impossible to run the day-to-day operations Mike Leven testified that it would be from Las Vegas, 7,000 miles away. April 22, 2015 Hearing Transcript 283:8-12

there's no way any one person can operate "How can any human being sit in Las Vegas and operate twenty-five, 30,000 employees in Macau? It's an 8,000-mile jaunt. And an 8,000-mile away property." April 28, 2015 Hearing Transcript 59:3-6

Nevada in some company decisions, such as: Chairman of the Board's involvement while in

Design

Hiring upper level officers

General strategies

Nevada in some company decisions, such as: Chairman of the Board's involvement while in

Λ

Does Not Create the Basis For Jurisdiction

Design

Hiring upper level officers

General strategies

Jacobs Ran Day to Day Operations From Macau

Steve was clearly the guy running Macau, and Mike was very supportive of Steve naving autonomy, complete control of Macau. April 30, 2015 Hearing Transcript 120:17-19

The Jacobs, Streetfelver jacobs@vention.com.nb]
Finer Lean, Michael Service (2013 AA)
State File 2012/2010 6 002.03 AA
State File 2012/2010 6 002.03 AA
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Plaintiff Ex.447_00001

Plaintiff Ex

SA1827

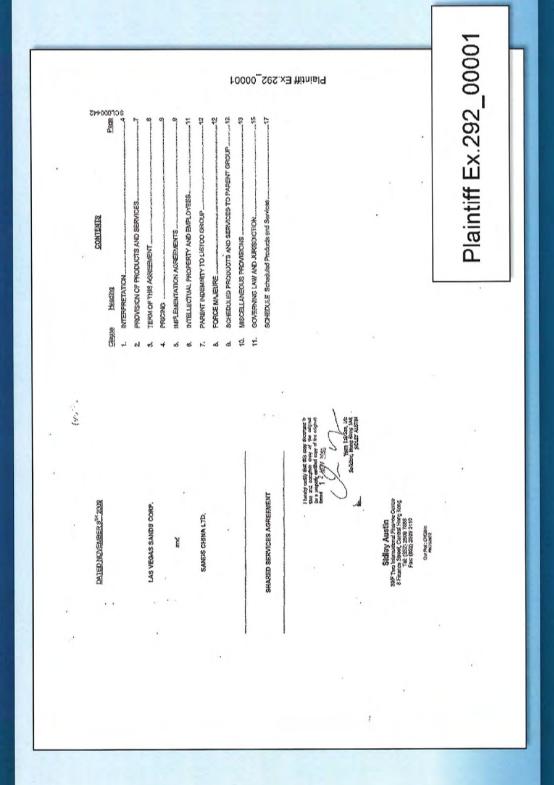


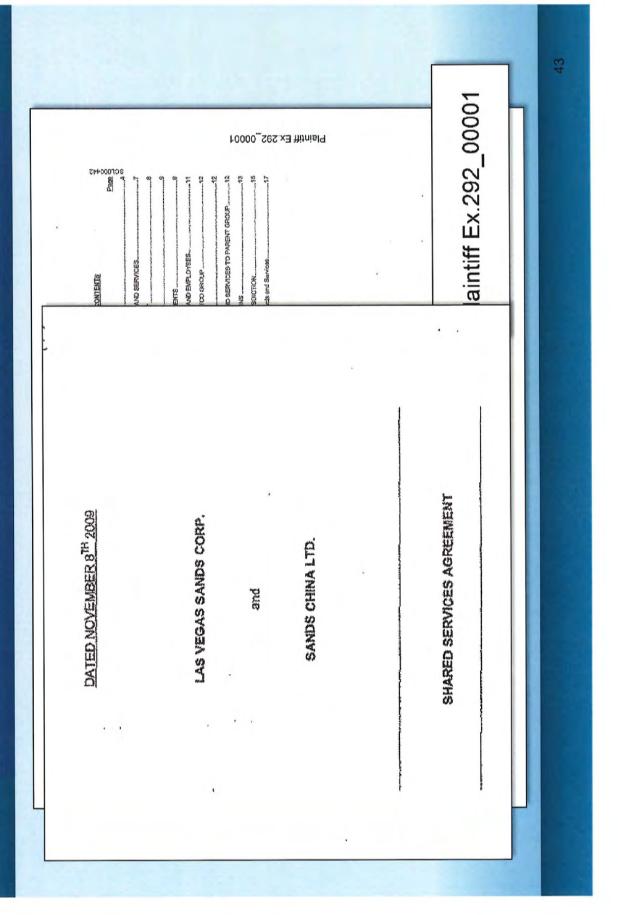
Jacobs Controlled SCL/VML

Numerous incidents evidence that Jacobs clearly ran SCL/VML in Macau, such as:

- Playboy Contract
- Credit
- Japan
- Bonuses for VML employees
- Terminated thousands of employees and cut millions of dollars in costs
- employee integrated hotel casino resort in Ran day-to-day operations of a 15,000+/-Macan

Shared Services Agreement

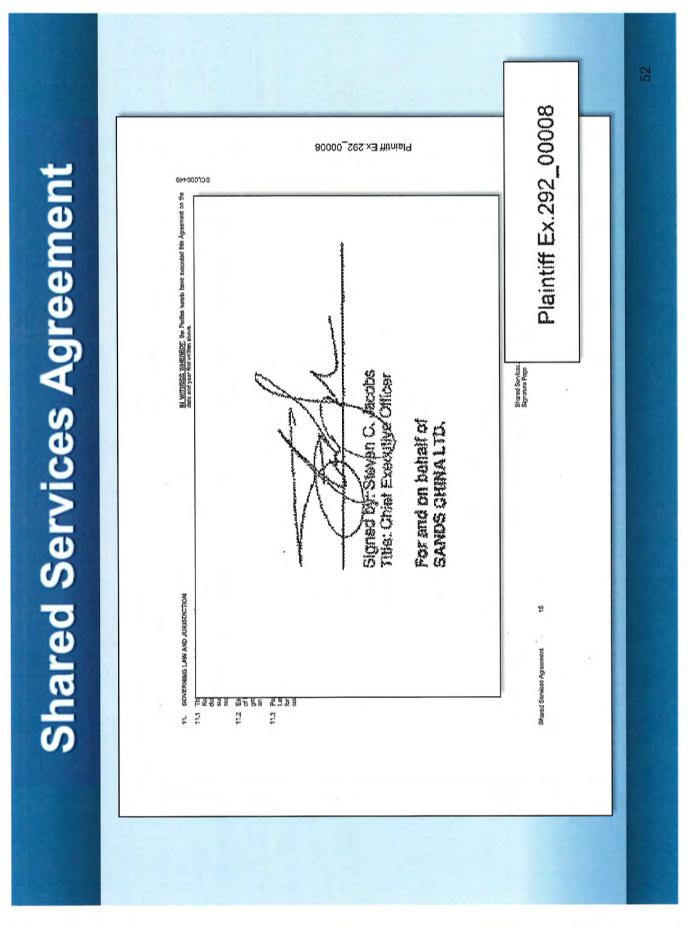




Shared Services Agreement

Services provided under the Shared Services Agreement:

- 1. Procurement of equipment, supplies, etc.
- 2. Construction and design
- 3. Operation services
- 4. Transportation
- 5. Marketing
- 6. Insurance
- 7. Information technology
- 8. Legal/regulatory/compliance



Pre IPO Evidence is Irrelevant to Jurisdiction

Exhibits 4, 91, 96, 100, 112, 116, 129, 132, 139, 153 & 158 all predated the July 15, 2009 incorporation date of SCL

267, 270, 273, 292 & 955 all predated the SCL Exhibits 162, 165, 167, 172, 173, 175, 176, 178, 182, 183, 187, 188, 225, 238, 256, 257, 261,

* Exhibits referenced above are those admitted as of 5/4/2015

Post Jacobs Control

Day to Day Operations / Nerve Center

Irwin Siegel: CEO Search Comm.

Transition Advisory Comm.

Macau

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Ed Tracy: COO all day to day

operations

David Sisk: CCO oversees day

to day casino operations

Macan

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Macau

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SA1836

Exhibits 887 & 887A

- Plaintiffs failed to lay a proper foundation for admission of 887 & 887A
- 1% non-random sample is inadequate as foundation for remaining 99%
- Foundation offered by Plaintiff created impermissible irrebuttable presumption
- presumption that the remaining 99% are relevant Individually admitted exhibits 1227-1290 are irrelevant to jurisdiction thus creating no to jurisdiction.
- So called "control" parties (Adelson, Leven, Goldstein & Kay) are un-redacted.

Exhibits 1227 & 1290

1243 all predated the July 15, 2009 incorporation Exhibits 1227, 1229, 1232, 1233, 1235-1237, 1241 & date of SCL

Exhibits 1238, 1239, 1249-1263, 1266-1278 & 1280-1290 all predated the SCL IPO

1250-1265, 1267-1271, 1273, 1275, 1277-1281, 1283, Exhibits 1230, 1231, 1234, 1240, 1242, 1244-1248, 1285, 1286 & 1288 all Shared Services related 1228 & 1245-1247 all are irrelevant to jurisdiction per Helicopteros.

* Some categories overlap

TRANSIENT JURISDICTION

Transient Jurisdiction Doctrine

required that an analysis of transient jurisdiction must be done "as set forth in Cariaga v. District Court, 104 Nev. 544, 762 P.2d 886 (1988), The Nevada Supreme Court, in ordering this evidentiary hearing,

In Cariaga, the Nevada Supreme Court held that an individual who was contacts to Nevada because he had been served with process when not a resident of the State could be sued on matters unrelated to his he was in Nevada on vacation.

Cariaga v. District Court, 104 Nev. 544, 762 P.2d 886 (1988),

held that the concept of transient jurisdiction simply does not apply to a The same theory cannot be applied to a corporation. The Ninth Circuit jurisdiction can exist only a corporation only when there is general or corporation and that, as a matter of federal due process, personal specific jurisdiction over it.

Martinez v. Aero Caribbean, 764 F.3d 1062, 1067, 1067-69 (9th Cir. 2014)

SPECIFIC JURISDICTION

Legal Standard

Specific jurisdiction is proper only "where the cause of action arises from the defendant's contacts with the

laws, or purposefully directs her conduct towards Nevada, and the plaintiff's claim actually arises out from that purposeful conduct." Nevada may exercise specific jurisdiction over a nonresident defendant if the defendant 'purposefully avails' himself or herself of the protections of Nevada's

Dogra v. Liles, 129 Nev. Adv. Rep. 100, 314 P.3d 952, 955 (2013)

Share Option Grant Letter

- SCL shares traded on Hong Kong exchange
- SCL Share Option Grant was not tied to the Term Sheet
- SCL Remuneration committee in Macau
- SCL Board approval in Macau
- SCL Grant signed in Macau by SCL CFO
- SCL Grant delivered in Macau to Jacobs
- AND the performance & delivery of shares would have been in Macau if NO termination

NO PURPOSEFUL CONDUCT BY SCL DIRECTED **TOWARDS NEVADA**

IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED by the Committee and approved by the Independent Non-Executive Directors that Mr. Jacobs be granted options to purchase 2,500,000 shares in the Company WRITTEN RESOLUTION OF THE REMUNERATION COMMITTEE OF THE BOARD OF Share Option Grant Letter Plaintiff Ex.621_00001 (Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (the "Company") DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY (THE "COMMITTEE") SANDS CHINA LTD. PAGE 1 0° 2 WRITTEN RESOLUTION OF THE REMAINMENATION CONSMITTED DATED MAY 59, 2010 F Plaintiff Ex.621_00001 6 on May 11, 2010, Ly W

Aiding and Abetting Claims Civil Conspiracy /

One person wearing two corporate hats cannot create a conspiratorial agreement between two corporations. Lockwood Grader Corp. v. Bockhaus, 270 P.2d 193, 196-97 (Colo. 1954)

Leven made any decisions concerning SCL they were Mr. Adelson testified that to the extent he and Mr. wearing their SCL hats, period. May 1, 2015 Hearing Transcript 92:6-11

All activities by LVSC employees related to SCL were done per the Shared Services Agreement

ALL PLAINTIFFS COMMENTS ABOUT GETTING **DUCKS IN A ROW ARE IRRELEVANT**

We have a substantial list of reasons why Steve Jacobs was fired for cause and interestingly he has not refuted a nstead, he has attempted to explain his termination by using outright lies and fabrications which seem to have While I have largely stayed silent on the matter to this point, the recycling of his allegations must be addressed. **Defamation Claim** "Berzon, Alexandra (Alexandra Berzon@wsj.com)" <ale xandra.berzon@wsj.com> "Reese, Ron" <"/o=venetian_resort/ou=venetian/cn=recipients/cn=reeser"> Statement for you - only! Vice President | Communications ron.reese@lasvegassands.com www.lasvegassands.com Las Vegas Sands Corp. Phone: 702.414.3607 single one of them. their origins in delusion. single one of them.

Now, the second sentence right at the end of the second-tothe-last line it says, quote, "We have a substantial list of reasons why Steve Jacobs was fired for cause."

Let me stop you right there. Who is the "we" that you're referencing?

"We" is just a colloquial term for collectively the company and me and all that the company and I and others could put together.

Okay. And when you say the company who are you referencing?

Ä

May 1, 2015 Hearing Transcript 107:17-108:08

Defamation Claim

instead, he has attempted to explain his termination by using outright lies and fabrications which seem to have their origins in delusion.

And you remember that Mr. Pisanelli asked you who the "we" was in that second sentence?

A: Yes.

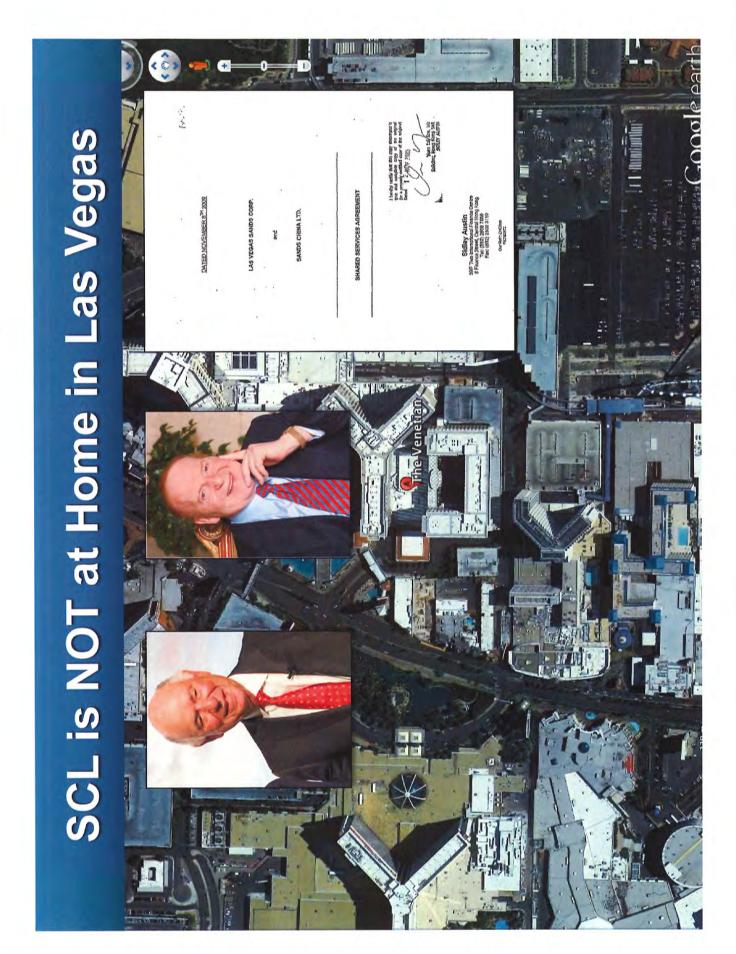
rememberthat? He neverasked you about that last sentence, did But he didn't ask you about the last sentence, do you

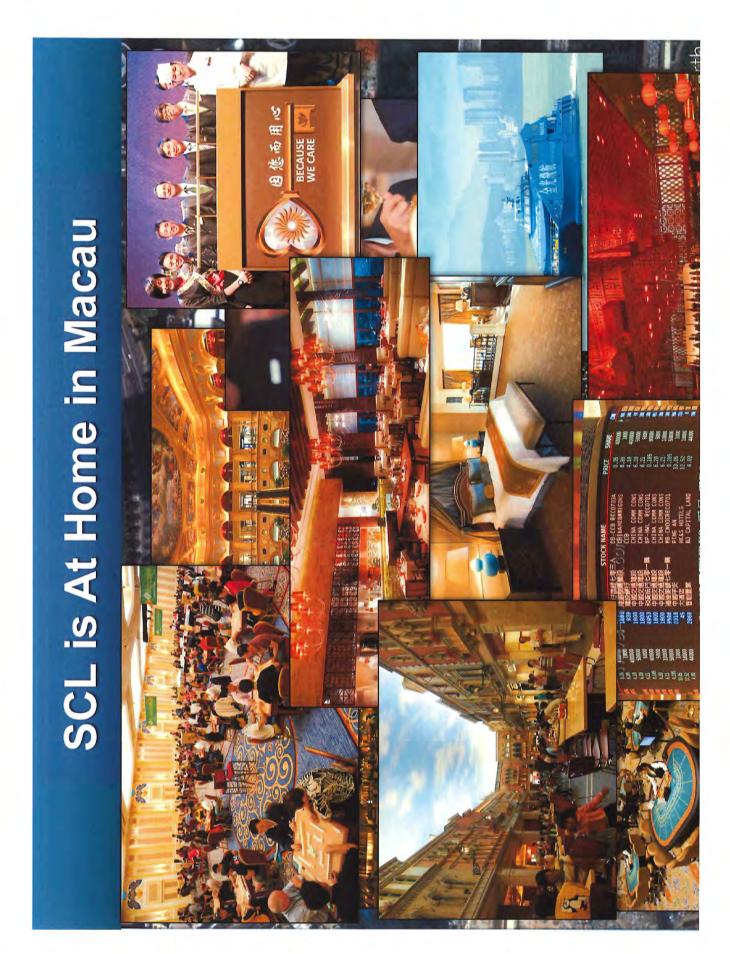
A: No

lies and fabrications which seem to have their origins in delusion. On Jacobs – has attempted to explain his termination by using outright The last sentence says, quote, instead he – referring to Mr. whose behalf was that third sentence attributed?

.: On my behalf.

May 5, 2015 Hearing Transcript 219:05-219:17





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OBJ James J. Pisanelli, Esq., Bar No. 4027 2 JJP@pisanellibice.com Todd L. Bice, Esq., Bar No. No. 4534 TLB@pisanellibice.com Debra L. Spinelli, Esq., Bar No. 9695 DLS@pisanellibice.com 4 Jordan T. Smith, Esq., Bar No. 12097 JTS@pisanellibice.com 5 PISANELLI BICE PLLC 400 South 7th Street, Suite 300 6 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 7 Telephone: (702) 214-2100 8 Attorneys for Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs 05/08/2015 03:06:45 PM

CLERK OF THE COURT

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Case No.:

Dept. No.:

Plaintiff,
v.

LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP., a Nevada corporation; SANDS CHINA LTD., a Cayman Islands corporation; DOES I through X; and ROE CORPORATIONS I through X,

Defendants.

AND RELATED CLAIMS

PLAINTIFF STEVEN C. JACOBS'

XI

A-10-627691

PLAINTIFF STEVEN C. JACOBS'
OBJECTION TO SANDS CHIINA'S
"OFFER OF PROOF" AND APPENDIX

Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs ("Jacobs") files this objection to Sands China Ltd.'s "Offer of Proof" and Appendix.¹ "Offers of proof are intended to (1) fully disclose to the court and opposing counsel the nature of evidence offered for admission, but rejected, and (2) preserve the record for appellate review." *Las Vegas Convention & Visitors Auth. v. Miller*, 124 Nev. 669, 688, 191 P.3d 1138, 1150-51 (2008). An offer of proof "is not a proper substitute for the tender of evidence which has never been presented and ruled upon." *Id.* (quoting *Southern Pac. Transp. Co. v. Fitzgerald*, 94 Nev. 245, 246, 579 P.2d 1251, 1252 (1978)).

Jacobs intends to oppose Sands China's Motion to Seal Exhibits to its Appendix.

Further, an offer of proof must be sufficiently detailed so that a reviewing court is not required to speculate about the nature and substance of the excluded evidence. *Burgeon v. State*, 102 Nev. 43, 47, 714 P.2d 576, 579 (1986). As such, imprecise representations of counsel do not constitute a sufficient offer of proof. *See, e.g., Guy v. Chattanooga-Hamilton Cnty. Hosp. Auth.*, No. C.A. 758, 1988 WL 102775, at *1 (Tenn. Ct. App. Oct. 7, 1988); *People v. Cobb*, No. 269880, 2007 WL 2429855, at *6 (Mich. Ct. App. Aug. 28, 2007) (unsworn "affidavit of witness" and counsel's representations are not an adequate offer of proof). Moreover, offers of proof cannot be made after the close of all the evidence in a "last-ditch" effort to preserve the issue for appeal, as Sands China attempts here. *S. Pac. Transp. Co.*, 94 Nev. at 246, 579 P.2d at 1252.

Sands China's so-called Offer of Proof – proffered after the close of the evidence – is but a conclusory statement of counsel about what witnesses might have hypothetically testified. Sands China did not offer any sworn declarations. Indeed, Sands China makes representations about the potential testimony of Mike Leven — a witnesses that *actually testified at trial and whom Sands China examined*. However, Sands China did not elicited the supposed testimony that it now offers. Contrary to Sands China's attempt, offers of proof do not remedy questions that were not asked of an available witness. *See S. Pac. Transp. Co.*, 94 Nev. at 246, 579 P.2d at 1252.

Additionally, Sands China's Appendix includes documents that were never disclosed as potential hearing exhibits by any party.² Sands China's Offer of Proof also references potential witnesses that were never disclosed for the hearing or even during discovery. (*See, e.g.,* Offer of Proof at 22:13 (Craig MacGibbon).) Sands China cannot retroactively identify documents and witnesses after the close of the evidence.

Finally, at the end of Sands China's Appendix, it includes a "Table of SCL's Relevance Objections to Exhibits 1227-1290." Sands China wholly failed to articulate the reasons for its boilerplate "relevance" objections at the time that the Exhibits were offered into evidence. Sands China cannot object for reasons that were not presented to the trial court. *See State v. Smith*, 33

² LVS00119649; LVS00132302; LVS00207114; LVS00207318; LVS00209549; LVS00210826; LVS00210886; LVS00212381; LVS00215815; LVS00217668.

Nev. 438, 117 P. 19, 24 (1911) ("An objection to evidence on a specific ground waives other grounds.").

Based upon the foregoing, Jacobs objects to Sands China's Offer of Proof and the accompanying Appendix.

DATED this 8th day of May, 2015.

PISANELLI BICE PLLC

By: /s/ Todd L. Bice
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Todd L. Bice, Esq., #4534
Debra L. Spinelli, Esq. #9695
Jordan T. Smith, Esq., #12097
400 South 7th Street, Suite 300
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

Attorneys for Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that I am an employee of PISANELLI BICE PLLC, and that on this 8th day of May, 2015, I caused to be served via the Court's E-Filing system, true and correct copies of the above and foregoing PLAINTIFF STEVEN C. JACOBS' OBJECTION TO SANDS CHIINA'S "OFFER OF PROOF" AND APPENDIX properly addressed to the following:

J. Stephen Peek, Esq. Robert J. Cassity, Esq. **HOLLAND & HART** 9555 Hillwood Drive, Second Floor 9 Las Vegas, NV 89134 10 speek@hollandhart.com reassity@hollandhart.com

> Michael E. Lackey, Jr., Esq. MAYER BROWN LLP 1999 K Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20006 mlackey@mayerbrown.com

J. Randall Jones, Esq. Mark M. Jones, Esq. 15 KEMP, JONES & COULTHARD 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 17th Floor 16 Las Vegas, NV 89169 jrj@kempjones.com 17 mmi@kempjones.com

> Steve Morris, Esq. Rosa Solis-Rainey, Esq. MORRIS LAW GROUP 900 Bank of America Plaza 300 South Fourth Street Las Vegas, NV 89101 sm@morrislawgroup.com rsr@morrislawgroup.com

> > /s/ Shannon Thomas
> > An employee of PISANELLI BICE PLLC

CLERK OF THE COURT

OPPN James J. Pisanelli, Esq., Bar No. 4027 2 JJP@pisanellibice.com Todd L. Bice, Esq., Bar No. No. 4534 TLB@pisanellibice.com Debra L. Spinelli, Esq., Bar No. 9695 DLS@pisanellibice.com 4 Jordan T. Smith, Esq., Bar No. 12097 JTS@pisanellibice.com 5 PISANELLI BICE PLLC 400 South 7th Street, Suite 300 6 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 7 Telephone: (702) 214-2100 8 Attorneys for Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs 9 10

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Case No.:

Dept. No.:

STEVEN C. JACOBS, Plaintiff, V. LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP., a Nevada corporation; SANDS CHINA LTD., a Cayman Islands corporation; DOES I through X; and ROE CORPORATIONS I through X, Defendants.

A-10-627691

XI

PLAINTIFF STEVEN C. JACOBS' OPPOSITION TO SANDS CHINA LTD.'S MOTION TO SEAL EXHIBITS TO ITS **OFFER OF PROOF**

Date: June 12, 2015 Time: Chambers

AND RELATED CLAIMS

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Defendant Sands China Ltd. ("Sands China") asks this Court to seal evidence without any showing that there is a basis to seal. The Court did not permit Sands China to seal confidential documents entered into evidence at the jurisdictional hearing, and now Sands China attempts to backdoor sealed exhibits into the record through an offer of proof. However, the parties' Stipulated Confidentiality Agreement and Protective Order does not apply to trial proceedings and an offer of proof is part of the trial record. Sands China has not demonstrated compelling reasons to seal its offer of proof and its Motion to Seal should be denied.

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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

Pursuant to Rule 3(4) of the Nevada Supreme Court's Rules Governing Sealing and Redacting Court Records, "the court *may* order the court files and records . . . to be sealed . . . provided the court makes and enters written findings that the specific sealing or redaction is justified by identified *compelling* privacy or safety interests that outweigh the public interest in access to the court record." (emphasis added). There is a presumption in favor of public access to the court record which may only be abridged "where the public right of access is outweighed by a significant competing interest." *Howard v. State*, 128 Nev. Adv. Op. 67, 291 P.3d 137, 142 (2012). Courts have adopted this principle because trials are "at heart of the interest in ensuring the public's understanding of the judicial process and of significant public events." *Kamakana v. City & Cntv. of Honolulu*, 447 F.3d 1172, 1179 (9th Cir. 2006) (internal quotations omitted).

The moving party carries the burden of demonstrating sufficient grounds for denying access. *Howard*, 128 Nev. Adv. Op. 67, 291 P.3d at 142. An agreement among the parties is not, standing alone, a sufficient basis to seal. SRCR 3(4). Although a protective order under NRCP 26(c) is a possible ground to seal, a confidentiality agreement and protective order is not, without more, a compelling reason to seal exhibits in the dispositive motion context. *See id*.

Here, Section 1 of the parties' Stipulated Confidentiality Agreement and Protective Order states, "[t]his Protective Order does not and will not govern *any* trial proceeding in this action but will otherwise be applicable to" other discovery or pretrial matters. (Stipulated Confidentiality Agreement and Protective Order § 1, March 22, 2012, on file) (emphasis added). The jurisdictional hearing unquestionably constituted a "trial proceeding" and Sands China's Offer of Proof will be part of the trial record. *See Warren v. State*, 121 Nev. 886, 895, 124 P.3d 522, 528 (2005) (offer of proof required to demonstrate error at trial for appellate review); *Burgeon v. State*, 102 Nev. 43, 47, 714 P.2d 576, 579 (1986) (same). Sands China has made no effort to demonstrate a "compelling" need to seal the exhibits to its offer of proof beyond the mere existence of a confidentiality agreement, under which it has designated almost every document as "confidential." The confidentiality agreement alone does not outweigh the public's interest in access to court records. Sands China cannot seal documents simply because they are embarrassing

and expose the weakness of its jurisdictional defenses. *See Foltz v. State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co.*, 331 F.3d 1122, 1136 (9th Cir. 2003) ("[A] litigant who might be embarrassed, incriminated, or exposed to litigation through dissemination of materials is not, without more, entitled to the court's protection....") (quotations omitted).

Based upon the foregoing, Jacobs respectfully requests that Sands China's Motion to Seal Exhibits to Its Offer of Proof be denied.

DATED this 26th day of May, 2015.

PISANELLI BICE PLLC

By: /s/ Todd L. Bice
James J. Pisanelli, Esq., #4027
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Attorneys for Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that I am an employee of PISANELLI BICE PLLC, and that on this
26th day of May, 2015, I caused to be served via the Court's E-Filing system, true and correct
copies of the above and foregoing PLAINTIFF STEVEN C. JACOBS' OPPOSITION TO
SANDS CHINA LTD.'S MOTION TO SEAL EXHIBITS TO ITS OFFER OF PROOF
properly addressed to the following:

J. Stephen Peek, Esq. Robert J. Cassity, Esq. **HOLLAND & HART** 9555 Hillwood Drive, Second Floor Las Vegas, NV 89134 speek@hollandhart.com reassity@hollandhart.com

Michael E. Lackey, Jr., Esq. MAYER BROWN LLP 1999 K Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20006 mlackey@mayerbrown.com

J. Randall Jones, Esq. Mark M. Jones, Esq. 15 KEMP, JONES & COULTHARD 3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 17th Floor 16 Las Vegas, NV 89169 jrj@kempjones.com 17 mmi@kempjones.com

> Steve Morris, Esq. Rosa Solis-Rainey, Esq. MORRIS LAW GROUP 900 Bank of America Plaza 300 South Fourth Street Las Vegas, NV 89101 sm@morrislawgroup.com rsr@morrislawgroup.com

> > /s/ Shannon Thomas
> > An employee of PISANELLI BICE PLLC

TRAN

DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

* * * * *

STEVEN JACOBS .

Plaintiff . CASE NO. A-627691

VS.

. DEPT. NO. XI

LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP., et al..

Defendants . Transcript of Proceedings

BEFORE THE HONORABLE ELIZABETH GONZALEZ, DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

HEARING ON PLAINTIFF'S MOTION FOR EXPEDITED DISCOVERY

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 10, 2015

APPEARANCES:

FOR THE PLAINTIFF: JAMES J. PISANELLI, ESQ.

TODD BICE, ESQ.

JORDAN T. SMITH, ESQ.

FOR THE DEFENDANTS: J. STEPHEN PEEK, ESQ.

JON RANDALL JONES, ESQ.
IAN P. McGINN, ESQ.
STEVE L. MORRIS, ESQ.

COURT RECORDER: TRANSCRIPTION BY:

PATRICIA SLATTERY FLORENCE HOYT

District Court Las Vegas, Nevada 89146

Proceedings recorded by audio-visual recording, transcript produced by transcription service.

LAS VEGAS, NEVADA, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 10, 2015, 1:02 P.M.

(Court was called to order)

THE COURT: Good afternoon. There's a new rule in Department 11. It's not applying to you because you're not a regular setting. It is the Steve Peek-Matt Dushoff Memorial Rule, and each argument will be limited to 10 minutes, unless you get a special setting at 8:00 a.m. There are these handy kitchen timers that will be used. And when the bell rings people will be asked to sit down. But it does not apply to today's argument, because you're a special setting.

MR. PEEK: Your Honor, it's interesting. I saw that Dan sent out that memo. But I don't know if you'd looked at the list. I was not on that list. So I assumed --

THE COURT: I asked him if he sent it to you, and he said no.

MR. PEEK: -- that the fact I was not on that list that it did not apply to me. But I did see that Mr. Morris was on the list. But I thought because --

THE COURT: And Matt Dushoff wasn't on it, either, and he called five minutes after it came out because one of his partners sent it to him. They already knew.

MR. PEEK: I knew it applied to me, but I just thought it was interesting that I was off of the list.

THE COURT: I asked Dan why he didn't send it to you.

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I thought it was because it didn't apply
 1
              MR. PEEK:
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    to me.
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              THE COURT: No. It's because he likes you better.
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              MR. PEEK:
                         Thank you, Dan.
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              THE COURT: Did you get it, Mr. Bice, Mr. Pisanelli?
                         I did. I did. And I have just one
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              MR. BICE:
 7
    concern, Your Honor, in that we'd checked -- I had -- Mr.
 8
    Smith had checked with your chambers. We didn't know that
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    that rule wasn't going to apply. I have a flight that I have
    to catch. We agreed to move this for Mr. Jones.
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              THE COURT: What time is your flight?
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              MR. BICE: My flight is at 3:30.
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              THE COURT: You're not going to miss it.
14
              MR. BICE:
                        Okay. Thank you.
              THE COURT:
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                         So I have two scheduling items.
    we've got a second motion to intervene. Is it okay with all
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    of you guys if I move it up to the same day as the other
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    motion to intervene?
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              MR. MORRIS: Your Honor, I would -- no, it isn't.
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              THE COURT:
                          Okay.
                           I negotiated with David Merrill for the
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              MR. MORRIS:
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    guardian whose motion you moved up --
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              THE COURT:
                          Yes.
              MR. MORRIS: -- to reschedule this because of
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   conflicts. And he's agreed to that, Mr. Bice has agreed to
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- it, the defendants have agreed to it, and we have a

 stipulation that everybody, except Mr. Merrill, has signed -
 I'm forwarding it to him for his signature -- that sets this

 -- sets the guardian motion, and I think we'll now have to
- THE COURT: What day is it set for, since you have the stipulation in your hand?
- 8 MR. MORRIS: It's set for July the 16th at 8:30. 9 And there's a briefing schedule that goes with it.
 - THE COURT: Okay. So the Campaign for Accountability's motion to intervene is moved to the oral calendar on July 16th at 8:30, which is after it was set on the chambers calendar.
- 14 THE CLERK: Yes, Your Honor.

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deal with --

- THE COURT: Okay. So, Dulce, if you could make sure that they get a copy of this, the people who filed the motion to intervene, Campaign for Accountability.
- 18 THE CLERK: Yes, Your Honor.
- THE COURT: I have decided after reading the
 briefing last night to move up Sands China Limited's motion to
 seal exhibits to its offer of proof from the chambers calendar
 Friday to today.
- MR. RANDALL JONES: Your Honor, I just heard that a moment ago, and --
- 25 THE COURT: You may not be able to answer my

questions, which mean you will then be having an opportunity for homework.

MR. RANDALL JONES: Yeah. I've just got done with my last argument in front of Judge Allf at about 12:40, so it's been a long morning. I actually had --

THE COURT: Is that why she was late for the judges meeting?

MR. RANDALL JONES: That is why she was late for the judges meeting. So in terms of all the things I've been trying to get prepared for, that was the -- this is the third motion I've today. We had another one --

THE COURT: It's okay. It's not going to be an issue.

MR. RANDALL JONES: Okay.

THE COURT: I know it's going to all work out.

MR. RANDALL JONES: All right. Very good.

THE COURT: All right. Anything else? So I'm going to move it up and we're going to talk about it, and then we'll talk about what that means.

Mr. Bice, you have a motion you want to bring?

MR. BICE: Yes, Your Honor. This is our motion to expedite the discovery process. We're seeking to expedite the time frame in which to respond to written discovery requests, as well as the time period in which to notice depositions.

Your Honor, the standard for such a motion is one of good

cause. We believe that there is more than ample good cause that exists in this case. So, contrary to the defendants' opposition that they have filed in here, this is not just a function purely of the trial date, although the trial date obviously is a significant issue for us; it is the sheer fact that we know from past experience with the defendants what we are going to encounter. We also know that we've got a number of witnesses, many of whom are older. We've already lost evidence in this case that we're never going to get back, and that is going to be a problem, and that's going to be subject of some other motion practice, obviously. But I don't think anybody can really quarrel with the fact that there is good cause in this case considering what has transpired to expedite the discovery process in this matter and streamline it so that we can get this case ready for trial.

The defendants' position is I think a bit of an absurdity. They are talking about due process. That's a bit, of course, ironic to Mr. Jacobs, considering that they have done everything within their power to make sure that Mr. Jacobs was denied due process for going on five years.

I would remind the Court while they're complaining about the fact that they didn't -- they want to engage in some discovery, of course, which they don't identify what that discovery would be, they are the ones who insisted that we should have to go through all of Mr. Jacobs's documents, even

though they had served no discovery requests and engaged in no jurisdictional discovery whatsoever, that we should have to go through those in a matter of two weeks and produce every single piece of paper from Mr. Jacobs that had been deposited with Advance Discovery to them and just do so in a two-week time frame. They had -- the Court ordered us to do that. And you'll notice they didn't talk about any unfairness in that process. And that was, of course -- had nothing to do with even relevancy. That was every piece of paper, except for documents that had to do with purely private matters for Mr. Jacobs, had to be produced to them so that they could review them all. We had to undertake that task. So to hear the defendants, who have -- and we had to hire additional people to do that. To hear the defendants, who have an army of lawyers, including the Mayer Brown firm and its army of lawyers, say that they can't be expected to respond to written discovery requests in 15 days and depositions on 10 days' notice obviously doesn't withstand the very arguments or the very position that they have taken with respect to us.

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That being said, Your Honor, again, the standard is purely one of good cause, is there good cause under the facts and circumstances of this case. It's well within the Court's discretion to expedite this process and to streamline it so that we can get this process moving. And I thank the Court, unless you have questions of me.

THE COURT: I don't. Thank you.

MR. BICE: Thank you.

THE COURT: Mr. Randall Jones.

MR. RANDALL JONES: Thank you, Your Honor. I would also like to -- because of the fact the there seem to be accelerating issues coming here with the trial date the Court has set for October 14th, so I want to give the Court a heads up. We are hoping to file by this afternoon a motion objecting to the setting of the trial date, and I wanted to at least alert the Court that's coming. So we do have a concern, as you already know, about the trial setting and the impact it's going to have certainly on our -- my clients and I believe the other defendants in this case.

But I do have to say that there is one thing that Mr. Bice and I do agree upon, and that is the standard that Court must apply in this case is good cause. We certainly do quarrel -- I think he said nobody can quarrel that there is good cause in this case. We not only quarrel, we think there is substantial evidence that there is not good cause in this case. Rather -- and I'm not surprised that Mr. Bice always comes in here and says all the terrible bad things that he claims that the defendants have done in this case. The fact of the matter is the case was stayed by the Supreme Court.

THE COURT: The case wasn't stayed. And that's the

whole issue that I have with you guys. The case was never stayed.

MR. RANDALL JONES: Well, it --

THE COURT: All issues except for jurisdictional discovery was stayed. So the case was never stayed, Mr. Jones. And that's why I have the concerns related to 41(e).

MR. RANDALL JONES: I understand your comments, Your Honor. Quoting from the order itself, "We direct that the District Court shall stay the underlying action, except for matters related to the determination of personal jurisdiction until a decision has been entered."

THE COURT: You understand "except for" means it's not stayed. It's not like in CityCenter where they issued an order and they stayed everything. They know how to stay a case. They didn't.

MR. RANDALL JONES: Well, actually, they did. But they said there are certain parts that still can go forward.

THE COURT: "Except for."

MR. RANDALL JONES: That's right. The problem with that is, then, Judge, and this is -- this is where our due process rights are impacted -- is merits was stayed. So -- except the problem is merits wasn't stayed for the plaintiff. And we know that for a fact. That is unequivocal, because the Court has actually said that, essentially, at the evidentiary hearing and allowed a substantial amount of merits discovery

to be done on the defendants, including testimony, days of testimony where, as you know, I probably made more objections during that process, by agreement, we had the --

THE COURT: I think you made more objections during that process than you have in your career as a lawyer. But I understood why you had to do it. I understand.

MR. RANDALL JONES: Right. And I think you're right. I wouldn't necessarily disagree with that. I try to limit my objections where I can, and in that case, because of the issue of the merits that were being discussed, I had to make my objections. So the point being is there was a substantial amount of merits discovery. And in fact we found at the last hearing we were at where Mr. Bice invoked testimony during the evidentiary hearing to support his arguments that go directly to the merits with respect to the -- my motion to dismiss. So they are -- in spite of your footnote that says, oh, that's limited to that hearing --

THE COURT: I said the decision was limited to the hearing, not the testimony under oath by the witnesses.

There's a different rule for testimony, and you know that.

MR. RANDALL JONES: Okay. Well, so then I -- well, and excuse my lack of clarity --

THE COURT: We know you can use testimony of a witness from any proceeding to impeach them or use it for any other purpose.

MR. RANDALL JONES: Certainly -- that's certainly my understanding of the rule. And that was my concern about --

THE COURT: The findings I made in my order can't be used by any of you for any purpose except for the response to the writ.

MR. RANDALL JONES: So the problem with that is,
Your Honor, as you just articulated, is that it can be used
for all kinds of other purposes, which was stayed -- in fact,
for merits purposes, which was stayed by the Supreme Court,
and now we've actually seen concrete examples of them actually
doing that.

So here's the point. They have been allowed to do merits discovery. They've been allowed to do a substantial amount of discovery that clearly goes to the merits, which they used to their great advantage during the evidentiary hearing. None of the defendants have in allowed to do any merits discovery, and now they want to take the normal discovery process and dramatically compress it. And that is adding, from our perspective, insult to injury in terms of our ability to go forward and prepare our case for a trial.

We have to be able to have the opportunity to defend ourselves. And think about it, Judge. Mr. Bice lamented the fact that they had to produce these I think it was 209,000 pages, something like that, it was a lot of documents, in two weeks. First of all, you ordered them to do that. We

certainly didn't object to that, because they had never essentially produced anything up to that point in time. But here's the difference. There's a big difference here of what he says was this terrible onerous project they had to deal with. We've had to produce substantially -- go through and produce a substantially greater volume of documents in a shorter period of time with great expense and not without additional problems because of the time frame we were forced to do it in.

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But here's the other issue. Those are documents that they produced. His analogy is completely inappropriate for the circumstances. Those 209,000 documents or pages they produced they had in their possession. Those documents they'd had in their possession for -- well, when I say in their possession, they had had access to those documents for at that point months, and they had only to essentially produce them to us to go through them -- they didn't have to -- they didn't prepare a privilege log, they didn't put any confidentiality, because they were my client's stolen documents. whole different order of magnitude of saying, all right, now we're going to give you brand-new requests to produce, go out there, search the documents, look everywhere you have to look to find them, once you find them then you're going to have to go through them and analyze them for privilege, then you have to create a privilege log and then you're going to look at

confidentiality, because we have a confidentiality order here, and designate which ones are confidential and which ones are highly confidential, and that's all before you get an opportunity to look at those documents and see what documents are significant or potentially important to issues in this case so that you can then sit down with the potential witnesses and prepare your witnesses for deposition. And they want to do that on half the time -- normal time in some cases and even less in others with respect to the discovery. mention the fact that my client is in Macau and there's a 15-hour time difference. And for me to able to even talk to my client is extremely logistically difficult, not to mention the fact that before their deposition I would like to opportunity to probably sit down with them in person and meet with them. So all of these things make it virtually impossible for us to try to comply with this motion, let alone trying to even comply with the normal rules in a normal circumstance.

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So that brings me, if you will, to this good cause argument. They cite one case.

Before I get there, Judge, I want to talk about the rule. 16.1 says we need to sit down and actually try to have a discussion, as you know, about the discovery plan and come up with a plan. They never talked to us about this; they came right to you. And I understand their argument, well, we don't

have time. The trial date's been set, five year rule applies,
which we believe is completely incorrect, but --

THE COURT: I had briefing on that issue before you were even in the case.

MR. RANDALL JONES: On the five year rule?

THE COURT: Uh-huh. Parties decided not to file the briefs after talking among themselves when I asked for it.

MR. RANDALL JONES: That doesn't do away with the fact that the five year rule -- I understand what you've said, Judge. I'm just telling you from my perspective what I believe the caselaw holds and Rule 41(e) says, it is tolled during this time period.

THE COURT: I disagree with your analysis. I asked for briefing on that issue I'm going to say two years ago at the time the issue also became a problem in Granite Gaming and CityCenter, and I made all three cases deal with it from a briefing standpoint. The parties in this case consulted and decided they weren't going to even brief the issue because it clearly was not going to -- the rule wouldn't have been tolled. So --

MR. RANDALL JONES: Well, that I would --

THE COURT: That's before you got hired.

 $$\operatorname{MR}.$$ RANDALL JONES: And there's statements on the record to the effect that the defendants --

THE COURT: I don't remember what statements were

made.

MR. RANDALL JONES: Because that certainly is news to me. If there is any evidence that any of the defendants' counsel ever said on the record that the Rule 41(e) had clearly not been tolled, I don't -- I've never heard that before, and I certainly --

THE COURT: I was dealing with it with Granite

Gaming, CityCenter, and your case all at the same time because
a decision had come down from the Nevada Supreme Court in an
unpublished format that gives me grave concern related to what
Rule 41(e) means. And as a result of that I have been very
paranoid because of what the Nevada Supreme Court said in an
unpublished decision the obligations of the District Court
judges are.

MR. RANDALL JONES: And, Your Honor, I hear what you're saying. My point is simply that certainly I've never said, and to my knowledge nothing has been said by Sands China, on the record by their counsel or in any papers to this Court to the effect that the five year rule has not been tolled. There has certainly been discussion in my presence where that issue's come up, and I believe that the comments that I've made are to the effect that we don't -- we are not arguing that it has not been tolled, but we weren't -- we had not signed a stipulation back at some period in the past when that issue came up. But it was a moot point, because Mr. Bice

said he wouldn't sign a stipulation in any circumstance.

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Which gets to my next point. The Semitool case that is the only case they've cited in support of their argument, other than the rule itself that says you can -- in certain limited circumstances you can expedite discovery, that case is not applicable in any way, shape, or form to the facts of this case. In that case you're talking about limited discovery on a very limited issue for an exigent circumstance that doesn't exist in this situation. It does not allow for the wholesale essentially disregard of Rule 33, Rule 30, or Rule 26 with respect to the time frames that the parties should be allowed to do discovery. And even in the Semitool case the court said, this is not the norm and this is not certainly to be considered to be applying in every case -- it involved I think it was an intellectual property case or something or maybe it was an injunction. Those are certain limited circumstances. I've been in those, where for a very limited purpose on a very limited issue the court has said, we're going to have some expedited discovery. This is wholesale. They want to do everything. And that is going to be severely prejudicial to my client.

Which brings me to my last point, good cause. This is a cause that they're using of their own creation. And they saw our opposition, so now they're trying to say, well, there's other reasons here, it's not just the trial date.

Well, let's just talk about the trial date just for one moment. They could clearly resolve that issue by simply saying, we stipulate that the five year rule is tolled or stipulating to go beyond the five year rule if it's not tolled. If it is tolled, then there is no exigent circumstances based upon the trial date.

The other issue about we know we'll get a counter from the defendants. Your Honor, without belaboring the point, my client has -- and other -- the other defendants in this case have used the writ process as they believe they were entitled to do so. And if he's arguing -- if his sort of cryptic argument is that we've delayed this case because we took writs up, then supporting your client's rights on materially [sic] and critical issues in the case is certainly a legitimate basis where there has been delay. And in fact, as you know, we have prevailed on all of those writs, other than I would say one where it was sort of an equivocal response. So to say -- their certainly not frivolous writs. They were well taken, and in fact, as I said, we prevailed on most of those writs. So that delay was a delay based upon an assertion of a legitimate right by Sands China.

The final point, the witnesses are getting older.

That is certainly not good cause to throw out all the rules on discovery and the wholesale ignoring of the normal discovery process and the normal discovery time frames.

So, Your Honor, with that said, I don't believe they 1 2 have sustained their burden of showing good cause in this 3 particular circumstance. And I think --4 THE COURT: Do either of you want to add anything, 5 since you filed a consolidated opposition --6 MR. MORRIS: Say it again. 7 THE COURT: -- briefly? You filed a consolidated 8 opposition. So briefly, Mr. Morris. 9 MR. MORRIS: Yes, I do. I'll observe the 10 minute 10 rule. 11 THE COURT: Okay. Or I'll set the timer. 12 going to practice on you, then. 13 MR. MORRIS: But I do respond to bell ringing. 14 THE COURT: Let's see how it goes. 15 MR. MORRIS: So do we get it at the start and the 16 finish? 17 THE COURT: Go. 18 MR. MORRIS: Bell to bell? Okay. Here I am. 19 Your Honor, I don't want to repeat what Mr. Jones 20 has said to you, but I do -- and I understood what you said a moment ago about the unpublished decision you're concerned 21 22 I make this observation. I'm not saying it's 23 authoritative. I've heard that remark from you before. Ι 24 heard it the last time we were here and a time before. 25 looked at 35 unpublished decisions --

THE COURT: It's called Maduka. 1 2 MR. MORRIS: Okay. Mezuka. 3 THE COURT: Maduka, with a D. MR. MORRIS: Maduka. Well, can -- if you'll spell 4 it for me, I'll confirm --5 6 THE COURT: M-A-D-U-K-A. It's a doctor. I don't 7 remember the name of the other party. 8 MR. PEEK: Do you remember when, Your Honor? 9 THE COURT: No. I have it under my desk, though. That's where I keep it, in the box of other crap that I have 10 to occasionally talk to new judges about. 11 12 MR. MORRIS: That decision and the other 34 that I 13 looked at did not address the case I believe you should consider and which I believe makes binding this remark that 14 we've set out in our motion papers here, our consolidated 15 opposition. It's found on page 3. We've all looked at 16 before, but I want to make a record for this in direct 17 18 response to what you said a moment ago about the uncertainty that was introduced by that case, by that Mezuka case. 19 THE COURT: Maduka, with a D. 20 Okay, Maduka. I like Zs, though. 21 MR. MORRIS: 22 sounds like [unintelligible] bazooka. In any event, this is 23 what the Supreme Court said. "We direct that the District Court shall stay the underlying action -- " action, underlying 24 action; that's this one --25

THE COURT: Comma, "except..."

MR. MORRIS: -- comma, "except for matters relating to a determination of personal jurisdiction until a decision has been entered." Now, let's consider that.

THE COURT: Wait. But wait. Remember in CityCenter what they did was they stopped after "action" and put a period there. And I still couldn't get an agreement in the CityCenter case as to when the tolling had actually occurred in that case.

MR. MORRIS: I was still in that case at that time.

THE COURT: So what I'm trying to say, it's a -yes, you were still in CityCenter when that stay issue came
down that stayed all of the consolidated and coordinated
actions that I had. So I certainly understand this argument
you're making. My concern relates to the comma "except" and
the following language. And I understand your argument
completely.

MR. MORRIS: Okay. I don't believe the order in the CityCenter case means that this order means something other than what it says in light of what none of these unpublished addressed and which you haven't yet, either, and that is the <u>Boren</u> case, <u>Boren versus City of North Las Vegas</u>, 638 P.2d 404. This is what the Supreme Court said with respect to 41(e) and the stay that it imposes. "For any period --" I'm quoting now "-- any period during which the

parties are prevented from bringing an action to trial by reason of the a stay order shall not be computed in determining the five-year period of Rule 41(e)." I don't think we can -- we can certainly differ on what we think 41(e) means, but I don't believe that we should differ on the point that this August 26 order, 2011, stayed the underlying action, "except for matters relating to determination of personal jurisdiction until a decision has been entered." And if you look at the Boren case, what that means is this is an order that has prevented the Court and the parties from bringing this action to trial. And that's what we're here concerned with. We're going to break our picks and our backs, too, including the plaintiff's, trying to get this case to trial and prepare for it in October, and we just -- we are not going to have either the time or the manpower if we associate a dozen other law firms --

THE COURT: I understand.

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MR. MORRIS: -- to do this. And that is responsive to the arguments Mr. Bice made to you and makes to you over and over again about how we know how obstructive and difficult the defendants are going to be with discovery and we're going to have motion practice, we're going to have time taken, we're going to be in court over and over and over. So that provides what, good cause to shorten the time even more than we have? Your Honor, this is a substantial and serious issue. This is

not, I don't believe, a question of what the Supreme Court may have meant in the Maduka case when it put a period behind "action." We are going to be unable. I'm telling you that in advance, and I've said it in these papers.

THE COURT: I understand, Mr. Morris.

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MR. MORRIS: And we need a break on this. We need you to consider what the Supreme Court has said. unpublished decisions don't overrule Boren. We need you to consider Boren in light of the language of that August 26th, 2011, order. And as we will come back and argue again shortly, as Mr. Jones said, we're filing objections and a motion to reschedule the trial date based on, among other things, arguments that are being made here this morning. We'll address this issue again. And if you put VML in this case, this is an altogether new defendant -- put Mr. Adelson aside for a moment, who only came back into this late and who has not had the opportunity to participate in any of the discovery which in your order and decision of May 28th describe as information that is intertwined with the merits. We haven't had an opportunity -- he hasn't had an opportunity to participate in that and conduct discovery. And you know from the hearing you conducted and from the arguments that have been made that the target in this case is, if it can be identified by a name, is Sheldon Gary Adelson. He deserves -and if you put VML in this case, which is not even represented in this case now, you can't reasonably expect this case to go to trial and to accomplish all the pretrial proceedings that are necessary and that are going to involve you and decision making in the course of that preparation and be ready to try this case involving international issues and witnesses in My word. We're talking about discovery under your October. current trial order that's only going to run two months. And Mr. Bice is here to tell you that, I want to cut that in half. I'm telling you that is unreasonable. It isn't, as he says what everyone would agree to, good cause to shorten the period of time. And I'm telling you that if this goes ahead on the basis that you have now scheduled, we will not only be severely prejudiced, but -- let's have a snicker from the plaintiff's side -- we'll be deprived of due process, which includes an adequate and reasonable opportunity to prepare your case for trial on the merits and in this to defend against a variety of claims on the merits with respect to which we have been absolutely prohibited from conducting discovery.

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Your Honor, this is not -- this is not an example, this is not an example by textbook or by anecdote of a motion that asks you to reconsider an order that you made in the face of law that says you do not have to make it under the circumstances that we have outlined here to give us, and if you put additional parties in this case, them a reasonable

opportunity to prepare for a defense on the merits, on the merits of the case as it will be developed. Not as it's being proclaimed and described in the newspapers, but on the merits of the facts that will outline and explain the relationship, the human relationships between the parties in this case and the entities that they worked for and served, which has yet to be addressed and for which we have yet to have the opportunity to prepare a defense on the merits. Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you, Mr. Morris.

Mr. Peek, did you want to say anything else?

MR. PEEK: I wanted to add a few brief remarks, Your

Honor.

THE COURT: Okay. Very briefly.

MR. PEEK: Thank you.

THE COURT: How long did he go?

You had 22 seconds left, Mr. Morris.

17 MR. MORRIS: I want you to maintain the Peek Rule.

MR. PEEK: Your Honor, I want to actually address two topics primarily, the one topic of when it was we were before you with respect to the five year rule. I remember standing in front of you, and I believe that my two colleagues here -- Mr. Morris may not have been here, but I know Mr. Jones was here -- you asked the question as to whether or not we thought the five year rule applied. I stood up and said I

did, I believed that the five year rule applied and it was

tolled by virtue of the Supreme Court's stay. I stood up and said that.

THE COURT: I had asked the question a prior time, though, and I asked for briefing on it. About a year before that.

MR. PEEK: I understand what you're saying, Your Honor. And certainly it did not get briefed. But I do recall at least eight, nine months ago, or even longer, when I stood up before you and said that I believed that the five year rule had been tolled.

THE COURT: I remember that occasion.

MR. PEEK: So I'll leave that -- I'll leave that where it is, Your Honor, because we -- certainly had the plaintiff wanted to brief it at that time, but they didn't want to. They wanted to put us into this kind of position where we are here today. So when they say this is a matter of our own making, it is a matter of their making. It is a matter of their making with the overly aggressive positions that they have taken in this case that have led to reversals by the Supreme Court of overly aggressive actions on their part. And they now say to you, Your Honor, we know what this defendant is like, we know that the defendant likes to protect its rights, we know that the defendant will object to certain matters with respect to the discovery, we know that because we've dealt with it before. Yes, we have dealt with it

before, and we have reversed them at least on two occasions, which have led to additional stays of proceedings.

So when they say it's a matter of our own making, it is a matter of their making. It's a matter of their overly aggressive tactics to now come before — to have come before you in the motion for jurisdictional discovery and have argued to you that these facts are intertwined and to develop facts that I cannot — that I was not allowed to develop. And I made many objections, and the Court recognized those objections, that these were matters that were going to the merits and that Las Vegas Sands was not allowed to address those issues because the fight on jurisdictional discovery was not with me, was not with Las Vegas Sands, nor was it with Sheldon Adelson. It was between Sands China Limited and Jacobs. So I didn't have the opportunity to develop any so-called intertwining of merits.

So we're now told that because Las Vegas Sands and the defendants want to protect their rights that those rights ought to be ignored and that we should shorten everything so that we can address those rights that we know Las Vegas Sands is going to strive to protect. That is a denial of due process. I don't know what the universe of documents is, Your Honor, but I do know, as Mr. Morris and Mr. Jones both said, no army of lawyers can collect, process, review, and produce those documents on 15 days' notice or have depositions and

adequately prepare our clients for depositions; because it is really the three trial lawyers who have to get prepared for the trial, not this so-called army of lawyers. Thank you.

THE COURT: Thank you.

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Mr. Bice, anything else?

MR. BICE: Your Honor, I love the argument that they have not been allowed to do discovery and that this is a product of our own making. I would direct the Court to the brief that they filed with the Nevada Supreme Court on March 28 of 2014, when I tried to get the stay lifted to make this point. I made this point about the need to get discovery to preserve evidence. That was over a year ago. I'd ask the Court to remember what Mr. Morris, Mr. Peek, and Mr. Jones all told the Nevada Supreme Court. They wanted that stay to remain in place. That was their position. They opposed me lifting the stay. They opposed getting discovery done. love this argument, they're the victims over here, they're the victims of having known the jurisdictional facts but misrepresenting to the Nevada Supreme Court to get that stay in the first place, they're the victims here of concealing evidence from us for how many years and deceiving the Court about where that evidence was at for how many years, at least two, they're the victims of I don't know what regarding this, well, these witnesses testified and now we're stuck with the facts. Apparently they're the victims of the truth, because I

guess to understand their argument is these witnesses were going to somehow testify different had they been allowed to get some additional facts. That's really what they're arguing, we would have had these witnesses give a different version of the facts? That is really rather incredible.

The question, Your Honor, is simply a simple one.

The Court has -- this is within the Court's discretion. I'm not trying to shorten the time frame for discovery at all.

I'm trying to streamline it so that the discovery can be done.

That rule is going to apply to us, too. They're telling you, oh, they want to do all this discovery. Of course, they don't identify what that would be. All the documents are in their possession, and we gave them at their own insistence everything in two weeks. We had to do that. They have plenty of time and they have plenty of personnel.

And let me address this five year rule issue, because I remember it so vividly because I did file a brief in the Granite matter, as the Court will recall. And there were three cases, and I was involved in two of them, Granite and this one. And you know why they didn't file a brief? Because they were being coy about it. It wasn't that we -- it wasn't that we didn't want that issue resolved a long time ago. We tried to get it resolved, and they wouldn't commit one way or the other. Now this has boomeranged around on them, and so now they're suddenly, well, we've obtained the advantage of

delay. And so their brief says it all. They want to delay this case for three more years. Maybe some more witnesses will die, maybe some more evidence will get lost, maybe we can deprive Mr. Jacobs of his day in court because the facts are so bad for us, as Mr. Leven and others admitted. That's what this is really about. It's about cheating my client because they have the money and they want to just grind this guy to the death. And then as soon as they get past the five year rule they'll have a new story. They'll come back to this coyness, well, you know, it really wasn't tolled, it really wasn't, and that's just too bad, now Mr. Jacobs is out of court.

My client is not obligated to live at the whim of the billionaires and all the money that they've got to try and grind this case to a halt. We've proposed a reasonable schedule. It is a reasonable schedule. They can accommodate it just like we have to accommodate it.

THE COURT: Thank you.

The motion is denied as premature.

I have some homework requirements for the parties. First, is anyone going to send my decision to the Nevada Supreme Court on the writ, or should I send it? I've had it done both ways. I'm happy to send it by letter form, Dear Nevada Supreme Court, here's my decision, love and kisses, Judge Gonzalez, copies to all of you.

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MR. RANDALL JONES: Decision on the evidentiary
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   hearing, Your Honor?
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              MR. PEEK: You don't mean by writ, you mean just
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   notify them?
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              THE COURT: I'm not going to do a writ. I don't
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    have authority to issue a writ to the Nevada Supreme Court.
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              MR. PEEK: No, no, no. I was asking the question,
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    Your Honor.
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              THE COURT: I was going to send a letter, because I
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    don't make filings in the Nevada Supreme Court, since I'm not
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    a party, saying, here's the decision I entered pursuant to
    your writ you issued. Or are you guys going to do it?
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    Because I've had parties do it both ways in different kinds of
    cases. What do you prefer?
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              MR. BICE: It's a writ directed to the Court.
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    think the Court should send it.
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              THE COURT: I'll send it. Okay. I'll copy you all.
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              Second item --
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              And, Mr. Bice, you can leave whenever you need to,
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    because these are all housekeeping issues.
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              MR. BICE:
                         All right.
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              THE COURT: When do you get back?
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              MR. BICE:
                         I'll be back tomorrow night late.
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              THE COURT: So here's my suggestion. I need to talk
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   to you guys about a discovery schedule which may end up with
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me giving you some expedited dates. I would like to do that, 1 2 if everybody's available, sometime on Friday. If you're not 3 available, then I'll talk to you about doing it a different 4 day. But the reason I want to try and do it on Friday is I 5 don't want to let this linger too long, and I also want to make sure that we've handled other issues that weren't 6 7 addressed in the motion that I also think are important. 8 MR. RANDALL JONES: And what matters on Friday, Your 9 Honor? THE COURT: I would call it a Rule 16 conference in 10 11 most every case except this one. I won't call it that in this case, because I called it that four and a half years ago in 12 13 this case when I had a Rule 16 conference. MR. BICE: That's already happened in this case. 14 15 THE COURT: Yeah, I know. But --We already had a trial date in this case. 16 MR. BICE: 17 THE COURT: -- then some stuff got screwed up. So I 18 want to see if I can get you back on track real quick. 19 MR. PISANELLI: Is that what you meant, by the way, 20 Your Honor, when you just said the motion is premature, that you want to talk about this first? 21 THE COURT: Yes, it is, Mr. Pisanelli. 22 23 MR. PISANELLI: Making sure I'm just keeping up.

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Friday?

MR. PEEK: So you want to have a conference on

THE COURT: I'm asking if you're available. 1 2 you're not available -- because I want Mr. Bice to make his 3 flight. If you're not available to do it on Friday, then I 4 can talk to you about doing it a morning the week after early, 5 because I'm in two criminal trials next week. MR. RANDALL JONES: In the morning I've got an 6 7 8:00 o'clock hearing actually -- I'm going to have to be on 8 the phone. It's back in Massachusetts. But I'm supposed to 9 be on the phone at 8:00 o'clock. I don't know that that's going to take very long, but I probably couldn't get here 10 before 9:00 o'clock. 11 12 THE COURT: Want to do something at 10:30 or 11:00? 13 MR. MORRIS: On what day?

MR. PEEK: Friday.

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THE COURT: Friday.

MR. PEEK: Friday, the 12th.

MR. PISANELLI: Your Honor, does it make sense to you to call it -- I mean, it's just a label -- if you want to call this a supplemental Rule 16 conference --

THE COURT: I could call it that.

MR. PISANELLI: -- so that the new parties don't complain that they didn't get to participate?

THE COURT: I could call it that. I might call it that.

MR. BICE: They were all in this case at the time.

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THE COURT: First I've got to get a date.
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              MR. PEEK:
                         I'm available, Your Honor, on Friday.
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              THE COURT: Mr. Morris?
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              MR. MORRIS: I don't want to call it a supplemental
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    conference, because I don't know what conference it's
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    supplementing.
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              THE COURT: It's supplementing the Rule 16
 8
    conference I did four years ago.
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              MR. BICE: I believe Mr. Adelson --
              MR. MORRIS: To which I was not -- to which I was
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11
   not a party.
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              THE COURT: Mr. Adelson was a party at the time.
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              MR. BICE: Yes. I believe that's right.
              THE COURT: Or he was at the time the order was
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    issued. He may not have been at the time the hearing was
    actually conducted.
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              MR. MORRIS: Did the order -- was the order actually
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    issued?
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              THE COURT: The Rule 16? Oh, absolutely.
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              MR. MORRIS: Okay. So what time on Friday?
              THE COURT:
                          10:30?
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              MR. MORRIS: Okay. I want to ask -- can I ask you
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    one other question?
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              THE COURT: As many as you want.
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             MR. MORRIS: A moment ago when Mr. Bice concluded
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his latest hysterical argument you said, I'm denying the motion without prejudice?

THE COURT: That is correct. That means, as Mr. Pisanelli so accurately pointed out, I'm going to have a discussion with all of you as to how we will mention to get discovery done and what things we can use from the intertwined jurisdictional discovery that overlapped onto merits issues and what really still needs to be done so I can get an idea as to how many tracks of depositions you need and what is humanly possible to accomplish. I mean, that's really basically the discussion I want to have with you. And then I have some other issues that I want to talk to you about, production issues. The same kind of things I usually talk to people about and I did talk to people about when Ms. Glaser was still into case.

MR. MORRIS: We have some other -- you've been told, and there'll be some other motion practice on these issues?

THE COURT: If I get that motion today, I could set it for Friday, too, if you want. But I've got to get the motion today so I can sign the OST to set it for Friday.

So, Mr. Bice, you can leave anytime. I don't want you missing your flight.

MR. BICE: I understand, Your Honor. I appreciate that.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. MORRIS: What about the addition -- you're going to have a scheduling conference, and you've got a motion pending to file an amended complaint to add a party?

THE COURT: I have scheduling conferences all the time before I have amended pleadings.

MR. MORRIS: I appreciate that. But I don't think you have scheduling conferences all the time when you're on the cusp of amending pleadings and adding additional parties who will not be at the scheduling conference.

THE COURT: What I always say to everyone who's involved is if a new party is added we typically have to adjust the schedule. Your case is slightly different given what I perceive to be the issues related to Rule 41(e). And while I understand you disagree, that is a concern for me in adding anything else to this case.

MR. MORRIS: We'll be here at 10:30. But I will say that in coming to -- at least I'm speaking for myself. We will be offering -- at the same time we may be discussing with you dates we'll be offering objections.

THE COURT: And other options, maybe.

MR. MORRIS: And other options --

THE COURT: Other options are always good.

MR. MORRIS: -- such as reconsidering your order to schedule this trial for October the 14th.

THE COURT: Okay. So let me go to the last item on

1 my agenda. And this, Mr. Jones, will require homework from 2 you.

MR. PEEK: So, Your Honor, we're not calling this anything other than a conference with the Court?

THE COURT: How about we call it a supplemental Rule 16 conference. And then if you want to argue about what it supplements, we can argue about it. But you know I had a Rule 16 conference with you --

MR. PEEK: I do, Your Honor. I was here. I do.

THE COURT: -- when Ms. Glaser was in the case. And it may not --

MR. PEEK: And somebody was on the -- somebody was also on the -- by video conference.

THE COURT: I had Ms. Salt, who was on video conference from Macau.

MR. PEEK: And Mr. -- Ms. Salt and Mr. Fleming.

THE COURT: It was Ms. Salt.

MR. PEEK: Ms. Salt was present.

THE COURT: All right. So if I could now go to the other issue, which is the one I advanced for today because when I was reading it last night I had concerns. So let me tell you what my concerns are.

You will remember, Mr. Jones, that during the evidentiary hearing you had an offer of proof that you filed in open court. That offer of proof was 22 pages. Dulce took

it, she initialled it, it got filed in open court.

You then said something about a bunch of exhibits which I think you titled an appendix, and I told you I wasn't going to look at them because I precluded you from giving them to me under the sanctions order.

What appears to have happened, and Laura and I and Dan and Dulce have researched this quite a bit today, is that somebody from your office then efiled a thousand-and-some pages of documents as an appendix, which on its own is perfectly fine, and at the same time submitted a motion to seal those documents.

Because a motion to seal has to be filed over the counter with the Clerk's Office in order for it to become effective, the appendix is not currently sealed. I bring that to your attention because the motion I advanced to today was a motion to seal the exhibits, which I don't think anybody in the Clerk's Office when they read it had thought had anything to do with the appendix that you electronically filed.

So here's my request to you. And we may want to talk about it on Friday when you come back after you've had a chance to research it. The appendix is not currently sealed. If there is anything in particular in that 1,087 or so pages of documents that you really want sealed, if you would let me know, I will look at it and then make a determination as to whether I think it should be sealed. But right now none of

it's sealed because of how it got filed. MR. RANDALL JONES: Thank you, Your Honor. I will look at that immediately and get back to the Court immediately. THE COURT: Okay. But I wanted to bring that to your attention, because when I came back from my person issues yesterday and started trying to figure it out I became frustrated, and then I made Dulce and Laura and Dan frustrated, and then we figured it out. Dulce had to go to her handwritten notes. So anything else? See you Friday at 10:30. Have a nice flight. Oh. He's already left. Have a nice day. Sorry your day with Judge Allf was so long. THE PROCEEDINGS CONCLUDED AT 1:50 A.M.

CERTIFICATION

I CERTIFY THAT THE FOREGOING IS A CORRECT TRANSCRIPT FROM THE AUDIO-VISUAL RECORDING OF THE PROCEEDINGS IN THE ABOVE-ENTITLED MATTER.

AFFIRMATION

I AFFIRM THAT THIS TRANSCRIPT DOES NOT CONTAIN THE SOCIAL SECURITY OR TAX IDENTIFICATION NUMBER OF ANY PERSON OR ENTITY.

FLORENCE HOYT Las Vegas, Nevada 89146

FLORENCE M. HOYT, TRANSCRIBER

ACOM James J. Pisanelli, Esq., Bar No. 4027 **CLERK OF THE COURT** JJP@pisanellibice.com Todd L. Bice, Esq., Bar No. 4534 TLB@pisanellibice.com Debra L. Spinelli, Esq., Bar No. 9695 DLS@pisanellibice.com Jordan T. Smith, Esq., Bar No. 12097 4 JTS@pisanellibice.com PISANELLI BICE PLLC 400 South 7th Street, Third Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 6 Telephone: (702) 214-2100 7 Facsimile: (702) 214-2101 8 Attorneys for Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs 9 **DISTRICT COURT** 10 **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** STEVEN C. JACOBS, A-10-627691 11 Case No.: Dept. No.: XIPlaintiff, 12 V. 13 LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP., a Nevada FOURTH AMENDED COMPLAINT 14 corporation; SANDS CHINA LTD., a Cayman Islands corporation; SHELDON ADELSON, an individual; DOES I through X; 15 and ROE CORPORATIONS I through X, 16 Defendants. 17 18 AND RELATED CLAIMS 19

Plaintiff, for his causes of action against Defendants, alleges and avers as follows:

PARTIES

- 1. Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs ("Jacobs") is a Florida resident who also maintains a residence in Georgia.
- 2. Defendant Las Vegas Sands Corp. ("LVSC") is a publicly-traded Nevada corporation with its principal place of business in Clark County, Nevada. More than 50% of the voting power in LVSC is controlled, directly or indirectly, by its Chairman and CEO, Sheldon G. Adelson ("Adelson").

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- 3. Defendant Sands China Ltd. ("Sands China") is a Cayman Islands corporation and is 70% owned by LVSC. Sands China is publicly traded on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. While Sands China publicly holds itself out as being headquartered in Macau, its true headquarters are in Las Vegas, where all principle decisions are made and direction is given by executives acting for Sands China.
- 4. Defendant Adelson is a Nevada resident who directs and operates his gaming enterprise from Las Vegas, Nevada.
- 5. The true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, partnership, associate or otherwise of Defendants named herein as DOES I through X, inclusive, and ROE CORPORATIONS I through X, inclusive, and each of them are unknown to Plaintiff at this time, and he therefore sues said Defendants and each of them by such fictitious names. Plaintiff will advise this Court and seek leave to amend this Complaint when the names and capacities of each such Defendants have been ascertained. Plaintiff alleges that each said Defendant herein designated as a DOE or ROE is responsible in some manner for the events and happenings herein referred to as hereinafter alleged.
- 6. Each Defendant is the agent of the other Defendants such that each Defendant is fully liable and responsible for all the acts and omissions of all of the other Defendants as set forth herein.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 7. The Court has personal jurisdiction over the Defendants and the claims set forth herein pursuant to NRS 14.065 on grounds that such jurisdiction is not inconsistent with the Nevada Constitution or United States Constitution.
- 8. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to NRS 13.010 *et seq*. because the material events giving rise to the claims asserted herein occurred in Clark County, Nevada.

COMMON ALLEGATIONS

LVSC's Dysfunction and Infighting

- 9. LVSC and its subsidiaries develop and operate large integrated resorts worldwide. The company owns and operates properties in Las Vegas, Nevada, Macau (a Special Administrative Region of China), Singapore, and Bethlehem, Pennsylvania.
- 10. The company's Las Vegas properties consist of The Palazzo Resort Hotel Casino, The Venetian Resort Hotel Casino, and the Sands Expo and Convention Center.
- 11. Macau, which is located on the South China Sea approximately 37 miles southwest of Hong Kong, was a Portuguese colony for over 400 years, and is the largest and fastest growing gaming market in the world. LVSC opened the Sands Macau, the first Las Vegas-style casino in Macau. Thereafter, LVSC opened the Venetian Macau and the Four Seasons Macau on the Cotai Strip section of Macau where the company has resumed development of additional casino-resort properties.
- 12. Beginning in or about 2008, LVSC's business was in a financial freefall, with its own auditors subsequently issuing a going concern warning to the public. LVSC's problems due to the economic decline were exacerbated when the Chinese government imposed visa restrictions limiting the number of permitted visits by Chinese nationals to Macau. Because Chinese nationals make up more than half the patrons of Macau casinos, China's policy significantly reduced the number of visitors to Macau from mainland China, which adversely impacted tourism and the gaming industry in Macau. LVSC insiders viewed these visa restrictions as a message from the Chinese Central Communist government's displeasure over a number of activities by LVSC and its Chairman, Adelson.
- 13. Indeed, LVSC's Board members and senior executives internally expressed concern over Adelson's oftentimes erratic behavior, but failed to inform shareholders or take corrective action. Adelson's behavior had become so corrosive that some government officials in Macau, one of LVSC's principal markets, were no longer willing to even meet with Adelson. On a fact-finding tour of Asia by select LVSC Board members and senior executives where they met to discuss LVSC's declining fortunes with Asian business leaders and government officials a common theme

was that Adelson had burned many bridges in Macau and specific reference was made to an often-discussed confrontation between Macau's then-Chief Executive, Edmund Ho, and Adelson. Indeed, in the fact-finding tour's meeting with Chief Executive Ho, he informed the LVSC executives of his views that while Adelson had done much to improve Macau's economic fortunes, the time had come for him to spend more time with his family and leave the company's operations to others. Translated into blunt businessman's terms: Adelson needed to retire.

- 14. Adelson's behavior did not just alienate outsiders, it effectively paralyzed the management's ability to respond to the financial calamity. LVSC faced increased cash flow needs, which, in turn, threatened to trigger a breach of the company's maximum leverage ratio covenant in its U.S. credit facilities. Due to Adelson's erratic behavior, LVSC's then-president and Chief Operating Officer William Weidner ("Weidner") lost confidence in Adelson's abilities, and undertook steps that Adelson would characterize as an attempted coup. Because Adelson controls more than fifty percent (50%) of LVSC's voting power, Adelson forced Weidner's removal from the company so as to preserve his own control.
- 15. Weidner was replaced as President and COO by Michael Leven ("Leven"), a member of LVSC's Board of Directors.
- Because of the dysfunction and paralysis Adelson created, LVSC failed to access capital markets in a timely fashion, which then forced the company to engage in a number of emergency transactions to raise funds in late 2008 and early 2009. Ironically for LVSC's shareholders all of those except for Adelson, that is this unnecessary delay resulted in Adelson's personal wealth as the financing source for a quick influx of liquidity. But, to access those funds, Adelson would charge LVSC a hefty price, obtaining convertible senior notes, preferred shares, and warrants. Later, Adelson would reap a staggering windfall as a result of these highly-favorable (for him) financing terms. Conveniently, Adelson was the principal beneficiary, to the detriment of all other shareholders, of the very financial calamity that he helped create.

LVSC Hires Jacobs to Run Its Macau Operations

17. It is in this poisonous environment that Jacobs enters the LVSC picture. Even before Leven became LVSC's President and COO, he had reached out to Jacobs to discuss potential COO

candidates to replace Weidner. Leven and Jacobs had known each other for many years having worked together at U.S. Franchise Systems in the 1990's and in subsequent business ventures thereafter. When Leven received an offer from LVSC's Board to become the company's President and COO, he again reached out to Jacobs to discuss the opportunity and the conditions under which he (Leven) would accept the position. The conditions included but were not limited to Leven's compensation package and a commitment from Jacobs to join Leven for a period of 90-120 days to "ensure my [Leven's] success."

- 18. Jacobs travelled to Las Vegas in March 2009 where he met with Leven and Adelson for several days to review the company's Nevada operations. While in Las Vegas, the parties agreed to a consulting contract between LVSC and Jacobs' company, Vagus Group, Inc. Jacobs then began assisting LVSC in restructuring its Las Vegas operations.
- 19. Jacobs, Leven, and Adelson subsequently travelled to Macau to conduct a review of LVSC's operations there. While in Macau, Leven told Jacobs that he wanted to hire him to run LVSC's Macau operations. Jacobs and Leven returned to Las Vegas after spending approximately a week in Macau. Jacobs then spent the bulk of the next 2-3 weeks working on the Las Vegas restructuring program and also negotiating with Leven regarding LVSC's desire to hire him as a full-time executive.
- 20. On May 6, 2009, LVSC announced that Jacobs would become the interim President of Macau Operations. Jacobs was charged with restructuring the financial and operational aspects of the Macau assets. This included, among other things, lowering operating costs, developing and implementing new strategies, building new ties with local and national government officials, and eventually spinning off the Macau assets into a new company to be taken public on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange.
- 21. Notwithstanding that Jacobs would be spending the majority of his time in Macau focusing on LVSC's operations in that location, he was also required to perform duties in Las Vegas including, but not limited to, working with LVSC's Las Vegas staff on reducing costs within the company's Las Vegas operations, consulting on staffing and delayed opening issues related to the

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company's Marina Bay Sands project in Singapore, and participating in meetings of LVSC's Board of Directors.

- 22. On June 24, 2009, LVSC awarded Jacobs 75,000 stock options in the company to reward him for his past performance as a LVSC team member and to incentivize him to improve his future performance as well as that of the company. LVSC and Jacobs executed a written Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement memorializing the award.
- On or about August 4, 2009, Jacobs received LVSC's "Offer Terms and Conditions" 23. (the "Term Sheet") for the position of "President and CEO Macau[.]" The Term Sheet reflected the terms and conditions of employment that had been negotiated by Leven and Jacobs while Jacobs was in Vegas working under the original consulting agreement with LVSC and during his subsequent trips back to Las Vegas. With Adelson's express approval, Leven signed the Term Sheet on or about August 3, 2009, and had his assistant, Patty Murray, email it to Jacobs who was then in Macau. Jacobs signed the Term Sheet accepting the offer contained therein and delivered a copy to LVSC. LVSC's Compensation Committee approved Jacobs' contract on or about August 6, 2009. LVSC thereafter filed a copy of the Term Sheet with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, disclosing it as Jacobs' employment contract with LVSC.
- According to LVSC, it subsequently assigned the terms and conditions of Jacobs' 24. employment with LVSC to both VML and Sands China.

Jacobs Saves the Titanic

- 25. The bases for Jacobs' full-time position were apparent. The accomplishments for the four quarters over which Jacobs had presided created significant value. From an operational perspective, Jacobs and his team removed over \$365 million of costs from LVSC's Macau operations, repaired strained relationships with local and national government officials in Macau who would no longer meet with Adelson due to his obstreperous behavior, and refocused operations on core businesses to drive operating margins and profits, thereby achieving the then-highest EBITDA figures in the history of the company's Macau operations.
- 26. Due in large part to the success of its Macau operations under Jacobs' direction, LVSC was able to raise over \$4 billion dollars from the capital markets, spin off its Macau

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operations into a new company - Sands China Limited - which became publicly traded on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange in late November 2009, and restart construction on a previously stalled expansion project on the Cotai Strip known as "Parcels 5 and 6." Indeed, for the second quarter ending June 2010, net revenue from Macau operations accounted for approximately 65% of LVSC's total net revenue (i.e., \$1.04 billion USD of a total \$1.59 billion USD).

- 27. To put matters in perspective, when Jacobs began performing work for the company in March 2009, LVSC shares were trading at just over \$1.70 per share and its market cap was approximately \$1.1 billion USD. At the time of Jacobs' departure in July 2010, LVSC shares were over \$28 per share and its market cap exceeded \$19 billion USD.
- Jacobs' success was repeatedly confirmed by Board members of LVSC as well as 28. those of the new spinoff, Sands China. When Leven was asked in February 2010 to assess Jacobs' 2009 job performance, he advised: "there is no question as to Steve's performance[;] the Titanic hit the iceberg[,] he arrived and not only saved the passengers[,] he saved the ship." Unremarkably, Jacobs received a full bonus in 2009 and no more than three months later, in May 2010, he was awarded an additional 2.5 million stock options in Sands China. The options had an accelerated vesting period of less than two years.
- But Adelson would make sure that Jacobs was cheated out of what he was owed, a 29. practice that Adelson has honed in dealing with many executives and companies that refused to do as Adelson demanded.

Jacobs' Confrontations with Adelson

30. Jacobs' success was in spite of numerous ongoing debates he had with Adelson, including Adelson's insistence that as Chairman of both LVSC and Sands China, and the primary shareholder, he was ultimately in charge, including on day-to-day operations as well as such minute issues as carpeting, room design, and the choice of paper towel dispensers to be used in the men's room. As Leven would remind Jacobs, both orally and in writing, Adelson was in charge and the substantive decisions, including such things as construction in Macau, were controlled and made in Las Vegas:

Per my discussion with sga [Adelson] pls be advised that input from anyone [in Macau] is expected and listened to but final design decisions are made by sga and las vegas[.] [T]here appears to be some confusion and I want to clear the matter once and for all [that] everyone has inputed [sic] but sga makes the final decisions[.]

- 31. But a greater impediment concerned the unlawful and/or unethical business practices put in place by Adelson and/or under his watch, as well as repeated outrageous demands Adelson made to pursue illegal and illegitimate ends. The demands included, but were not limited to:
 - a. Demands that Jacobs use improper "leverage" against senior government officials of Macau in order to obtain Strata-Title for the Four Seasons Apartments in Macau;
 - b. Demands that Jacobs threaten to withhold Sands China business from prominent Chinese banks unless they agreed to use influence with newly-elected senior government officials of Macau in order to obtain Strata-Title for the Four Seasons Apartments and favorable treatment with regards to labor quotas and table limits;
 - c. Demands that secret investigations be performed regarding the business and financial affairs of various high-ranking members of the Macau government so that any negative information obtained could be used to exert "leverage" in order to thwart government regulations/initiatives viewed as adverse to LVSC's interests;
 - d. Demands that Sands China continue to use the legal services of Macau attorney Leonel Alves despite concerns that Mr. Alves' retention posed serious risks under the criminal provisions of the United States code commonly known as the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act ("FCPA"); and
 - e. Demands that Jacobs refrain from disclosing truthful and material information to the Board of Directors of Sands China so that it could decide if such information relating to material financial events, corporate governance, and corporate independence should be disclosed pursuant to regulations of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. These issues included, but were not limited to, junkets and triads, government investigations, Leonel Alves and FCPA concerns, development issues concerning Parcels 3, 7 and 8, and the design, delays and cost overruns associated with the development of Parcels 5 and 6.

- 32. Jacobs reported these improprieties to Leven and LVSC's general counsel, in accordance with LVSC's company whistleblower guidelines.
- 33. When Jacobs objected to and/or refused to carry out Adelson's illegal demands, Adelson repeatedly threatened to terminate Jacobs' employment. This is particularly true in reference to: (i) Jacobs' refusal to comply with Adelson's edict to terminate Sands China's General Counsel, Luis Melo ("Melo"), and his entire legal department and replace him/it with Leonel Alves and his team; (ii) Adelson's refusal to allow Jacobs to present to the Sands China Board information that the company's development of Parcels 5 and 6 was at least 6 months delayed and more than \$300 million USD over-budget due to Adelson-mandated designs and accoutrements the Sands China management team did not believe would be successful in the local marketplace; (iii) Adelson's refusal to allow Jacobs to disclose to the Board LVSC findings relating to the allegations contained in a Reuters article that LVSC was conducting business with Chinese organized crime syndicates, known as Triads; and (iv) Adelson's refusal to allow Jacobs to discuss his concerns with the Board regarding the use and rehiring of Leonel Alves after Alves had requested a \$300 million payment for government officials in China.
- 34. During this same time, Jacobs began developing suspicions concerning the propriety of certain financial practices and transactions involving LVSC and other LVSC subsidiaries, including, but not limited to: (i) certain transactions related to Hencing island, the basketball team, the Adelson Center, and the Macau ferry contract which all involved payments that LVSC made; (ii) allegations concerning LVSC's practice of couriering undeclared monies into the United States to repay gambling debts of third parties and/or to be used to fund accounts for non-residents once they arrived in the country; (iii) LVSC's practice referred to as the Affiliate Transaction Advise ("ATA"), which allowed third parties and gamblers to move money into the United States by depositing monies with an LVSC overseas affiliate or marketing office, creating an account in Las Vegas from which the depositor or their designee would be issued chips with which to gamble, and then transferring the "winnings" back offshore either to the original depositor or to a third party designee not involved in the transaction; (iv) using the ATA process to move monies for known

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and/or alleged members of Triads; and (v) structuring and/or using offshore subsidiaries to funnel monies onto the gaming floor.

- 35. One such suspicious entity was WDR, LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary set up by LVSC at the apparent behest of Robert Goldstein. When Jacobs raised that entity and certain transactions with Sands China's then-existing CFO, he similarly considered the transactions involving WDR as suspicious and expressed concerns over potential money laundering. Of course, Jacobs would be fired before he could further pursue the matter. When LVSC's then-existing CFO, Ken Kay, was asked about WDR at a deposition, he professed to have no knowledge of WDR or what purpose it would serve. But, just a few months after Kay was questioned about WDR, Leven quietly had the entity dissolved.
- Jacobs' disagreements with Adelson came to a head in late June 2010 when they 36. were in Singapore to attend the grand opening of LVSC's Marina Bay Sands. While in Singapore, Jacobs attended several meetings of LVSC executives including Adelson, Leven, Ken Kay (LVSC's Chief Financial Officer), and others. During these meetings, Jacobs disagreed with Adelson's and Leven's desire to expand the ballrooms at Parcels 5 and 6, which would add an incremental cost of approximately \$30 million to a project already significantly over budget when Sands China's existing facilities were already underutilized. In a separate meeting, Jacobs disagreed with Adelson's desire to aggressively grow the junket business within Macau as the margins were low, the decision carried credit risks, and based upon recent investigations by Reuters and others alleging LVSC's involvement with Chinese organized crime groups, known as Triads, connected to the junket business.
- Following these meetings, Jacobs re-raised the issue about the need to advise the Sands China Board of the delays and cost overruns associated with the development of Parcels 5 and 6 in Macau so that a determination could be made of whether the information must be disclosed. Jacobs also raised the need to disclose LVSC's involvement with Triads and the implications of Adelson's desire to grow Sands China's junket business in Macau, as well as Adelson's rehiring of Leonel Alves, given Jacobs' and others' FCPA concerns. Once again, Adelson reminded Jacobs that he was both the chairman and the controlling shareholder and that Jacobs should "do as I

please." This was consistent with Adelson's attitudes and Jacobs' belief that Adelson considered himself untouchable. Indeed, on a prior occasion when Jacobs had voiced his concern over how Nevada's gaming regulators might view Adelson's actions, Adelson scoffed at the suggestion, informing Jacobs that he (Adelson) controlled the regulators, not the other way around.

38. When Jacobs refused, Adelson commenced carrying out a scheme to fire and discredit Jacobs for having the audacity to blow the whistle and confront Adelson. Adelson has admitted his personal animus and malice toward Jacobs even before firing him. Adelson had privately been angling for some excuse to terminate Jacobs.

LVSC and Sands China Implement Adelson's "Exorcism Strategy"

- 39. In or about July 2010, Adelson directed executives from LVSC in Las Vegas, Nevada to begin the process of terminating Jacobs. This process, which would be referred to as the "exorcism strategy," was planned and carried out from Las Vegas and included (1) the creation of fictitious Sands China letterhead upon which a notice of termination was prepared, (2) preparation of the draft press releases with which to publicly announce the termination, and (3) the handling of all legal-related matters for the termination. Again, all of these events took place in Las Vegas, ostensibly by agents acting for both LVSC and Sands China.
- 40. Indeed, it was LVSC in-house attorneys, claiming to be acting on behalf of Sands China, who informed the Sands China Board on or about July 21, 2010, about Adelson's decision to terminate Jacobs, and directed the Board members to sign the corporate documents necessary to effectuate Jacobs' termination. These same attorneys promised to explain the basis for the termination to the Board members during the following week's Board meeting (after the termination took place). Predictably, as Adelson is all-controlling, he took action first and then decreed how the Board thereafter reacted.
- 41. Promptly thereafter, the team that Adelson had placed in charge of overseeing the sham termination Leven, Kenneth Kay (LVSC's CFO), Irwin Siegel (LVSC/Sands China Board member), Gayle Hyman (LVSC's general counsel), Daniel Briggs (LVSC's VP of investor relations), Ron Reese (LVSC's VP of public relations), Brian Nagel (LVSC's chief of security),

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Patrick Dumont (LVSC's VP of corporate strategy), and Rom Hendler (LVSC's VP of strategic marketing) – left Las Vegas and went to Macau in furtherance of the scheme.

- On the morning of July 23, 2010, Jacobs attended a meeting with Leven and Siegel, 42. which had been represented to him (albeit falsely) as pertaining to the upcoming Sands China Board meeting. During the meeting, Leven unceremoniously advised Jacobs that he was being terminated effective immediately. When Jacobs asked whether the termination was purportedly "for cause" or not, Leven responded that he was "not sure" but that the severance provisions of the Term Sheet would not be honored. Leven then handed Jacobs the letter drafted by LVSC's attorneys and signed by Adelson advising him of the termination.
- 43. Cognizant that he had no legitimate basis to terminate Jacobs for cause, Adelson authorized and expected Leven to meet with Jacobs and implement the termination strategy. As is now a well-documented Adelson tactic, he had no regard for the contractual terms of Jacobs' employment agreement. Instead, Adelson's tried and true tactic is to demand a discount off of what is contractually owed for a lesser amount. If Jacobs, or anyone else for that matter, will not acquiesce in Adelson's strong arm tactics, Adelson retorts to "sue me, then." And, that is essentially how the Adelson game-plan played out with Jacobs.
- When Leven could not persuade Jacobs to "voluntarily" resign, Jacobs was escorted 44. off the property by two members of security in public view of many company employees, resort guests, and casino patrons. Jacobs was not permitted to return to his office to collect his belongings, but was instead escorted to the border to leave Macau.
- Because Leven had not been able to persuade Jacobs to resign, the next play from 45. the Adelson playbook went into effect – fabricating purported cause for the termination. Once again, this aspect of the plan was also carried out in Las Vegas by executives professing to act for both LVSC and Sands China. Indeed, this time they prepared a false letter in Las Vegas and put it on Venetian Macau, Ltd. letterhead and identified twelve manufactured "for cause" reasons for Jacobs' termination. Transparently, one of the purported reasons is an attempt to mask one of Adelson's personal transgressions: The letter absurdly claimed that Jacobs exceeded his authority and failed to keep the companies' Boards of Directors informed of important business decisions.

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Not surprisingly, not only are the after-the-fact excuses a fabrication, they would not constitute "cause" for Jacobs' termination even if they were true, which they are not.

- 46. All but conceding that fact, Adelson would later claim to have developed (i.e., fabricated) some 34 "for cause" reasons for Jacobs' termination.
- 47. Confirming what Jacobs had complained about regarding Adelson's improper demands and concealment of information from the Board, Adelson subsequently arranged the termination of Sands China's then-General Counsel, Luis Melo, and made sure that Leonel Alves was retained to perform services for Sands China despite knowledge of Alves acting with disregard for the United States Foreign Corrupt Practices Act. Also with Jacobs' departure, and with complete disregard for internal concerns regarding junket affiliations with Triads, Adelson announced that Sands China would be implementing a new junket strategy whereby it would partner with existing and established junkets to grow its VIP business. In or about the same time frame, LVSC and Sands China also publicly disclosed a material delay in the construction of Parcels 5 and 6 and a cost increase of \$100 million to the project, further confirming the appropriateness of Jacobs' insistence upon disclosure despite Adelson's insistence otherwise.
- 48. Jacobs was not terminated for cause. He was terminated for blowing the whistle on improprieties and placing the interests of shareholders above those of Adelson. Indeed, in just one candid communication Leven sent to executives (including Adelson) just days before Jacobs' termination, Leven claimed that the problem with Jacobs was that "he believes he reports to the board, not the chair [Adelson]."

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Breach of Contract – LVSC & Sands China)

- Plaintiff restates all preceding and subsequent allegations as though fully set forth herein.
- 50. Jacobs and LVSC are parties to various contracts, including the Term Sheet and Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement identified herein.
- The Term Sheet provides, in part, that Jacobs would have a 3-year employment term, 51. that he would earn an annual salary of \$1.3 million plus a 50% bonus upon attainment of certain

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goals, and that he would receive 500,000 LVSC stock options (in addition to the previously awarded 75,000 LVSC options) to vest in stages over three years.

- 52. The Term Sheet further provides that in the event Jacobs was terminated "Not For Cause," he would be entitled to one year of severance plus accelerated vesting of all his stock options with a one-year right to exercise the options post-termination.
- 53. According to defendants, in conjunction with the Sands China IPO, LVSC assigned and Sands China assumed, the obligations under the Term Sheet, thereby making LVSC and Sands China jointly and severally liable for fulfilling its terms.
 - Jacobs has performed all of his contractual obligations except where excused. 54.
- 55. LVSC and Sands China breached the Term Sheet by falsely terminating Jacobs for "cause" when, in reality, the purported bases for Jacobs' termination, as identified in the belatedlymanufactured August 5, 2010 letter, are pretextual and in no way constitute "cause."
- 56. On September 24, 2010, Jacobs made proper demand upon LVSC to honor his right to exercise the remaining stock options he had been awarded in the company. LVSC rejected Jacobs' demand and, thus, further breached the Term Sheet and the stock option agreement by failing to honor the vesting and related provisions contained therein based on the pretext that Jacobs was terminated for "cause."
- LVSC and Sands China have wrongfully characterized Jacobs' termination as one 57. for "cause" in an effort to smear him and deprive him of what he is owed. As a direct and proximate result of the wrongful termination of Jacobs' employment and failure to honor the "Not For Cause" severance provisions contained in the Term Sheet, Jacobs has suffered damages in an amount to be proven at trial but in excess of \$10,000.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(Breach of Contract – LVSC & Sands China)

- 58. Plaintiff incorporates all preceding and subsequent allegations as though fully set forth herein.
- 59. On or about May 11, 2010, LVSC caused Sands China to grant 2.5 million Sands China share options to Jacobs. Fifty percent of the options were to vest on January 1, 2011,

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and the other fifty percent was to vest on January 1, 2012. The grant is memorialized by a written agreement between Jacobs and Sands China.

- 60. Pursuant to the Term Sheet agreement between Jacobs and LVSC, which was later transferred and assumed by Sands China, Jacobs' stock options are subject to an accelerated vest in the event he is terminated "Not for Cause." The Term Sheet further provides Jacobs with a oneyear right to exercise the options post-termination.
 - 61. Jacobs has performed all his contractual obligations except where excused.
- 62. On September 24, 2010, Jacobs made proper demand upon LVSC and Sands China to honor his right to exercise the remaining 2.5 million stock options he had been awarded in Sands China. LVSC and Sands China rejected Jacobs' demand and, thus, further breached the Term Sheet and the Sands China share grant agreement by characterizing Jacobs' termination as being for "cause" when, in reality, the purported bases for Jacobs' termination, as identified in the belatedlymanufactured August 5, 2010 letter, are pretextual and in no way constitute "cause."
- LVSC and Sands China have wrongfully characterized Jacobs' termination as one 63. for "cause" in an effort to deprive him of contractual benefits to which he is otherwise entitled. As a direct and proximate result, Jacobs has suffered damages in an amount to be proven at trial but in excess of \$10,000.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(Breach of the Implied Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing – LVSC & Sands China)

- Plaintiff incorporates all preceding and subsequent allegations as though fully set 64. forth herein.
 - All contracts in Nevada contain an implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing.
- 66. The conduct of LVSC described herein including, but not limited to, the improper and illegal demands made upon Jacobs by Adelson, Adelson's continual undermining of Jacobs' authority as the President and CEO of LVSC's Macau operations (and subsequently Sands China), and the wrongful characterization of Jacobs' termination as being for "cause," is unfaithful to the

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purpose of the agreements between Jacobs and LVSC, which Sands China later assumed, and was not within the reasonable expectations of Jacobs.

As a direct and proximate result of LVSC's and Sands China's wrongful conduct, 67. Jacobs has suffered damages in an amount to be proven at trial but in excess of \$10,000.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Tortious Discharge in Violation of Public Policy - LVSC)

- 68. Plaintiff incorporates all preceding and subsequent allegations as though fully set forth herein.
- 69. LVSC retaliated against Jacobs by terminating his employment because he (i) objected to and refused to participate in the illegal conduct requested by Adelson, and (ii) attempted to engage in conduct that was required by law and favored by public policy. In so doing, LVSC tortiously discharged Jacobs in violation of public policy.
- As a direct and proximate result of LVSC's tortious discharge, Jacobs has suffered 70. damages in an amount to be proven at trial but in excess of \$10,000.
- LVSC's conduct, which was carried out and/or ratified by managerial level agents 71. and employees, was done with malice, fraud and oppression, thereby entitling Jacobs to an award of punitive damages.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Defamation Per Se - Adelson, LVSC, Sands China)

- Plaintiff incorporates all preceding and subsequent allegations as though fully set 72. forth herein.
- In an attempt to cover their tracks and distract from their improper activities, 73. Adelson, LVSC and Sands China have waged a public relations campaign to smear and spread lies about Jacobs. One such instance is a press release made by Adelson, LVSC and Sands China after an adverse court ruling on March 15, 2011. Having been unable to obtain a procedural victory in Court, the Defendants undertook to smear Jacobs in the media, issuing a statement to Alexander Berzon, a reporter for the Wall Street Journal, which provided:

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"While I have largely stayed silent on the matter to this point, the recycling of his allegations must be addressed," he said "We have a substantial list of reasons why Steve Jacobs was fired for cause and interestingly he has not refuted a single one of them. Instead, he has attempted to explain his termination by using outright lies and fabrications which seem to have their origins in delusion."

- The Defendants' media campaign stating that: (1) Jacobs was justifiably fired "for 74. cause" and (2) Jacobs had resorted to "outright lies and fabrications" were false and constitute defamation per se.
- 75. All of the offending statements made by Adelson concerning Jacobs and identified in Paragraph 71, supra, were (1) false and defamatory; (2) published to a third person or party for the express intent of republication to a worldwide audience; (3) maliciously published knowing their falsity and/or in reckless disregard of the truth thereof; (4) intended to and did in fact harm Jacobs' reputation and good name in his trade, business, profession, and customary corporate office; and (5) were of such a nature that the law presumes significant economic damages.
- 76. Adelson's malicious defamation of Jacobs was made in both his personal as well as his representative capacities as Chairman of the Board of LVSC and as Chairman of the Board of its affiliate, Sands China; both of which ratified and endorsed either explicitly or implicitly Adelson's malicious invective.
- 77. The comments and statements noted in Paragraph 71, supra, were made without justification or legal excuse, and were otherwise not privileged because they did not function as a necessary or useful step in the litigation process and did not otherwise serve its purposes.
- 78. As a direct and proximate result of Adelson, LVSC, and Sands China's defamation, Jacobs has suffered damages in an amount to be proven at trial but in excess of \$10,000. Moreover, Jacobs is entitled to the imposition of punitive damages against Adelson, LVSC, and Sands China, said imposition not being subject to any statutory limitations under NRS 42.005.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Tortious Discharge in Violation of Public Policy - Adelson)

79. Plaintiff incorporates all preceding and subsequent allegations as though fully set forth herein.

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- 80. Corporate officers, directors and/or agents are personally liable for tortious conduct which they undertake, including engaging in a tortious discharge in violation of public policy.
- Adelson retaliated against Jacobs by terminating his employment because Jacobs 81. (i) objected to and refused to participate in the illegal conduct demanded by Adelson, and (ii) attempted to engage in conduct favored by public policy. In so doing, Adelson tortiously discharged Jacobs in violation of public policy.
- 82. Adelson terminated Jacobs' employment with the intent to harm Jacobs for refusing to comply with Adelson's illegal and unethical demands.
- 83. Adelson terminated Jacobs' employment for his own personal benefit, and not for the benefit of Sands China, LVSC or their shareholders, to whom Adelson owes a fiduciary duty of loyalty.
- As a direct and proximate result of Adelson's tortious discharge, Jacobs has suffered 84. damages in an amount to be proven at trial but in excess of \$10,000.
- 85. Adelson's conduct was done with malice, fraud and oppression, thereby entitling Jacobs to an award of punitive damages.

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Aiding and Abetting Tortious Discharge in Violation of Public Policy – Sands China)

- 86. Plaintiff incorporates all preceding and subsequent allegations as though fully set forth herein.
- 87. LVSC and Sands China are separate legal entities, each capable of making agreements.
- LVSC wrongfully terminated Jacobs' employment because he (i) objected to and 88. refused to participate in the illegal conduct requested by Adelson, and (ii) attempted to engage in conduct that was required by law and favored by public policy. In so doing, LVSC tortiously discharged Jacobs in violation of public policy.
- 89. Sands China, through its agents, substantially assisted LVSC's tortious discharge of Jacobs by, among other things, making agreements with LVSC, carrying out overt acts to effectuate

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the termination and ratifying the termination for the benefit of Adelson and LVSC, and not for the benefit of Sands China's shareholders, to whom they owed a fiduciary duty of loyalty.

- 90. As a direct and proximate result of Sands China's conduct, Jacobs has suffered damages in an amount to be proven at trial but in excess of \$10,000.
- 91. Sands China's conduct was undertaken with malice, fraud and oppression, thereby entitling Jacobs to an award of punitive damages.

EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Civil Conspiracy Tortious Discharge in Violation of Public Policy- LVSC and Sands China)

- 92. Plaintiff incorporates all preceding and subsequent allegations as though fully set forth herein.
- 93. LVSC and Sands China are separate legal entities, each capable of making agreements.
- 94. LVSC and Sands China agreed, acted in concert and conspired to effectuate Jacobs' tortious discharge.
- 95. LVSC and Sands China intended to harm Jacobs for refusing to follow the illegal and improper demands of their common-chairman, Adelson.
- 96. As a direct and proximate result of LVSC's and Sands China's civil conspiracy, Jacobs has suffered damages in an amount to be proven at trial but in excess of \$10,000.
- 97. LVSC and Sands China's conduct was done with malice, fraud and oppression, thereby entitling Jacobs to an award of punitive damages.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff prays for judgment against Defendants, and each of them, as follows:

- 1. For compensatory damages in excess of Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), in an amount to be proven at trial;
- 2. For punitive damages in excess of Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00), in an amount to be proven at trial;
 - 3. For pre-judgment and post-judgment interest, as allowed by law;

- 4. For attorney fees and costs of suit incurred herein, as allowed by law, in an amount to be determined; and
 - 5. For such other and further relief as the Court may deem just and proper. DATED this 22nd day of June, 2015.

PISANELLI BICE PLLC

By: /s/ Todd L. Bice

James J. Pisanelli, Esq., Bar No. 4027
Todd L. Bice, Esq., Bar No. 4534
Debra L. Spinelli, Esq., Bar No. 9695
Jordan T. Smith, Esq., Bar No. 12097
400 South 7th Street, Suite 300
Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

Attorneys for Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I HEREBY CERTIFY that I am an employee of PISANELLI BICE PLLC, and that on this 22nd day of June, 2015, I caused to be served via the Court's E-Filing system, true and correct copies of the above and foregoing FOURTH AMENDED COMPLAINT properly addressed to the following:

J. Stephen Peek, Esq. 7 Robert J. Cassity, Esq. HOLLAND & HART 9555 Hillwood Drive, Second Floor

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Las Vegas, NV 89134 speek@hollandhart.com reassity@hollandhart.com

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/s/ Shannon Thomas An employee of PISANELLI BICE PLLC

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CLERK OF THE COURT

DISTRICT COURT
CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

Case No. 10 A 627691

Dept. No.

Plaintiff(s),

LAS VEGAS SANDS CORP, ET AL,

Defendants.

AMENDED BUSINESS COURT SCHEDULING ORDER and 2nd AMENDED ORDER SETTING CIVIL JURY TRIAL, PRE-TRIAL AND CALENDAR CALL

This AMENDED BUSINESS COURT SCHEDULING ORDER AND SECOND AMENDED TRIAL SETTING ORDER is entered following the Hearing conducted on July 16, 2015. Pursuant to NRCP 16.1(f) this case has previously been deemed complex and all discovery disputes will be resolved by this Court. Filing of the Joint Case Conference Report has previously been waived. This Order may be amended or modified by the Court upon good cause shown.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the parties will comply with the following deadlines:

Substantive Expert Disclosures are Due¹

11/20/15

Substantive Rebuttal Expert Disclosures are Due²

01/22/16

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vs

STEVEN JACOBS,

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JUL 17 2015 CLERK OF THE COURT

This deadline applies to any issue on which an expert will be presented where the party offering the expert bears the burden of proof. In compliance with NRCP 16.1(a)(2) and 26(b)(4), the parties shall disclose any expert witnesses on which it bears the burden of proof as required by the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure and Nevada law.. All disclosures of expert witnesses shall satisfy the requirements of NRCP 16.1(2).

1	Damages Expert Disclosures are Due ³	02/05/16	
2	Damages Rebuttal Expert Disclosures are Due ⁴	03/18/16	
3	Discovery Cut-Off	04/18/16	
5	Dispositive Motions to be filed by	04/22/16	
6	Motions in Limine to be filed by	05/20/16	
7 8	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED THAT:		
9	A. The above entitled case is set to be tried to a jury on a 5 week stack that begins on		
10	June 27, 2016 at 9:00 a.m.		
11	B. The calendar call will be held pursuant to EDO	CR 2.69 ⁵ on June 23, 2016 at	
13 14 15	8:30 a.m.		
16 17 18 19	This deadline applies to any issue on which an expert will be prese bears the burden of proof. In compliance with NRCP 16.1(a)(2) and 26(b)(any rebuttal expert witnesses. All disclosures of expert witnesses shall satisfy. This deadline applies to any issue on which an expert will be prese bears the burden of proof. In compliance with NRCP 16.1(a)(2) and 26(b)(witnesses on which it bears the burden of proof as required by the Nevada F	4), the parties shall identify and disclose by the requirements of NRCP 16.1(2). Inted where the party offering the expert 4), the parties shall disclose any expert	
20	law All disclosures of expert witnesses shall satisfy the requirements of NRCP 16.1(2).		
21	This deadline applies to any issue on which an expert will be presented where the party offering the expert bears the burden of proof. In compliance with NRCP 16.1(a)(2) and 26(b)(4), the parties shall identify and disclose any rebuttal expert witnesses. All disclosures of expert witnesses shall satisfy the requirements of NRCP 16.1(2).		
22	any rebuttal expert witnesses. All disclosures of expert witnesses shall satisfy the requirements of INCP 16.1(2). That rule provides in pertinent part:		
24	Rule 2.69. Calendar call.		
25	 (a) Unless otherwise directed by the court, trial counsel must bring to calendar call: (1) All exhibits already marked by counsel for identification purposes. (2) Typed exhibit lists with all stipulated exhibits marked as admitted. 		
26	(3) Jury instructions in 2 groups: the agreed upon set and the contested set. The contested instructions must contain the name of the party proposing the same and the citations relied upon for authority.		
27 28	 (4) Proposed voir dire questions. (5) Original depositions. (6) A list of equipment needed for trial which is not usually found in the courtroom, i.e., overhead, VCR and monitor, view box, etc. At calendar call the court or its designee will inform counsel if such equipment is available in house or if counsel must procure the same and bring to the courtroom. 		

call. Failure to list a witness, including impeachment witnesses, may result in the court's precluding the party from

calling that witness.

and 2.69. Counsel should include in the Memorandum an identification of orders on all motions in limine or motions for partial summary judgment previously made, a summary of any anticipated legal issues remaining, a brief summary of the opinions to be offered by any witness to be called to offer opinion testimony as well as any objections to the opinion testimony.

- E. All pretrial motions, however styled, will be filed in compliance with EDCR 2.20¹² and 2.27¹³ unless those requirements are specifically modified in this Order. All dispositive
- (8) A brief statement of each principal issue of law which may be contested at the time of trial. This statement shall include with respect to each principal issue of law the position of each party.
 - (9) An estimate of the time required for trial.
 - (10) Any other matter which counsel desires to bring to the attention of the court prior to trial.
- 12 That rule provides in pertinent part:

Rule 2.20. Motions; contents; responses and replies; calendaring a fully briefed matter.

- (a) Unless otherwise ordered by the court, papers submitted in support of pretrial and post-trial briefs shall be limited to 30 pages, excluding exhibits. Where the court enters an order permitting a longer brief or points and authorities, the papers shall include a table of contents and table of authorities.
- (b) All motions must contain a notice of motion setting the same for hearing on a day when the district judge to whom the case is assigned is hearing civil motions in the ordinary course. The notice of motion must include the time, department, and location where the hearing will occur.
- (c) A party filing a motion must also serve and file with it a memorandum of points and authorities in support of each ground thereof. The absence of such memorandum may be construed as an admission that the motion is not meritorious, as cause for its denial or as a waiver of all grounds not so supported.
- That rule provides in pertinent part:

Rule 2.27. Exhibits.

- (a) Exhibits that are submitted to the court that are in excess of 10 pages in length must be numbered consecutively in the lower right-hand corner of the document. Exhibits shall be separated by sheets with the identification "Exhibit ____" centered in the separator page in 24-point font or larger.
- (b) Where the exhibits to be submitted are collectively in excess of 100 pages, the exhibits must be filed as a separate appendix and must include a table of contents identifying each exhibit and the numbering sequence of the exhibits
- (c) Unless otherwise ordered by the court, exhibits that are in a format other than documents that can be scanned may not be filed in support of pretrial and post-trial briefs. Where the court enters an order permitting the filing of non-documentary exhibits in support of pretrial and post-trial briefs which contain audio or video information, the filing must be filed with a captioned cover sheet identifying the exhibit(s) and the document(s) to which it relates and be accompanied by a transcript of the contents of the exhibit.
- (d) Oversized exhibits shall be reduced to eight and one-half inches by eleven inches (8.5" × 11") unless otherwise permitted by the court or unless such reduction would destroy legibility. An oversized exhibit that cannot be reduced shall be filed manually and separately with a captioned cover sheet identifying the exhibit and the document(s) to which it relates.

motions must be in writing and filed no later than 04/22/16. Orders shortening time will not be signed except in extreme emergencies.

- F. All motions in limine must be filed in compliance with EDCR 2.47¹⁴ and filed no later than 05/20/16. Orders shortening time will not be signed except in extreme emergencies.
- G. Counsel shall meet, review, and discuss a proposed jury questionnaire. Counsel will submit in Word format the joint proposed jury questionnaire on or before 04/08/2016, or if no agreement has been reached, the competing versions in Word format on or before noon on 04/11/2016. The Court will freely grant requests for inclusion of questions by the Parties. Upon submission of the proposed jury questionnaire, the Court will review the jury questionnaire and will make any appropriate modifications. A hearing will be held on any objections to the jury questionnaire on 04/14/16 at 8:30 a.m.
- H. All original deposition transcripts anticipated to be used in any manner during the trial must be delivered to the clerk prior to the final Pre-Trial Conference. If deposition testimony is anticipated to be used in lieu of live testimony, a designation (by page/line citation) of the portions of the testimony to be offered must be filed and served by facsimile or hand, two

¹⁴ That rule provides in pertinent part:

Rule 2.47. Motions in limine. Unless otherwise provided for in an order of the court, all motions in limine to exclude or admit evidence must be in writing and filed not less than 45 days prior to the date set for trial and must be heard not less than 14 days prior to trial.

⁽a) The court may refuse to sign orders shortening time and to consider any oral motion in limine and any motion in limine which is not timely filed or noticed.

⁽b) Motions in limine may not be filed unless an unsworn declaration under penalty of perjury or affidavit of moving counsel is attached to the motion setting forth that after a conference or a good-faith effort to confer, counsel have been unable to resolve the matter satisfactorily. A "conference" requires a personal or telephone conference between or among counsel. Moving counsel must set forth in the declaration/affidavit what attempts to resolve the matter were made, what was resolved, what was not resolved and the reasons therefore. If a personal or telephone conference was not possible, the declaration/affidavit shall set forth the reasons.

(2) judicial days prior to the final Pre-Trial Conference. Any objections or counterdesignations (by page/line citation) of testimony must be filed and served by facsimile or hand, one (1) judicial day prior to the final Pre-Trial Conference commencement. If video depositions are sought to be used during the Trial, all edits must be completed and be available to be played to the Court at the Final Pretrial Conference. Counsel shall advise the clerk prior to publication.

- I. In accordance with EDCR 2.67, counsel shall meet, review, and discuss exhibits. All exhibits must comply with EDCR 2.27.¹⁵ Two (2) sets must be three hole punched placed in three ring binders along with the exhibit list. The sets must be delivered to the clerk prior to the final Pre-Trial Conference. Any demonstrative exhibits including exemplars anticipated to be used must be disclosed prior to the calendar call. Pursuant to EDCR 2.68, at the final Pre-Trial Conference, counsel shall be prepared to stipulate or make specific objections to individual proposed exhibits. Unless otherwise agreed to by the parties, demonstrative exhibits are marked for identification but not admitted into evidence.
- J. In accordance with EDCR 2.67, counsel shall meet, review, and discuss items to be included in the Jury Notebook. Pursuant to EDCR 2.68, at the final Pre-Trial Conference, counsel shall be prepared to stipulate or make specific objections to items to be included in the Jury Notebook.
- K. In accordance with EDCR 2.67, counsel shall meet and discuss preinstructions to the jury, jury instructions, special interrogatories, if requested, and verdict forms. Each side shall provide the Court, at the final Pre-Trial Conference, an agreed set of jury instructions and proposed form of verdict along with any additional proposed jury instructions with an electronic copy in Word format.

Alternatively the parties may agree to utilize the Court's electronic exhibit protocol.

L. In accordance with EDCR 7.70, counsel shall file and serve by facsimile or hand, two (2) judicial days prior to the final Pre-Trial Conference, follow up Voir Dire to Jury Questionnaire responses proposed to be conducted pursuant to conducted pursuant to EDCR 2.68.

- M. To expedite the deposition process, depositions may be taken on a multi-track system wherein separate tracks of depositions are scheduled for each day, but there shall not be more than two simultaneous tracks without prior approval of the Court. Given the complexity of the factual issues in this case, the time limitation contained in NRCP 30(d)(1) is suspended.
- N. A status conference will be conducted in Department XI at 8:30 a.m. on July 30, 2015 and the second and fourth Thursday of every month at 8:30 a.m. beginning on August 13, 2015 at which time the parties shall (1) argue all motions filed and briefed in due course, (2) apprise the Court of any and all pertinent developments in the case, and (3) seek/request guidance from the Court on case management issues.
 - 1. All motions not heard pursuant to an Order Shortening Time shall be set for hearing at a status conference. It is the responsibility of counsel for the moving party to serve and file any motion sufficiently in advance of the intended hearing date in compliance with EDCR 2.20,
 - 2. On or before the Tuesday prior to each of these status conferences, any party that has administrative, scheduling or other cases management issues to address to the Court shall file and serve a status report outlining those issues.

Failure of the designated trial attorney or any party appearing in proper person to appear for any court appearances or to comply with this Order shall result in any of the following: (1) dismissal of the action (2) default judgment; (3) monetary sanctions; (4) vacation of trial date; and/or any other appropriate remedy or sanction.

Counsel is required to advise the Court immediately when the case settles or is otherwise resolved prior to trial. A stipulation which terminates a case by dismissal shall also indicate

1	whether a Scheduling Order has been filed and, if a trial date has been set, the date of that trial.	
2	A copy should be given to Chambers.	
3	Dated this 16 th day of July 2015.	
4		
5	S. W	
6	Elizabeth Gonzalez, District Court Judge	
8		
9	Certificate of Service	
10	I hereby certify, that on the date filed, this Order was served on the parties identified on	
11	Wiznet's e-service list.	
12	J. Stephen Peek, Esq. (Holland & Hart)	
13	Randall Jones (Kemp Jones Coulthard)	
14	Steve Morris (Morris Law)	
15	James J. Pisanelli, Esq. (Pisanelli Bice)	
16 17	Dan Kutinac	
18		
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27 28	,	
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	Page 9 of 9	

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA **** 2 Case No.: 6826 Electronically Filed 3 SANDS CHINA LTD., A Cayman Islands corporation, Jul 23 2015 03:38 p.m. (Consolidated with Case Numbers 68275 and 6830 Jacie K. Linderhan Clerk of Supreme Court 4 Petitioner, 5 v. CLARK COUNTY DISTRICT 6 COURT, THE HONORABLE ELIZABETH GONZALEZ, 7 REAL PARTY IN INTEREST STEVEN C. JACOBS' DISTRICT JUDGE, DEPT. 11, 8 SUPPLEMENTAL APPENDIX Respondents, 9 and 10 STEVEN C. JACOBS, VOLUME IX OF XI 11 12 Real Party in Interest. 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 James J. Pisanelli, Esq., Bar No. 4027 JJP@pisanellibice.com 20 Todd L. Bice, Esq., Bar No. 4534 TLB@pisanellibice.com 21 Debra L. Spinelli, Esq., Bar No. 9695 DLS@pisanellibice.com 22 Jordan T. Smith, Esq., Bar No. 12097 JTS@pisanellibice.com 23 PISANELLI BICE PLLC 400 South 7th Street, Suite 300 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Telephone: 702.214.2100 24 25 Facsimile: 702.214.2101 26 Attorneys for Real Party in Interest Steven C. Jacobs 27 28

1	<u>CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE</u>
2	I HEREBY CERTIFY that I am an employee of PISANELLI BICE PLLC and
3	that, on this 21st day of July 2015, I electronically filed and served a true and
4	correct copy of the above and foregoing REAL PARTY IN INTEREST STEVEN
5	C. JACOBS' SUPPLEMTNAL APPENDIX VOLUME IX OF XI properly
6	addressed to the following:
7	
8	J. Stephen Peek, Esq. Robert J. Cassity, Esq. HOLLAND & HART LLP
9 10	9555 Hillwood Drive, 2nd Floor Las Vegas, NV 89134
11	J. Randall Jones, Esq. Mark M. Jones, Esq. KEMP, JONES & COULTHARD, LLP
12 13	3800 Howard Hughes Parkway, 17th Floor Las Vegas, NV 89169
14	Steve Morris, Esq. Rosa Solis-Rainey, Esq.
15	MORRIS LAW GROUP 300 South Fourth Street, Suite 900 Las Vegas, NV 89101
16	SERVED VIA HAND-DELIERY ON 07/22/2015
17	The Honorable Elizabeth Gonzalez Eighth Judicial District court, Dept. XI
18 19	Regional Justice Center 200 Lewis Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89155
20	
21	/s/ Shannon Thomas
22	/s/ Shannon Thomas An employee of PISANELLI BICE PLLC
23	
24	
25	
26	
77	

CHRONOLOGICAL INDEX

DOCUMENT	VOLUME	PAGES
Complaint, dated 10/20/2010	I	SA0001 – SA0016
Plaintiff's Opposition to Sands China LTD's Motion to Dismiss for Lack of Personal Jurisdiction, or in the Alternative, Failure to Join an Indispensable Party, dated 2/9/2011	I	SA0017 – SA0151
First Amended Complaint, dated 3/16/2011	I	SA0152 – SA0169
Order Denying Defendants' Motion to Dismiss, dated 4/1/2011	I	SA0170 – SA0171
Defendant Sands China LTD's Motion to Dismiss for Failure to State a Claim, dated 4/20/2011	I	SA0172 – SA0189
Transcript of Hearing regarding Mandatory Rule 16 Conference, dated 4/27/2011	I	SA0190 – SA0225
Joint Status Report, dated 4/22/2011	I	SA0226 – SA0228
Notice of Filing Petition for Writ of Mandamus, or in the Alternative, Writ of Prohibition, dated 5/13/2011	I	SA0229 – SA0230
Plaintiff's Omnibus Response in Opposition to the Defendants' Respective Motions to Dismiss The Fifth Cause of Action Alleging Defamation Per Se, dated 5/23/2011	I	SA0231 – SA0246
Plaintiff's Opposition to Sands China LTD's Motion to Dismiss his Second Cause of Action (Breach of Contract), dated 5/23/2011	II	SA00247 – SA0261
Minute Order, dated 5/26/2011	II	SA0262
Minute Order, dated 6/9/2011	II	SA0263 – SA0265
Notice of Appeal, dated 7/1/2011	II	SA0266 – SA0268
Order Denying Defendant Sands China LTD's Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff's	II	SA0269 – SA0271

Second Cause of Action, dated 7/6/2011		
Defendant Sands China LTD's Answer		
to Plaintiff's First Amended Complaint,	II	SA0272 – SA0280
dated 7/8/2011		
Writ of Mandamus, dated 8/26/2011	II	SA0281 – SA0282
Plaintiff's Motion to Conduct		
Jurisdictional Discovery, dated	II	SA0283 – SA0291
9/21/2011		
Real Party in Interest, Steven C. Jacobs'		
Response to Motion to Recall Mandate	**	G + 0202 G + 0202
and Countermotion regarding same,	II	SA0292 – SA0303
dated 2/7/2014		
Minute Order, dated 2/21/2014	II	SA0304
Reply in Support of Motion to Recall		211000
Mandate and Opposition to		
Countermotion to Lift Stay, dated	II	SA0305 – SA0313
3/28/2014		
Real Party in Interest, Steven C. Jacobs'		
Reply in Support of Countermotion		
	II	SA0314 – SA0318
regarding Recall of Mandate, dated 3/28/2014		
Order Denying Motion to Recall	II	SA0319 – SA0321
Mandate, dated 5/19/2014 Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs' Motion for		
	II	SA0322 – SA0350
	11	SAU322 – SAU33U
Complaint, dated 6/30/2014		10/0
OMITTED	<u>II</u>	n/a
OMITTED Off 1	II	n/a
Objection to Purported Evidence Offered		
in Support of Defendant Sands China	II	SA0591 – SA0609
LTD's Motion for Summary Judgment		
on Personal Jurisdiction, dated 7/14/2014		
Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiff's		
Motion for Leave to File Second	II	SA0610 – SA0666
Amended Complaint, dated 7/15/2014		
Renewed Objection to Purported		
Evidence Offered in Support of		
Defendant Sands China LTD's Motion	II	SA0667 – SA0670
for Summary Judgment on Personal		
Jurisdiction, dated 7/24/2014		
Reply in Support of Countermotion for	III	SA0671 – SA0764
Summary Judgment, dated 7/24/2014	111	SAUU/1 - SAU/04

Plaintiff Steve C. Jacobs' Reply in Support of Motion for Leave to File Second Amended Complaint, dated 7/25/2014	III	SA0765 – SA0770
Transcript of Hearing regarding Motions on 8/14/2014	III	SA0771 – SA0816
Notice of Entry of Order on Defendant Sands China, LTD's Motion for Summary Judgment on Personal Jurisdiction and Plaintiff's Countermotion for Summary Judgment, dated 8/15/2014	III	SA0817 – SA0821
Minute Order, dated 9/9/2014	III	SA0822
Transcript of Telephone Conference on 9/9/2014	III	SA0823 – SA0839
Transcript of Telephone Conference on 9/10/2014	III	SA0840 – SA0854
Plaintiff's Motion on Deficient Privilege Log on Order Shortening Time, dated 9/16/2014	IV	SA0855 – SA0897
Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs' Motion for Leave to File a Third Amended Complaint, dated 9/26/2014	IV	SA0898 – SA0924
Plaintiff's Reply in Support of Plaintiff's Motion on Deficient Privilege Log on Order Shortening Time, dated 10/3/2014	IV	SA0925 – SA0933
Transcript of Hearing regarding Plaintiff's Motion for Release of Documents from Advanced Discovery on the Grounds of Waiver and Plaintiff's Motion on Deficient Privilege Log on OST, dated 10/09/2014	IV	SA0934 – SA0980
Defendant Sheldon G. Adelson's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion for Leave to File Third Amended Complaint, dated 10/10/2014	IV	SA0981 – SA0988
Minute Order, dated 12/12/2014	IV	SA0989 – SA0990
Defendant Sands China LTD's Motion to Dismiss Third Amended Complaint for Lack of Personal Jurisdiction and Failure to State a Claim, dated 1/12/2015	IV	SA0991 – SA1014
Opposition to Defendant Sheldon	IV	SA1015 – SA1032

Adelson's Motion to Dismiss Third		
Amended Complaint, dated 2/4/2015		
Opposition to Defendants Sands China		
LTD's and Las Vegas Sands Corp.'s	IV	SA1033 – SA1048
Motion to Dismiss Third Amended	1 V	SA1033 – SA1048
Complaint, dated 2/4/2015		
SCL's Memorandum regarding		
Plaintiff's Renewed Motion for	IV	SA1049 – SA1077
Sanctions, dated 2/6/2015		
Plaintiff Steven C. Jacob's Brief on		
Sanctions for February 9, 2015	V	SA1078 – SA1101
Evidentiary Hearing, dated 2/6/2015		
Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs' Objection to		
Defendant Sand China's Appendix to Its		
Memorandum regarding Plaintiff's	V	SA1102 – SA1105
Renewed Motion for Sanctions, dated		
2/9/2015		
Transcript of Hearing regarding		
Defendant Sands China LTD's Motion to		
Stay Court's 3/6/2015 Decision and		
Order and to Continue the Evidentiary		
Hearing on Jurisdiction scheduled for	V	SA1106 – SA1139
4/20/2015; Defendants' Petition for Writ		
of Prohibition or Mandamus, dated		
3/16/2015		
Transcript of Hearing on Motions, dated		
3/19/2015	V	SA1140 – SA1215
Order Denying Petition in part and		
Granting Stay, dated 4/2/2015	V	SA1216 – SA1218
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 4, admitted		
on 4/20/2015	VI	SA1219
,	VI	SA1220
admitted on 4/20/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 176,	VI	SA1221 – SA1222
admitted on 4/20/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 178,	VI	SA1223 – SA1226
admitted on 4/20/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 182,	VI	SA1227 – SA1228
admitted on 4/20/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 238,	VI	SA1229 – SA1230
admitted on 4/20/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 256,	VI	SA1231 – SA1232

admitted on 4/20/2015				
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	292,		
admitted on 4/20/2015	LA.	292,	VI	SA1233 – SA1252
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015	Ex.	425,	VI	SA1253 – SA1256
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015	Ex.	437,	VI	SA1257 – SA1258
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015	Ex.	441,	VI	SA1259
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015	Ex.	476,	VI	SA1260 – SA1264
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015	Ex.	495,	VI	SA1265
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015	Ex.	621,	VI	SA1266 – SA1269
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015	Ex.	668,	VI	SA1270 – SA1277
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015	Ex.	692,	VI	SA1278
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015	Ex.	702,	VI	SA1279 – SA1282
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015	Ex.	665,	VI	SA1283 – SA1287
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015	Ex.	624,	VI	SA1288 – SA1360
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015	Ex.	188,	VI	SA1361 – SA1362
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015	Ex.	139,	VI	SA1363 – SA1367
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015	Ex.	153,	VI	SA1368 – SA1370
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015	Ex.	165,	VI	SA1371
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015	Ex.	172,	VI	SA1372 – SA1374
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015	Ex.	175,	VI	SA1375
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015	Ex.	508,	VI	SA1376 – SA1382
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015	Ex.	515,	VI	SA1383 – SA1386

Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	1049,	VI	SA1387
admitted on 4/20/2015		4.45		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	447,	VI	SA1388 – SA1389
admitted on 4/20/2015		1051		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	1024,	VI	SA1390 – SA1391
admitted on 4/21/2015			· -	2111070 2111071
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	501,	VI	SA1392 – SA1394
admitted on 4/21/2015			· -	2111072 211107.
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	506,	VI	SA1395 – SA1399
admitted on 4/21/2015			V I	5111373 5111377
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	511,	VI	SA1400
admitted on 4/21/2015			V 1	5/11400
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	523,	VI	SA1401 – SA1402
admitted on 4/21/2015			V I	SA1401 - SA1402
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	584,	VI	C A 1402
admitted on 4/21/2015			VI	SA1403
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	586,	371	C A 1 4 O 4
admitted on 4/21/2015			VI	SA1404
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	587,	X 7 T	C A 1 407
admitted on 4/21/2015			VI	SA1405
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	589,	X 7 T	0.4.1.40.6
admitted on 4/21/2015		,	VI	SA1406
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	1084,	X 7 Y	GA1407 GA1400
admitted on 4/21/2015		,	VI	SA1407 - SA1408
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	607,	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	G 4 1 400 G 4 1 41 1
admitted on 4/21/2015		,	VI	SA1409 – SA1411
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	661,		G 1 1 1 1 2
admitted on 4/21/2015		,	VI	SA1412
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	669,		~
admitted on 4/21/2015		,	VI	SA1413
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	690,		
admitted on 4/21/2015	2211	0,00	VI	SA1414 – SA1415
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	1142,		
admitted on 4/21/2015	LA.	1112,	VI	SA1416
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	804,		
admitted on 4/21/2015	LA.	оо т ,	VI	SA1417
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	1163,		
admitted on 4/21/2015	LA.	1105,	VI	SA1418 – SA1420
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	1166,		
admitted on 4/21/2015	ĽX.	1100,	VI	SA1421
	E	1170	171	CA1422 CA1425
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	1179,	VI	SA1422 – SA1425

admitted on 4/21/2015				
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	1186,		
admitted on 4/21/2015	LA.	1100,	VI	SA1426
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/21/2015	Ex.	1185,	VI	SA1427 – SA1428
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/21/2015	Ex.	1190,	VI	SA1429
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/21/2015	Ex.	535,	VI	SA1430 – SA1431
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/21/2015	Ex.	540,	VI	SA1432 – SA1433
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/21/2015	Ex.	543,	VI	SA1434 – SA1435
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/21/2015	Ex.	1062,	VI	SA1436 – SA1439
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/21/2015	Ex.	612,	VI	SA1439A
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/21/2015	Ex.	1064,	VII	SA1440 – SA1444
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015	Ex.	273,	VII	SA1445
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015	Ex.	550,	VII	SA1446 – SA1447
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015	Ex.	694,	VII	SA1448 – SA1452
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015	Ex.	686,	VII	SA1453 – SA1456
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015	Ex.	752,	VII	SA1457 – SA1458
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015	Ex.	628,	VII	SA1459 – SA1460
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015	Ex.	627,	VII	SA1461 – SA1462
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015	Ex.	580,	VII	SA1463 – SA1484
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015	Ex.	270,	VII	SA1485 – SA1488
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015	Ex.	638,	VII	SA1489 – SA1490
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015	Ex.	667,	VII	SA1491 – SA1493

		1		T
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	670,	VII	SA1494 – SA1496
admitted on 4/22/2015		225		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015	Ex.	225,	VII	SA1496A
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ev	257		
admitted on 4/22/2015	Ex.	257,	VII	SA1496B- SA1496E
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	722,		
admitted on 4/22/2015	LA.	122,	VII	SA1496F
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	744,		
admitted on 4/22/2015		, ,	VII	SA1496G-SA1496I
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	955,	XXX	G A 1 407
admitted on 4/28/2015		,	VII	SA1497
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	103,	VIII	CA1400 CA1400
admitted on 4/28/2015			VII	SA1498 – SA1499
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	1035,	VII	SA1499A - SA1499F
admitted on 4/28/2015			V 11	5/114///1 - 5/114///
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	187,	VII	SA1500 – SA1589
admitted on 4/30/2015	0.1			
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex.	. 91, ac	lmitted	VII	SA1590
on 4/30/2015		100		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	100,	VII	SA1591
admitted on 4/30/2015		120		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/30/2015	Ex.	129,	VII	SA1592 – SA1594
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	162,		
admitted on 4/30/2015	LA.	102,	VII	SA1595
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	167,		
admitted on 4/30/2015	2	107,	VII	SA1596
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	132A,	XXX	GA 1505 GA 1606
admitted on 4/30/2015			VII	SA1597 – SA1606
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	558,	VII	CA1607
admitted on 4/30/2015			V 11	SA1607
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	561,	VII	SA1608
admitted on 4/30/2015			A 11	5/11000
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	261,	VII	SA1609 – SA1628
admitted on 4/30/2015			V 111	5/1100/ 5/11020
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	267,	VII	SA1629 – SA1630
admitted on 4/30/2015			V 11	5111027 5111030
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	378,	VII	SA1631
admitted on 4/30/2015				
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	116,	VII	SA1632 – SA1633

admitted on 4/30/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 122,		
admitted on 4/30/2015	VII	SA1634
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782,	VII	SA1635 – SA1636
admitted on 4/30/2015	V 11	5711033 5711030
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 158B, admitted on 5/1/2015	VII	SA1637
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1097,		
admitted on 5/1/2015	VII	SA1638 – SA1639
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 748,	1711	CA1640 CA1641
admitted on 5/4/2015	VII	SA1640 – SA1641
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 970,	VII	SA1642 – SA1643
admitted on 5/5/2015		2110.2
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1000, admitted on 5/5/2015	VII	SA1644
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 498,		
admitted on 5/5/2015	VII	SA1645 – SA1647
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1227,		
identified as SCL00173081, admitted on	VIII	SA1648 – SA1650
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1228,		
identified as SCL00101583, admitted on	VIII	SA1651
5/5/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1229,		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1229, identified as SCL00108526, admitted on	VIII	SA1652
5/5/2015	V 111	5711032
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1230,		
identified as SCL00206713, admitted on	VIII	SA1653
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1231,	* ****	
identified as SCL00210953, admitted on	VIII	SA1654 – SA1656
5/5/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1232,		
identified as SCL00173958, admitted on	VIII	SA1657 – SA1658
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1233,		
identified as SCL00173842, admitted on	VIII	SA1659 – SA1661
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1234,	1/111	QA 1662 QA 1662
identified as SCL00186995, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1662 – SA1663
3/3/4013		

Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1235, identified as SCL00172747, admitted on	VIII	SA1664 – SA1666
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1236,		.
identified as SCL00172796, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1667
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1237,		
identified as SCL00172809, admitted on	VIII	SA1668 – SA1669
5/5/2015	V 111	5/11000 - 5/11009
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1238,		
,	37111	S A 1670
identified as SCL00105177, admitted on	VIII	SA1670
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1239,	* ****	
identified as SCL00105245, admitted on	VIII	SA1671 – SA1672
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1240,		
identified as SCL00107517, admitted on	VIII	SA1673 – SA1675
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1241,		
identified as SCL00108481, admitted on	VIII	SA1676
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1242,		
identified as SCL00108505, admitted on	VIII	SA1677 – SA1678
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1243,		
identified as SCL00110438, admitted on	VIII	SA1679 – SA1680
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1244,		
identified as SCL00111487, admitted on	VIII	SA1681 – SA1683
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1245,		
identified as SCL00113447, admitted on	VIII	SA16384
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1246,		
identified as SCL00113467, admitted on	VIII	SA1685
5/5/2015	V 111	2111000
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1247,		
identified as SCL00114299, admitted on	VIII	SA1686 – SA1687
5/5/2015	, 111	5111000 5111007
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1248,		
identified as SCL00115634, admitted on	VIII	SA1688
5/5/2015	V 111	STATOOO
31314013		

Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1249, identified as SCL00119172, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1689 – SA1691
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1250, identified as SCL00182392, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1692 – SA1694
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1251, identified as SCL00182132, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1695 – SA1697
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1252, identified as SCL00182383, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1698 – SA1699
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1253, identified as SCL00182472, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1700
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1254, identified as SCL00182538, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1701
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1255, identified as SCL00182221, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1702
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1256, identified as SCL00182539, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1703
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1257, identified as SCL00182559, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1704
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1258, identified as SCL00182591, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1705
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1259, identified as SCL00182664, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1706
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1260, identified as SCL00182713, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1707
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1261, identified as SCL00182717, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1708
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1262, identified as SCL00182817, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1709

Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1263, identified as SCL00182892, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1710
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1264, identified as SCL00182895, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1711
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1265, identified as SCL00184582, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1712 – SA1713
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1266, identified as SCL00182486, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1714 – SA1715
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1267, identified as SCL00182431, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1716 – SA1717
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1268, identified as SCL00182553, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1718 – SA1719
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1269, identified as SCL00182581, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1720 – SA1721
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1270, identified as SCL00182589, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1722 – SA1723
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1271, identified as SCL00182592, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1724 – SA1725
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1272, identified as SCL00182626, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1726 – SA1727
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1273, identified as SCL00182659, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1728 – SA1729
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1274, identified as SCL00182696, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1730 – SA1731
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1275, identified as SCL00182721, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1732 – SA1733
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1276, identified as SCL00182759, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1734 – SA1735

Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1277, identified as SCL00182714, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1736 – SA1738
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1278, identified as SCL00182686, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1739 – SA1741
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1279, identified as SCL00182938, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1742 – SA1743
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1280, identified as SCL00182867, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1744 – SA1745
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1281, identified as SCL00182779, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1746 – SA1747
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1282, identified as SCL00182683, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1748 – SA1750
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1283, identified as SCL00182670, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1751 – SA1756
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1284, identified as SCL00182569, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1757 – SA1760
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1285, identified as SCL00182544, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1761 – SA1763
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1286, identified as SCL00182526, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1764 – SA1767
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1287, identified as SCL00182494, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1768 – SA1772
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1288, identified as SCL00182459, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1773 – SA1776
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1289, identified as SCL00182395, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1777 – SA1780
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1290, identified as SCL00182828, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1781 – SA1782

Sands China's Closing Argument Power Point in Jurisdictional Hearing, dated 5/7/2015	IX	SA1783 – SA1853
Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs' Objection to Sands China's "Offer of Proof" and Appendix, dated 5/8/2015	IX	SA1854 – SA1857
Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs' Opposition to Sands China LTD's Motion to Seal Exhibits to Its Offer of Proof, dated 5/26/2015	IX	SA1858 –SA1861
Hearing on Plaintiff's Motion for Expedited Discovery, dated 6/10/2015	IX	SA1862 – SA1900
Fourth Amended Complaint, dated 6/22/2015	IX	SA1901 – SA1921
Amended Business Court Scheduling Order and 2 nd Amended Order Setting Civil Jury Trial, and Pre-Trial and Calendar Call, dated 7/17/2015	IX	SA1922 – SA1930
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1100 Filed Under Seal	X	SA1931 – SA1984
Opposition to Defendant Sands China LTD's Motion for Summary Judgment on Personal Jurisdiction and Countermotion for Summary Judgment, dated 7/14/2014 Filed Under Seal	X	SA1985 – SA2004
Declaration of Todd L. Bice, Esq. in Support of Opposition to Defendant Sands China LTD's Motion for Summary Judgment on Personal Jurisdiction and Countermotion for Summary Judgment, dated 7/14/2014 Filed Under Seal	X & XI	SA2005 – SA2235

ALPHEBATICAL INDEX

DOCUMENT	VOLUME	PAGES
Amended Business Court Scheduling Order and 2 nd Amended Order Setting Civil Jury Trial, and Pre-Trial and Calendar Call, dated 7/17/2015	IX	SA1922 – SA1930
Complaint, dated 10/20/2010	Ι	SA0001 – SA0016
Declaration of Todd L. Bice, Esq. in Support of Opposition to Defendant Sands China LTD's Motion for Summary Judgment on Personal Jurisdiction and Countermotion for Summary Judgment, dated 7/14/2014 Filed Under Seal	X & XI	SA2005 – SA2235
Defendant Sands China LTD's Answer to Plaintiff's First Amended Complaint, dated 7/8/2011	II	SA0272 – SA0280
Defendant Sands China LTD's Motion to Dismiss for Failure to State a Claim, dated 4/20/2011	I	SA0172 – SA0189
Defendant Sands China LTD's Motion to Dismiss Third Amended Complaint for Lack of Personal Jurisdiction and Failure to State a Claim, dated 1/12/2015	IV	SA0991 – SA1014
Defendant Sheldon G. Adelson's Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion for Leave to File Third Amended Complaint, dated 10/10/2014	IV	SA0981 – SA0988
Defendants' Opposition to Plaintiff's Motion for Leave to File Second Amended Complaint, dated 7/15/2014	II	SA0610 – SA0666
First Amended Complaint, dated 3/16/2011	Ι	SA0152 – SA0169
Fourth Amended Complaint, dated 6/22/2015	IX	SA1901 – SA1921

Hearing on Plaintiff's Motion for Expedited Discovery, dated 6/10/2015	IX	SA1862 – SA1900
Joint Status Report, dated 4/22/2011	I	SA0226 – SA0228
Minute Order, dated 12/12/2014	IV	SA0989 – SA0990
Minute Order, dated 2/21/2014	II	SA0304
Minute Order, dated 5/26/2011	II	SA0262
Minute Order, dated 6/9/2011	II	SA0263 – SA0265
Minute Order, dated 9/9/2014	III	SA0822
Notice of Appeal, dated 7/1/2011	II	SA0266 – SA0268
Notice of Entry of Order on Defendant Sands China, LTD's Motion for Summary Judgment on Personal Jurisdiction and Plaintiff's Countermotion for Summary Judgment, dated 8/15/2014	III	SA0817 – SA0821
Notice of Filing Petition for Writ of Mandamus, or in the Alternative, Writ of Prohibition, dated 5/13/2011	I	SA0229 – SA0230
Objection to Purported Evidence Offered in Support of Defendant Sands China LTD's Motion for Summary Judgment on Personal Jurisdiction, dated 7/14/2014	II	SA0591 – SA0609
OMITTED	II	n/a
OMITTED	II	n/a
Opposition to Defendant Sands China LTD's Motion for Summary Judgment on Personal Jurisdiction and Countermotion for Summary Judgment, dated 7/14/2014 Filed Under Seal	X	SA1985 – SA2004
Opposition to Defendant Sheldon Adelson's Motion to Dismiss Third Amended Complaint, dated 2/4/2015	IV	SA1015 – SA1032
Opposition to Defendants Sands China LTD's and Las Vegas Sands Corp.'s Motion to Dismiss Third Amended Complaint, dated 2/4/2015	IV	SA1033 – SA1048
Order Denying Defendant Sands China	II	SA0269 – SA0271

LTD's Motion to Dismiss Plaintiff's		
Second Cause of Action, dated 7/6/2011		
Order Denying Defendants' Motion to	T	CA0170 CA0171
Dismiss, dated 4/1/2011	I	SA0170 – SA0171
Order Denying Motion to Recall	TT	GA0210 GA0221
Mandate, dated 5/19/2014	II	SA0319 – SA0321
Order Denying Petition in part and	T 7	GA 1016 GA 1010
Granting Stay, dated 4/2/2015	V	SA1216 – SA1218
Plaintiff Steve C. Jacobs' Reply in		
Support of Motion for Leave to File	TTT	CA0765 CA0770
Second Amended Complaint, dated	III	SA0765 – SA0770
7/25/2014		
Plaintiff Steven C. Jacob's Brief on		
Sanctions for February 9, 2015	V	SA1078 – SA1101
Evidentiary Hearing, dated 2/6/2015		
Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs' Motion for		
Leave to File a Third Amended	IV	SA0898 – SA0924
Complaint, dated 9/26/2014		
Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs' Motion for		
Leave to File Second Amended	II	SA0322 – SA0350
Complaint, dated 6/30/2014		
Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs' Objection to		
Defendant Sand China's Appendix to Its		
Memorandum regarding Plaintiff's	V	SA1102 – SA1105
Renewed Motion for Sanctions, dated		
2/9/2015		
Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs' Objection to		
Sands China's "Offer of Proof" and	IX	SA1854 – SA1857
Appendix, dated 5/8/2015		
Plaintiff Steven C. Jacobs' Opposition to		
Sands China LTD's Motion to Seal	IV	CA1050 CA1061
Exhibits to Its Offer of Proof, dated	IX	SA1858 –SA1861
5/26/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 100,	X /11	C A 1501
admitted on 4/30/2015	VII	SA1591
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1000,	7711	S A 1644
admitted on 5/5/2015	VII	SA1644
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1024,	771	CA 1200 CA 1201
admitted on 4/21/2015	VI	SA1390 – SA1391
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 103,	7711	CA 1400 CA 1400
admitted on 4/28/2015	VII	SA1498 – SA1499

Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1035, admitted on 4/28/2015	VII	SA1499A - SA1499F
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1049,		
admitted on 4/20/2015	VI	SA1387
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1062,	VI	SA1436 – SA1439
admitted on 4/21/2015	· -	
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1064,	VII	SA1440 – SA1444
admitted on 4/21/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1084,	VI	SA1407 - SA1408
admitted on 4/21/2015	, 1	5717107 5717100
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1097,	VII	SA1638 – SA1639
admitted on 5/1/2015	V 11	5/11030 - 5/11037
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1100 Filed	X	SA1931 – SA1984
Under Seal	Λ	SA1731 - SA1704
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1142,	371	C A 1 41 6
admitted on 4/21/2015	VI	SA1416
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 116,	3.711	GA 1622 GA 1622
admitted on 4/30/2015	VII	SA1632 – SA1633
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1163,	X 77	GA1410 GA1400
admitted on 4/21/2015	VI	SA1418 – SA1420
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1166,	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	G 1 1 121
admitted on 4/21/2015	VI	SA1421
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1179,		
admitted on 4/21/2015	VI	SA1422 – SA1425
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1185,		
admitted on 4/21/2015	VI	SA1427 – SA1428
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1186,		
admitted on 4/21/2015	VI	SA1426
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1190,		
admitted on 4/21/2015	VI	SA1429
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 122,		
admitted on 4/30/2015	VII	SA1634
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1227,		
identified as SCL00173081, admitted on	VIII	SA1648 – SA1650
5/5/2015	V 111	3A1040 - 3A1030
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1228,		
identified as SCL00101583, admitted on	1/111	S A 1651
5/5/2015	VIII	SA1651
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1229,		
identified as SCL00108526, admitted on	17777	C A 1 C 5 2
·	VIII	SA1652
5/5/2015		

Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1230,		
identified as SCL00206713, admitted on	VIII	SA1653
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1231,		
identified as SCL00210953, admitted on	VIII	SA1654 – SA1656
5/5/2015	V 111	5711051 5711050
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1232,		
identified as SCL00173958, admitted on	VIII	SA1657 – SA1658
5/5/2015	V 1111	SA1037 - SA1030
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1233,		
identified as SCL00173842, admitted on	VIII	CA 1650 CA 1661
5/5/2015	V 111	SA1659 – SA1661
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1234,		
, i	T 7777	Q A 1 C C Q Q A 1 C C Q
identified as SCL00186995, admitted on	VIII	SA1662 – SA1663
5/5/2015 District for a Jurisdictional Ex. 1225		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1235,	* ****	
identified as SCL00172747, admitted on	VIII	SA1664 – SA1666
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1236,		
identified as SCL00172796, admitted on	VIII	SA1667
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1237,		
identified as SCL00172809, admitted on	VIII	SA1668 – SA1669
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1238,		
identified as SCL00105177, admitted on	VIII	SA1670
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1239,		
identified as SCL00105245, admitted on	VIII	SA1671 – SA1672
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1240,		
identified as SCL00107517, admitted on	VIII	SA1673 – SA1675
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1241,		
identified as SCL00108481, admitted on	VIII	SA1676
5/5/2015	∀ 111	2111070
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1242,		
identified as SCL00108505, admitted on	VIII	SA1677 – SA1678
5/5/2015	A 111	SMIUII - SMIUIU
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1243,		
identified as SCL00110438, admitted on	VIII	SA1679 – SA1680
5/5/2015	A 111	SA1017 - SA1000
0/0/2010		

Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1244,		
identified as SCL00111487, admitted on	VIII	SA1681 – SA1683
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1245,		
identified as SCL00113447, admitted on	VIII	SA16384
5/5/2015	V 1111	57110304
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1246,		
identified as SCL00113467, admitted on	VIII	SA1685
5/5/2015	V 1111	SA1003
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1247,		
identified as SCL00114299, admitted on	37111	CA1606 CA1607
5/5/2015	VIII	SA1686 – SA1687
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1248,	* ****	G A 1 COO
identified as SCL00115634, admitted on	VIII	SA1688
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1249,		
identified as SCL00119172, admitted on	VIII	SA1689 – SA1691
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1250,		
identified as SCL00182392, admitted on	VIII	SA1692 – SA1694
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1251,		
identified as SCL00182132, admitted on	VIII	SA1695 – SA1697
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1252,		
identified as SCL00182383, admitted on	VIII	SA1698 – SA1699
5/5/2015	,	
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1253,		
identified as SCL00182472, admitted on	VIII	SA1700
5/5/2015	V 1111	5111700
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1254,		
identified as SCL00182538, admitted on	VIII	SA1701
5/5/2015	V 1111	SA1701
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1255,		
identified as SCL00182221, admitted on	VIII	S A 1702
5/5/2015	A 111	SA1702
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1256,		1
•	77777	C A 1702
identified as SCL00182539, admitted on	VIII	SA1703
5/5/2015 District for a fundamental for 1257		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1257,	* ****	G + 1 5 0 /
identified as SCL00182559, admitted on	VIII	SA1704
5/5/2015		

Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1258,		
identified as SCL00182591, admitted on	VIII	SA1705
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1259,		
identified as SCL00182664, admitted on	VIII	SA1706
5/5/2015	V 111	5111700
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1260,		
identified as SCL00182713, admitted on	VIII	SA1707
5/5/2015	V 1111	5/11/0/
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1261,		
identified as SCL00182717, admitted on	VIII	SA1708
5/5/2015	V 1111	SA1700
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1262,		
identified as SCL00182817, admitted on	77111	S A 1700
5/5/2015	VIII	SA1709
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1263,		
	T / T T T	G A 1710
identified as SCL00182892, admitted on	VIII	SA1710
5/5/2015 Distriction of the state of the st		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1264,		
identified as SCL00182895, admitted on	VIII	SA1711
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1265,		
identified as SCL00184582, admitted on	VIII	SA1712 – SA1713
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1266,		
identified as SCL00182486, admitted on	VIII	SA1714 – SA1715
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1267,		
identified as SCL00182431, admitted on	VIII	SA1716 – SA1717
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1268,		
identified as SCL00182553, admitted on	VIII	SA1718 – SA1719
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1269,		
identified as SCL00182581, admitted on	VIII	SA1720 – SA1721
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1270,		
identified as SCL00182589, admitted on	VIII	SA1722 – SA1723
5/5/2015	. 	
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1271,		
identified as SCL00182592, admitted on	VIII	SA1724 – SA1725
5/5/2015		
		1

Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1272,		
identified as SCL00182626, admitted on	VIII	SA1726 – SA1727
5/5/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1273,		
identified as SCL00182659, admitted on	VIII	SA1728 – SA1729
5/5/2015	V 111	5111720 511172)
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1274,		
identified as SCL00182696, admitted on	VIII	SA1730 – SA1731
5/5/2015	V 111	5111730 5111731
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1275,		
identified as SCL00182721, admitted on	VIII	SA1732 – SA1733
5/5/2015	V 111	5/11/32 5/11/33
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1276,		
identified as SCL00182759, admitted on	VIII	SA1734 – SA1735
5/5/2015	V 111	SA1734 - SA1733
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1277,		
identified as SCL00182714, admitted on	VIII	SA1736 – SA1738
5/5/2015	V 111	SA1730 - SA1730
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1278,		
identified as SCL00182686, admitted on	VIII	CA 1720 CA 1741
5/5/2015	V 111	SA1739 – SA1741
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1279,		
identified as SCL00182938, admitted on	1/111	CA 1742 CA 1742
5/5/2015	VIII	SA1742 – SA1743
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1280,		
identified as SCL00182867, admitted on	X / T T T	CA 1744 CA 1745
5/5/2015	VIII	SA1744 – SA1745
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1281,		
identified as SCL00182779, admitted on	X / X X X	
5/5/2015	VIII	SA1746 – SA1747
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1282,		
identified as SCL00182683, admitted on	X / X X X	GA 1740 GA 1750
, and the second	VIII	SA1748 – SA1750
5/5/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1283,		
<u> </u>	T 7 TT	0 4 1 7 5 1
identified as SCL00182670, admitted on	VIII	SA1751 – SA1756
5/5/2015 Disintiff's Invisdictional Ev. 1294		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1284,	T 1777	0.1757 0.1550
identified as SCL00182569, admitted on	VIII	SA1757 – SA1760
5/5/2015 Disintiff's Invisdictional Ex. 1295		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1285,	* ****	0.1501 0.150
identified as SCL00182544, admitted on	VIII	SA1761 – SA1763
5/5/2015		

Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1286, identified as SCL00182526, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1764 – SA1767
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1287, identified as SCL00182494, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1768 – SA1772
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1288, identified as SCL00182459, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1773 – SA1776
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1289, identified as SCL00182395, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1777 – SA1780
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 129, admitted on 4/30/2015	VII	SA1592 – SA1594
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 1290, identified as SCL00182828, admitted on 5/5/2015	VIII	SA1781 – SA1782
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 132A, admitted on 4/30/2015	VII	SA1597 – SA1606
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 139, admitted on 4/20/2015	VI	SA1363 – SA1367
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 153, admitted on 4/20/2015	VI	SA1368 – SA1370
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 158B, admitted on 5/1/2015	VII	SA1637
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 162, admitted on 4/30/2015	VII	SA1595
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 165, admitted on 4/20/2015	VI	SA1371
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 167, admitted on 4/30/2015	VII	SA1596
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 172, admitted on 4/20/2015	VI	SA1372 – SA1374
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 173, admitted on 4/20/2015	VI	SA1220
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 175, admitted on 4/20/2015	VI	SA1375
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 176, admitted on 4/20/2015	VI	SA1221 – SA1222
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 178, admitted on 4/20/2015	VI	SA1223 – SA1226

Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 182	vI VI	SA1227 – SA1228
admitted on 4/20/2015	V1	3A1221 - 3A1228
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 187	, VII	CA 1500 CA 1500
admitted on 4/30/2015	V 11	SA1500 – SA1589
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 188	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	CA 1261 CA 1262
admitted on 4/20/2015	' VI	SA1361 – SA1362
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 225,	VII	C A 1 40 C A
admitted on 4/22/2015	V 11	SA1496A
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 238	,	G A 1000 G A 1000
admitted on 4/20/2015	['] VI	SA1229 – SA1230
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 256	,	G A 1001 G A 1000
admitted on 4/20/2015	' VI	SA1231 – SA1232
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 257,	3711	
admitted on 4/22/2015	VII	SA1496B- SA1496E
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 261	,	~
admitted on 4/30/2015	' VII	SA1609 – SA1628
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 267		
admitted on 4/30/2015	' VII	SA1629 – SA1630
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 270	,	
admitted on 4/22/2015	' VII	SA1485 – SA1488
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 273		
admitted on 4/22/2015	' VII	SA1445
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 292	,	~
admitted on 4/20/2015	' VI	SA1233 – SA1252
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 378	,	~
admitted on 4/30/2015	' VII	SA1631
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 4, admitte	d	
on 4/20/2015	VI	SA1219
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 425	,	G + 10.50 G + 10.50
admitted on 4/20/2015	' VI	SA1253 – SA1256
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 437	,	G . 10 = G . 10 = G
admitted on 4/20/2015	' VI	SA1257 – SA1258
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 441	,	2.1.2.2
admitted on 4/20/2015	' VI	SA1259
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 447	,	
admitted on 4/20/2015	' VI	SA1388 – SA1389
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 476	,	
admitted on 4/20/2015	' VI	SA1260 – SA1264
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 495	,	
admitted on 4/20/2015	' VI	SA1265
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 498	3711	CA1645 CA1647
Tranium 8 Junsulcuonar Ex. 490	, VII	SA1645 – SA1647

admitted on 5/5/2015				
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	501,		
admitted on 4/21/2015	LA.	501,	VI	SA1392 – SA1394
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	506,		
admitted on 4/21/2015			VI	SA1395 – SA1399
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	508,	* **	G + 105 c G + 1000
admitted on 4/20/2015			VI	SA1376 – SA1382
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	511,	171	C A 1 400
admitted on 4/21/2015			VI	SA1400
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	515,	VI	SA1383 – SA1386
admitted on 4/20/2015			V 1	SA1363 - SA1360
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	523,	VI	SA1401 – SA1402
admitted on 4/21/2015			V 1	5/11401 - 5/11402
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	535,	VI	SA1430 – SA1431
admitted on 4/21/2015		7.40	V 1	5111430 5111431
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	540,	VI	SA1432 – SA1433
admitted on 4/21/2015		5.42		5111102 5111100
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	543,	VI	SA1434 – SA1435
admitted on 4/21/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ew	550		
admitted on 4/22/2015	Ex.	550,	VII	SA1446 – SA1447
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	558,		
admitted on 4/30/2015	LA.	330,	VII	SA1607
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	561,		
admitted on 4/30/2015	2211	001,	VII	SA1608
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	580,		
admitted on 4/22/2015			VII	SA1463 – SA1484
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	584,		~
admitted on 4/21/2015			VI	SA1403
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	586,	T 7T	G A 1 40 4
admitted on 4/21/2015			VI	SA1404
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	587,	171	C A 1 405
admitted on 4/21/2015			VI	SA1405
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	589,	VI	SA1406
admitted on 4/21/2015		_	V 1	5A1400
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	607,	VI	SA1409 – SA1411
admitted on 4/21/2015		(12	V 1	DITTO/ DITTII
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	612,	VI	SA1439A
admitted on 4/21/2015	т.	(21	, =	
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	621,	VI	SA1266 – SA1269
admitted on 4/20/2015			. –	

Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015 Ex. 627, admitted on 4/22/2015 VII SA1461 - SA1462 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 628, admitted on 4/22/2015 VII SA1459 - SA1460 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 638, admitted on 4/22/2015 VII SA1489 - SA1490 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/21/2015 Ex. 661, admitted on 4/21/2015 VII SA1283 - SA1287 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015 Ex. 665, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 668, admitted on 4/21/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/21/2015 Ex. 669, admitted on 4/21/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 686, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 686, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 692, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 692, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 692, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 692, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 694, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 702, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 702, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 744, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 748, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 748, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 748, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 748, admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 748, admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex.			,		1
Raintife		Ex.	624,	VI	SA1288 SA1360
Admitted on 4/22/2015				V 1	SA1200 - SA1300
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 628, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 638, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 661, admitted on 4/21/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 665, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 665, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 666, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 668, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 668, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 669, admitted on 4/21/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 666, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 686, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 686, admitted on 4/21/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 669, admitted on 4/21/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 690, admitted on 4/21/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 692, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 694, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 694, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 702, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 702, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 722, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 744, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 744, admitted on 5/4/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 748, admitted on 5/4/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaint		Ex.	627,	VII	SA1461 – SA1462
Admitted on 4/22/2015			12.0	V 11	5/11401 - 5/11402
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 638, admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 661, admitted on 4/21/2015 Ex. 661, admitted on 4/21/2015 Ex. 665, admitted on 4/20/2015 Ex. 665, admitted on 4/20/2015 Ex. 6667, admitted on 4/20/2015 Ex. 6667, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015 Ex. 6668, admitted on 4/20/2015 Ex. 669, admitted on 4/21/2015 Ex. 669, admitted on 4/21/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 669, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 669, admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 669, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/21/2015 Ex. 690, admitted on 4/21/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015 Ex. 692, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 692, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 692, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 702, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 5/4/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 5/4/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitt		Ex.	628,	VII	SA1459 - SA1460
Admitted on 4/22/2015			100	V 11	5/11437 5/11400
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/21/2015 Ex. 661, admitted on 4/20/2015 Ex. 665, admitted on 4/20/2015 Ex. 665, admitted on 4/20/2015 Ex. 667, admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 668, admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 668, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015 Ex. 669, admitted on 4/21/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 686, admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 686, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 686, admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 686, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/21/2015 Ex. 690, admitted on 4/21/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015 Ex. 692, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 694, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jur		Ex.	638,	VII	SA1489 – SA1490
Admitted on 4/21/2015			1	V 11	5/11407 5/11470
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 668, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 669, admitted on 4/21/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 686, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 686, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 690, admitted on 4/21/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 692, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 692, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 694, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 694, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 702, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 702, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 722, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 744, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 748, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 804		Ex.	661,	VI	SA1412
Admitted on 4/20/2015 VI SA1283 - SA1287				V 1	5717 172
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 667, Admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 668, Admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 669, Admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 669, Admitted on 4/21/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 670, Admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 686, Admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 690, Admitted on 4/21/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 692, Admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 694, Admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 694, Admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 702, Admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 702, Admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 722, Admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 744, Admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 748, Admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 748, Admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, Admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, Admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, Admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, Admitted Ex. 782,		Ex.	665,	VI	SA1283 – SA1287
Admitted on 4/22/2015 VII SA1491 - SA1493				V 1	5717203 5717207
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 668, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 669, admitted on 4/21/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 669, admitted on 4/21/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 670, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 686, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 690, admitted on 4/21/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 692, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 694, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 694, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 702, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 722, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 744, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 744, admitted on 5/4/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 748, admitted on 5/4/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015		Ex.	667,	VII	SA1491 – SA1493
Admitted on 4/20/2015				V 11	5/11471 5/11475
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 669, admitted on 4/21/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 670, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 686, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 686, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 690, admitted on 4/21/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 692, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 694, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 694, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 702, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 722, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 744, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 744, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 748, admitted on 5/4/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plain		Ex.	668,	VI	SA1270 – SA1277
Admitted on 4/21/2015				V 1	SHIZIO SHIZII
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 670, admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 686, admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 686, admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 690, admitted on 4/21/2015 Ex. 690, admitted on 4/21/2015 Ex. 692, admitted on 4/20/2015 Ex. 692, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 694, admitted on 4/20/2015 Ex. 694, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 702, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 702, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 722, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 744, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 748, admitted on 5/4/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 804 Admitted Admitted		Ex.	669,	VI	SA1413
Admitted on 4/22/2015 VII SA1494 - SA1496 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 686, admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 690, admitted on 4/21/2015 Ex. 692, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015 Ex. 694, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 702, admitted on 4/20/2015 VII SA1448 - SA1452 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015 Ex. 702, admitted on 4/22/2015 VII SA1279 - SA1282 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 722, admitted on 4/22/2015 VII SA1496F Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 5/4/2015 Ex. 744, admitted on 5/4/2015 VII SA1640 - SA1641 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 VII SA1635 - SA1636 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/30/2015 Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 VII SA1635 - SA1636 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/30/2015 Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 VII SA1635 - SA1636 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/30/2015 Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 VII SA1635 - SA1636 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/30/2015 Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 VII SA1635 - SA1636 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/30/2015 Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 VII SA1635 - SA1636 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/30/2015 Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 VII SA1635 - SA1636 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/30/2015 Ex. 804			670	V 1	5717 175
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 686, admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 690, admitted on 4/21/2015 Ex. 692, admitted on 4/20/2015 Ex. 692, admitted on 4/20/2015 Ex. 694, admitted on 4/20/2015 Ex. 694, admitted on 4/20/2015 Ex. 694, admitted on 4/20/2015 Ex. 702, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015 Ex. 702, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 722, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 744, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 5/4/2015 Ex. 748, admitted on 5/4/2015 Ex. 748, admitted on 5/4/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/22/2015 Ex. 752, admitted on 4/20/2015 Ex. 752, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/20/2015 Ex. 752, admitted on 4/30/2015 Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 Ex. 8044		Ex.	6/0,	VII	SA1494 – SA1496
Admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 690, admitted on 4/21/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 692, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 694, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 702, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 702, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 722, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 744, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 745, admitted on 5/4/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 748, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015				V 11	BIII 191 BIII 190
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional admitted on 4/21/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 692, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 694, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 694, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 702, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 722, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 722, VII SA1496F Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 744, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 748, admitted on 5/4/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, VII SA1640 – SA1641 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, VII SA1635 – SA1636 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, VII SA1635 – SA1636		Ex.	686,	VII	SA1453 – SA1456
admitted on 4/21/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 692, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 694, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 702, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 722, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 722, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 744, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 748, admitted on 5/4/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015			600	V 11	5717 133 5717 130
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 692, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 694, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 702, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 722, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 722, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 744, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 748, admitted on 5/4/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015		Ex.	690,	VI	SA1414 – SA1415
admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 694, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 702, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 722, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 724, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 744, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 748, admitted on 5/4/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015			602	V 1	5717177 5717173
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 694, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 702, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 722, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 744, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 748, admitted on 5/4/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 748, admitted on 5/4/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015		Ex.	692,	VI	SA1278
admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 702, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 722, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 744, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 748, admitted on 5/4/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 748, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 804			60.4	V 1	5/11270
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 702, admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 722, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 744, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 748, admitted on 5/4/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 748, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015		Ex.	694,	VII	SA1448 – SA1452
admitted on 4/20/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 722, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 744, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 748, admitted on 5/4/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015			702	V 11	5717110 5717132
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 722, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 744, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 748, admitted on 5/4/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015		Ex.	702,	VI	SA1279 – SA1282
admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 744, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 748, admitted on 5/4/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015			700		5111277 5111202
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 744, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 748, admitted on 5/4/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015		Ex.	722,	VII	SA1496F
admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 748, admitted on 5/4/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 804			7.1.1	V 11	5717 1701
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 748, admitted on 5/4/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 804		Ex.	744,	VII	SA1496G-SA1496I
admitted on 5/4/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 804			7.40	V 11	5/11/900 5/11/901
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 752, admitted on 4/22/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 804		Ex.	748,	VII	SA1640 – SA1641
admitted on 4/22/2015 VII SA1457 – SA1458 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 VII SA1635 – SA1636 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 804			7.70	V 11	5711040 5711041
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 782, admitted on 4/30/2015 Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 804		Ex.	752,	VII	SA1457 – SA1458
admitted on 4/30/2015 VII SA1635 – SA1636			702	V 11	5111107 51111100
Digitiff's Jurisdictional Ev 804		Ex.	782,	VII	SA1635 – SA1636
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 804, VI SA1417			00.4	V 11	5711033 5711030
	Plaintiff's Jurisdictional	Ex.	804,	VI	SA1417

admitted on 4/21/2015		
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 91, admitted	VII	C A 1500
on 4/30/2015	V 11	SA1590
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 955,	3711	C A 1 407
admitted on 4/28/2015	VII	SA1497
Plaintiff's Jurisdictional Ex. 970,	3.711	0 4 1 6 4 2 0 4 1 6 4 2
admitted on 5/5/2015	VII	SA1642 – SA1643
Plaintiff's Motion on Deficient Privilege		
Log on Order Shortening Time, dated	IV	SA0855 – SA0897
9/16/2014		
Plaintiff's Motion to Conduct		
Jurisdictional Discovery, dated	II	SA0283 – SA0291
9/21/2011		
Plaintiff's Omnibus Response in		
Opposition to the Defendants'		
Respective Motions to Dismiss The Fifth	I	SA0231 – SA0246
Cause of Action Alleging Defamation		
Per Se, dated 5/23/2011		
Plaintiff's Opposition to Sands China		
LTD's Motion to Dismiss for Lack of		
Personal Jurisdiction, or in the	I	SA0017 – SA0151
Alternative, Failure to Join an		
Indispensable Party, dated 2/9/2011		
Plaintiff's Opposition to Sands China		
LTD's Motion to Dismiss his Second	TT	CA00047 CA0061
Cause of Action (Breach of Contract),	II	SA00247 – SA0261
dated 5/23/2011		
Plaintiff's Reply in Support of Plaintiff's		
Motion on Deficient Privilege Log on	IV	SA0925 – SA0933
Order Shortening Time, dated 10/3/2014		
Real Party in Interest, Steven C. Jacobs'		
Reply in Support of Countermotion	77	0.4.021.4 0.4.021.0
regarding Recall of Mandate, dated	II	SA0314 – SA0318
3/28/2014		
Real Party in Interest, Steven C. Jacobs'		
Response to Motion to Recall Mandate	TT	GA0202 GA0202
and Countermotion regarding same,	II	SA0292 – SA0303
dated 2/7/2014		
Renewed Objection to Purported		
Evidence Offered in Support of	ΤΤ	SA0667 SA0670
Defendant Sands China LTD's Motion	II	SA0667 – SA0670
for Summary Judgment on Personal		

T 1 1 1 1 1 1 7 /24 /2014		1
Jurisdiction, dated 7/24/2014		
Reply in Support of Countermotion for Summary Judgment, dated 7/24/2014	III	SA0671 – SA0764
Reply in Support of Motion to Recall Mandate and Opposition to Countermotion to Lift Stay, dated 3/28/2014	II	SA0305 – SA0313
Sands China's Closing Argument Power Point in Jurisdictional Hearing, dated 5/7/2015	IX	SA1783 – SA1853
SCL's Memorandum regarding Plaintiff's Renewed Motion for Sanctions, dated 2/6/2015	IV	SA1049 – SA1077
Transcript of Hearing on Motions, dated 3/19/2015	V	SA1140 – SA1215
Transcript of Hearing regarding Defendant Sands China LTD's Motion to Stay Court's 3/6/2015 Decision and Order and to Continue the Evidentiary Hearing on Jurisdiction scheduled for 4/20/2015; Defendants' Petition for Writ of Prohibition or Mandamus, dated 3/16/2015	V	SA1106 – SA1139
Transcript of Hearing regarding Mandatory Rule 16 Conference, dated 4/27/2011	Ι	SA0190 – SA0225
Transcript of Hearing regarding Motions on 8/14/2014	III	SA0771 – SA0816
Transcript of Hearing regarding Plaintiff's Motion for Release of Documents from Advanced Discovery on the Grounds of Waiver and Plaintiff's Motion on Deficient Privilege Log on OST, dated 10/09/2014	IV	SA0934 – SA0980
Transcript of Telephone Conference on 9/10/2014	III	SA0840 – SA0854
Transcript of Telephone Conference on 9/9/2014	III	SA0823 – SA0839
Writ of Mandamus, dated 8/26/2011	II	SA0281 – SA0282

as Vegas Sands Corp, et al Steven C. Jacobs

11-21-107

Supreme Court Order

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

SANDS CHINA LTD., Petitioner,

No. 58294

vs. THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT

COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF CLARK, AND THE HONORABLE ELIZABETH GOFF GONZALEZ, DISTRICT JUDGE, Respondents,

STEVEN C. JACOBS, Real Party in Interest.

CLERK OF SUPREME COURT

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ORDER GRANTING PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS

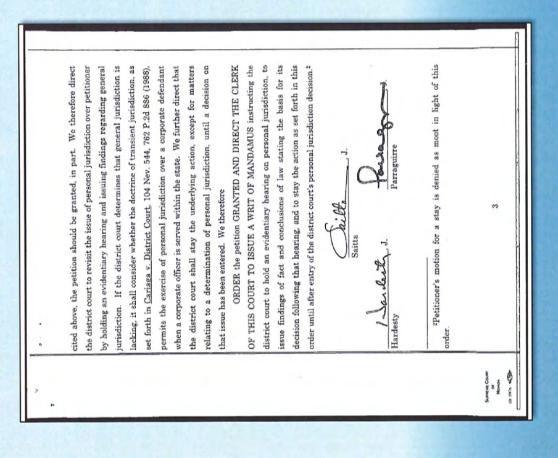
challenges a district court order denying petitioner's motion to dismiss for Petitioner asserts that the district court improperly based its exercise of personal jurisdiction on petitioner's status as a subsidiary of a Nevada corporation with common officers and directors. Real party in interest contends that the district court properly determined that he had This original petition for a writ of mandamus or prohibition lack of personal jurisdiction.

established a prima facie basis for personal jurisdiction based on the acts

taken in Nevada to manage petitioner's operations in Macau.

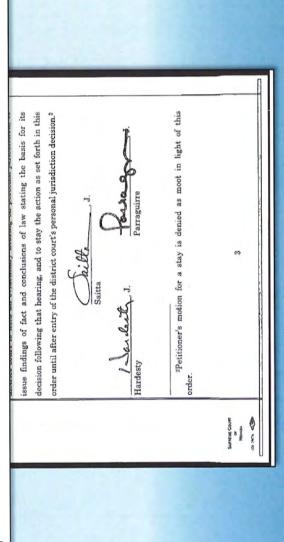
to dismiss, with no mention of a later determination after consideration of The district court's order, however, does not state that it has reviewed the matter on a limited basis to determine whether prima facie grounds for personal jurisdiction exist; it simply denies petitioner's motion evidence, whether at a hearing before trial or at trial. While the order refers to the district court's comments at oral argument on the motion, the

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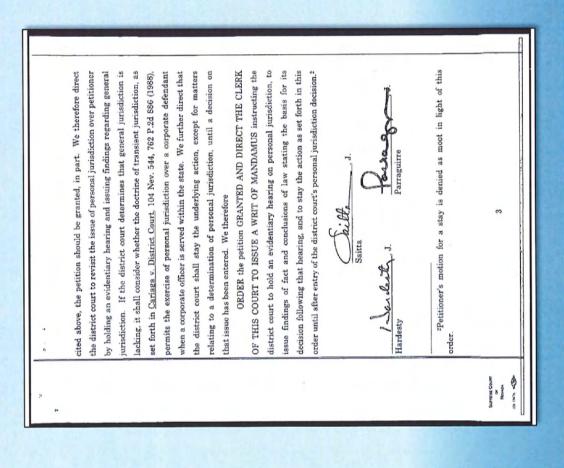


Supreme Court Order

the district court to revisit the issue of personal jurisdiction over petitioner We therefore direct by holding an evidentiary hearing and issuing findings regarding general jurisdiction.

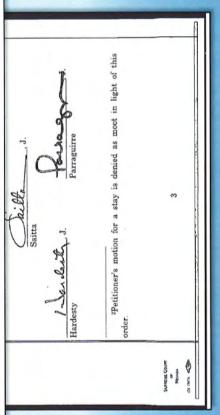


Supreme Court Order



Supreme Court Order

lacking, it shall consider whether the doctrine of transient jurisdiction, as permits the exercise of personal jurisdiction over a corporate defendant If the district court determines that general jurisdiction is set forth in Cariaga v. District Court, 104 Nev. 544, 762 P.2d 886 (1988), cited above, the petition should be granted, in part. We therefore direct the district court to revisit the issue of personal jurisdiction over petitioner when a corporate officer is served within the state.



Preponderance of the Evidence

According to the Nevada Supreme Court:

plaintiff must prove personal jurisdiction by a "Where a full evidentiary hearing is held, the preponderance of the evidence or face dismissal of his or her claim." Trump v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Ct., 109 Nev. 687, 693, 857 P.2d 740, 744 (1993).

Court must use "At Home" test

A court has general jurisdiction over a "essentially at home" in the forum. foreign corporation only if it is

S.Ct. 2846, 2851 (2011); Daimler AG v. Bauman, 134 S.Ct. 746, 758 n. 11 (2014). Goodyear Dunlop Tires Operations, S.A. v. Brown, 131

How to determine where an entity is "At Home"

Typically, a corporation is 'at home' only where it is incorporated or has its principal place of business. Viega GmbH v. Eighth Judicial Dist., 130 Nev. Adv. Rep. 40, 328 P.3d 1152, 1158 (2014).

in a forum, either directly or through an agent. "does business" or has systematic "contacts" It is not enough to show that a defendant

Daimler AG v. Bauman, 134 S.Ct. 746, 761 (2014).

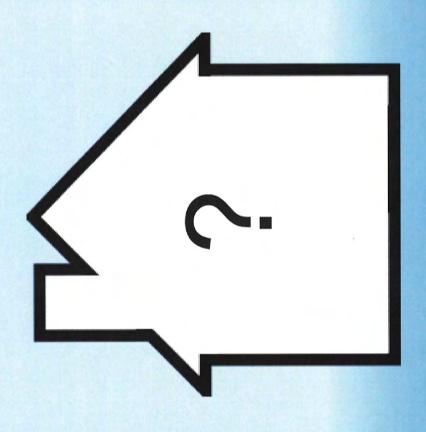
not result in an entity being "at home." Even sales and facilities in forum may

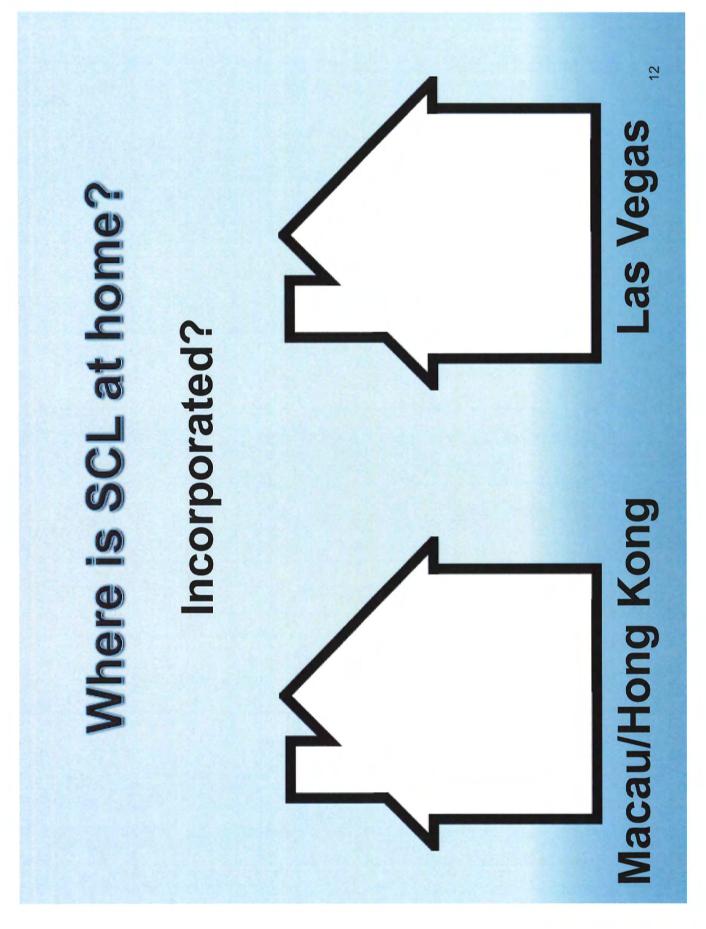
In Daimler, Daimler was not at home in California even though:

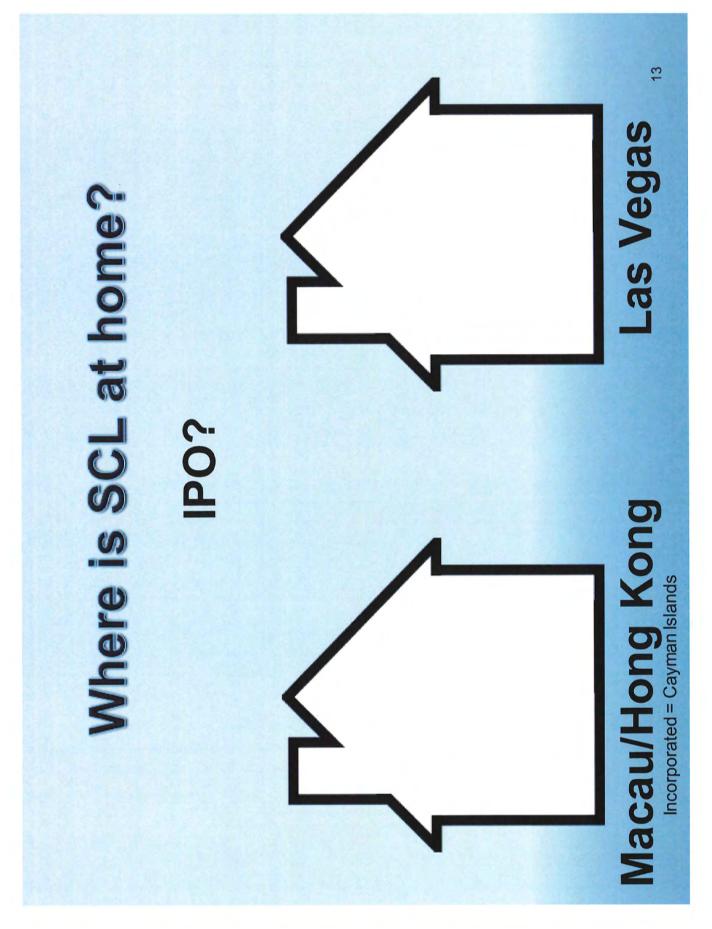
its California sales made 2.4% of worldwide sales; and

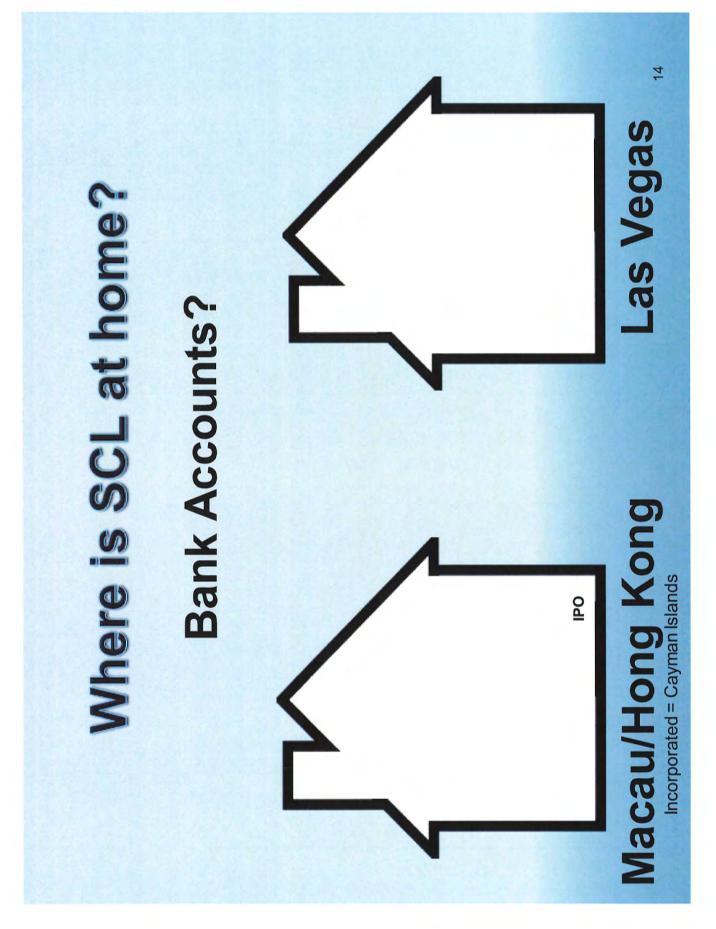
It had "multiple California-based facilities."

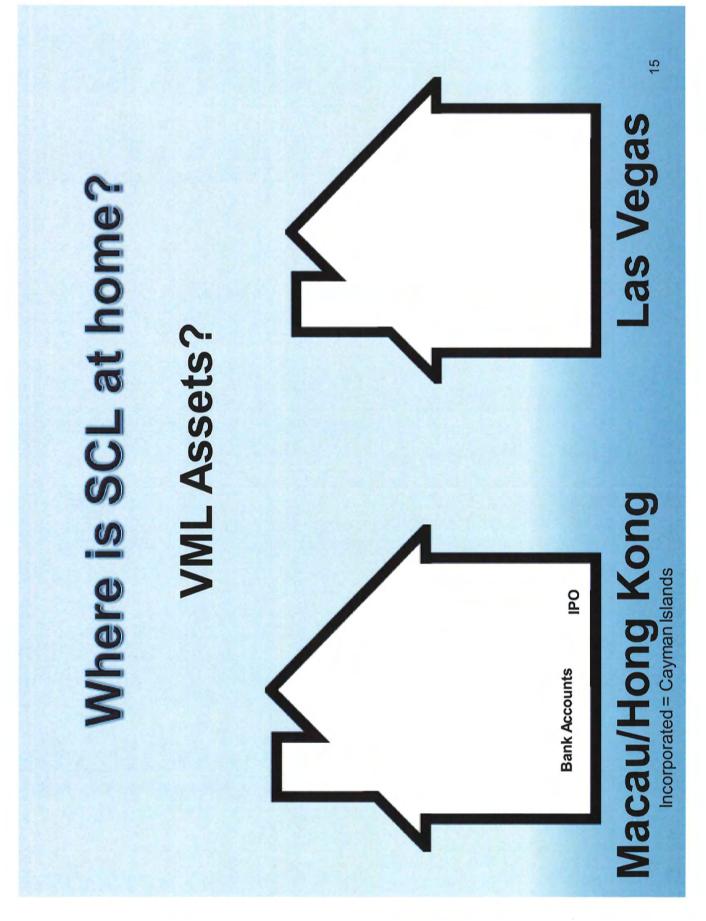


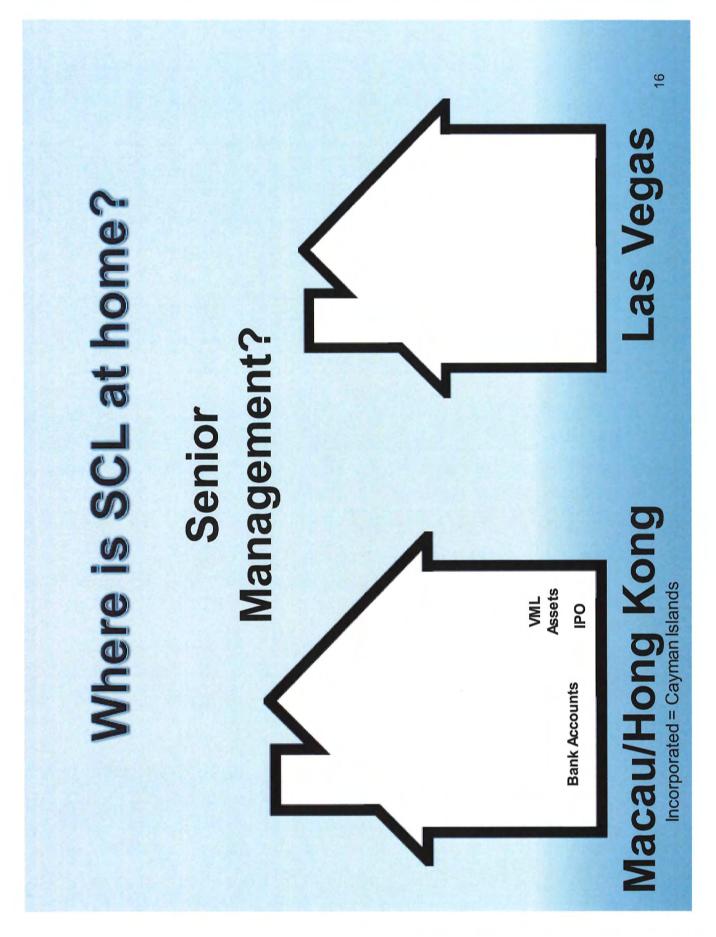


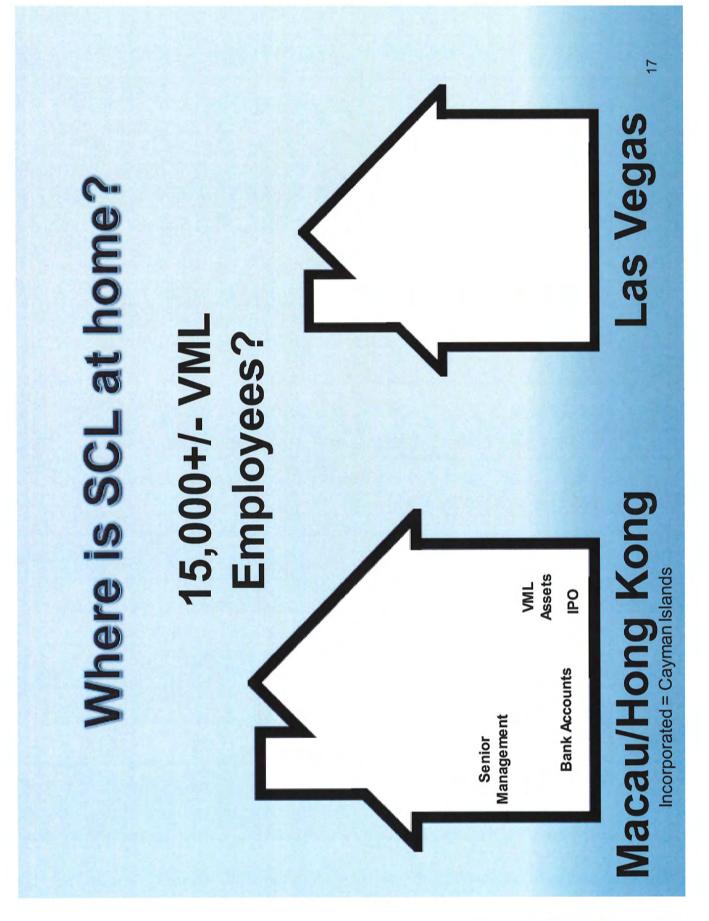


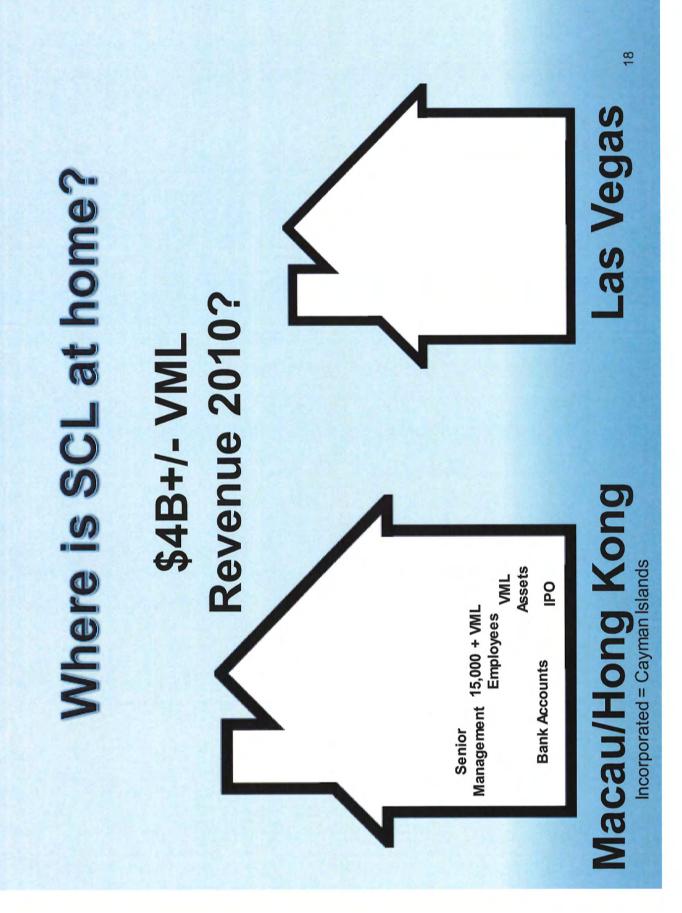


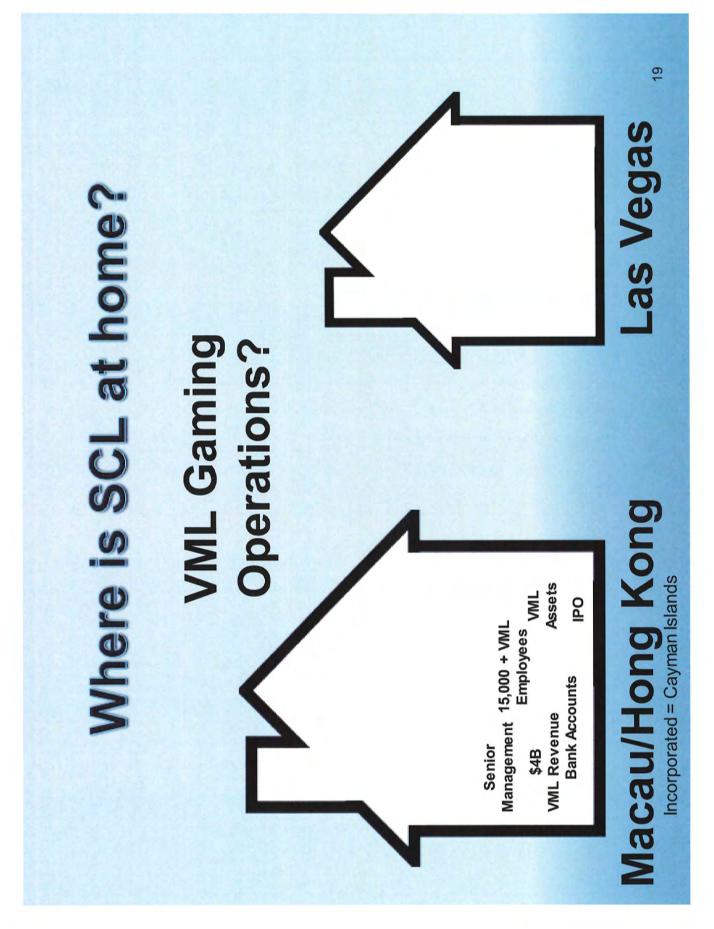


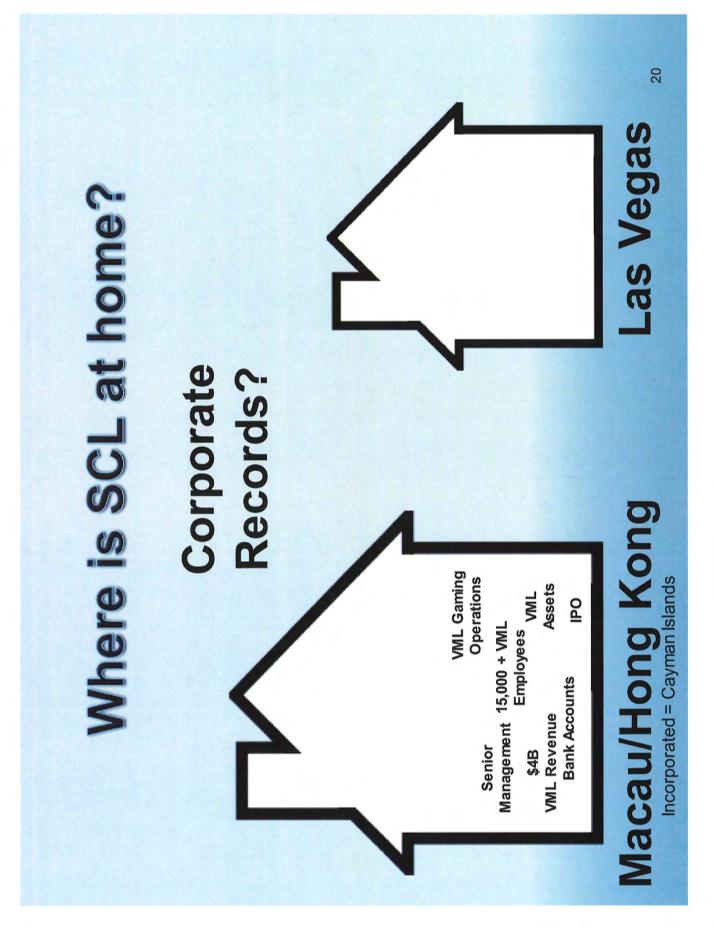


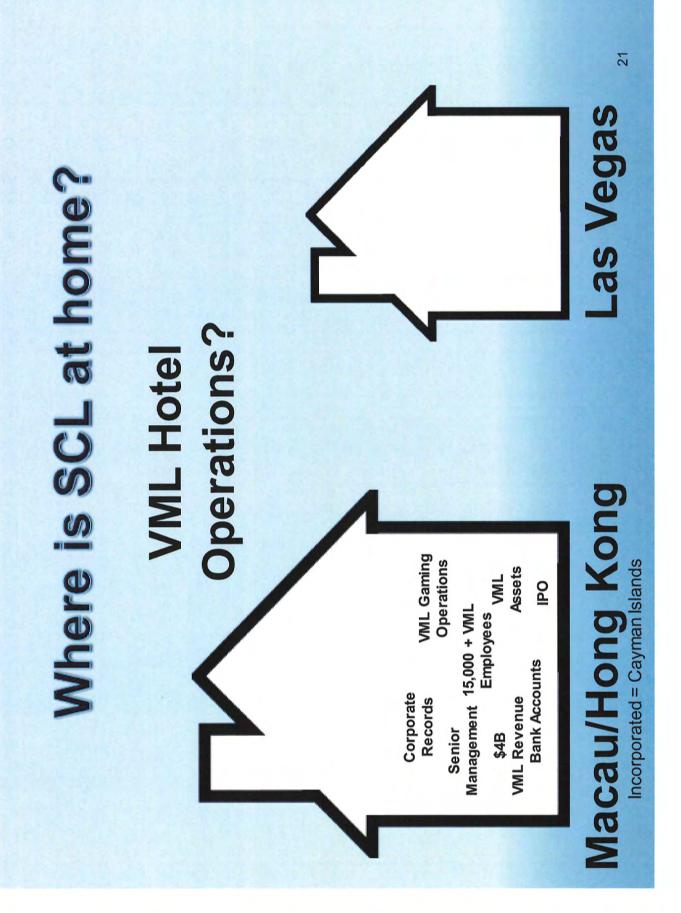


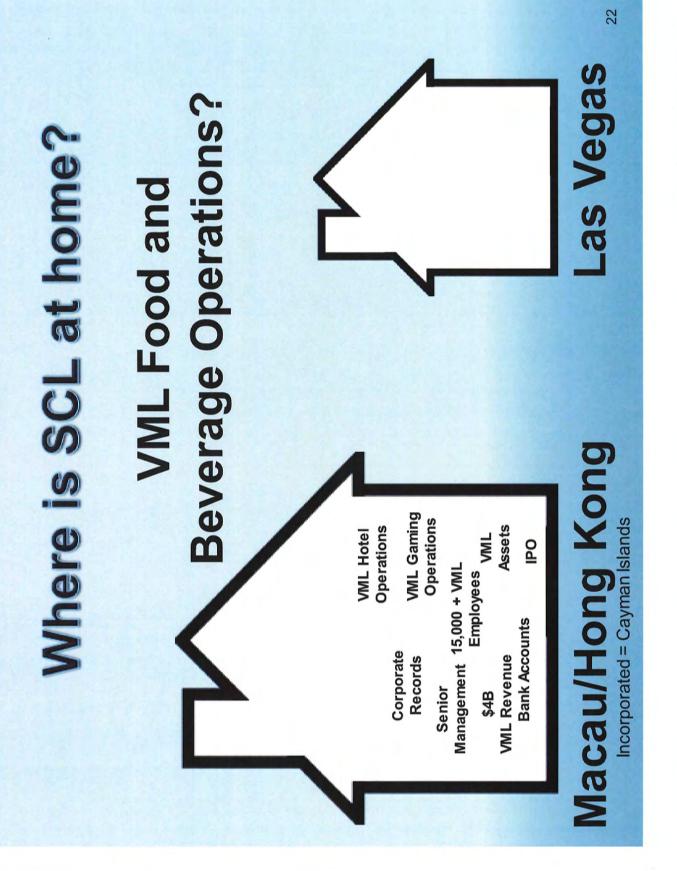


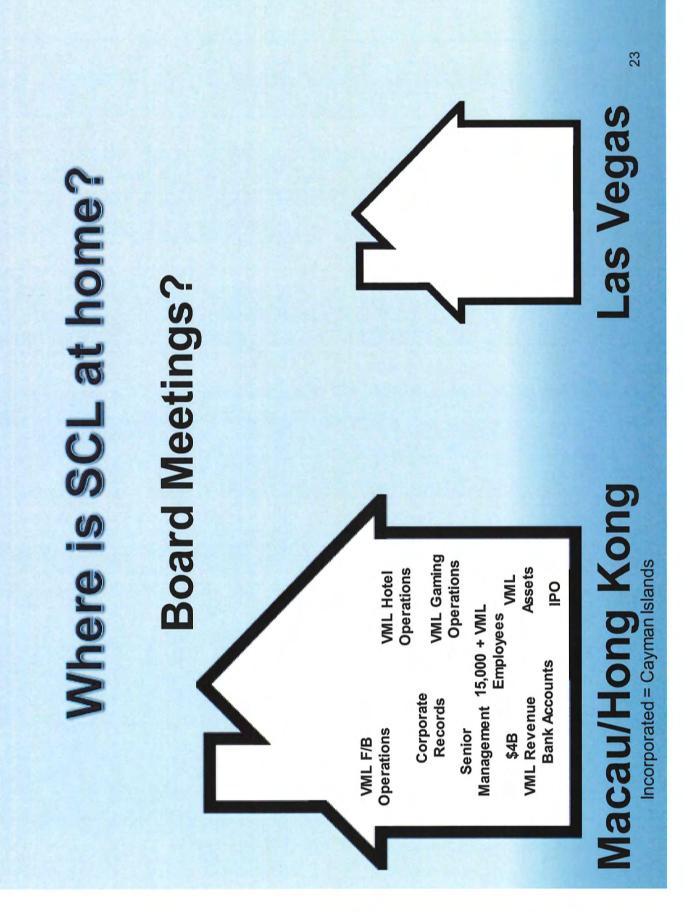








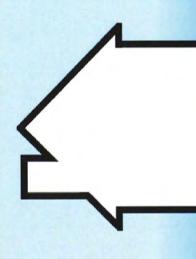




Where is SCL at home?

Residence of

Directors?



VML Gaming

Corporate

Records

Operations

VML Hotel

VML F/B Operations

Board Meetings

Operations

Assets

Bank Accounts

VML Revenue

Employees VML

Management 15,000 + VML

Senior

Las Vegas

Macau/Hong Kong

as Vegas

Where is SCL at home?





Management 15,000 + VML

Senior

Corporate

VML F/B Operations Records

Bank Accounts

VML Revenue

Board Meetings

Residence of Independent Directors

Macau/Hong Kong

Where is SCL at home?

Corporate Office?

Place of Busines

Residence of Independent

Directors

Board Meetings

Principal

VML Gaming Operations

Corporate

Operations

VML F/B

Records

VML Hotel Operations Assets

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Bank Accounts

VML Revenue

\$4B

Employees VML

Management 15,000 + VML

Senior

S.G. Adelson & M. Leven

Las Vegas

Macau/Hong Kong

Where is SCL at home?

Shared Services?

Place of Business

Board Meetings

Principal

Residence of Independent Directors

Corporate Office

VML Gaming Operations

Corporate

VML F/B Operations Records

VML Hotel Operations S.G. Adelson

R. Leven

Assets

<u>8</u>

Bank Accounts

VML Revenue

Employees VML

Management 15,000 + VML

Senior

Las Vegas

Macau/Hong Kong

"Nerve Center" is the Incorrect Standard

Hertz's "nerve center" standard is NOT applicable because the facts are distinguishable:

- 1. Hertz involved a U.S. entity, not a foreign
- The issue in question concerned the federal diversity statute, not general jurisdiction;
- "nerve center" test comported with legislative intent The Court's ruling in Hertz based upon a reading of the diversity statute, including the finding that the concerning diversity; and
- 4. Personal jurisdiction is a matter of constitutional due orocess.
- Hertz predates Daimler (2010 vs. 2014);

Hertz Corp. v. Friend, 559 U.S. 77, 92-95 (2010).

28

"Nerve Center" Test ≠ Jurisdiction

Even if "nerve center" test is used, Jacobs cannot show that Nevada is SCL's "principal place of business."

- 1. Macau is SCL's designated legal headquarters; and
- 2. Macau is SCL's actual center of direction, control and coordination.

Center of Direction, Control and Coordination

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= Macau

= Macau/HK

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The Board Controls a Holding Company Where it Meets

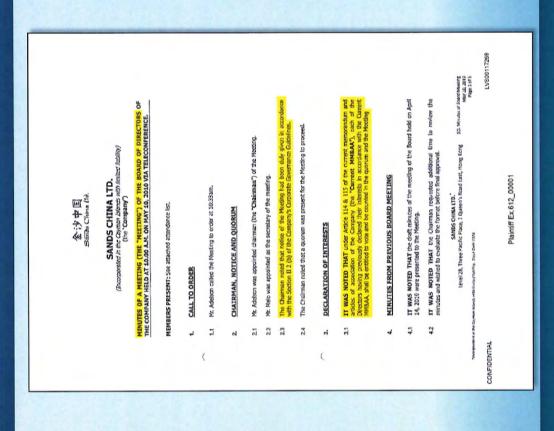
a holding company by looking to the location determined the principal place of business of in which its officers or directors meet to make "[N]umerous post-Hertz cases...have high-level management decisions." Johnson v. SmithKline Beecham Corp., 724 F.3d 337, 354 n.19 (3d Cir. 2013)

SCL Board Meetings

Mike Leven testified that the SCL Board of Directors met in either Hong Kong or Macau or via teleconference from a phone bank located in Hong Kong.

April 22, 2015 Hearing Transcript at 22:09-24:11

SCL Board Meetings



The Chairman noted that notice of the Meeting had been duly given in accordance MINUTES OF A MEETING (THE "MEETING") OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF Directors having previously declared their interests in accordance with the Current articles of association of the Company (the "Current MM&AA"), each of the IT WAS NOTED THAT under Article 114 & 115 of the current memorandum and MM&AA, shall be entitled to vote and be counted in the quorum and the Meeting THE COMPANY HELD AT 10.00 A.M. ON MAY 10, 2010 VIA TELECONFERENCE. with the Section II 2 (b) of the Company's Corporate Governance Guidelines. Plaintiff Ex.612_00001 SCL Board Meetings IT WAS NOTED THAT the Chairman requested additional time to review the minutes and wished to evaluate the format before that approval. MINUTES OF A MEETING (THE "MEETING") OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY HELD AT 10.00 A.M. ON MAY 10, 2010 VIA TELECONFERENCE. The Chairman noted that notice of the Meeting had been duly given in acco 22 Mr. Melo was appointed as the secretary of the meeting. SANDS CHINALTD. Level 28, Three Pacific Place, 1 Queen's Ro 23 CONFIDENTIAL 2.3 3.1

Control

"[T]he mere fact that an officer of a corporation permanently reside therein, if not there for the corporation to transact business in such state, corporation, or vested with authority by the affords no basis for acquiring jurisdiction. may temporarily be in the state or even purpose of transacting business for the

Riverside & Dan RiverCotton Mills v. Menefee, 237 U.S. 189, 195 (1915)