properties

Custodian: Steve Jacobs

Search terms:

"International marketing" OR (Chairman\* Club) OR (Rom w/3 Hendler) OR (Larry w/3 Chiu) OR (Kirk w/3 Godby) OR (Matthew w/3 Kenagy) OR (Dennis w/3 Dougherty) OR (Cheung w/3 Chi) OR (Cheung w/3 Tai) OR (Chi w/3 Tai) OR CCT OR (Jack w/3 Lam) OR (Charles w/3 Heung) OR (Heung w/3 Wah Keung) OR "frequency program" OR ("Lotus Night Club" w/10 "VIP") OR (Goldstein w/35 ((Kevin w/3 Clayton) OR (Raymond w/3 Lo) OR (Steve w/3 Chan) OR (Ben w/3 Lee) OR (Kerwin w/3 Kwok)))

Custodians: Fiona Chan, Kevin Clayton, Stephen Weaver, Edward Tracy

### Search terms:

"International marketing" OR (Chairman\* Club) OR (Rom w/3 Hendler) OR (Larry w/3 Chiu) OR (Kirk w/3 Godby) OR (Matthew w/3 Kenagy) OR (Dennis w/3 Dougherty) OR (Cheung w/3 Chi) OR (Cheung w/3 Tai) OR (Chi w/3 Tai) OR CCT OR (Jack w/3 Lam) OR (Charles w/3 Heung) OR (Heung w/3 Wah Keung) OR "frequency program" OR ("Lotus Night Club" w/10 "VIP") OR (Goldstein w/25 ((Kevin w/3 Clayton) OR (Chris w/3 Barnbeck) OR (Kirk w/3 Godby) OR (Raymond w/3 Lo) OR (Steve w/3 Chan) OR (Ben w/3 Lee) OR (Kerwin w/3 Kwok)))

# 10. March 8, 2012 Order ¶¶ 15(4), 16 (RFP ¶¶ 14, 19): Harrah's

Custodian: Steve Jacobs

Search terms:

Harrah\* OR Loveman

Custodians: Fiona Chan, Stephen Weaver, Edward Tracy

Search terms:

Harrah\* OR Loveman

# 11. March 8, 2012 Order ¶ 15(5) (RFP ¶ 15): Negotiation with SJM

Custodian: Steve Jacobs

Search 1 and 2 (Phase 2/3 and 4):

(SJM OR (Stanley w/3 Ho) OR (Ambrose w/3 So)) w/20 ((Parcel\* 7 8) OR (Parcel\* 7 pre/1 8) OR (P7 pre/1 8) OR (P7 and 8) OR (Site\* 7 and 8) OR (Site\* 7 pre/1 8) OR (P7 pre/1 8) OR (P3 and 8) OR (P3 and 8) OR (P3 and 8) OR (P4 pre/1 8) OR (P5 and 6) OR (Site\* 5 and 6) OR (Site\* 5 pre/1 6) OR (P5 and 6))

Custodians: Benjamin Toh, Edward Tracy, Fiona Chan, Stephen Weaver

#### Search terms:

(SJM OR (Stanley w/3 Ho) OR (Ambrose w/3 So)) w/20 ((Parcel\* 7 8) OR (Parcel\* 7 pre/1 8) OR (P7 pre/1 8) OR (P7 and 8) OR (Site\* 7 and 8) OR (Site\* 7 pre/1 8) OR (P7 pre/1 8) OR (Parcel\* 5 and 6) OR (Parcel\* 5 pre/1 6) OR (P5 pre/1 6) OR (P5 and 6) OR (Site\* 5 and 6) OR (Site\* 5 pre/1 6) OR (P5 and 6))

# 12. March 8, 2012 Order ¶ 16 (RFP ¶ 17): Cirque du Soleil

Custodian: Steve Jacobs

# Search terms:

(Daniel w/3 Lamarre) OR (Jerry w/3 Nadal) OR Zaia OR CDS OR Cirque or (Jason w/3 Gastwirth) OR (Sundust)

Custodians: Edward Tracy, Fiona Chan, Kevin Clayton, Ruth Boston

# Search 1 and 2 (Phase 1 and 4):

(Daniel w/3 Lamarre) OR (Jerry w/3 Nadal) OR (Jason w/3 Gastwirth) OR ((Zaia OR CDS OR Cirque OR Sundust) w/10 (talk\* OR communicat\* OR discuss\* OR refer\* OR spoke OR speak\*))

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# **EXHIBIT 5**

# Jennifer L. Braster

From:

**Todd Bice** Sent:

To:

Wednesday, December 12, 2012 11:05 AM
Steve Peek; Mark M. Jones (m.jones@kempjones.com)
Debra Spinelli, James Pisanelli; Jenniler L. Braster; Eric T. Aldrian Cc:

Subject: Bruce & Turnbull

Steve and Mark: I'm just following up on the request relative to deposing Mr. Bruce and Mr. Turnbull. I would like to get this matter in front of the court in the near future if the defendants intend to object. Thanks.

-- Todd.

# **EXHIBIT 6**



# VIA B-MAIL

July 20, 2011

Justin C. Jones, Esq. Holland & Hart. 9555 Hillwood Drive, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89134

Stephen Ma, Esq. Glaser Weil Fink Jacobs Howard & Shapiro 3763 Howard Hughes Pkwy., Ste. 300 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169

Re: Jacobs v. Lus Vegas Sands Corp., et al.

Dear Justin and Steve:

Per our previous discussions, we have prepared the following list of Sands China Ltd. custodians to search as part of the first phase of the searching process:

1.	Ben Toh	11.	Iain Brace
2.	Luis Melo	12.	David Turnbull
3.	Fiona Chan	13.	Rachel Chiang
4.	Pete Wu	14,	Kevin Clayton
5.	Eric Chiu <sup>2</sup>	1 <i>5</i> .	Andrew Billany
6.	Antonio Perriera	16.	Andrew MacDonald
<b>7</b> .	Gunter Hatt	17.	Kerry Andrewarths
8.	Matthew Pryor	18.	Allidad Tash
9.	lan Humphrics	19.	Ruth Boston
10.	Iain Fairbain	20,	Mark McWhinnic

While certain individuals have/had multiple roles both with LVSC and Sands China, we have not included the names of such individuals on this list if they were included on the previous list we sent prioritizing LVSC custodians (e.g., Adelson, Leven, Jacobs, Schwartz, etc.) as it our understanding we only need to include them once. Please advise if you have a different understanding.

The scient gevenity estreet LAS vecas, Nevada estot Phone: Yorografier Pan Yorografier

We previously identified this individual as Eric Chen, but I believe his name is actually Eric Chin.

Justin Jones, Esq./Stephen Ma, Esq. July 20, 2011 Page 2

By providing the foregoing list, Jacobs is not waiving his right to have other custodians searched as discovery proceeds.

Please contact me with any questions or comments.

Very truly yours,

CAMPRELL & WILLIAMS

J. Colby Williams, Esq.

JCW/

#### B

#### PISANELLI BICE

January 18, 2013

TODD L. BICE ATTORNEY AT LAW TI.B@PISANELLIBICE.COM

#### VIA E-MAIL

J. Stephen Peek, Esq.
Robert J. Cassity, Esq.
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3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 17th Floor
Las Vegas, Nevada 89169
irj@kempiones.com
mmi@kempiones.com

RE: Steven C. Jacobs v. Las Vegas Sands Corp, et al. Eighth Judicial District Court, Case No. A627691-B

#### Dear Counsel:

We have received a series of documents purportedly coming from Sands China Ltd. ("Sands China"). Our review of those documents raises several questions for which we require a prompt response:

- 1. Where were the documents actually located and reviewed for production?
- Virtually every document produced contains redactions which render the
  documents unintelligible. What is the basis for those redactions,
  considering that the court has sanctioned the Defendant for their past
  concealment of evidence and has overruled any objection to production of
  information under the Macau Personal Data Privacy Act?
- 3. We also noticed that several of the documents were sent either to or from custodians located in the United States which you have previously represented were searched. How is it that these documents were not produced from the custodians in the United States?



J. Stephen Peek, Esq. Robert J. Cassity, Esq. January 8, 2013 Page 2

- 4. The documents do not appear to include the files and handwritten notes that Steven Jacobs knows were in his desk on the date of his termination. Were physical copies of Mr. Jacobs' files reviewed?
- 5. Robert Cassity sent us an email referencing "technical glitches" in a disk that had been delivered to our office concerning documents Nos. SCL00101824-109852. Yet, no explanation was provided as to what those glitches were, simply asking us to remove those documents from our system. While the disk has been returned, we would like to know the nature of the so-called technical glitches before we will agree to delete that prior production from our system. Some of the documents had been reviewed prior to receiving Mr. Cassity's email. We are suspicious that what is being claimed as a technical glitch is in fact proof that the documents were in the United States in an unredacted format. Is that what you claim was the "glitch"?
- 6. Tellingly absent from the production are any documents from Luis Melo, despite the fact that he was one of the top custodians long ago identified and his documents were transported to the United States over two years ago. What is the basis for having failed to produce documents from Melo? Please identify all persons that have reviewed Melo's documents, including the date those documents were reviewed.
- 7. Although certain documents have been produced, Sands China has not supplemented its discovery responses identifying which documents pertain to the discrete discovery requests. When is Sands China intending to do so?

These issues are without projudice to additional areas of dispute as we further review the documents. However, in the face of the extensive redactions that render the documents unintelligible, we are unwilling to spend time debating or excusing Sands China's noncompliance. Please provide us with time early next week to hold a conference under Rule 2.34 on these issues, as we intend to seek prompt judicial relief for the noncompliance.

Regards

Todd L. Bice

cc: Michael Lackey, Esq. (via e-mail)



J. Stephen Peek Phone (702) 222-2514 Fax (702) 659-4650 coek@bolandhan.com

January 24, 2013

Via E-Mail Only: tlb@pisanellibicc.com

Todd L. Bice, Esq. Pisanelli & Bice 3883 Howard Hughes Parkway, Suite 800 Las Vegas, Nevada 89169

Re: Las Vegas Sands/Incobs

Dear Todd:

Thank you for your correspondence of January 18, 2013. As a preliminary matter, I note that our January 8, 2013 Report to the Court contains detailed information responsive to many of the questions you raise in your letter.

I also note that several of your questions deal with specific search terms and/or custodians, even though you declined to participate in any cooperative effort to reach agreement on search terms and custodians for the SCL production. As we noted in our Report, after serving your jurisdictional discovery requests, you never (1) provided Defendants with a list of proposed custodians for jurisdictional discovery; (2) participated with Defendants in finalizing an expanded list of search terms for jurisdictional discovery; or (3) responded to Defendants' October 6, 2012 request to meet and confer about jurisdictional discovery in Macau. (See, e.g., D. Spinelli e-mail to B. Schneider, Aug. 14, 2012 ("Unfortunately, we are just not in a position to be able to tell you what terms you should use to search your documents.")). Having declined to participate in the meet-and-confer process, you have waived any objections to the adequacy of the search strategy. See, e.g., Cavad Camme'ns. Co. v. Revanet, 258 F.R.D. 5, 14 (D.D.C. 2009).

Nevertheless, in the spirit of cooperation, I provide below the answers to your specific questions in the order you raised them.

- 1. As set forth in our Report, we searched for and identified ESI and other documents at SCL facilities in Macau. (Report, at 4-9).
- 2. As set forth in our Report, we redacted both personal data and privileged communications from the SCL production. (Report, at 6-7). As you know, both the Stipulated Confidentiality Order and the Court authorized the parties to redact

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January 24, 2013 Page 2

#### HOLLAND&HART.

documents. (December 18, 2012 Tr., at 26-27; SCO, ¶ 7). We based the "personal data" reductions on two alternative grounds: (1) the Macau Data Privacy Act; and (2) a determination that personal data relating to specific individuals is not "relevant to jurisdictional discovery." Your claim that the documents are "unintelligible" without such personal data is incorrect. Nevertheless, we are currently preparing a "reduction log" that will provide additional information about reductions in c-mails and other documents produced. Also, as part of this process, we are identifying copies of currently-reducted documents that are located in the United States in unreducted form. All such copies will be produced in unreducted form as we identify them.

- 3. We have not determined to what extent (if at all) the SCL production contains documents to or from U.S. custodians that are not contained in the LVSC production. Nevertheless, if the SCL production does contain unique documents sent to (or received from) U.S. custodians, it simply reflects the fact that we used different custodians for the Macau jurisdictional searches than we did for the U.S. jurisdictional searches. If you had any issues with our selection of jurisdictional custodians, you should have raised such issues as part of the meet-and-confer process. Instead, you chose not to respond to our request for a meet-and-confer.
- 4. Yes, we searched hard copy documents in Macau, including hard copy documents that we believe were maintained by Plaintiff.
- 5. The "tecimical glitch" was that the vendor's software failed to impose the reductions in one of SCL's initial productions. As noted above, copies of any currently-reducted documents that are located in the United States in unreducted form will be produced in unreducted form.
- 6. We selected costodians who were likely to have documents relevant to jurisdictional discovery. Because Melo was an attorney—and because he was not involved in the operational side of the business—we determined that he was not reasonably likely to possess unique documents relevant to the narrow jurisdictional discovery permitted by the Court. We further determined that, in any event, his documents were likely to be privileged. Contrary to your suggestion, you never proposed Melo as a custodian for jurisdictional discovery. Again, if you had any issues with our selection of jurisdictional custodians, you should have raised such issues as part of the meet-and-confer process, instead of declining to participate at all.
- 7. We are preparing a supplemental response to our document production identifying which documents pertain to discrete discovery requests. We expect to submit the supplemental response on or before January 28, 2013.

January 24, 2013 Page 3

#### HOLLAND&HART

If, after reviewing these responses, you would like to discuss any of these issues further, we can be available for a meet-and-confer conference call on January 29, 2013 at 2:00 p.m.

Sincerely,

J. Stephen Peck of Holland & Hart LLP

JSP/dmb

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