IN THE SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEVADA

LAW OFFICE OF DAN M. WINDER P.C., a domestic professional corporation, and DAN M. WINDER, an individual,

Petitioners

Electronically Filed Jul 13 2021 09:21 a.m. Elizabeth A. Brown Clerk of Supreme Court

v.

The Eighth Judicial District Court of the State of Nevada, IN AND FOR the COUNTY OF CLARK; and the Honorable Gloria J. Sturman, District Judge Department 26,

Respondents;

And

Lavelle P. Atkinson and Sheila Atkinson, Real Parties in Interest.

PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS

Mandating the Eighth Judicial District Court, Clark County
The Honorable Gloria J. Sturman District Judge
Grant Summary Judgment to Petitioners in
District Court Case No. A-19-804902-C

PETITIONERS' APPENDIX VOLUME 2 of 5

Arnold Weinstock, Esq.
Nevada Bar No. 810

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8TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT CLARK COUNTY, NV

Plaintiffs

Lavelle P. Atkinson, Sheila Atkinson,

VS.

individuals,

CHARLES BROWN, and individual; LAW OFFICE OF DAN M. WINDER P.C. a domestic professional corporation; DAN M. WINDER, an individual, et al

Defendants

CASE NO: A-19-804902-C

Dept.: 26

HEARING REQUESTED

WINDER DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

Defendants Law Office of Dan M. Winder P.C and Dan M. Winder, by and through their attorney Dan M. Winder of The Law Office of Dan M. Winder P.C. move this Court grant them

- a) Summary judgment on the following grounds:
 - i) Inability of the plaintiffs to prove defendants intended the harms alleged as set forth in ¶4 below.
 - ii) Lack of Duty to the Plaintiffs as set forth in ¶6 below.
- b) For partial summary judgment dismissing claim for attorney fees on the grounds:
 - i) Defendants have no admissible evidence by which they can prove their claim for attorney fees.
 - ii) Res judicata, claim preclusion as set forth in ¶5 below.

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POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

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⁶ Ex. C L Atkinson Depo P 12 L1-3 ⁷ Ex C P 13 L112

1. LAW PERTINENT TO SUMMRY JUDGMENT

Summary judgment is appropriate when the record shows that there is no genuine issue of material fact and the movant is entitled to judgment as a matter of law. NRCP 56(c)). "A factual dispute is genuine when the evidence is such that a rational trier of fact could return a verdict for the nonmoving party.". All evidence, "and any reasonable inferences drawn from it, must be viewed in a light most favorable to the nonmoving party. The non-moving party is not entitled to build its case on the "gossamer threads of whimsy, speculation and conjecture. LaMantia v. Redisi, 118 Nev. 27, 29, 38 P.3d 877, 879 (2002).

2. NON-DISPUTED FACTS

Defendant Law Office of Dan M. Winder, P.C. (WINDER PC) is a Nevada Professional Corporation. Dan M. Winder (WINDER) is, and at all times relevant, was, the sole owner of that Corporation. Mr. Winder has been licensed practicing attorney in Nevada for more than 20 years.1

On or about July 6th, 2017, the Plaintiffs signed a Purchase Agreement as Sellers for the property located at 2315 North Decatur. Winder Defendants were not involved in the drafting, negotiation, or execution of the Purchase Agreement.³ of Mr. Brown was named as purchaser.⁴ The price was a fair price.⁵ Nobody forced either Plaintiff to enter into the agreement.⁶ Neither Plaintiff has ever met Mr. Winder, heard Mr. Winder speak, or relied on any representations made by Mr. Winder.⁷

¹ Ex. A Winder Declaration, ¶ 1-2.

² Ex. B Purchase Agreement, Ex. 3 L Atkinson Depo P 16 L1- P17 16

³ Ex A Winder Declaration ¶3.

⁴ Ex. B Purchase Agreement

⁵ Ex. C L Atkinson Depo P 12 L4-9

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On or about July 23rd, 2017, Mr. Winder undertook representing Mr. Brown with respect to Mr. Brown's purchase of the property.⁸ Mr. Weinstock, an attorney with WINDER PC, sent a letter to Plaintiffs on December 6th 2017 demanding they go through with the sale pursuant to the Purchase Agreement.⁹ Plaintiffs did not respond to the letter.

On May 18th, 2018 Defendants filed suit on behalf of Mr. Brown against the Plaintiffs seeking damages for the Plaintiffs' breach of the purchase agreement. 10 (The suit is hereafter referred to as "Brown v Atkinson. The matter went through the discovery process. On December 10th, 2018, the Plaintiffs (Defendants in Brown v Atkinson) filed two Motions, a Motion for Summary Judgment¹¹ and Motion to Amend Answer, Counterclaim and Third-Party Claims.¹² The Third-Party Claims in the Atkinson's Proposed Amended Pleading in Brown v Atkinson are the identical claims in the identical language as the Complaint in the instant matter.¹³

On February 11th, 2019, the Motion For Summary Judgment was granted; the parties agreed¹⁴ and the Court ruled the Atkinson's Motion to Amend was moot.¹⁵

The Atkinsons filed no post-judgment claims for attorney fees against Mr. Brown or the Winder Defendants whether pursuant to NRS 18.010, NRCP 11, or the inherent power to the Court, or otherwise.

Despite having agreed and represented to the Court in Brown v Atkinson that the claims now brought against the Winder Defendants were moot, the Atkinsons filed the identical claims against the Winder Defendants in this matter on the November the fifth, 2019, 9 months after the same claims were disallowed by the Brown v Atkinson court.

Plaintiffs have refused to disclose any retainer agreement between themselves and their attorney, claiming at different times, attorney-client privilege and relevance. See Defendants'

⁸ Ex A Winder Declaration ¶3 ⁹ Ex. D Weinstock Atkinson Letter dated 12/06/17

¹⁰ Ex. E Brown v Atkinson Complaint

¹¹ Ex F Brown v Atkinson Atkison Motion for Summary Judgment

¹² Ex G Brown v Atkinson Motion To Amend Answer, Counterclaims and Third-Party Claims

¹³ Ex G Exhibit 12 P 7, Adobe Pg. ***

¹⁴ Ex H Brown v Atkinson MSJ Motion to Amend Hearing Transcript, P7 L2-10

¹⁵ Ex I Brown v Atkinson Order Granting MSJ Ordering claims against Winder and Winder PC Moot, P7 L4.

Motion for Discover Sanctions filed April 12th 2021. Plaintiffs have named no expert witness to testify as to the necessity and reasonableness of their fees and the remaining *Brunzell* factors. Only on the last day of discovery did they provide affidavits from the attorneys for the Plaintiffs to justify their fees. Striking this affidavit, precluding the witness from testifying and precluding the admission of the claimed attorney fees in evidence is a subject of Defendants' Motion for Discovery Sanctions.

Plaintiffs have offered no testimony claiming they relied on material representations of either Mr. Brown or the Winder defendants or suffered any damages because of their reliance.

Plaintiffs do not allege they suffered any physical injuries as a consequence of the acts and omissions complained of.

Plaintiffs have not acquired any more evidence to prove their liability allegations than they had when the Motion to Dismiss was denied.

3. PLAINTIFFS HAVE NO EVIDENCE THAT EITHER CHARLES BROWN OR THE WINDER DEFENDANTS EVER HAD THE INTENTION OR PURPOSE OF DEFRAUDING THEM OUT OF THEIR REAL PROPERTY.

The Complaint contains three causes of action (denominated claims for relief) against the Winder Defendants.

3.1. FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION: CIVIL CONSPIRACY.

The Fourth Cause of Action against the Winder Defendants alleges the Winder Defendants and Brown acted together "with the intent to accomplish the harmful objective of defrauding the Atkinsons out of the [real]¹⁶ Property they own for the purpose of causing harm to the Atkinsons.¹⁷"

Actionable civil conspiracy arises where two or more persons undertake some concerted action with the intent "to accomplish an unlawful objective for the purpose of harming another,"

¹⁶ "Property" is defined in the complaint (P3, L1-2). as the real commercial property located at 2315 North Decatur Blvd, Las Vegas, Nevada 89108.

¹⁷ Complaint, Fourth Claim for Relief P8 ¶61

and damage results. Consol. Generator–Nevada, Inc. v. Cummins Engine Co., 114 Nev. 1304, 1311, 971 P.2d 1251, 1256 (1998). Thus, a plaintiff must provide evidence of an explicit or tacit agreement between the alleged conspirators. **199 Mahlum, 114 Nev. at 1489, 970 P.2d at 112. Summary judgment is appropriate if there is no evidence of an agreement or intent to harm the plaintiff. Consol. Generator–Nevada, 114 Nev. at 1311, 971 P.2d at 1256. Guilfoyle v. Olde Monmouth Stock Transfer Co., Inc., 130 Nev. 801, 813, 335 P.3d 190, 198–99 (2014). The plaintiff must show a tortious act that Defendants intended to commit. Nothing in the evidence tends to prove either of the Winder Defendants ever intended to "defrauding the Atkinsons's out of their [real] Property..." There is proof that Charles Brown intended to buy the property and pay for it; there is proof he intended to obtain money damages when he filed Brown v Atkinson. But there is nothing in the facts that either he or the winder Defendants ever intended on "defrauding the Atkinsons out of the [real] Property they own,"

3.2. FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION: CONCERT OF ACTION

Plaintiffs allege¹⁹ "Charles Brown, Stacy Brown, Law Office, and Winder acted in concert with one another pursuant to the common design of transferring the Property from the Atkinsons to Charles Brown without any monetary consideration going to the Atkinsons."

"An actionable [civil] conspiracy consists of a combination of two or more persons who, by some concerted action, intend to accomplish an unlawful objective for *1489 the purpose of harming another, and damage results from the act or acts." *Sutherland v. Gross,* 105 Nev. 192, 196, 772 P.2d 1287, 1290 (1989). *Dow Chem. Co. v. Mahlum*, 114 Nev. 1468, 1488–89, 970 P.2d 98, 112 (1998), *abrogated by GES, Inc. v. Corbitt*, 117 Nev. 265, 21 P.3d 11 (2001)

Again, there is absolutely no evidence that any of the Winder defendants or Charles or Stacy Brown ever intended to transfer "the Property from the Atkinsons to Charles Brown without

¹⁸ "Property" is defined in the complaint (P3, L1-2). as the real commercial property located at 2315 North Decatur Blvd, Las Vegas, Nevada 89108.

¹⁹ Complaint "Fifth Claim for Relief P9 ¶ 65 L6-8.

any monetary consideration going to the Atkinsons."

3.3. SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION: AIDING AND ABETTING FRADULENT MISREPRESENTATION OR IN THE ALTERNATIVE AIDING AND ABETTING NELIGENT MISREPRESENTATION.

The sixth cause of action alleges the Winder defendants assisted or encouraged Charles Browns's conduct..."in order in order to wrongfully effectuate the transfer of the Atkinsons' Property to Charles Brown without Charles Brown paying any consideration for the Property."

Once again, there is no proof either Chrales Brown or the Winder Defendants ever had any intention or purpose "to wrongfully effectuate the transfer of the Atkinsons' Property to Charles Brown without Charles Brown paying any consideration for the Property." Nor is there any evidence that any of their acts could have effectuated that purpose. The Purchase Agreement required an escrow be opened and consideration be exchanged through an escrow agent.

Finally, Defendant is unable to find any authority that Nevada recognizes a tort of "aiding and abetting" in the absence of a fiduciary duty which is here not alleged nor is there any evidence to support.

3.4. DEFENDANTS ARE ENTITLED TO SUMMARY JUDGMENT BECAUSE THERE IS NO EVIDENCE FROM WHICH A JURY COULD REASONABLY CONCLUDE DEFENDANTS HAD THE INTENT TO ACHIEVE THE WRONGFUL PURPOSES ALLEGED.

Without any evidence of the intention to commit the wrongful acts alleged or any rational way to attempt to prove that defendants had the purpose or intent to achieve the wrongful acts, Defendants are entitled to summary judgment because Plaintiffs cannot prove the elements they are required to prove.

- 4. <u>DEFENDANTS HAVE NO EVIDENCE WHICH CAN BE IN ADMISSABLE FORM</u> TO PROVE THEIR CLAIM FOR ATTORNEY FEES.
 - 4.1. BECAUSE THIS IS A CLAIM FOR ATTORNEY FEES AS DAMAGES THE

ATTORNEY FEES MUST BE PROVED TO THE JURY IN PLAINTIFFS' CASE IN CHIEF.

When a party claims it has incurred attorney fees as foreseeable damages arising from tortious conduct or a breach of contract, such fees are considered special damages. They must be pleaded as special damages in the complaint pursuant to NRCP 9(g) and proved by competent evidence just as any other element of damages. *Sandy Valley Associates v. Sky Ranch Estates Owners Ass'n*, 117 Nev. 948, 956, 35 P.3d 964, 969 (2001). Because parties always know lawsuits are possible when disputes arise, the mere fact that a party was forced to file or defend a lawsuit is insufficient to support an award of attorney fees as damages *Sandy Valley Associates v. Sky Ranch Estates Owners Ass'n*, 117 Nev. 948, 957, 35 P.3d 964, 970 (2001).

Generally, quantities of damages are determined by the jury ... [and] claimants who fail to submit the attorney fees issue to the jury, and instead simply request fees in a post-trial motion, waive their right to those fees. Additionally, attorney fees requested as an element of damages must be specially pleaded and proved "just as any other element of damages.(quotations omitted) *Albios v. Horizon Communities, Inc.*, 122 Nev. 409, 427, 132 P.3d 1022, 1034 (2006)

4.2. PLAINTIFFS HAVE NO WAY OF PROVING THEIR ATTORNEY FEES TO THE JURY.

Plaintiffs have disclosed no admissible evidence regarding attorney fees. They have refused to produce retainer agreements or engagement letters making a false claim of attorney client privilege. This is currently the subject of Defendants. Motion for Sanctions pending before the discovery commissioner. Without the retainer agreements or engagement letters, there is no way to determine if Plaintiffs have any legal obligation to pay any fees, whether they actually owned any fees after the Brown v Atkinson litigation, the basis for their actual fees whether hourly and, if so, at what rate, or contingent.

They have disclosed no witness, expert or otherwise, to testify as to the Brunzell factors,

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factors the jury must consider in determining of fees.²⁰ Certainly, the Brunzell factors require and expert as they require information not readily available to the experts. In any event, without a witness of some sort and any documentation to prove the validity of the attorney fee obligation, Defendants are entitled to partial summary judgment striking the claim for attorney fees.

5. RES JUDICATA, CLAIM AND ISSUE PRECLUSION

In *Driscoll v. Humble Oil & Refining Company*, 60 F.R.D. 230, 234 (S.D.N.Y.1973) (Tenney, J.), aff'd mem., 493 F.2d 1397 (2d Cir.1974), the plaintiff sought to recover its attorney's fees and litigation expenses incurred during a prior litigation between plaintiff and defendant. In granting defendant's motion for summary judgment on claim preclusion grounds, Judge Tenney held that, [a]ttorney's fees are "a part of the cause of action upon which recovery was previously made," [citation omitted], and thus are barred by res judicata. Similarly, if plaintiff "desired to recover [its] expenses of litigation in the prior case ... [it was] required to assert such [claim] in that litigation. See also *Rooney v. U.S.*, 694 F.2d 582, 584 & n. 4 (9th Cir.1982). Likewise, a claim against attorney for attorney fees must be brought in the same action. *MTS, Inc. v. 200 E. 87th St. Associates*, 94 CIV. 9081 (RWS), 1995 WL 561521 (S.D.N.Y. 1995). *A.H. Fox v. Connecticut Fire Ins. Co.*, 380 F.2d 360, 361 (10th Cir.1967) & *Bankers Life and Cas. Co. v. Kirtley*, 338 F.2d 1006, 1011 (8th Cir.1964)) *Burger King Corp. v. New England Hood & Duct Cleaning Co.*, CIV. A. 00-1787, 2001 WL 283161, at *2 (E.D. Pa. Mar. 21, 2001).

As Defendants in the prior action, Plaintiffs could and should, if they thought they were entitled, have brought a claim for attorney fees by post-judgment motion against the Winder

²⁰ On the last day of discovery, the provided declarations from attorneys who are attorneys of record in this case and who have appeared in this matter to the effect that the fees satisfy the *Brunzell* factors. Defendants' pending Motion for Sanctions seeks prevent the declarants from testifying and the use of the affidavit on the basis of the late disclosure. In addition, Defendants sought to take the depositions of attorneys appearing in this case for the purpose of ascertaining the nature of the attorney fees relationship and the Brunzell factors. Plaintiffs sought and obtained a protective order precluding the depositions.

Defendants in connection based upon NRS 18.010, Rule 11, or the inherent power of the court.

In re El San Juan Hotel Corp., 841 F.2d 6 (1st Cir.1988) (holding that trustee's attorney was in privity with trustee, thus res judicata barred a subsequent action against attorney accused of facilitating a wrongdoing); Geringer v. Union Elec. Co., 731 S.W.2d 859 (Mo.App.1987) (holding that law firm which represented client in underlying action was in privity with client, thus law firm could assert collateral estoppel as a bar to relitigation of issue resolved in previous lawsuit); Chaara v. Lander, 132 N.M. 175, 45 P.3d 895 (Ct.App.2002) (holding that wife's divorce attorney was in *182 privity with wife, thus res judicata barred husband's subsequent suit against attorney); Simpson v. Chicago Pneumatic Tool Co., 693 N.W.2d 612 (N.D.2005) (holding that tool company's **284 attorney was in privity with tool company for purposes of res judicata). Jayel Corp. v. Cochran, 366 Ark. 175, 181–82 (2006).

It is also widely recognized that coconspirators are privies for res judicata purposes where, as here, the alleged conspirator's existence and actions were known to the plaintiff during the prior litigation. See generally Discon, Inc. v. Nynex Corp., 86 F.Supp.2d 154 (W.D.N.Y.2000); Waldman v. Village of Kiryas Joel, 39 F.Supp.2d 370 (S.D.N.Y.1999); McIver v. Jones, 209 Ga.App. 670, 434 S.E.2d 504 (1993); Press Publ., Ltd. v. Matol Botanical Int'l, 37 P.3d 1121 (Utah 2001). Winrock Grass Farm, Inc. v. Affiliated Real Estate Appraisers of Arkansas, Inc., 373 S.W.3d 907, 913 (2010)

Claim preclusion embraces all grounds of recovery that were asserted in a suit, as well as those that could have been asserted. *Five Star Capital Corp. v. Ruby*, 124 Nev. 1048, 1053, 194 P.3d 709, 712 (2008), *holding modified by Weddell v. Sharp*, 131 Nev. 233, 350 P.3d 80 (2015).

Plaintiffs certainly could have filed a post-judgment motion for attorney fees against the Winder Defendants in the prior action. The judge in that matter was uniquely situated to assess the merits of an award of attorney fees. For this purpose, the Winder Defendants and Mr. Brown were in privy.

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6. <u>BECAUSE THE WINDER DEFENDANTS OWED NO DUTY TO THE ATKINSONS IN BROWN V ATKINSON</u>; THEY CANNOT BE HELD LIABLE TO THE ATKINSONS.

As the Supreme Court stated in *Dezzani v. Kern & Associates, Ltd.*, 134 Nev. 61, 68–69, 412 P.3d 56, 62 (2018), *reh'g denied* (Apr. 27, 2018):

Whether the attorney, as opposed to the client, can be personally liable as an agent for actions the attorney took in representing his or her client is distinguishable from cases involving client liability for attorney actions. It does not follow that because an agency relationship has been recognized in the context of client liability for attorney actions that the same notion applies in the context of attorney liability to an adverse or third party from actions taken in representing a client. **Rather, an attorney providing legal services to a client generally owes no duty to adverse or third parties.** Fox v. Pollack, 181 Cal.App.3d 954, 226 Cal.Rptr. 532, 536 (1986); Cantey Hanger, LLP v. Byrd, 467 S.W.3d 477, 481 (Tex. 2015). Whether an attorney is liable under an agency theory hinges on whether the attorney is acting solely as an agent for the client, i.e., as a debt collector, or whether the attorney is providing legal services to a client. Cantey Hanger, 467 S.W.3d at 481–83.

The attorney-client relationship involves much more than mere agency, and is subject to established professional standards." Molezzo Reporters v. Patt, 94 Nev. 540, 542, 579 P.2d 1243, 1244 (1978). Courts treat the attorney-client relationship differently from other agent-principal relationships based on the unique characteristics of the attorney-client relationship and the different factual circumstances present in an attorneyclient relationship. See NC-DSH, Inc., 125 Nev. at 656, 218 P.3d at 860 (observing that courts "do not treat the attorney-client relationship as they do other agent-principal relationships" in the context of settlement agreements *69 (quoting Grace M. Giesel, Client Responsibility for Lawyer Conduct: Examining the Agency Nature of the Lawyer-Client Relationship, 86 Neb. L. Rev. 346, 348 (2007)); see also Rucker v. Schmidt, 794 N.W.2d 114, 120 (Minn. 2011) ("[A]lthough attorneys in the discharge of their professional duties are, in a restricted sense, agents of their clients, this agency is distinguishable from other agency relationships...."). The attorney's role is to not only communicate on behalf of his client, but also to counsel, render candid advice, and advocate for his client. RPC 2.1; Greenberg Traurig, LLP v. Frias Holding Co., 130 Nev. 627, 631–32, 331 P.3d 901, 904 (2014). Further, attorneys are limited by ethical obligations that are not typically present in other agent-principal relationships. See RPC 1.4(a)(5) (attorney assistance limited by Rules of Professional Conduct); accord RPC 1.1 (competence); RPC 1.6 (confidentiality).

1	Because the Winder Defendants owed no duty to the Atkinsons, they cannot be held liable
2	to the Atkinsons.
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4	7. CONCLUSION
5	Defendants ask this Court grant summary judgment in favor of the Defendants as follows
6	c) For summary judgment on the following grounds:
7	i) Inability of the plaintiffs to prove defendants intended the harms alleged as set forth i ¶3 above.
8	ii) Lack of Duty to the Plaintiffs as set forth in #6 above.
9	d) For partial summary judgment dismissing claim for attorney fees pursuant on the grounds
10	i) Defendants have no admissible evidence by which they can prove their claim for attorney fees.
11 12	ii) Res judicata, claim preclusion as set forth in ¶5 above.
13 14	Respectfully submitted this Seventh day of May, 2021.
15	THE LAW OFFICE OF DAN M. WINDER
16	/s/Dan M Winder
17	Dan M. Winder Nevada Bar No. 001569
18	3507 West Charleston Blvd. Las Vegas, Nevada 89102
19	Telephone (702) 474-0523 Facsimile (702) 474-0631
20	Attorney for Winder Defendants
21	
22	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
23	I certify I served the foregoing on the attorneys of record via the Court's Electronic Filing
24	System on the date stamped thereon by the System.
25	/s/Hamilton Moore An Employee of the Law Office of Dan M. Winder
26	

Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT Msi 1 DĂN M. WINDER, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 001569 2 ARNOLD WEINSTOCK Nevada Bar No. 810 3 LAW OFFICE OF DAN M. WINDER, P.C. 3507 West Charleston Blvd. 4 Las Vegas, Nevada 89102 Telephone (702) 474-0523 5 Facsimile (702) 474-0631 Attorney for Winder Defendants 6 8TH JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT 7 **CLARK COUNTY, NV** 8 9 Lavelle P. Atkinson, Sheila Atkinson, individuals, CASE NO: A-19-804902-C 10 **Dept.: 26 Plaintiffs** 11 **HEARING REQUESTED** 12 VS. WINDER DEFENDANTS' MOTION 13 CHARLES BROWN, and individual; LAW **FOR** OFFICE OF DAN M. WINDER P.C. a domestic 14 **SUMMARY JUDGMENT** professional corporation; DAN M. WINDER, an individual, et al 15 **EXHIBITS Defendants** 16 17 Respectfully submitted this Seventh day of May, 2021. 18 19 THE LAW OFFICE OF DAN M. WINDER 20 21 /a/Dan M. Winder Nevada Bar No. 1569 22 3507 West Charleston Blvd. Las Vegas, Nevada 89102 23 Telephone (702) 474-0523 Facsimile (702) 474-0631 24 Attorney for Winder Defendants 25 26

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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE I certify I served the foregoing on the attorneys of record vis the Court's Electronic Filing System on the date stamped thereon by the System. /s/Hamilton Moore An Employee of the Law Office of Dan M. Winder

EXHIBIT A

DECLARATION OF DAN M. WINDER

- 1. Defendant Law Office of Dan M. Winder, P.C. (WINDER PC) is a Nevada Professional Corporation. Dan M. Winder (WINDER) is, and at all times relevant, was, the sole owner of that Corporation.
 - 2. I have been a licensed practicing attorney in Nevada for more than 20 years.
- 3. The Winder Defendants were not involved in the drafting, negotiation, or execution of the Purchase Agreement.
- 4. On or about July 23rd, 2017 I undertook representing Mr. Brown with respect to the property involved in this litigation, 2314 North Decatur located on the corner of Auburn and Decatur, Las Vegas, Nevada.
- 5. At the time of and before the Brown v Atkinson litigation I did not know, if it is so, that the Atkinsons were elderly, hesitant to sell the property, or that Charles Brown kept showing up at their residence and pressuring them to sign the Purchase agreement.
- 6. Prior to filing the Brown v Atkinson litigation, I did not know, have reason to believe, or believe that Charles Brown had breached, the Purchase Agreement, if he did.
- 7. Prior to filing the Brown v Atkinson litigation, I did not know that Charles Brown had not deposited funds into an escrow account, in fact I believed he had because I had provided him a check for that purpose as a cost involved in representing him
- 8. Prior to filing the Brown v Atkinson litigation I did not know Charles Brown never arranged for any escrow company to open escrow on the Property. In fact, I provided a check for that purpose.
- 9. Prior to filing the Brown v Atkinson litigation, I did not know Charles Brown and/or his wife, fabricated, if they did, a pre-approval letter.
- 10. I never submitted any information to Keith Harper for an appraisal or otherwise and did not know what information was submitted by Mr. Brown to Keith Harper until after the litigation was commenced.

- 11. I had nothing to do with and did not know anything about the "proof of financing" referred to in paragraph 22 of the complaint until after the litigation commenced.
- 12. I never intended to pay and did not provide funds to Financial Solutions for the purpose of "proof of financing"; I provided the a check to open an escrow as indicated on the check written to them.
- 13. At the time the lawsuit was filed, I believed Mr. Brown had complied with his obligations under the Purchase Agreement.
- 14. I had no intention of abusing the litigation process and believed that every document I provided in the Brown v Atkinson litigation had some relevance to the proceedings.
- 15. I never had any intention to defraud the Atkinsons out of the property they owned for the purpose of causing them harm. The complaint in Brown v Atkinsons was a complaint for money damages. I had and have no understanding as to how I, or Mr. Brown, could possibly have obtained the Property, without the Atkinsons being paid for it.
- 16. I never had any intention of transferring the Property form the Atkinsons to Charles Brown without monetary consideration going to the Atkinsons, I don't know how that would have been possible.
- 17. I never conspired with Mr. Brown to transfer the Atkinson Property. All I did was file a complaint for money damages for what I believed was a breach of the Purchase Agreement My belief was based, in part, upon the failure of the Atkinsons to respond to the Demand Letter sent them by the firm. Exhibit D to the Motion for Summary Judgment.
- 18. Before the Brown v Atkinsons litigation was filed, I did not know or believe that Mr. Brown had breached any duties to the Atkinsons.
- 19. I did not knowingly assist or encourage Charles Brown to, if he did, obtain a
 ///

///

fraudulent appraisal or loan application. At the time the Brown v Atkinson litigation was begun, I did not know or believe there was anything "fraudulent" about the litigation.

I declare under penalty of perjury the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated this 7th day of May, 2021.

/s/Dan M. Winder Dan M. Winder

EXHIBIT B

PURCHASE AGREEMENT AND JOINT ESCROW INSTRUCTIONS

THIS PURCHASE AGREEMENT AND JOINT ESCROW INSTRUCTIONS made by a July 2017 (this "Agreement") is entered into by ATKINSON LAVELLE P & SHIELA (hereinafter "Seller") and Charles Brown, and/or its assignee (hereinafter "Purchaser"). This Agreement constitutes born an Agreement between Purchaser and Seller and joint escrow instructions to Selected by buyer "Escrow Agent"), with respect to the transaction contemplated hereby.

WITNESSETH:

For and in valuable consideration of the mutual covenants and conditions herein contained, Seller and Purchaser agree as follows:

1. Property. Seller agrees to sell and convey, and Purchaser agrees to purchase and pay for that certain real property located at 2315 "Delation." Las Vegas Nevada, which is described as an approximate of Sacres, and further described as Clark County Assessor Parcel Number 138-24-511-034 the "Property"), shown on and incorporated herein by reference.

Purchase Price. The total purchase price of the Property paid by Purchaser to Seller shall be the amount defined).

Purchase Price of the Property paid by Purchaser to Seller shall be the amount defined).

- 3. Deposit. Purchaser shall deliver a deposit, within two (2) business days from the Effective Date, in the amount of <u>Date Thousand Dollars (\$.1,000.00)</u> ("Deposit") in cash, personal check or cashier's check payable to Escrow Agent, or other readily available funds, which Deposit shall be deposited and held in escrow by Escrow Agent during the pendency of this Agreement and shall remain refundable to Purchaser during the Feasibility Period in accordance with the terms herein.
 - Feasibility Period.
- Period"), Purchaser shall be, at Purchaser's sole cost and expense, entitled to inspect the Property, to conduct such tests, surveys, analysis and feasibility studies of the Property as Purchaser deems necessary, and to meet with governmental entities regarding the feasibility of Purchaser's intended use of the Property. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, Purchaser (and persons authorized by Purchaser) shall have the right and authority to go upon the Property, from time to time on one or more occasions, for feasibility determinations including, without limitation: (1) determining the adequacy of access, zoning and other restrictions on the use of the property; (2) performing environmental, soils and subsoil tests, engineering and drainage studies; and (3) obtain any necessary entitlement or permits. Purchaser shall provide reasonable advance notice and coordinate any inspections and site visits by appointment with the Seller and/or Seller's representative.
- b. Seller agrees to cooperate with Purchaser in connection with the tests, investigation, license application(s) and inspection of the Property, and agrees to furnish Purchaser, within five (5) business days of the Effective Date, with any and all documents and materials in Seller's possession relating to the Property that may be necessary or appropriate to complete such investigation and inspection.
- c. If Purchaser determines, in Purchaser's sole judgment, for any reason or no reason, whatsoever, that the Property is not suitable, Purchaser shall notify Seller and Escrow Agent in writing on or before expiration of the Feasibility Period and upon such notice this Agreement shall terminate, Purchaser shall promptly repair any damage to the Property caused by Purchaser or its agents, officers or employees as necessary to restore the Property to its original condition existing prior to entry or inspection by Purchaser, Escrow Agent shall return the Deposit to Purchaser without instruction from Seller, and neither Purchaser, and Seller shall have any further obligations hereunder.
- d subject to the terms of this Agreement, should Purchaser fail to deliver written notice that the Property is not suitable on or before the expiration of the Feasibility Period, or if Purchaser notifies Seller that the

Seller Initials

Property is suitable for the purposes contemplated hereby, Purchaser's right to object pursuant to Section 4.c. shall be waived and of no further force or effect, and the Deposit shall be earned by Seller, non-refundable to Purchaser (subject to an uncured Seller Default) and applicable to the Purchase Price at Closing.

e. Purchaser shall indemnify, hold harmless and defend Seller and Seller's affiliates, partners, agents and employees from any and all liability, loss, cost, damage or expense (including actual attorney's fees and costs), of whatsoever nature relating to or in connection with any injury to persons or damage to property, where such injury or damage arises from or relates to the entry upon, occupation, use or inspection of the Property by Purchaser, its agents, officers or employees. In addition, Purchaser shall keep the Property free from any lien(s) which could arise as a result of the exercise by Purchaser of any of its rights under this Section 4. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, Purchaser's duties and obligations under this Section 4 shall survive any termination of this Agreement or the transfer of title as provided herein.

Title Report.

- a. <u>Delivery of Title Report</u>. Within five (5) business days after the Effective Date, Seller shall deliver or cause to be delivered to Purchaser a preliminary title report covering the Property issued by the Escrow Agent, together with copies of all documents referred to in such preliminary title report (the preliminary title report and such documents are referred to collectively as "Title Report").
- b. Review of Title Report. Purchaser shall have ten (10) business days from Purchaser's receipt of the Title Report in which to examine the Title Report and to specify to Seller those items in the Title Report which Purchaser will accept as permitted exceptions to title ("Permitted Exceptions"), and those items which Purchaser reasonably finds objectionable ("Title Objections"). If Purchaser does not deliver to Seller a written notice specifying those items which are Permitted Exceptions and those items which are Title Objections within the above-stated period, then all of the items reflected on the Title Report shall be considered to be Permitted Exceptions.
- C. <u>Uncorrected Title Objections</u>. If Seller, in Seller's sole discretion, elects not to cause the Title Objections to be corrected or removed on or prior to Closing, Seller shall notify Purchaser within five (5) days, in writing, of its intent not to correct or remove said title corrections. If Seller does not so notify Purchaser, or notifies Purchaser that the Title Objections will not be corrected or removed, Purchaser may within five (5) days of Purchaser's receipt of Seller's election not to correct said objections, or within five (5) days after Seller's five (5) day period to respond expires without response, (1) elect to terminate this Agreement and Escrow and the Deposit shall be returned and refunded to Purchaser and, except as provided otherwise hereunder, both parties shall be released from all further obligations under this Agreement (except Purchaser shall remain responsible for duty of indemnification), or (2) elect to purchase the Property and Property thereon subject to any Title Objections not so corrected or removed, which shall then be deemed Permitted Exceptions.
- d. <u>Certain Exceptions Deemed Not Permitted</u>. Notwithstanding anything in this Agreement to the contrary, and regardless of whether Purchaser objections to such matters, Seller shall cause all Removable Liens (as defined below) to be satisfied or discharged as of the date of Closing, subject to the provisions of Section 5(c). As used in this Section 5(d), the term "Removable Liens" shall mean any and all title exceptions which can be removed by payment of monies, including without limitation liens and encumbrances, mortgage debt, taxes and assessments which are then delinquent or which are then due and payable, and assessments and bonds, including without limitation special assessments.
- Condition of Property Purchased. Purchaser is purchasing the Property, Buildings and Fences in an "asis" and "where is" condition.

7. Closing.

a. Date and Place. The Closing of the sale of the Property by Seller to Purchaser shall occur on or before Thirty (30) days after the Feasibility Period (the "Closing").

b. <u>Seller's Obligations at Closing</u>. At the Closing, Seller shall deliver, or cause to be delivered, to Purchaser the following:

Seller Initials

- (1) Grant Bargain and Sale Deed. Seller shall execute and deliver to Escrow Agent for recording a Grant, Bargain and Sale Deed in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to Purchaser, fully executed and acknowledged by Seller, conveying the Property to Purchaser.
- (2) Owner's Title Policy. Seller shall cause the Escrow Agent to issue and deliver to Purchaser a standard CLTA coverage owner's policy of title insurance ("Owner's Title Policy") in the amount of the Purchase Price, insuring that Purchaser is owner of the Property subject only to such matters as approved by Purchaser. In the event that Purchaser elects to obtain an extended ALTA policy and/or endorsements, Purchaser shall pay for the increased charges above the Owner's Title Policy including an ALTA survey if required.
- (3) Other Instruments. Seller shall execute and deliver such other documents as are customarily executed in the State of Nevada in connection with the conveyance of real property, including all required closing statements, releases, affidavits, evidences of authority to execute the documents, and any other instruments that may reasonably be required by the Escrow Agent.
- (4) <u>Possession</u>. Purchaser shall have all rights of possession at Closing and shall have the right to collect any rents being paid by any tenants. Seller shall be given a period of 30 day 5 to vacate the property after the Close of Escrow. garage or 5hed only

Purchaser's Obligations at Closing.

- (1) Payment of Purchase Price. At Closing, Purchaser shall pay the Purchase Price in cash (or by Certified Check, Cashier's Check, wire transfer of funds into Escrow, all of which shall constitute "cash" for purpose of this Agreement), less the amount of the Deposit to be paid to Seller at the Closing, and subject to any adjustments for pro-rations and other credits provided for in this Agreement.
- (2) Other Instruments. Purchaser shall execute and deliver such other documents as are customarily executed in the State of Nevada in connection with the conveyance of real property, including all required closing statements, releases, affidavits, evidences of authority to execute the documents, and any other instruments that may reasonably be required by the Escrow Agent.
- d. <u>Prorations</u>. All real estate taxes relating to the Property for the year of the Closing shall be prorated as of the date of Closing between Seller and Purchaser. Purchaser shall take title to the Property subject to any outstanding unpaid governmental assessments. If the amount of taxes for that year are not known at the time of Closing, the prorations shall be based on an estimate of the taxes for the year of Closing, and when the tax information becomes available, Seller or Purchaser may request reimbursement from the other party for any excess amount charged to that party at the Closing. Likewise, any other amounts normally prorated between Seller and Purchaser, if any, shall be prorated between Seller and Purchaser as of the date of Closing.
 - e. <u>Closing Costs</u>
 - (1) Paid by Seller. Seller agrees to pay & zero Closing Costs.
 - (2) Paid by Purchaser. Purchaser agrees to pay and Closing Costs

Default and Liquidated Damages.

a. PURCHASER DEFAULT. IF PURCHASER DEFAULTS UNDER THIS AGREEMENT, SELLER, IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER REMEDIES SELLER MAY HAVE AT LAW OR EQUITY, SHALL BE ENTITLED TO RECEIVE THE DEPOSIT FROM ESCROW AGENT ("LIQUIDATED DAMAGES"). IT IS AGREED BETWEEN PURCHASER AND SELLER THAT THE LIQUIDATED DAMAGES AMOUNT CONSTITUTES THE

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AMOUNT OF DAMAGES TO BE INCURRED BY SELLER AS A RESULT OF A DEFAULT BY PURCHASER AND THE LIQUIDATED DAMAGES SHALL BE PAID TO SELLER AS LIQUIDATED DAMAGES FOR A DEFAULT OF PURCHASER UNDER THIS AGREEMENT BECAUSE OF THE DIFFICULTY, INCONVENIENCE AND UNCERTAINTY OF ASCERTAINING ACTUAL DAMAGES FOR SUCH DEFAULT.

- Seller Default. In the event of a default by Seller, Purchaser shall have available to it any and all
 applicable remedies at law or in equity.
 - 9. Brokers. No
 - 10. Miscellaneous.
- a. <u>Assignment</u>. Purchaser shall be permitted to assign this Agreement to an affiliated entity at any time prior to Closing. This Agreement nor any of Purchaser's rights hereunder may not be assigned or transferred by Purchaser to a non-affiliated party without the prior written consent of Seller.
- b. Notices. Any and all notices and demands by any party hereto to any other party or Escrow Agent, required or desired to be given hereunder shall be in writing and shall be validly given or made only if personally delivered, via facsimile and/or email transmission with receipt verification from the receiving party(ies), or deposited in the United States mail, certified or registered, postage prepaid, return receipt requested or if made by FedEx or other similar delivery service keeping records of deliveries and attempted deliveries. Service shall be conclusively deemed made upon receipt if personally delivered or, if delivered by mail or delivery service, on the first business day delivery is attempted or upon receipt, whichever is sooner. Any notice or demand shall be addressed to:

Seller:

ATKINSON LAVELLE P & SHIELA 5288 AUB**Ø**RN LAS VEGAS NV 89108-3008 Purchaser: Charles Brown 3172 N. Rainbow, #330 Las Vegas, NV 89108 Phone: (310) 692-0969

Email:

neimanmotors@gmail.com

The parties may change their address for the purpose of receiving notices or demands as herein provided by a written notice given in the manner aforesaid to the others, which notice of change of address shall not become effective, however, until the actual receipt thereof by the others.

Seller Initials

- c. <u>Parties Bound</u>. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties to this Agreement and their respective heirs, executors, administrators, estate, legal representatives, successors and assigns.
- d. <u>Severability</u>. If any of the terms and conditions hereof shall for any reason be held to be invalid, illegal, or unenforceable in any respect, such invalidity, illegality, or unenforceability shall not affect any other of the terms and conditions hereof and the terms and conditions hereof thereafter shall be construed as if such invalid, illegal, or unenforceable terms or conditions had never been contained herein.
- e. <u>Entire Agreement</u>. The terms and conditions hereof relating to the subject matter described herein (i) constitute the entire agreement and understanding between the Seller and the Purchaser, (ii) supersede all prior agreements, and understandings, written or oral, between the Purchaser and the Seller, and (iii) may not be modified or amended except by an instrument mutually executed and delivered by the Seller and the Purchaser.
- f. <u>Time</u>. Time is of the essence to the performance of any provisions of this Agreement. If the date for performance of any provisions of the Agreement is a Saturday, Sunday, or banking holiday (in the State of Nevada), the date for performance shall be extended until the next "business" day.
- g. <u>Interpretation</u>. Words of any gender used in this Agreement shall be held and construed to include any other gender, and words in the singular number shall be held to include the plural, and vice versa, unless the context requires otherwise.
- h. Waiver. Either the Purchaser or the Seller may specifically waive any breach of the terms and conditions hereof by the other party, but no waiver specified in this Section shall constitute a continuing waiver of similar or other breaches of the terms and conditions hereof. All remedies, rights, undertaking, obligations, and agreements contained herein shall be cumulative and not mutually exclusive.
- i. <u>Attorney's Fees</u>. Should either the Purchaser or the Seller, or the Broker employ an attorney or attorneys to enforce any of the terms and conditions hereof, or to protect any right, title, or interest created or evidenced hereby, the non-prevailing party in any action pursued in courts of competent jurisdiction shall pay to the prevailing party all reasonable costs, damages, and expenses, including attorneys' fees, expended or incurred by the prevailing party.
- j. Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the substantive and procedural laws of the State of Nevada. The exclusive venue of any action or proceeding arising out of or in connection with this Agreement shall be Clark County, Nevada. Each party hereby consents to the personal jurisdiction of any court of competent subject matter jurisdiction sitting in Clark County, Nevada, and to the service of process in accordance with the laws of the State of Nevada and any rules applicable to any such court.
- k. <u>Headings</u>. The headings herein are for reference purposes only and shall not affect the meaning or interpretation of the terms and conditions hereof.
- Effective Date. The Effective Date shall be the date this Agreement is executed by both Purchaser and Seller and delivered to Escrow Agent.
- m. <u>Construction</u>. Both parties hereto have participated in the drafting of this Agreement and any ambiguities shall not be interpreted against either party as being the drafting party.
- (PST) n. Expiration of Agreement. Unless mutually executed by both parties on or before 5:00 p.m. in this Agreement shall expire and be of no further force or effect and neither party hereto shall be under any obligation to the other.
- O. <u>Counterparts</u>. This Agreement may be executed in counterpart. Each counterpart of this Agreement shall constitute an original, and all such counterparts taken together shall constitute one and the same agreement.

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- p. <u>Telecopy Execution and Delivery</u>. A email transmission of this Agreement may be executed by one or more parties hereto, and an executed copy may be delivered by one or more parties by email transmission pursuant to which the signature of or on behalf of such party can be seen, and such execution and delivery shall be considered valid, binding and effective for all purposes. At the request of any party, all parties agree to execute an original of this Agreement as well as any facsimile, email transmission or other reproduction hereof.
- q. 1031 Exchange. Seller and Purchaser hereby agree to cooperate with each other in a tax-deferred exchange should either party so elect. Seller and Purchaser hereby agree to indemnify each other from any and all costs, taxes, assessments and/or liability that may be proximately caused by such tax-deferred exchange. In the event Seller and/or Purchaser affect a tax-deferred exchange, such exchange shall not otherwise delay the Closing nor shall either party be required to take title to any property so as to accommodate such exchange.
- r. Proof of Funds: Purchaser shall deliver to Seller written verification, in the form of bank, investment, or lending institution statement(s), funds in the amount of Nicoty wine Thousand 00,000.00) within seven business days of the Effective Date. In the event Purchaser does not provide said written verification of funds, Seller may elect to cancel the Escrow.

AGREED AND ACCEPTED:

SELLER: ATKINSON LAVELL P & SHEILA By devel P Cothers Its: Authorized Signatory Date: Quly 20, 2017	PURCHASER: Charles Brown By: Charles Brown Date: July 6, 2017
BY: Levell & atherism	BY:
	250.72

This Agreement and any attached addendum, rider, or exhibit has been prepared for submission to your attorney for his/her approval. No representation or recommendation is made by Colliers International or its agents or employees as to the legal sufficiency, legal effect or tax consequences of this Agreement or the transaction relating thereto.

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Parcel (125) 138-24-511-034

ASSESSOR DESCRIPTION: CURTIS PARK MANOR UNIT #2 PLAT BOOK 5 PAGE 24 LOT 23

GEOID: PT NE4 NE4 SEC 24 20 60

ACRES:

EXHIBIT C

Page 1

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1
                       DISTRICT COURT
                    CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA
 2
      LAVELLE P. ATKINSON,
      SHEILA ATKINSON,
      individuals,
                 Plaintiffs,
                                  Case No. A-19-804902-C
                                ) Dept No. 26
      vs.
                                   CERTIFIED
      CHARLES BROWN, an
      individual; LAW OFFICE
                                        COPY
 9
      OF DAN M. WINDER P.C., a
      domestic professional
      corporation; DAN M.
10
      WINDER, an individual,
11
      et al.,
12
                 Defendants.
13
14
            REMOTE VIDEOCONFERENCE DEPOSITION OF
                     LaVELL P. ATKINSON
16
               Taken on Monday, March 29, 2021
17
                        At 10:13 a.m.
18
19
               WITNESS APPEARING REMOTELY FROM
                     Las Vegas, Nevada
20
21
23
24
     REPORTED REMOTELY BY: JO A. SCOTT, RPR, CCR NO. 669
```

1	APPEARANCES:
2	For the Plaintiffs:
3	DANIELLE J. BARRAZA, ESQ. (PRESENT VIA VIDEOCONFERENCE) Maier Gutierrez & Associates
4	8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89148
5	(702) 629-7900
6	ADRIANA PEREYRA, ESQ. (PRESENT VIA VIDEOCONFERENCE) Integrity Law Firm
7	819 South 6th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101
8	(702) 202-4449
9	For the Defendant:
10	ARNOLD WEINSTOCK, ESQ. (PRESENT VIA VIDEOCONFERENCE) Law Office of Dan M. Winder
11	3507 West Charleston Boulevard Las Vegas, Nevada 89102
12	(702) 474-0523
13	Also Present Via Videoconference:
14	ERIKA NITTOLI, ZOOM HOST All-American Court Reporters
15	ATT AMELICAN COULT REPOLECIE
16	INDEX
17	WITNESS: LaVELL P. ATKINSON
18	EXAMINATION PAGE
19	BY MR. WEINSTOCK 4
20	BY MS. BARRAZA 92
21	CERTIFIED QUESTION
22	PAGE LINE
23	65 11
24	INDEX TO EXHIBITS
25	(NONE OFFERED)

1	LAS VEGAS, NEVADA; MONDAY, MARCH 29, 2021
2	10:13 A.M.
3	-000-
4	
5	ZOOM HOST: The attorneys participating
6	in this proceeding acknowledge that the court
7	reporter is not physically present in the
8	proceeding room with the deponent or counsel and
9	that she will be reporting this proceeding
10	remotely.
11	Counsel, if you are in agreement to the
12	remote deposition, please state your name and
13	consent for the record, then the court reporter
14	will swear in the deponent remotely.
15	MR. WEINSTOCK: Go ahead, ladies.
16	MS. BARRAZA: Hello. Danielle Barraza on
17	behalf of the plaintiffs, and I have no objection.
18	MS. PEREYRA: Adriana Pereyra on behalf
19	of plaintiff, and I have no objection.
20	MR. WEINSTOCK: Arnold Weinstock on
21	behalf of the defendants, and I have no objection.
22	Whereupon
23	LaVELL P. ATKINSON
24	was called as a witness, and having been first
25	duly sworn, was examined and testified as follows:

Page 4

1	EXAMINATION
2	BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
3	Q. Mr. Atkinson, hello. My name is Arnold
4	Weinstock, and I'm representing the defendants in
5	this case.
6	Do you understand that?
7	A. Yeah.
8	Q. Can you please state your full name for
9	the record, and spell it?
10	A. LaVell P. Atkinson, L-a capital V-e-l-l
11	P, period, A-t-k-i-n-s-o-n.
12	Q. And, Mr. Atkinson, you are aware that
13	this is a matter pertaining to a lawsuit you and
14	your wife Sheila filed against Mr. Charles Brown,
15	an individual, Stacy Brown, an individual, the Law
16	Office of Dan M. Winder, a domestic professional
17	corporation, Dan M. Winder, an individual, Does 1
18	through 10, and Roe Corporations 1 through 10 back
19	on November 5th, 2019.
20	Are you familiar with that lawsuit?
21	A. Yes, I am.
22	Q. Let me start, are you familiar with
23	Mr. Charles Brown?
24	A. Am I familiar with Charlie Brown?
25	Q. Yes.

Page 5

- 1 A. I've met the man, yeah.
- Q. On how many occasions have you met the
- 3 man?
- 4 A. Well, I couldn't tell you exactly how
- 5 many, but it's several different times I met him
- 6 down at the, yeah, property.
- 7 Q. Do you recall the first time you met with
- 8 him?
- 9 A. I do.
- 10 Q. When was that?
- 11 A. I don't know the date. I don't know the
- 12 exact time. But the first time I met him, he came
- down there to the shop and told me he was Charlie
- 14 Brown, and I looked him right straight in the eye,
- 15 and I said, You don't look like Charlie Brown to
- 16 me. And he said, Oh, I know. And I said, Yeah, I
- 17 know who you are, you are Charlie Brown, but I
- 18 don't believe you -- I didn't tell him I didn't
- 19 believe him, but I didn't.
- 20 O. And what was the nature of your
- 21 conversations with Mr. Brown the first time you
- 22 met with him?
- 23 A. When he first came there, he was wanting
- 24 to -- he wanted to buy that corner property, that
- 25 piece on the corner there, and he wanted -- he

- 1 told me that he was going to have a car
- 2 dealership, kind of a used car sales there, and he
- 3 was going to work on the cars in that big building
- 4 that we had back behind the house, and that he
- 5 was -- he wanted to have -- he wanted to have a
- 6 little park-type thing, he told me. He was going
- 7 to build a little park so the kids could play
- 8 while the folks was in waiting on the car,
- 9 whatever that deal was, I don't know.
- 10 Q. What exactly was the address of that
- 11 property?
- 12 A. 2315 North Decatur.
- 13 O. And what's the name of the street that it
- 14 crossed?
- 15 A. Decatur goes north and south, and Auborn
- 16 goes east and west.
- 17 Q. So the property was on the corner of
- 18 North Decatur and Auborn, correct?
- 19 A. Yes, yes, sir.
- Q. Now, you just testified, the first time
- 21 you met with Mr. Brown, he discussed perhaps
- 22 purchasing the property, correct?
- 23 A. Yes, he wanted to --
- Q. Was anybody else present during the
- 25 conversation?

- 1 A. No.
- Q. Mr. Atkinson, did you hear the question?
- 3 A. You better say it again, because I
- 4 thought I answered it.
- Q. Was anybody else present during this
- 6 first conversation?
- 7 A. No.
- 8 Q. And I guess I ought to go through the
- 9 deposition proceeding. Have you ever had your
- 10 deposition taken before?
- 11 A. No.
- 12 Q. So I just want to go through a little bit
- 13 about the deposition process. This is an
- 14 opportunity for me and your attorney to try to get
- 15 information that may help us in the litigation or
- 16 resolution of your lawsuit. So I'm going to be
- 17 asking you questions here today.
- 18 You've been placed under oath. This is
- 19 the same oath that would apply in a court of law.
- 20 And we assume that you are going to be answering
- 21 all your questions to the best of your ability,
- 22 and truthful. If you don't understand a question,
- 23 or you are confused by a question, please let me
- 24 know, and I will do my best to rephrase the
- 25 question to make sure that you understand it.

If you answer a question, we are assuming 1 you answered it and you understood it prior to 2 answering it. Do you understand that? Α. Yes. Now, at some point in time, when this Ο. 7 deposition is completed, you will get a copy of a transcript of everything that was said at this deposition, and you will have the opportunity to 10 review the questions and the answers that you 11 give. At that time, if you want to, you can change any answers that you give here today, but I want to advise you that I will have the opportunity to comment about any changes you make in your answers to the deposition to ask, you know, why you said one thing here today and why you later changed it. Do you understand that? Yeah, yes. 20 Α. 21 If at any time you want a break in this proceeding, that's not a problem. Just make sure when you ask for it, that there is not a question pending at that time. Once you complete the question -- or your answer to the question, if you

would like a break, we'll be more than happy to 1 take a break in the proceeding. Do you understand that? Α. Yes. And, Mr. Atkinson, at the present time, are you under the influence of any medicine, any legal or nonlegal type of medicine at this time? No, I'm not on any medicine, except vitamin D. 10 Q. And I assume you are not under the influence of any type of alcohol? Α. No. Now, is anybody else present in the room with you here today? Yes. Who is that? Who it is? Yes. A. My attorney, Adriana. Ο. And anybody else? 21 No. Have you had the opportunity to speak with your wife Sheila about her deposition last I have. Α.

And did you go over questions that were Ο. 1 asked of her? Α. She told me some of the things that was 4 said, yes. Ο. And did she discuss any possible answers or suggest any answers for you to give? Α. No. And have your attorneys given you any suggestions as to any answers to give? 10 Α. No. Do you have any questions about the 11 deposition process? Α. No. 13 So let's go back to the first time you met with Mr. Brown, you don't remember exactly the 15 exact date, but you were talking about him purchasing the property at 2315 North Decatur, the corner of Decatur and Auborn, correct? That's correct. 19 Α. Did that first agreement [sic], did it 20 21 end with any agreement between you and Mr. Brown regarding the purchase of the property? MS. BARRAZA: Objection. Form. THE WITNESS: No, I don't do that without -- no.

- 1 BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
- Q. Do you recall, did you have a second
- 3 meeting with Mr. Brown, then?
- 4 A. Well, I had some other meetings, but I
- 5 don't remember when they was, but he was down
- 6 there a few times when I was down there mowing the
- 7 lawn or whatever, he would stop by.
- Q. About how long after the first meeting
- 9 was the second meeting, if you recall?
- 10 A. Oh, man, I don't know. I don't even
- 11 remember that. That's -- that's too many years
- 12 ago.
- 0. Did there ultimately come a time when you
- 14 agreed to sell the property on the corner of
- 15 Decatur and Auborn to Mr. Brown?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. Do you recall when that was?
- 18 A. I don't remember the year when it was. I
- 19 don't know.
- Q. Did you discuss that agreement to sell
- 21 that property with your wife prior to the sale?
- 22 A. Well, yes.
- Q. And did the both of you come up with an
- 24 agreement to sell the property?
- 25 A. Yes, we did.

- 1 Q. Did anybody force either of you to come
- 2 up with an agreement to sell the property?
- A. No, nobody forced us.
- 4 Q. And did you feel that the price that was
- 5 agreed to for the sale of that property was a fair
- 6 price?
- 7 A. Yes, it was fair.
- 8 Q. Did you ultimately sell the property on
- 9 Decatur and Auborn to Mr. Brown?
- 10 A. No.
- 11 Q. Why not?
- 12 A. Well, because we never did see any kind
- 13 of money or anything, and he never showed us any
- 14 escrow money or anything like that, so we never
- 15 seen any money from him.
- 16 Q. Let me ask you, are you familiar with
- 17 Stacy Brown?
- 18 A. No. I know who she is. Anyway, he
- 19 claims that's his wife, but I never met her. I
- 20 don't know anything about her.
- Q. It's safe to say, then, you never met
- 22 Ms. Stacy Brown?
- 23 A. Never.
- Q. Have you ever had any conversations with
- 25 Stacy Brown?

1 Α. No. Are you familiar with Dan M. Winder? Ο. Yes. Q. Have you ever met Dan Winder? Have you ever had any discussions with 7 Dan Winder? Α. No. On any of the occasions that you were 10 meeting with Charles Brown, was Dan M. Winder ever present? 11 Α. Was Stacy Winder [sic] ever present --13 excuse me -- Stacy Brown ever present? 15 Α. Was anyone that you are aware of present with Mr. Brown during your meetings with Mr. Brown? No, I don't remember anybody being there. Α. MR. WEINSTOCK: Now, let me just inquire 20 21 of both your counsel, do you guys have copies of Exhibits A through F? MS. PEREYRA: No, I don't. MR. WEINSTOCK: Danielle, do you? MS. BARRAZA: Since you just mentioned a

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few minutes ago before they came on that you had
 1
     e-mailed them, I think I'm seeing them now in my
     e-mails, but I haven't gone through them all, but
     I'm seeing an e-mail.
              MR. WEINSTOCK: Okay.
              MS. PEREYRA: When were they sent?
              MR. WEINSTOCK: I'm not aware. I've been
 8
     out Thursday and Friday, just got in this morning.
     I understand my office sent them -- I know they
10
     sent them to the court reporter, and they thought
     they had sent them to both of you. I don't know
     if they just sent it to Danielle or not.
13
              MS. BARRAZA: I just found the e-mail.
     It looks like they were sent yesterday at
     8:30 p.m.
15
              MR. WEINSTOCK: Certainly possible.
              MS. PEREYRA: All of them? I'm going
     through my e-mail. They were all sent last night?
             MS. BARRAZA: A through D was sent last
     night.
20
21
              Were there any sent this morning.
              MR. WEINSTOCK: Again, I don't know.
     I've been in court until about 15 minutes ago,
     so --
             MS. PEREYRA: Well, this is your
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deposition, and these are your documents. 1 MR. WEINSTOCK: I understand. 2 MS. PEREYRA: It would help if you told 3 4 us what these documents are. 5 MR. WEINSTOCK: Well, we're going to get into them in a minute. ZOOM HOST: Adriana, this is the Zoom host, Erika. Would you like me to drop the 8 exhibits into the chat feature so you can have 10 those on your end? MS. PEREYRA: Yeah, that would be great. 11 Thank you. 13 ZOOM HOST: Perfect. No problem. I'll drop them in there for you. 14 MR. WEINSTOCK: Do you guys want to take 15 a few minutes and look at them, and we'll pause 16 the deposition for you guys to both look at them? MS. PEREYRA: So we can all look at them, 19 yes. MR. WEINSTOCK: Okay. We'll pause. 20 21 Whenever you guys are ready to restart, let me know. MS. PEREYRA: Okay. Thanks. (Whereupon, a recess was taken.) MR. WEINSTOCK: Go back on the record.

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BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
 1
              Mr. Atkinson, you understand you are
     still under oath?
         Α.
              Yes.
              MR. WEINSTOCK: One moment, please.
              I would ask that we go to Exhibit C,
 7
     about ten pages in, it's been Bates stamped D0002.
     It's a Purchase Agreement and Joint Escrow
     Instructions.
 9
10
              Can we put that up?
              ZOOM HOST: One moment.
11
              Are you able to provide the Bates stamp
     once again, Mr. Weinstock?
13
              MR. WEINSTOCK: It's D0002, and for the
15
     next few pages.
              ZOOM HOST: Okay. I have that on the
     screen.
17
     BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
             Mr. Atkinson, have you ever seen this
19
     agreement before?
20
21
         A. Yes.
              Do you need us to go through it? It's
     about, I believe, seven pages in length. Do you
     need to -- do you need to see all seven pages?
         A. No.
```

- 1 Q. Is that an agreement that you and your
- wife signed confirming the sale of the location at
- 3 2315 North Decatur, the corner of Decatur and
- 4 Auborn, for you and your wife selling that
- 5 residence to Mr. Brown?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 MS. PEREYRA: Mr. Winder [sic], he's kind
- 8 of -- I'm sorry, Arnold, he's hard of hearing, so
- 9 if you can speak closer to the microphone, please.
- 10 MR. WEINSTOCK: Certainly, I will.
- 11 BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
- 12 Q. And if you are having any problems
- 13 hearing, please let me know, okay?
- 14 A. Okay.
- 15 Q. All right. I request we go to Page 6 of
- 16 7 of that document, Bates stamp D0007. Go down a
- 17 tiny bit more. Stop right there.
- 18 Mr. Atkinson, is that your signature
- 19 contained on that document?
- 20 A. Yes.
- Q. And can you recognize your wife's
- 22 signature on that document?
- 23 A. It looks like it, yes.
- Q. And that was dated July 20th, 2017. Does
- 25 that appear to be the date that you signed it?

That's what it says. 1 Α. Do you recall signing it? Q. I don't know. It's been a long time. Yes, I do. Did anybody force you to sign that document? Α. No. Do you believe that it was done for a fair price? 9 10 A. At that time, yes. And were you and your wife prepared to 11 follow through with that sale had all the terms and conditions been met? Α. Yes. I would ask we now go to Exhibit -- well, let me ask you this: Did there come a time when you had entered into an agreement with an entity called GraEagle, G-r-a capital E-a-g-l-e, Construction? 20 Α. Yes. 21 Do you recall doing that? Yes. Q. When did you do that? A. I don't remember that day. Q. Do you recall why you did that?

- 1 A. Well, for the cost we had to -- we had to
- 2 board up the building after the fire and all that
- 3 kind of stuff and damage upon it.
- 4 Q. So that was for boarding up the building
- 5 after the fire?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. Did you pay that invoice?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. How did you pay it?
- 10 A. I don't know. Sheila probably wrote out
- 11 a check.
- 12 Q. Assuming your wife wrote out a check,
- 13 would you still have a copy of that check?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. Now I'd ask we go to what's been marked
- 16 as Exhibit E.
- 17 If we could go back, perhaps, about
- 18 12 pages, to Bates stamp ATKINSON00656.
- 19 Do you see that document, Mr. Atkinson?
- 20 A. Yes.
- Q. Have you ever seen this document before?
- 22 A. I don't remember it.
- 23 Yes
- Q. Do you need us to go through all the
- 25 pages of this document?

I don't -- I don't know. 1 Α. remember what it is, so I don't know. So it's your testimony today that you don't recall receiving this document, but you may have? Α. No. What is your testimony? Α. Yes. Well, when you say no, yes, again, my 10 question earlier was do you recall receiving this document? 11 Do you recall when you received it? Do you recall how you received it? 15 I don't know that, either, no. Do you recall ever looking at it? Yes. And what is your understanding what this document is? 20 Well, I don't understand all this stuff 21 that you're putting on the screen and that, what I received from different people, so I don't know. The County hired for the bills, you know, on the fire, maybe.

- 1 Q. Did there come a time when a lawsuit was
- 2 filed against you and your wife by Mr. Charles
- 3 Brown?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. Did you make a decision to go out and
- 6 hire an attorney to defend you and your wife on
- 7 that lawsuit?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. Was that a decision that you made or your
- 10 wife made it, or you made it together?
- 11 MS. PEREYRA: Objection. Compound
- 12 question.
- 13 BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
- Q. Do you understand the question,
- 15 Mr. Atkinson?
- 16 A. I didn't understand it.
- 17 Q. Did the decision to hire an attorney or
- 18 attorneys, was that something you did on your own
- 19 or did your wife do it on her own or did you do it
- 20 in discussions with each other?
- 21 A. I don't -- I don't remember that, who
- 22 done what on that. Me and my wife was together on
- 23 it. She told me about it, I'm sure.
- Q. Do you recall making a decision to hire
- 25 the Integrity Law Firm?

1 Α. Yes. Was that your decision? Ο. Α. Yes. Ο. Why was it that you chose to hire the 5 Integrity Law Firm? Well, because we thought -- we didn't Α. know what was going on. We thought we was in trouble, so we needed to get somebody that knew more about what they was doing than us, because 10 things wasn't going the way we thought they should 11 Did you know somebody at the Integrity Law Firm? Yes. Α. Who was that? 15 Adriana. You had known Adriana prior to retaining 18 her? Α. Yes. And how did you know Adriana? 21 I knew her personally, because -- because she was with my son, that was an attorney, that died, and she was -- she was his girlfriend, I guess, girlfriend/boyfriend, when -- I don't think they got married.

And I'm very sorry to hear about your son

- that died, but what was his name? His name was Troy, Troy Atkinson. Ο. And he was a member of the Integrity Law 5 No. Α. Ο. Was he? No, he wasn't. But he referred you to Adriana? He didn't refer her to me, because he was 10 already gone. 11 Okay. Is that what you are saying? I guess that isn't what I'm saying, and,
 - So he passed away prior to you and your

very much at all. I know it's painful.

again, I really don't want to get into this area

- 18 wife hiring the Integrity Law Firm, but you were
- 19 familiar with that law firm because of Adriana's
- 20 relationship with your deceased son?
- 21 A. Yes.

Ο.

1

15

- Q. Do you recall entering any type of fee
- 23 agreement with the Integrity Law Firm?
- 24 A. Yes.
- Q. Do you recall what that agreement was?

- 1 A. No, no.
- Q. Was there a set fee that you were told
- 3 you were going to have to pay by the hour?
- A. Yes.
- 5 Q. Do you recall what that was?
- 6 A. I don't recall exactly. \$300 or
- 7 something, is what this fee here says.
- Q. I understand what this fee here says, but
- 9 I'm asking your recollection as to what you agreed
- 10 to, if you did?
- 11 A. I don't know what to say to you about the
- 12 fees. I don't -- my wife does all the book work.
- 13 I don't get involved in it, so I don't know. I
- 14 don't really know what they was.
- Q. Do you recall at any time you personally
- 16 signing any type of retainer agreement with the
- 17 Integrity Law Firm prior -- or subsequent to the
- 18 lawsuit filed against you by Charles Brown?
- 19 A. Yes.
- Q. You recall personally signing a document?
- 21 A. Yes.
- Q. Do you have a copy of that document?
- 23 A. I don't -- I don't remember. No, I don't
- 24 remember.
- 25 O. To your knowledge, have you or your wife

- 1 paid any money to the Integrity Law Firm for
- 2 services that they may have rendered to you and
- 3 your wife during the lawsuit of Charles Brown
- 4 against you and your wife?
- 5 A. No, I don't remember that.
- Q. When you say no, you don't remember, do
- 7 you think there was any payments made by you or
- 8 your wife to the Integrity Law Firm?
- 9 A. I don't know.
- 10 MR. WEINSTOCK: I ask that we go to
- 11 Exhibit F, and if we can go in probably about
- 12 25 pages to a document on top says MGA, it's Bates
- 13 stamped ATKINSON0406.
- 14 Okay. Scroll up a little bit.
- 15 BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
- 16 Q. Mr. Atkinson, have you ever seen this
- 17 document before?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. Do you recall when you first saw it?
- 20 A. No, I don't.
- Q. What does this document represent to you?
- 22 A. Bills, a bill that we owed.
- Q. Who was that a bill to -- from?
- 24 A. I don't know. I can't remember, because
- 25 I don't do the bills. Sheila is the one that does

- 1 them out, so I can't recall.
- Q. Are you familiar with a law firm called
- 3 Maier Gutierrez & Associates?
- 4 A. Yes.
- 5 Q. How did you become familiar with that law
- 6 firm?
- 7 A. Through Adriana.
- 8 Q. Was it Adriana's advice to you to go hire
- 9 another attorney?
- 10 MS. BARRAZA: Objection. Calls for
- 11 attorney/client privilege, and I'm going to
- 12 instruct the witness not to answer that question
- 13 the way it's phrased.
- 14 BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
- 15 Q. Let me rephrase it this way: Did you and
- 16 your wife come to a conclusion that you felt you
- 17 needed a second law firm to represent --
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. -- you and your wife against the lawsuit
- 20 filed by Mr. Brown?
- 21 A. Yes.
- Q. Why did you come to that conclusion?
- A. Well, Number 1, because I'm not a lawyer,
- 24 and neither is my wife, and we don't know all
- 25 these terms that they're using, and so we just

- 1 decided we better get some more advice on it.
- Q. Were you not happy with the advice from
- 3 Adriana?
- 4 A. I was happy with it, but we thought we
- 5 might have a little more, just because we didn't
- 6 understand all the things that was going on.
- 7 Q. Did you feel that you needed additional
- 8 legal help other than what could have been
- 9 provided by Adriana in her law firm?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. And why was that?
- 12 A. Well, because Adriana was working herself
- 13 to death, and she already had a job to do, so we
- 14 thought we needed somebody in there to maybe back
- 15 her up.
- 16 Q. Did there come a time when you and your
- 17 wife entered into a retainer agreement with the
- 18 law firm of Maier Gutierrez & Associates?
- 19 A. Yes.
- Q. Do you recall signing a document to that
- 21 effect?
- 22 A. Yes.
- Q. Do you know what that document called
- 24 for?
- A. I don't remember what was all in it, no.

- 1 Q. Did you and your wife agree to pay a
- 2 second law firm for this litigation?
- 3 A. Yes, yes.
- Q. And do you recall how much you were to
- 5 pay that other law firm?
- 6 A. No, I don't.
- 7 Q. Did they discuss their fee with you prior
- 8 to your retaining them?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. And you don't recall how much they said
- 11 they were going to be charging an hour, if they
- 12 were going to charge you hourly?
- 13 A. Well, I didn't -- I don't --
- Q. Do you recall how much you were billed
- 15 for by the Maier Gutierrez & Associates law firm
- 16 at the end of the litigation between Mr. Brown and
- 17 you and your wife?
- 18 A. I don't remember that.
- 19 Q. Have you ever paid the law firm Maier
- 20 Gutierrez & Associates any money towards this
- 21 bill?
- 22 A. I don't know that, either.
- Q. If you had paid any money, who would have
- 24 paid that money?
- 25 A. It would have been Sheila pays the money.

- 1 She takes care of the bills.
- Q. So if any money would have been paid to
- 3 the law firm of Maier Gutierrez & Associates, it
- 4 would have been Sheila paying that by check?
- 5 A. Usually it's by check.
- 6 Q. But you're confident that you personally
- 7 have never paid them any money, correct?
- 8 A. I've never paid them any personally, no.
- 9 Q. Are you aware of any agreement between
- 10 you and your wife -- you or your wife with either
- 11 of these two law firms regarding any payments to
- 12 be made to them?
- 13 A. I don't know about that, either.
- 14 Q. Personally, have you ever had any
- 15 arrangements with either the Integrity Law Firm or
- 16 the Maier Gutierrez & Associates law firm about
- 17 paying or not paying them the money that they
- 18 claim is owed to them?
- 19 MS. BARRAZA: Objection. Form.
- You can answer.
- 21 THE WITNESS: I don't remember that.
- 22 BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
- Q. Now, there came a time, I believe, on
- 24 October -- excuse me -- on November 5th, 2019,
- 25 when you and your wife decided to file a Complaint

- 1 against Charles Brown, an individual, Stacy Brown,
- 2 an individual, law offices of Dan M. Winder, PC, a
- 3 domestic professional corporation, Dan M. Winder,
- 4 an individual, Does 1 through 10, and Roe
- 5 Corporations 1 through 10.
- 6 Are you familiar with that?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. Did you make that decision to file a
- 9 lawsuit?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. Why did you make that decision?
- 12 A. Well, I thought I answered that with the
- 13 money, there was no money showing, they was trying
- 14 to steal our property, and they never had no
- 15 escrow or anything like that.
- 16 Q. Well, let me ask you: You said, They are
- 17 trying -- were trying to steal your property.
- 18 Did Charles Brown try to steal your
- 19 property?
- 20 A. Well, yes.
- Q. And why do you say that?
- A. Because he never -- he said he had -- was
- 23 going to buy it, he never had no escrow opening,
- 24 he never had anything to prove that he was going
- 25 to be honest in paying it, and he started acting a

little shady. 1 But you never turned your property over to Mr. Brown, did you? Α. No. So he never received your property, correct? No, he didn't. Q. Okay. No escrow money was opened, no nothing. 10 And you did not end up selling the property to Mr. Brown, correct? That is correct, yes. No, no -- do that question again. You did not end up selling that property to Mr. Brown, correct? No, I didn't. No escrow. Do you still own the property at 2315 North Decatur? 20 21 Yes, yes. So you have not sold that property as of this date, correct? A. That's correct. Q. And let me take you back to 2018, when

- 1 you ended up agreeing -- you and your wife agreed
- 2 to sell the property at 2315 North Decatur, on the
- 3 corner of Decatur and Auborn, to Mr. Brown, where
- 4 were you and your wife living at that time?
- 5 A. We were living -- we was living on Auborn
- 6 Street.
- 7 Q. What was the address?
- 8 A. 5288 Auborn.
- 9 O. 5288 Auborn?
- 10 A. Uh-huh.
- 11 Q. And let me advise you one other thing,
- 12 just as a housekeeping matter, when you are
- 13 answering questioning, please verbally state yes
- 14 or no or I don't know to an answer. Uh-huhs,
- 15 huh-uhs, or nods of the head can't be taken down
- 16 by the court reporter.
- 17 So we're just trying to make a good
- 18 record. So as we all do, if you say uh-huh or
- 19 huh-uh, like you just did, I'm going to ask you,
- 20 Is that a yes or no? So please try to verbally
- 21 state yes or no.
- 22 Do you understand?
- 23 A. Yes.
- Q. Thank you.
- Now, the residence at 5288 Auborn that

- 1 you and your wife were living at, did Mr. Brown
- 2 ever ask to purchase that residence from you?
- 3 A. No.
- Q. Did Stacy Brown ever ask to purchase that
- 5 residence from you?
- 6 A. No.
- 7 Q. Did Dan Winder ever ask to purchase that
- 8 residence from you?
- 9 A. No.
- 10 Q. Did anybody from the Law Office of
- 11 Dan M. Winder ask to purchase that property from
- 12 you?
- 13 A. No.
- Q. Do you still have that property?
- 15 A. No.
- 16 Q. When did you sell that property?
- 17 A. I can't remember when it was sold, but --
- 18 I can't remember.
- 19 Q. Do you know when it was sold -- I mean,
- 20 do you know why it was sold? Excuse me.
- 21 A. Well, because we just decided to move on.
- Q. Was the sale of that property, did that
- 23 have anything to do with the decision by Mr. Brown
- 24 to try to purchase the property at
- 25 2315 North Decatur?

Well, we -- our son -- our family got Α. 1 nervous about us being there with all that's going on, so he -- they kind of suggested that we move to a different location. 5 Q. When you say your family, who in particular from your family suggested perhaps you may want to move on? Just the whole family. I've got three, four -- three kids, and they was all nervous. 10 What are your children's names that Q. suggested that? 11 I don't understand what you are saying. What are the three children of yours that 13 suggested you may want to move on? What are their 15 names? Α. What are their names? Valarie Mifflin. O. Hold on. Hold on. How do you spell that? 20 21 M-i-f-f-l-i-n. And is that Valarie, V-a-l-a-r-i-e? A. Yeah, yes. Q. And where does Ms. Mifflin reside? A. Salt Lake City, Utah.

- 1 Q. Do you have an address for her?
- A. No, I don't have it. I don't know what
- 3 her address is.
- 4 Q. If I left a blank in this deposition for
- 5 you to fill in her address, would you be able to
- 6 do that?
- 7 A. No.
- 8 Q. Why not?
- 9 A. Because I don't have it.
- 10 Q. You don't have it anywhere? You don't
- 11 know where your daughter lives?
- 12 A. I know where she lives.
- MS. PEREYRA: Objection. Asked and
- 14 answered.
- 15 THE WITNESS: I can go to her house if I
- 16 drive to Salt Lake, but the address, I don't know
- 17 the numbers on it or anything.
- 18 BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
- 19 Q. You don't have any documents with her
- 20 address; is that correct?
- 21 A. I don't have any.
- 22 Q. And your other child that told you that
- 23 you may want to move was?
- 24 A. James Atkinson.
- 25 Q. And where does Mr. Atkinson reside right

- 1 now?
- A. Well, I don't know if I should be telling
- 3 people where he resides. Why wouldn't you need to
- 4 know where he's at?
- Q. Again, I'm not here to answer questions.
- 6 But just to let you know, we may want to question
- 7 him or confirm this.
- 8 A. Well, I don't feel comfortable about you
- 9 talking to him about it, anyway. It's not -- it's
- 10 not them, it's us. They was just worried about
- 11 us.
- 12 Q. Well, it's part of the litigation. You
- 13 filed a lawsuit, you got involved in a litigation.
- 14 So are you willing to give us his --
- 15 James Atkinson's address?
- 16 A. No.
- Q. Where does he reside, what city?
- 18 A. Henderson.
- 19 Q. And what does James Atkinson do for a
- 20 living?
- 21 Mr. Atkinson, please do me a favor, when
- 22 I'm asking you questions, don't look at your
- 23 attorney for advice or help in these questions or
- 24 your answers. If your attorney has an objection,
- 25 she is allowed to make that objection on the

record, but you still are probably going to be 1 required to answer. 2 So please try to focus on me and answer the questions on your own, so --5 MS. BARRAZA: Objection. I'm just going to state for the record that he has not been getting any advice from his attorney during the course of this deposition, and he's allowed to look wherever he wants, just as in any deposition 10 in-person, you can look wherever you want to look. So you can go ahead and answer the 11 question. BY MR. WEINSTOCK: 13 What does James Atkinson do for a living? He's a doctor, surgeon. 15 Congratulations. Great. Ο. And your third child that suggested you may want to move? 18 His name is Brett, Brett Atkinson. 19 Α. B-r-e-t-t? 20 Ο. 21 Yes. And where does Brett Atkinson reside? A. Las Vegas. And do you have an address for him? Α. No.

- 1 Q. You don't have an address?
- A. I don't have an address for him.
- 3 Q. What does Brett Atkinson do for a living?
- A. He's an -- I don't know what they -- I
- 5 don't know what they call him. He works in a car
- 6 dealership. He brings people in to get their car
- 7 fixed and things like that. I don't know exactly
- 8 what his title is.
- 9 O. Which dealership does he work for?
- 10 A. I don't know that, either.
- 11 Q. Do you speak with Brett Atkinson on a
- 12 regular basis?
- 13 A. I talk to him quite often, yes.
- 14 Q. Next time you speak with him, can you
- 15 find out his address and where he works, and if we
- 16 leave a space in the deposition, can you provide
- 17 it for us?
- 18 A. I don't feel comfortable doing that. I
- 19 don't know why -- I don't know why you need to
- 20 know their addresses.
- I mean, it's nothing to do with those
- 22 kids. They got nervous because they thought maybe
- 23 we was going to get in a bad situation on Auborn
- 24 Street, and that's all there is to it.
- Q. Did you think you were going to get in a

- 1 bad situation on Auborn Street?
- 2 A. Well, I've -- yes.
- 3 Q. Why was that?
- A. Well, because of -- because of the
- 5 neighbor -- the neighbors -- the neighborhood,
- some of the guys that he had talked to from the
- 7 neighborhood had said things that Charlie had told
- 8 them, that it made me nervous with my family, with
- 9 me and my family being there, and that's why I
- 10 don't think it's necessary for people to know
- 11 who -- where my family lives, and -- and the cops
- 12 told us that, so did some of the neighbor people,
- 13 told us that it was a bad situation.
- Q. You said you had heard from some of the
- 15 people in your neighborhood. Who in your
- 16 neighborhood did you hear from?
- 17 A. Well, all the neighbors that I'm friends
- 18 with.
- 19 Q. And what are their names?
- 20 A. Theresa, Theresa Lange (phonetic), and I
- 21 don't know how you spell it.
- 22 Q. Other than Theresa Lange, did anybody
- 23 else in your neighborhood speak to you about the
- 24 situation?
- 25 A. Tex Watkins (phonetic).

- 1 Q. And other than Ms. Lange and Mr. Watkins,
- 2 anybody else?
- A. There was a lady that lived down next to
- 4 the shop down on the corner, but I don't know her
- 5 name. I can't remember her name.
- 6 Q. Anybody else?
- 7 A. No.
- 8 Q. When did Ms. Lange speak to you about
- 9 what her belief about what was going on in the
- 10 neighborhood?
- 11 A. I don't remember the date.
- 12 Q. Do you recall approximately how long ago
- 13 that was?
- 14 A. No, I don't know.
- 15 Q. Was that recently?
- 16 A. Not too recently.
- 17 Q. How long after you first had this
- 18 conversation with Ms. Lange did you continue to
- 19 live at the house on Auborn?
- 20 A. Well, I don't remember that because I
- 21 don't know when the conversation was, so I don't
- 22 know.
- Q. Do you believe it was longer than a year?
- 24 A. I don't know. I would have to -- I don't
- 25 know.

- 1 Q. What exactly did Ms. Lange tell you?
- 2 A. She told me that she had been down there
- 3 and seen Charlie Brown was taking some stuff out
- 4 of the building, and he -- she stopped and said he
- shouldn't be doing that because it wasn't his, and
- 6 he said that it was his building, and she said, I
- 7 know it's not your building, and you shouldn't be
- 8 taking stuff out of there.
- 9 And that was where the -- she got
- 10 threatened by a partner that was with him.
- 11 Q. Other than this incident where Ms. Lange
- 12 indicates that she saw Charlie Brown, you said,
- 13 taking stuff from your building, did she mention
- 14 any other incidents?
- 15 A. No.
- 16 Q. That was the one and only incident that
- 17 she brought up?
- 18 A. I don't remember that, and that's the
- 19 only one that I can recall.
- 20 Q. Who was present when Ms. Lange told you
- 21 this.
- 22 A. I don't -- I don't remember if the wife
- 23 was present. I don't know.
- Q. What did Tex Watkins tells you?
- 25 A. Tex Watkins just told me that he had been

- 1 there and talked to Charlie a little bit, and that
- 2 he thought he was out of line.
- And he told him -- he told Watkins and
- 4 them that the building was his, and he wasn't out
- 5 of line. The building belonged to him.
- 6 Q. Do you recall when you had this
- 7 conversation with Mr. Watkins?
- 8 A. I don't remember when it was exactly, no.
- 9 Q. Do you remember where it was?
- 10 A. Well, it was down at the shop.
- 11 Q. When you say "the shop," that --
- 12 A. Right on the corner of Auborn and
- 13 Decatur.
- 14 Q. -- that's the 2315 North Decatur
- 15 location?
- 16 A. Yes, yes.
- 17 Q. So you are telling me that Mr. Watkins
- 18 had a conversation with you at that location
- 19 saying that he talked to Mr. Brown on one
- 20 occasion, and Mr. Brown was out of line, correct?
- 21 A. That wasn't at that property.
- Q. Where was it at?
- A. When I was talking to him, he was my
- 24 neighbor, I was talking to him. I don't remember
- 25 the date, the time. I just remember what he said.

- 1 Q. And did him saying that, did that put any
- 2 fear into you?
- A. Well, yes, it put fear into me, when he's
- 4 telling people that he owns the property and all
- 5 of that kind of stuff, and moving stuff in there.
- 6 It would make anybody nervous.
- 7 Q. But you don't know how long after that
- 8 conversation you had with Mr. Watkins that you and
- 9 your wife decided to move from the area, do you?
- 10 A. Not exactly, no.
- 11 Q. Do you believe you lived there for a
- 12 while after the conversation with Mr. Watkins?
- 13 A. Like I said, I don't remember when the
- 14 conversation was. I don't know how long it was.
- 15 Q. Well, my question was: Do you believe
- 16 that you lived at that location for a while after
- 17 your conversation with Mr. Watkins?
- 18 MS. PEREYRA: Objection. Asked and
- 19 answered.
- 20 THE WITNESS: Look, I don't -- I just
- 21 don't remember when I talked to my neighbors. I
- 22 talked to him about different things, and I don't
- 23 remember what day or how long after we talked to
- 24 him that we decided to sell.
- 25 ///

- 1 BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
- Q. When you sold the house, did you make
- 3 money on the sale?
- 4 A. I don't know that.
- Q. Well, do you recall how much you
- 6 purchased the house for on Auborn?
- 7 A. I don't remember what that was, either,
- 8 because that was back in the '70s.
- 9 O. And do you know how much you sold the
- 10 house for on Auborn?
- 11 A. No
- 12 Q. Did you enter into a sales agreement for
- 13 the sale of that house?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. Do you have a copy of that?
- 16 A. Sheila might. I don't.
- 17 Q. And can you look and speak with
- 18 Ms. Atkinson, your wife, and find that copy of
- 19 that and get that to us if we request it?
- 20 A. I don't -- I don't know what -- what that
- 21 has to do with anything. I can get the copy, but
- 22 I don't know what that has anything to do with
- 23 this case, how much I made off the house.
- Q. Again, we're in litigation. We're just
- 25 trying to figure out what you are deciding --

- 1 MS. PEREYRA: He's just trying to harass
- 2 you, don't worry.
- 3 BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
- 4 Q. Mr. Atkinson, do you feel I'm harassing
- 5 you?
- 6 A. Kind of, yeah. You are asking questions
- 7 that you have no right to ask.
- 8 Q. Well, I mean, that is a legal
- 9 determination that's going to be made ultimately
- 10 by a judge. I don't mean to harass you, okay?
- I apologize if you feel I'm harassing
- 12 you.
- 13 A. What would you call it, sir?
- Q. I call it me trying to get information
- 15 for the lawsuit you filed.
- 16 A. I don't remember. I don't remember.
- 17 MS. PEREYRA: Yeah, if you want to do a
- 18 document request, feel free. But for now, this is
- 19 just to get his deposition testimony. So any
- 20 document requests, you can provide afterwards.
- 21 BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
- 22 Q. Going back to the document that you and
- 23 your wife caused to be filed on November 5th,
- 24 2019, a Complaint against those parties I've
- 25 previously read off, did you read that Complaint

- 1 prior to it being filed?
- 2 A. Yes.
- Q. Did you go over it?
- 4 A. I went over it.
- Q. Did you discuss it with your attorney?
- 6 And I don't want to know anything that was said.
- 7 But did you discuss that Complaint with your
- 8 attorney?
- 9 A. Yes, yes.
- 10 Q. Now, in that Complaint, it lists that
- 11 there are damages in excess of \$50,000 as a result
- 12 of that Complaint.
- 13 Were you aware of that?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. Tell me what you believe, how you were
- 16 damaged in excess of \$50,000?
- 17 A. Well, when they -- when it was on -- set
- 18 on fire, then they boarded up the building, they
- 19 put plywood all around all the windows, and then
- 20 they -- and the building itself, after the fire,
- 21 that cost us money.
- 22 Q. All right. Let me ask you about that.
- 23 You said when it was set on fire. Do you
- 24 personally know how the house caught on fire?
- 25 A. No. Not personally, no.

- 1 Q. Do you have any reports from the fire
- 2 department regarding that fire?
- A. I don't know if I do or not. If it came
- 4 here in the mail, I don't know.
- 5 Q. And you indicated you had -- after the
- 6 fire, you had to board up the house, correct?
- 7 A. Yes. I didn't board it up, they boarded
- 8 it up that night, and then sent me a bill.
- 9 Q. Who boarded it up?
- 10 A. The firemen, the fire department.
- 11 Q. Fire department?
- 12 A. I don't know if the firemen done it or if
- they hired somebody to do it, if they do that kind
- 14 of stuff. But they said it was a hazard, it had
- 15 to be boarded up.
- Q. Did you get a bill for that?
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. How much was that bill?
- 19 A. I don't remember what it was. I think
- 20 Sheila probably told you. I don't know what it
- 21 is -- what it was.
- Q. Do you still have a copy of that bill?
- A. I don't know. Probably.
- Q. Did you or your wife pay anything on that
- 25 bill?

- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 Q. How much did you pay?
- A. I don't remember what it was. Expensive.
- Q. Did you have insurance on that house?
- 5 A. No. I don't remember about it. I don't
- 6 remember insurance on it.
- 7 Q. You did not have insurance?
- 8 A. I don't remember for sure if we still had
- 9 the insurance on it or not after the -- right at
- 10 the time after this. I don't remember.
- 11 Q. Was the decision to not keep insurance on
- 12 the house yours?
- 13 MS. BARRAZA: Objection. Misstates
- 14 testimony.
- 15 BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
- Q. Well, let me -- let me clarify that.
- 17 Is it your testimony that you do not know
- 18 whether you did or did not have insurance on the
- 19 house?
- 20 A. No, I don't remember that, because it
- 21 was -- I don't remember it.
- Q. Do you remember that at any time prior to
- 23 your contact with Charles Brown, did you have
- 24 insurance on that property?
- 25 A. Yeah, I don't know.

You don't know? 1 Q. No, I don't know. I don't remember that. I told you I don't know. Q. Are you usually a person to keep your properties insured? Yes. Α. Are you aware of any other instance or Ο. instances where you may have owned property and it wasn't insured? No, I don't know that. 10 No, you don't know, or no, you don't 11 believe there are any other instances? No, I don't -- I don't know. You don't know or you --I don't know if other properties. 15 don't know. Q. Okay. I don't understand it. Now, when you talked to Ms. Lange on this

one occasion and she mentioned about seeing

Charlie Brown at the location, did she ever

mention the name Stacy Brown to you at that time?

20

21

at that time?

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Did she ever mention the name Dan Winder

- 1 A. No.
- Q. When you talked to Tex Watkins about the
- 3 one incident he advised you of, did he ever
- 4 mention Stacy Brown at that time?
- 5 A. No.
- 6 Q. Did he ever mention Dan M. Winder at that
- 7 time?
- 8 A. I don't remember that, either.
- 9 Q. Now we're getting back to the \$50,000 of
- 10 damages you claimed.
- 11 MS. BARRAZA: Objection. Form. And
- 12 misstates the document.
- But go ahead.
- 14 BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
- 0. Other than -- I previously asked you what
- 16 you believe was the basis for your having placed
- 17 into the Complaint damages in excess of \$50,000,
- 18 and I asked what your damages were, and first
- 19 thing you said is when the house was set on fire,
- 20 you had to pay for boarding up that house,
- 21 correct?
- 22 A. Yes.
- Q. What other damages have you suffered as a
- 24 result?
- 25 A. Well, we had to pay for the work fees

- 1 down there, and we had to pay --
- O. Hold on. Hold on.
- Pay for work fees. What work fees were
- 4 done?
- 5 A. Demolition. They had to cover up all
- 6 the -- they put up all that plywood over all the
- 7 windows and the doors.
- Q. I understand. Have you finished telling
- 9 me about the boarding of the house that you had
- 10 to -- that was done by, you believe, the fireman
- 11 or the fire department, and you believe your wife
- 12 had to pay?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. Other than that damage for that, what
- 15 other damages are you suing for in excess of
- 16 \$50,000?
- 17 A. Well, we had to demolition it. We had to
- 18 demo the building and have it hauled off.
- 19 Q. Hold on.
- 20 Do you know when you demoed the building?
- 21 A. I don't remember that day.
- Q. Do you know why you demoed the building?
- 23 A. Because -- because after the firemen
- 24 boarded it up, then the County put -- told us we
- 25 had to take care of it.

- 1 Q. Okay.
- A. Do something with it, because they were
- 3 afraid somebody would get in there and get hurt.
- Q. Do you know who you paid to demo the
- 5 building?
- 6 A. I don't know who they was.
- 7 Q. Do you know how much you paid to demo the
- 8 building?
- 9 A. I don't remember that.
- 10 Q. What?
- 11 A. I don't remember how much we paid.
- 12 Q. And, again, do you know if you had
- 13 insurance to cover the demolition of that
- 14 building?
- 15 A. I don't know.
- 16 Q. Do you know if you or your wife ever
- 17 actually issued a check to somebody for the
- 18 demolition of the building?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 O. And do you know how much that check was?
- 21 A. I don't know. I don't remember that.
- Q. Do you know when it was paid?
- 23 A. I don't. I don't remember.
- Q. All right. So is there anything else you
- 25 believe you were damaged for regarding the

- 1 demolition of the building?
- A. Attorney fees. Well, we had -- we had
- 3 some attorney fees.
- 4 Q. Hold on a second. Let me -- I was asking
- 5 if there's anything else regarding the demolition
- 6 of the building?
- 7 A. I don't know. The demolition of the
- 8 building, the fees.
- 9 Q. Okay.
- 10 A. I don't know how -- I don't remember how
- 11 much. I really don't know what you are saying, I
- 12 guess.
- 13 O. Isn't it true that the demolition of the
- 14 building is, again, related back to the fire at
- 15 the building, correct?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. And you previously stated you don't know
- 18 how the fire came about, correct?
- 19 A. Well, I don't -- I don't know how it
- 20 started, no.
- Q. And you don't personally know if somebody
- 22 actually started that fire, do you?
- Please don't look at your attorney. Look
- 24 at me.
- 25 A. She's cuter than you.

I know that. There is no doubt about 1 Ο. that. Α. Anyway, the -- say that question one more time. You previously stated you don't know how the fire got started, correct? MS. BARRAZA: Asked and answered. THE WITNESS: I can -- I can tell you what the fireman told you, and that's all. don't know how it started, but I can tell you the 10 fireman said it was deliberately started. BY MR. WEINSTOCK: And if that was said, did the fireman 13 give you any report that documented that? I don't remember any report. 15 And did the fireman tell you the name of Ο. any person that the fireman believed may have started the fire? 19 Α. No. And you didn't see anybody start the 20 21 fire, correct? Α. No. As a matter of fact, had you ever in your life seen Stacy Brown at 2315 North Decatur and Auborn?

No, I've never seen her. 1 Α. Have you ever personally seen 2 Dan M. Winder at the site of 2315 North Decatur and Auborn? Α. No. Besides boarding up the building and the Ο. demolition of the building, what other damages do you have that you believe reach 50,000 -- or exceeded \$50,000? 10 Please don't talk to your attorney, talk 11 to me. We got the attorney fees, and we got Α. the -- that's it. And when you say you got the attorneys' fees, and that's it, is it your statement here 15 today under oath that other than the boarding of the house, the demolition of the house, and the attorneys' fees, those are the only damages you have? 19 And please look at me, again, sir. 20 21 MS. BARRAZA: Objection. Form. You can answer. THE WITNESS: I don't -- I don't really know what you are trying to get at. I don't understand the question at all.

- 1 BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
- Q. Well, I'm trying -- you filed a
- 3 lawsuit -- you and your wife filed a lawsuit
- 4 claiming that you had damages in excess of \$50,000
- 5 in this lawsuit, correct?
- 6 A. Right.
- 7 Q. You understand that?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. And I'm asking you what was your basis
- 10 for coming up that you had damages in excess of
- 11 \$50,000 in your filing of the lawsuit.
- 12 Do you understand that?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. And I've asked you to give me all the
- 15 reasons why you believe you were damaged in excess
- 16 of \$50,000. And you've told me because of the
- 17 boarding up of the building and 2315 North
- 18 Decatur, because of the demolition of the building
- 19 at 2315 North Decatur, and you've indicated that
- 20 you believe you and your wife have paid for that,
- 21 and because of attorneys' fees. Those are how you
- 22 came up with the \$50,000 in excess of figure,
- 23 correct?
- 24 A. Yes
- Q. And I asked you, other than those three

```
items, the boarding, the demolition, and the
 1
     attorneys' fees, are there any other damages that
 2
     you have?
              And, again, you are looking at your
 5
     attorney, and apparently something that's been
     written for you. Please look at me.
              Other than the boarding up of the house,
     the demolition of the house, and the attorneys'
 8
     fees, is there any other damages that you or your
10
     wife have suffered?
              I don't -- the demo, the fire.
11
            I don't think so. I don't remember any.
              MR. WEINSTOCK: Okay.
13
              MS. PEREYRA: Can we take a break?
15
              MR. WEINSTOCK: What?
              MS. PEREYRA: We need to take a break,
     please.
              MR. WEINSTOCK: Do you need ten minutes?
18
              MS. PEREYRA: Yes.
19
              MR. WEINSTOCK: Okay.
20
21
                 (Whereupon, a recess was taken.)
              MR. WEINSTOCK: Back on the record.
              THE WITNESS: Yes, we are.
     BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
              Mr. Brown [sic] -- I mean, excuse me,
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Mr. Atkinson, you realize you are still under
 1
     oath?
         Α.
             Yes.
         Q.
            Same penalties of perjury still apply?
              Thank you. Mr. Brown, I want to go over
     a few things on your Complaint.
 7
              Do you have a copy of the Complaint you
     filed in front of you?
10
             Yeah, but I'm not Mr. Brown, I'm
     Mr. Atkinson.
11
              You are Mr. Atkinson. I very much
     apologize for saying that. You've got to give me
     a senior moment every once in a while.
         A. I've got a copy.
15
             All right. I apologize, Mr. Atkinson.
              You have a copy of that Complaint?
         A. Yes.
         Q. I ask that you turn to Page 5 of your
     Complaint?
20
21
         Α.
              What am I looking at?
              MS. PEREYRA: He's going to tell you what
     paragraph.
              THE WITNESS: Okay.
     ///
```

BY MR. WEINSTOCK: 1 Looking at Paragraph Number 27, do you see that? Α. Yes. 5 It says, On or around July 21, 2018, Charles Brown trespassed onto the property. Do you see that? Yeah, I see that. Α. Do you have any personal knowledge that on July 21, 2018, Charles Brown trespassed onto 10 your property? 11 Yes. What personal knowledge do you have? 13 Because I was there. You were there, and you observed on 15 July 21st, 2018? I don't remember the date. Are you testifying that you were present when you observed Mr. Brown trespass onto your 20 property? 21 I don't know. I don't understand what is trespassing onto my property. If he walked onto my property, then what? MS. PEREYRA: Can you repeat the question, please?

BY MR. WEINSTOCK: 1 My question for you, and, again, you are looking right at your Complaint, correct, Paragraph 27? Α. Yes. That Complaint alleges, states that on or Ο. around July 21, 2018 Charles Brown trespassed onto the property, and the property that we are referring to is the property at 2315 North 10 Decatur, on the corner of Decatur and Auborn, correct? 11 Α. Yes. Now, you state that -- did you personally 13 observe Charles Brown trespass onto that property on or around July 21, 2018? Α. No. So you were not there, correct? Q. To your knowledge --It's the same thing. 20 21 Q. Please, Mr. --Okay. I'm looking at you. I'm going to straighten up here. Thank you. I appreciate it. So you didn't -- you did not see

Mr. Brown trespass onto your property on or around 1 July 21, 2018, correct? MS. BARRAZA: Objection. Asked and answered. You can answer again. THE WITNESS: Yeah. BY MR. WEINSTOCK: 7 Q. Is that correct? 9 No. 10 Q. It's not correct? A. That's correct, I didn't see him. 11 Thank you very much. Okay. So therefore you go on and state 13 in Paragraph 27 that Mr. Brown converted various personal items from the property. 15 Did you personally see Charles Brown ever 16 take any property from your property on Decatur? Please look at me. I guess you better hit that question to me again, because I don't understand what you are 20 21 trying to tell me. Q. Your Paragraph 27 --Okay. -- states on or around July 21, 2018, Charles Brown trespassed onto your property and

converted various personal items from the 1 2 property. Do you see that? Α. I see that. Now, if you did not -- you testified you did not personally see Mr. Brown trespass onto the property, correct? Α. Yes. And so therefore, did you personally see 10 Mr. Brown convert any items of personal -- any personal items from the property on that date? 11 Α. No. And then it goes on to say, Including but 13 not limited to, outdoor chairs. Again, I assume you never saw, and please 15 correct me if I'm wrong, did you ever see Charles Brown take outdoor chairs from your property on Decatur? 19 Α. No. Did you ever see Mr. Brown take a workout 20 21 bench from your property on Decatur? Α. No.

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Did you ever see Mr. Brown take planter

pots from your property on Decatur?

Α.

No.

- 1 Q. Did you ever see Mr. Brown take a trash
- 2 can from your property on Decatur?
- 3 A. No.
- Q. Did you ever see anybody, any person take
- 5 any of those items from your property on Decatur?
- 6 A. No.
- 7 Q. Do you have any personal knowledge that
- 8 anybody actually took those items from your
- 9 property on Decatur?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. When did you first come upon personal
- 12 knowledge that those items were missing?
- 13 Please look at me.
- 14 A. I don't know. I don't remember the dates
- 15 that I seen them when they was missing or not. A
- 16 lot of them was missing. I don't know.
- 17 Q. Do you recall, did somebody tell you
- 18 those items were missing?
- 19 A. No, I seen that they was missing.
- Q. But you don't recall when?
- 21 A. No, I don't recall.
- Q. Did you file a claim with your insurance
- 23 company?
- 24 A. No.
- 25 O. Did you file a police report?

- 1 A. Yes.
- Q. You filed a police report?
- 3 When did you file that police report?
- 4 A. I don't remember when we filed it. I
- 5 don't remember the date.
- Q. Do you have a copy of that police report?
- 7 A. I don't remember that, either.
- 8 Q. Now look at Paragraph Number 28.
- 9 Do you see that?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. Do you see that Paragraph 28 says, Upon
- 12 information and belief, Charles Brown, Law Offices
- of Dan M. Winder, PC, and Dan Winder wrongfully
- 14 initiated litigation against the Atkinsons.
- 15 Do you see that?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. What information and belief do you have
- 18 to indicate that Dan M. Winder wrongfully
- 19 initiated litigation against you and your wife?
- 20 A. Because there was no escrow opened, there
- 21 was no proof of funds, and they was -- there was
- 22 just nothing. They -- and they -- they sued us
- 23 for no reason that I can think of.
- Q. And that was the lawsuit that was filed
- 25 by Charles Brown against you and your wife,

1 correct? Α. Dan M. Winder or the Law Offices of Dan M. Winder were not a party to that lawsuit, were they? Α. No. You are aware that you and your wife O. ended up prevailing in that lawsuit that Mr. Brown filed, correct? 10 Α. Yes. Did you ever request your attorneys to 11 seek court ordered attorneys' fees from Mr. Brown for the filing of that lawsuit? MS. BARRAZA: Objection. Calls for attorney/client privilege. I'm going to ask the 15 witness not to answer the question based on the way it's phrased. BY MR. WEINSTOCK: Now, Mr. Atkinson, your attorney has advised you not to answer that question. You have 20 21 the opportunity to follow her advice or not follow her advice. I would advise you that if --MS. PEREYRA: You are not his attorney. You cannot give him any advice.

```
BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
 1
              -- if -- if you follow your attorney's
 2
     advice, and we file a motion with the court
     seeking you to answer, and the court agrees with
     us, it is possible that you are going to assess --
     be assessed the cost -- the cost of a new
     deposition and the cost for sanctions if the
     court -- the judge agrees.
              Do you understand that?
10
         Α.
              Yes.
              Knowing all that, is it your desire to
11
     not answer the question?
         Α.
              Yes.
13
              MR. WEINSTOCK: Could you please certify
15
     that?
              THE WITNESS: I said yes.
              MR. WEINSTOCK: No, not you, the court
18
     reporter.
              Can you please certify that?
19
              THE COURT REPORTER: Yes.
20
21
              MR. WEINSTOCK: Okay. Thank you.
     BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
              Now I'd ask you to look at Paragraph
     Number 27.
              MS. PEREYRA: Again?
```

BY MR. WEINSTOCK: 1 I mean 29. Excuse me. As I said, I'm entitled to some senior 4 moments. Have you read that, Mr. Atkinson? A. Yeah, I'm reading it. Now, it says on there Charles Brown, Law Offices of Dan M. Winder, PC, and Dan Winder 8 unsuccessfully attempted to pass off the 10 conditional loan quote and good faith estimate that Mr. Brown received from Financial Solutions 11 and Real Estate Network Group as legitimate proof of financing during the litigation. 13 Do you see that? Yeah, yes. 15 Α. What information do you have factually indicating that Dan Winder or the Law Office of 17 Dan M. Winder, PC, attempted to pass off those documents? 19 MS. BARRAZA: Objection. Form. Document 20 21 speaks for itself. You can answer. THE WITNESS: Do I answer? BY MR. WEINSTOCK: Q. Please answer.

- 1 A. Okay. My attorneys found evidence
- 2 showing that Winder was involved.
- 3 Q. What evidence do you believe shows that
- 4 Winder was involved?
- 5 A. We got the checks written by the boy, by
- 6 Anthony, showing that he's involved. The cops
- 7 told us they did this to other people, Charlie
- 8 Brown and his attorney scared them with legal
- 9 stuff.
- 10 Q. Now, you said cops told you that. Did
- 11 the cops mention the name of Dan Winder as the
- 12 attorney?
- 13 A. No
- 14 Q. Did the cops mention the Law Firm of
- 15 Dan M. Winder as the attorney?
- 16 A. The cops never, no. I don't remember
- 17 them saying anything about him.
- 18 Q. And, again, I assume, and please correct
- 19 me if I'm wrong, you don't know the name of the
- 20 cop that said that?
- 21 A. I don't remember his name. I know where
- 22 he's at, down at the police station where we went.
- Q. Which police station?
- A. It's on Martin Luther King. That's the
- 25 only way I know. I don't know what the other

- 1 streets are.
- Q. Can you describe this cop; was he tall,
- 3 short?
- A. I don't remember if he's tall or short.
- 5 I just remember that he was -- asked us to come
- 6 in.
- 7 Q. And do you remember anything else other
- 8 than that he asked you to come in, anything about
- 9 the cop personally?
- 10 A. I don't remember him. I don't remember
- 11 that
- 12 Q. And you are saying a cop told you that --
- the cop believes that Mr. Brown has done it before
- 14 with an attorney?
- 15 A. I don't know if he said with attorneys.
- 16 I don't remember the attorneys part of it.
- 17 Q. So you don't have any information or
- 18 recollection that anything that Charles Brown did
- 19 was in conjunction with any attorneys, correct?
- 20 MS. BARRAZA: Objection. Form.
- 21 Misstates testimony.
- 22 THE WITNESS: I don't understand.
- MS. PEREYRA: Tell him that.
- 24 MR. WEINSTOCK: Please quit talking to
- 25 your attorney and answer the question.

MS. PEREYRA: He doesn't understand, and 1 I told him to tell you that. If you just listen, 2 then you would know. MR. WEINSTOCK: I can't understand when 5 you are whispering to your client. THE WITNESS: Okay. I don't understand 7 exactly what you are doing with the cop. I don't understand the question that you are asking me about him. 10 BY MR. WEINSTOCK: My question for you is, and, please, 11 correct me if I'm wrong, you just testified that to the best of your recollection, you don't believe that the cop mentioned any attorneys' names to you, correct? 15 Correct. Α. And my question to you is: Q. information, if any, did you give to the police that Charles Brown was acting in concert or in conspiracy or in connection to the Law Office of 20 Dan M. Winder or Dan Winder? 21 Because the cop told us that there was other people that Charlie Brown was scaring them

with legal stuff, so I don't know --

Q.

Okay.

- 1 A. -- who it is.
- Q. To the extent of your recollection, is it
- 3 safe to say that the only thing the cop told you
- 4 that you remember now, is you claim this cop told
- 5 you that Mr. Brown was acting with other people,
- 6 correct?
- 7 MS. PEREYRA: Objection. Misstates his
- 8 testimony.
- 9 BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
- 10 Q. Tell me exactly, to the best of your
- 11 recollection, what this police officer told you.
- 12 A. I told you, he told me -- he told us that
- 13 they did that to other people, that Charlie Brown
- 14 and his -- I guess his attorney, I can't remember
- 15 him saying his attorney, scared them with legal --
- 16 legal stuff.
- 17 Q. So your recollection, and, again, I'm not
- 18 trying to misstate your testimony, is it safe to
- 19 say that both you and your wife were present
- 20 during this conversation with this police officer?
- 21 A. Yes.
- Q. Was it one conversation or several
- 23 conversations with the police officer?
- 24 A. One time.
- Q. But you don't remember when?

- 1 A. I don't remember the exact date. I don't
- 2 remember when, but I can remember what we was
- 3 called in there for.
- Q. And this police officer told you that the
- 5 police officer believed Charles Brown was acting
- 6 with other people, correct?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. But this police officer never named any
- 9 other people that this police officer believed
- 10 Mr. Brown was acting with, correct?
- 11 A. I don't remember it. I just don't
- 12 remember that.
- 13 Q. And is it safe to say that to the best of
- 14 your recollection, you do not remember this police
- 15 officer ever mentioning the Law Office of
- 16 Dan M. Winder or Dan Winder as any attorney that
- 17 Charles Brown may have been acting in concert
- 18 with?
- 19 A. I don't remember that.
- Q. I'd ask you to look at Paragraph 34 of
- 21 the Complaint on Page 5.
- 22 Do you see that?
- A. Yes, I can see it.
- Q. It says, In the course of a business
- 25 transaction in which Charles Brown had a pecuniary

- 1 interest -- let I ask you, what's your
- 2 understanding of what pecuniary interest Mr. Brown
- 3 had?
- 4 A. I don't know. I don't really know what
- 5 that means. I don't know what you are saying.
- 6 Q. Did you discuss what that said with your
- 7 attorney before that document was filed?
- 8 MS. BARRAZA: Objection. The question as
- 9 phrased calls for attorney/client privileged
- 10 communications, so I'm going to advise the witness
- 11 not to answer as it's phrased.
- 12 BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
- 13 Q. Well, Mr. Atkinson, you just testified
- 14 you don't understand what that phrase means,
- 15 correct?
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. And you testified earlier that you read
- 18 the Complaint before it was filed, correct?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 Q. And did you understand at that time what
- 21 that phrase meant?
- 22 A. Yes.
- Q. What was your understanding at that time
- 24 what that phrase meant?
- 25 A. Like I say, I don't know. I don't

- 1 remember. But at the time, I did.
- Q. Now, Paragraph Number 35 indicates that
- 3 the Atkinsons justifiably relied on Charles
- 4 Brown's representation.
- 5 Do you see that?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. You believed that Mr. Brown was going to
- 8 go through with the deal, correct?
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. And you were going to go through with the
- 11 deal, correct?
- 12 A. Yes.
- Q. Now, looking at Paragraph Number 36; do
- 14 you see that?
- 15 A. Yes, I see it.
- 16 Q. And that says, The Atkinsons would not
- 17 have executed the purchase agreement had they
- 18 known that Charles Brown never intended on
- 19 actually paying the Atkinsons any consideration
- 20 for the property, correct?
- 21 A. Yes, that's what it says.
- 22 O. All right. Tell me what factual
- 23 knowledge you had or have knowing that Charles
- 24 Brown never intended on paying for the property?
- A. Well, there was no escrow -- no escrow

- 1 opened, there was no proof of funds, there was
- 2 just nothing.
- Q. Do you know why there was no escrow
- 4 opened?
- 5 A. No, I don't. Probably he didn't have the
- 6 money. I don't know.
- 7 Q. Do you know why there was no proof of
- 8 funds shown?
- 9 A. I don't know. I don't understand what
- 10 the proof of funds is.
- 11 Q. Okay.
- 12 A. You are asking me proof of funds. It
- 13 says no -- there's no proof of funds, whatever is
- 14 shown us from Charlie, that he was intending on
- 15 buying the property.
- 16 Q. Do you personally have knowledge that at
- 17 the time you and Mr. Brown and your wife entered
- 18 into the agreement to enter into the purchase of
- 19 your house, do you have any personal knowledge
- 20 knowing that Mr. Brown never intended to buy the
- 21 house at that time?
- MS. BARRAZA: Objection. Form.
- 23 THE WITNESS: I don't know. I don't
- 24 know.
- 25 ///

BY MR. WEINSTOCK: 1 Mr. Brown -- at the time you signed the 2 agreement, Mr. Brown told you he intended to purchase the property, correct? Α. Yes. And you had no reason to believe that 7 Mr. Brown was lying to you at that time, did you? Please look at me. I didn't have any intention that he was 9 10 lying to us, but I didn't say any -- no, just no. And, again, you -- going in to -- in 11 Paragraph 37, you mentioned the name Stacy Brown again, correct? Α. Yes. You mentioned her name a couple times in 15 that paragraph, correct? Yes. 17 Α. And you previously stated you never talked to Stacy Brown, correct? 19 MS. BARRAZA: Asked and answered. 20 21 THE WITNESS: I never heard that question. What did he say? I didn't understand. BY MR. WEINSTOCK: Did you ever -- did you ever talk to

- 1 Stacy Brown prior to you agreeing with Charles
- 2 Brown for him to purchase your house?
- A. No, I don't know her.
- 4 Q. And did Charles Brown ever tell you that
- 5 Stacy Brown was involved in the purchase of the
- 6 house?
- 7 A. No.
- 8 Q. Did Charles Brown ever tell you that Dan
- 9 Winder was involved in the purchase of the house?
- 10 A. I don't remember that.
- 11 Q. Did Charles Brown ever tell you that the
- 12 Law Office of Dan Winder ever was involved in the
- 13 purchase of the house?
- 14 A. No. Charles told my wife, his attorney
- 15 was his partner.
- Q. What was that? I didn't hear that.
- 17 What did you just say, sir?
- 18 A. Charles told my wife, his attorney was
- 19 his partner.
- Q. Were you present when that was said?
- 21 Mr. Atkinson, did you ever hear Charles
- 22 Brown tell you or your wife that his attorney --
- 23 that his attorney was involved in purchasing your
- 24 house?
- 25 A. I don't remember that about an attorney.

Do you remember your wife ever telling 1 Q. you that Charles Brown had told her that his attorney was involved in the purchase of the house? Α. Yes. When did your wife tell you that? I tell you, that's a long time ago. don't remember. Do you remember where you were when she 10 said it? No, I don't remember that. Do you remember who else was there, if anybody? Α. Did you do anything about it when she told you that? I don't -- I don't know if I would do anything about it. What would I do? I don't understand the question. Did you try to back out of the deal when she told you that? Α. No. Was the deal already finished when she told you that? Α. No.

MS. BARRAZA: Objection. Asked and 1 2 answered. He already said he doesn't remember when 4 she told him. 5 MR. WEINSTOCK: I can try to jog his memory a little bit. BY MR. WEINSTOCK: Q. Was it recently that she told you this? A. I don't remember, no. 10 Q. As you sit here today, other than what your wife may have told you, do you have any 11 reason to believe that in any way Dan M. Winder or the Law Office of Dan M. Winder was involved in 13 the purchase of your house in 2017? MS. BARRAZA: Objection. Asked and 15 16 answered. THE WITNESS: I don't know. BY MR. WEINSTOCK: 18 Q. Well, you know what's going on in your 19 20 mind. Do you have any basis, other than what your wife may have told you, to believe that 21 Dan M. Winder or the Law Office of Dan M. Winder were involved in any way in the purchase of your house? MS. BARRAZA: Same objection.

```
THE WITNESS: I don't know.
 1
     BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
              In 2018, when you were negotiating the
     sale of your house with Charles Brown, did you
     ever tell him your age?
              I don't remember telling him, no.
              Do you know if your wife ever told her
         Ο.
     your age in your presence?
              I don't know that, either.
10
              I'd ask you to look at Page 8 -- Page 8,
     Paragraph 61.
11
              MS. PEREYRA: What page was it?
              MR. WEINSTOCK: Page 8.
              MS. PEREYRA: Page 8, is that what you
15
     said?
              MR. WEINSTOCK: Yes.
              MS. PEREYRA: And what paragraph?
              MR. WEINSTOCK: 61.
              MS. PEREYRA: So this one.
     BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
20
21
              Do you see that?
              Yeah.
              It says, Charles Brown, Stacy Brown, Law
     Office and Winder, and each of them worked
     together with the intent to accomplish the harmful
```

- 1 objective of defrauding the Atkinsons out of the
- 2 property they own for the purpose of causing harm
- 3 to the Atkinsons.
- 4 Do you see that?
- 5 A. Uh-huh.
- 6 MS. PEREYRA: Yes?
- 7 THE WITNESS: Yes.
- 8 BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
- 9 O. Tell me what factual information you know
- 10 of that Stacy Brown and Charles Brown in any way
- 11 worked together with the intent to accomplish the
- 12 harmful objective of defrauding you and your wife?
- 13 A. Our attorney found the evidence showing
- 14 that there was -- they was involved.
- 15 Q. What evidence do you believe they found
- 16 showing it?
- MS. BARRAZA: Asked and answered.
- 18 You can answer.
- 19 THE WITNESS: We got the fake loan
- 20 company documents.
- 21 BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
- 22 Q. And do you have any idea whether Charles
- 23 Brown and Stacy Brown ever spoke together about
- 24 arranging that?
- 25 A. I don't know anything about it.

Do you have any information to indicate Q. 1 that anything that they may have done, they did with the intent to work together with each other and the Law Office and Dan Winder? MS. BARRAZA: Objection. Form. THE WITNESS: Yes. BY MR. WEINSTOCK: 7 Q. You can answer. Do you have any factual basis? 10 Α. Yes. Q. What is that? 11 My attorneys discovered many people involved in the fraud. 13 So you are relying solely on your attorneys' information? 15 MS. BARRAZA: Objection. Misstates testimony. 17 BY MR. WEINSTOCK: Q. Are you relying solely on your attorneys' 19 information. 20 MS. BARRAZA: Same objection. 21 THE WITNESS: We've got these made-out checks from that attorney guy, he made out checks, so that would be -- that would be a fake loan company.

- 1 BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
- 2 Q. Is it your statement that those checks
- 3 were done by Dan Winder and the Law Office
- 4 intending to defraud you?
- 5 MS. BARRAZA: Asked and answered.
- 6 BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
- 7 Q. Is it your own belief that the checks
- 8 that you are referring to were done by the Law
- 9 Office of Dan Winder or Dan Winder, intending to
- 10 defraud you?
- 11 A. Yes, I do.
- 12 Q. What is your basis for that?
- 13 A. Because I never -- because they never --
- 14 Charlie Brown never had any money, no escrow
- 15 opened up to get the money to buy the place. And
- 16 then this -- then he comes up with this thousand
- 17 dollar check from this lawyer, so I just don't
- 18 quite understand all the details of what they was
- 19 trying to do to us.
- 20 O. I understand that you may not understand
- 21 the details, but you've made factual allegations,
- 22 and I'm trying to ask you about what facts you
- 23 have, other than what you may believe, you may
- 24 hope, you may wish, you may want. I'm asking
- 25 facts.

Do you have any facts? 1 MS. BARRAZA: Asked and answered, and 2 already -- already answered. THE WITNESS: -- attorneys. BY MR. WEINSTOCK: Q. What was that? A. I thought she objected again. Q. What was that? Please answer. 10 MS. PEREYRA: Can you repeat the question, please? 11 BY MR. WEINSTOCK: I'm asking you what facts, other than beliefs, hopes, wishes, what facts do you have to indicate that Charles Brown and Stacy Brown, the Law Office, and Dan M. Winder worked together intending to accomplish the harmful objective of defrauding you and your wife out of the property you owned? 19 MS. BARRAZA: Objection. Asked and 20 21 answered. He literally just answered it, but --MS. PEREYRA: Go ahead. THE WITNESS: Yeah, the checks was written by the attorney, showing that he was

- 1 involved. We didn't know anything about the
- 2 attorney to start with.
- 3 BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
- 4 Q. Do you personally know whether Charles
- 5 Brown paid the thousand dollars to Dan Winder, for
- 6 him to issue the check for -- don't look at
- 7 anybody.
- 8 A. I'm looking at you. Okay.
- 9 I don't have any, no. I don't understand
- 10 it.
- 11 Q. You don't understand what? I'm trying to
- 12 make sure it's clear.
- 13 A. I don't know what that means, what you
- 14 are trying to say, that if I understood what -- I
- 15 didn't even know that there was a lawyer there.
- 16 Q. My question to you is, do you have any
- 17 knowledge whether Charles Brown paid Dan Winder a
- 18 thousand dollars for him to issue the check that
- 19 you are talking about, yes or no, sir?
- 20 A. I said no.
- Q. Do you know if Charles Brown and Dan
- 22 Winder had any discussions between themselves
- 23 about Mr. Brown -- or Mr. Winder issuing that
- 24 thousand dollar check?
- 25 A. I don't know.

Do you know that Dan Winder and the Law Ο. 1 Office of Dan M. Winder issued that check intending to defraud you out of your house? MS. BARRAZA: Objection. Form. 5 THE WITNESS: Yes. BY MR. WEINSTOCK: Q. How do you know that? What -- what facts do you have? 8 MS. BARRAZA: Asked and answered. 10 THE WITNESS: The check is written by the attorney to show that he was involved. And why 11 would he write it, if they didn't? No, never mind that. 13 BY MR. WEINSTOCK: Is that your basis, is solely because a 15 check was written from the Law Office of Dan Winder, that he was involved in intending to defraud you out of your house? MS. BARRAZA: Objection. Form. THE WITNESS: Loan company documents, I 20 21 have that. BY MR. WEINSTOCK: Well, let's get to, is it your belief that solely the thousand dollar check and the loan documents were the basis that you are using to

believe that the Law Office of Dan M. Winder or 1 Dan Winder intended to solely -- or intended to 2 defraud you and your wife out of your house? MS. BARRAZA: Objection. Form. 5 THE WITNESS: I don't know. BY MR. WEINSTOCK: Ο. Sir? A. I don't know. Well, what other reasons do you have, 10 other than that check and the other documents, the loan documents, for you to believe that 11 Dan M. Winder or the Law Office of Dan M. Winder were involved in attempting -- intending to 13 defraud you and your wife out of your house? MS. BARRAZA: Objection. Form. 15 THE WITNESS: I don't remember. 16 BY MR. WEINSTOCK: 17 And, again, you and your wife have never 18 been defrauded out of your house, correct? 19 Α. No, no. 20 21 No, that you've never been defrauded; you still have your house, or sold it, correct? I don't understand what question you're asking about. What house are we talking about?

We're talking about the house at

- 1 2315 North Decatur.
- 2 A. Okay. I don't know. I don't remember
- 3 it.
- Q. Well, you put in your pleadings, in your
- 5 legal paper, that you and your wife factually have
- 6 an allegation that Charles Brown, Stacy Brown, Law
- 7 Office, and Winder, and each of them worked
- 8 together with the intent to accomplish the harmful
- 9 objective of defrauding you and your wife out of
- 10 the property you guys owned, for the purpose of
- 11 harming you and your wife, correct?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. And I'm asking you your factual basis,
- 14 and you said previously, because the Law Office of
- 15 Dan Winder issued a check for a thousand dollars,
- 16 correct?
- 17 A. Yes.
- 18 Q. And because it was, what you had stated,
- 19 was a fraudulent document, loan document, correct?
- 20 A. Yes.
- Q. And I asked you, other than those two
- documents, do you have any other factual basis for
- 23 you to believe that the Law Office of
- 24 Dan M. Winder and Dan Winder were involved in any
- 25 action with the intent to accomplish the harmful

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objective of defrauding you and your wife out of
 1
     your property that you owned and for the purpose
     of causing harm to you and your wife; any other
     factual basis?
              MS. BARRAZA: Objection.
              THE WITNESS: I don't remember it.
     BY MR. WEINSTOCK:
              Do you have a problem with your memory,
     sir?
 9
10
         Α.
              What?
              Do you have a problem with your memory?
11
         A. Do I have a problem with my memory?
13
         A. Do I have to answer that?
15
         Q.
              I don't.
              Have you ever been to a doctor or a
     psychologist or physician for any type of
18
     treatment regarding your memory?
19
20
              No, I have not.
21
              Have you ever been to any doctor for any
     type of stress-related problem?
              No, no stress.
              I ask you to look at Page 9,
     Paragraph 65.
```

Do you see that? 1 2 Yes. And, again, you allege that Charles Brown, Stacy Brown, Law Office, and Winder acted in concert with one another pursuant to a -- to the common design of transferring the property from the Atkinsons to Charles Brown without any monetary consideration going to Atkinson. Do you see that? 10 No, I don't -- I don't know what that means. 11 You do see it, correct? A. I seen it. 13 Q. And you read it? Yes. 15 And is it your testimony now that you don't understand today what that means? MS. BARRAZA: Objection. Form. BY MR. WEINSTOCK: 19 20 Ο. Please answer. 21 MS. PEREYRA: Just tell him. BY MR. WEINSTOCK: I know you are talking to your attorney. Please answer. I said, I don't know what that means.

And at the time this document was filed, Ο. 1 did you discuss that paragraph with your attorney? Α. Yes. Ο. And did they explain it to you at that 5 time? Yes. Α. Did you understand it at that time? A. Yes. And it's your testimony that you don't 10 understand it now? MS. BARRAZA: Objection. Form. 11 THE WITNESS: I don't remember it now. 13 BY MR. WEINSTOCK: You don't remember it now, and you still don't understand it, correct? 15 I don't understand your question. I don't know what I'm about to say. No, I don't understand it. Can we take a little break? MS. PEREYRA: He would like to take a 20 21 break, please. MR. WEINSTOCK: Let's take another ten minutes, and I'll try to wrap it up. (Whereupon, a recess was taken.) MR. WEINSTOCK: Back on the record.

Mr. Atkinson, I have no further questions 1 at this time. EXAMINATION BY MS. BARRAZA: 5 Q. This is my opportunity to ask a few questions. I have just a few. If we can turn back to Exhibit C, if it can be shown on the screen, and the Bates stamp I 8 would like to go to is D0002. So, Mr. Atkinson, do you recall earlier 10 you testified that this Purchase Agreement and 11 Joint Escrow Instructions was the agreement that you and your wife had executed, along with Charles Brown, for purchase of that property at 2315 North 15 Decatur? Α. Yes. And I want to turn your attention to Section 1, where it says Purchase Price, and it mentions the total purchase price of the property paid by purchaser to seller shall be in the amount 20 of \$100,000; do you see that? 21 Α. Yes. Now, was that ever actually paid from Charles Brown to you and your wife? Α. No.

- 1 Q. And in Section 3, where it mentions a
- 2 deposit, it says, Purchaser shall deliver a
- 3 deposit within two business days from the
- 4 effective date in the amount of \$1,000, and then
- 5 it goes on to say the deposit shall be deposited
- 6 and held in escrow by an escrow agent.
- 7 Now, did that ever actually happen?
- 8 A. No, no.
- 9 O. And I want to turn your attention to
- 10 earlier, if you recall, you were talking about
- 11 some of your damages in this case.
- Now, has this ordeal of being in that
- 13 lawsuit against Charles Brown, where Charles Brown
- 14 was suing you and your wife, did that cause you
- 15 any kind of distress?
- 16 A. Well, naturally, yes, it did. I mean,
- 17 it's a lot of -- when you don't understand what's
- 18 going on, and somebody is trying to, you know,
- 19 force something onto you, tell you they're going
- 20 to do this and that, there's always stress there.
- 21 That's definitely, yes.
- Q. And is that the stress part of why you
- 23 and your wife decided to file this lawsuit against
- 24 Charles Brown and against Dan Winder?
- 25 A. Yes.

```
MR. WEINSTOCK: Objection. Leading.
 1
     BY MS. BARRAZA:
             And then I want to -- do you recall
     earlier in your deposition you were looking at the
     lawsuit that you and your wife had filed against
     Charles Brown and Dan Winder, the Complaint; do
     you remember looking at that?
         A. Yes.
              Now, are you personally -- are you a
10
     lawyer?
              No, I'm not.
11
         Α.
              And do you personally have any kind of
     legal background or experience?
         Α.
              And are you well-familiar with legal kind
     of jargon?
              No.
         Α.
         Q. And is that part of why you ended up
     hiring attorneys? Is that because you and your
     wife are not capable of things like drafting your
     own Complaints and lawsuits?
              MR. WEINSTOCK: Objection. Leading.
     Calling for a legal -- calling for a legal
     conclusion.
              THE WITNESS: Yes.
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BY MS. BARRAZA:
 1
              And have you ever sued anybody on your
     own without hiring an attorney?
              MR. WEINSTOCK: Objection. Form.
     BY MS. BARRAZA:
         Q. Sorry, what was the answer?
         A.
              No.
              MS. BARRAZA: One second.
                     I have no further questions.
10
              MR. WEINSTOCK: Adriana?
              MS. PEREYRA: I have no further
11
     questions.
              MR. WEINSTOCK: I have no further
13
     questions. I appreciate your being here, I
14
     appreciate your testimony, and basically we're
15
16
     done.
              I need a copy of the video and also the
     quickest way to get it.
18
              MS. PEREYRA: We're logging off.
19
              ZOOM HOST: Mr. Weinstock, I just want to
20
21
     advise that today's deposition was not being
     videotaped or videorecorded.
              MR. WEINSTOCK: Oh, okay. Well, then I
     guess whatever you got.
25
             MS. BARRAZA: And we'll take an E-Trans
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copy. It can be billed to my office. Thank you.
 1
              THE COURT REPORTER: Do you want him to
     read and sign or waive signature?
              MS. BARRAZA: We'll waive that, that's
 5
     fine.
              MR. WEINSTOCK: No, I want him to sign.
              MS. BARRAZA: Yeah, we'll waive that.
              ZOOM HOST: Mr. Weinstock, the exhibits
     that we referenced today when we were screen
10
     sharing, would those be attached to the
11
     transcript?
              MR. WEINSTOCK: They don't need to be,
13
              ZOOM HOST: Okay. Thank you very much.
                 (Thereupon, the remote videoconference
15
                 deposition concluded at 12:29 p.m.)
16
19
20
21
25
```

LaVell P. Atkinson ~ March 29, 2021 * * * Remote Videoconference Deposition * * *

		CERTIFICATE C	OF DEPONENT		
PAG	E LINE	CHANGE		REASON	
·					
		* * *	* *		
do .	I, LaVELL P. ATKINSON, deponent herein, do hereby certify and declare the within and				
for	egoing tra	anscription to	be my depo	sition in	
her	<pre>said action; that I have read, corrected and do hereby affix my signature to said deposition thi</pre>				
	day 01		, 20		
	-		IGON Davis		
	1	LaVELL P. ATKIN	льом, рероп	ent	

```
1
                   CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
 2
     STATE OF NEVADA)
     COUNTY OF CLARK)
              I, Jo A. Scott, a certified court
     reporter, State of Nevada, do hereby certify:
     That I reported the remote videoconference
     deposition of LaVELL P. ATKINSON, commencing on
     Monday, March 29, 2021, at 10:13 a.m.
              That prior to being deposed, the witness
     was duly sworn by me to testify to the truth.
     That I thereafter transcribed my said shorthand
10
     notes into typewriting and that the typewritten
     transcript is a complete, true, and accurate
     transcription of my said shorthand notes.
11
     prior to the conclusion of the proceedings, the
12
     reading and signing of the transcript was
     requested by the witness or a party.
13
              I further certify that I am not a
     relative or employee of counsel of any of the
     parties, nor a relative or employee of the parties
14
     involved in said action, nor a person financially
     interested in the action.
              IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have set my hand in
     my office in the County of Clark, State of Nevada,
     this 6th day of April
                             2021
17
                           SCOTT, CCR NO. 669
18
19
20
21
25
```

EXHIBIT D

LAW OFFICE OF DAN M. WINDER, P.C.

3507 W. Charleston, Blvd. Las Vegas, Nevada 89102 Telephone: (702) 474-0523 Fax: (702) 474-0631

December 6, 2017

Mr. Lavelle P. Atkinson and Ms. Sheila Atkinson 5288 Auburn Las Vegas, NV 89108-3008

> Re: Property at 2315 N. Decatur Parcel No. 138-24-511-034

Dear Mr. & Mrs Atkinson:

Please be advised that this office represents Mr. Charles Brown, the purchaser of the above referenced property. On July 20, 2017 you signed the Purchase Agreement and Joint Escrow Instructions documenting the sale of the property. Unfortunately, for reasons unknown the sale of the property has not closed as of this date.

Consider this letter to be a formal demand upon you to finalize the closure of the sale of the property. As a concession to you, at Mr. Brown's insistence, we will allow you until Saturday, December 30, 2017 by 12:00 noon to close on the sale of this property. Normally we would insist on closure within 10 (ten) days of the date of this letter, but Mr. Brown has graciously extended that time. However, if this sale is not finalized and closed prior to December 30, 2017 this office will proceed with litigation to protect Mr. Brown's interest. This action may well include seeking specific performance of the agreed to sale, and also damages, court costs and attorneys fees, as allowable under Nevada law. Therefore, it is imperative that you give this matter your immediate attention.

If you, or your legal counsel, if any, wish to discuss this matter further please feel free to contact me at your convenience. I shall await your prompt response.

Very truly yours

Amold Weinstock Fsc

AW/slm Enclosure

cc: Charles Brown

file

EXHIBIT E

Steven D. Grierson 1 **COM** DAN M. WINDER, ESQ. 2 Nevada State Bar No. 1569 ARNOLD WEINSTOCK, ESQ. Nevada State Bar No. 810 4 LAW OFFICE OF DAN M. WINDER, P.C. 3507 W. Charleston Blvd. 6 Las Vegas, NV 89102 Telephone: (702) 878-6000 Facsimile: (702) 474-0631 8 Email: winderdanatty@aol.com Attorney for Plaintiffs 10 DISTRICT COURT **CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA** 11 CHARLES BROWN, 12 Case No. A-18-774764-C Plaintiffs, 13 Department 18 Dept. No: VS. 14 15 LAVELLE P. ATKINSON, SHEILA ATKINSON; DOES I-V; and ROE 16 COMPLAINT CORPORATIONS I-V. (Exempt from Arbitration 17 Defendants. as the amount in controversy 18 exceeds \$50,000.00) 19 20 21 COMES NOW, Plaintiff, CHARLES BROWN, by and through his attorneys 22 of record, Dan M. Winder, Esq., of the law firm of DAN M. WINDER, P.C., as and 23 for their complaint against Defendants, LAVELLE P. ATKINSON and SHEILA 24 25 ATKINSON and hereby complains, alleges and states as follows: 26 **PARTIES** 27 28

Case Number: A-18-774764-C

PET APP 0376

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- 1. Charles Brown (hereinafter "Brown" or Plaintiff) was at all times relevant a resident of Clark County, Nevada.
- 2. Lavelle P. Atkinson and Sheila Atkinson (hereinafter "Atkinson" or Defendants) were at all times relevant residents of Clark County, Nevada.
- 3. The true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, associate or otherwise of other defendants hereinafter designated as DOES 1-5, and ROE Corporations 1-5 inclusive, who are in some manner responsible for the injuries described herein, are unknown at this time. Plaintiff, therefore, sues said Defendants by such fictitious names and will seek leave of the Court to amend this Complaint to show their true names and capacities when ascertained.

VENUE AND JURISDICTION

- 4. Venue is proper in Clark County, Nevada pursuant to NRS 13.040.
- 5. The exercise of jurisdiction by this Court over the Defendants in this civil action is proper pursuant to NRS 14.065.
- 6. The breach of contract allegations for which Plaintiff complains and for which Defendants are liable arises out of actions that took place in Clark County, Nevada. Specifically, the circumstances, which led and caused Brown to sustain the complaint for damages, all of which occurred, here, in Las Vegas, Nevada.

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GENERAL ALLEGATIONS

7. Plaintiff hereby repleads, realleges and incorporates by reference each and every allegation contained in paragraphs 1 through 6 above as if fully set forth herein.

- 8. At all times relevant, including July 20, 2017, the Defendants were residents of Clark County and entered into a Purchase Agreement for the sale of real property.
- 9. Upon information and belief, and at all times relevant to this action, the Purchase Agreement was for the sale of real property located at 2315 North Decatur Blvd., Las Vegas, Nevada.
- 10. Upon information and belief, and at all times relevant to this action the Clark County Assessor parcel Number for this property is 138-24-511-034 which is further described as approximately 0.55 acres.
- 11. Plaintiff and Defendants entered into the Purchase Agreement for the sale of the real property in the amount of one hundred thousand dollars (\$100,000.00).
- 12. Plaintiff and Defendants agreed that there would be a deposit of one thousand dollars (\$1,000.00) paid by Brown within two (2) business days of the effective date.
- 13. As a result of Defendants' breach of contract, Plaintiff has sustained damages in excess \$10,000.00.
- 14. The aforementioned breach of contract and resulting damages continue to effect

Plaintiff's financial affairs.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (Breach of Contract-Against Defendants)

- 15. Plaintiff incorporates by this reference the allegations set forth in each of the foregoing paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 16. The Purchase Agreement constitutes a valid and enforceable contract between Brown and Atkinson.
- 17. Brown has fully performed his obligations to Atkinson under the Purchase Agreement, or else its performance was excused by Atkinson's conduct.
- 18. Atkinson, on the other hand, has not performed and instead has materially breached their obligations under the Purchase Agreement.
- 19. As a direct and proximate result of Atkinsons' material breaches of the Purchase Agreement, Brown has been damaged in an amount to be proven at trial, but no less than \$100,000.00, plus collection costs, attorney's fees, and pre- and post-judgment interest.
- 20. Brown is therefore entitled to relief as set forth below in the Prayer for Relief.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION (Breach of Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing-Against Defendants)

21. Brown incorporates by this reference the allegations set forth in each of the foregoing paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

22. As a matter of law, the Purchase Agreement between Brown and Atkinson
contains a covenant of good faith and fair dealing requiring Atkinson to not act in such
a way as to injure or destroy Brown's right to receive the benefits of his bargain but
to act in a manner consistent with the law and with Brown's justified expectation that
it would receive the benefit of the parties' bargain.

- 23. Atkinson has breached their obligations under the covenant of good faith and fair dealing in the Purchase Agreement by, among other things, engaging in the conduct as set forth in this Complaint, including, without limitation, failing to deliver the said property located at 2315 North Decatur Blvd., Las Vegas, Nevada.
- 24. As a direct and proximate result of these and Atkinson's other material breaches of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, Brown has been damaged in an amount to be proven at trial, but no less than \$100,000.00, plus collection costs, attorney fees, and pre- and post-judgment interest.
- 25. Brown is therefore entitled to relief as set forth below in the Prayer for Relief.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION ive Claim for Uniust Enrichment, Quasi Contract Third Cause Contract THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(Alternative Claim for Unjust Enrichment, Quasi Contract, and Contract Implied in Law-Against Defendants)

- 26. Brown incorporates by this reference the allegations set forth in each of the foregoing paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 27. If for any reason the Court or trier of fact in this case fails to find the existence of

a valid and enforceable contract between Brown and Atkinson, Brown asserts thi
alternative claim for unjust enrichment, quasi contract, or contract implied in lav
against Atkinson.

- 28. Brown conferred numerous benefits on Atkinson by, among other things, buying the property for above market value.
- 29. Atkinson has not fully and fairly compensated Brown for the loss of profits that would have been earned by Brown.
- 30. It would be inequitable and unjust for Atkinson to retain the benefits conferred upon them by Brown without fully and fairly compensating Brown for such benefits.
- 31. Atkinson has, therefore, been unjustly enriched at Brown's expense.
- 32. As a direct and proximate result of this unjust enrichment, Brown has suffered damages in an amount to be proven at the trial in this matter but no less than \$100,000.00.
- 33. Brown is therefore entitled to relief as set forth below in the Prayer for Relief.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION (Alternative Claim for Contract Implied in Fact-Against Defendants)

- 34. Brown incorporates by this reference the allegations set forth in each of the foregoing paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully set forth herein.
- 35. If for any reason the Court or trier of fact in this case fails to find the existence of

an express contract between Brown and Atkinson, Brown asserts this alternative claim for contract implied in fact against Atkinson.

- 36. The parties' communications, conduct, and business dealings over the course of their relationship established an implied-in-fact contract pursuant to which Brown agreed to pay an amount in exchange for delivery of the property located at 2315 North Decatur Blvd. Las Vegas, Nevada, as set forth in this Complaint.
- 37. Accordingly, a contract implied in fact existed between Brown and Atkinson.
- 38. Brown fully performed his obligations under the implied-in-fact contract.
- 39. Atkinson, on the other hand, materially breached their obligations under the implied-in-fact contract by, among other things, failing to turn over the property as agreed upon in the Purchase Agreement, and repudiating the contract.
- 40. As a direct and proximate result of Atkinson's material breaches of the Agreement, Brown has been damaged in an amount to be proven at trial, but no less than \$100,000.00, plus collection costs, attorneys' fees, and pre- and post-judgment interest.
- 41. Brown is therefore entitled to relief as set forth below in the Prayer for Relief.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION (Alternative Claim for Promissory Estoppel-Against Defendants)

42. Brown incorporates by this reference the allegations set forth in each of the foregoing paragraphs of the Complaint as if fully set forth herein.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Brown prays for judgment and equitable relief against Defendants as follows:

- 1. On Brown's First Cause of Action, asserting a claim for breach of contract against Defendants, for Brown's general, compensatory, and consequential damages caused by Defendants' breaches of the Purchase Agreement in an amount to be established at trial, but no less than \$100,000.00, plus pre- and post-judgment interest, costs of collection, attorney fees, and court costs.
- 2. On Brown's Second Cause of Action, asserting a claim for breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing against Defendants, for Brown's general, compensatory, and consequential damages caused by Defendants' breaches of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing in an amount to be established at the trial, but no less than \$100,000.00, plus pre- and post-judgment interest, costs of collection, attorney fees, and court costs.
- 3. On Brown's Third Cause of Action, asserting an alternative claim for unjust enrichment, quasi contract, and contract implied in law against Defendants, for Brown's damages caused by Atkinson's unjust enrichment, quasi contract, and/or breaches of contract implied in law in an amount to be established at the trial, but no less than \$100,000.00, plus pre- and post-judgment interest, costs of collection,

attorney fees, and court costs.

- 4. On Brown's Fourth Cause of Action, asserting an alternative claim for breach of contract implied in fact against Defendants, for Brown's damages caused by Atkinson's breaches of contract implied in fact in an amount to be established at the trial, but no less than \$100,000.00, plus pre- and post-judgment interest, costs of collection, attorney fees, and court costs.
- 5. On Brown's Fifth Cause of Action, asserting an alternative claim for promissory estoppel against Defendants, for Brown's damages caused by its reliance on Atkinson's promises in an amount to be established at the trial, but no less than \$100,000.00, plus pre- and post-judgment interest, costs of collection, attorney fees, and court costs.
- 6. For Brown's attorney fees and costs incurred in bringing this action as provided for by contract, statute, and/or law.
- 7. For such other and further relief as the Court deems just and proper under the circumstances.

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DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL Plaintiff demands a trial by jury on all issues so triable.

DATED this _____ day of May, 2018.

LAW OFFICE OF DAN M. WINDER, P.C.

DAN M. WINDER, ESQ.

Nevada State Bar No. 1569

ARNOLD WEINSTOCK, ESQ.

Nevada State Bar No. 810

EXHIBIT F

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MSJ

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ADRIANA PEREYRA, ESQ. 2 NEVADA BAR No. 12263

INTEGRITY LAW FIRM

819 South 6th Street

Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

Phone: 702.202.4449 702.947.2522

5 E-mail: adriana@integritylawnv.com

6 JOSEPH A. GUTIERREZ, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9046

MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES 7

8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89148

Telephone: 702.629.7900 Facsimile: 702.629.7925 E-mail: jag@mgalaw.com Attorneys for Defendants

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DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

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CHARLES BROWN, an individual,

Plaintiff.

vs.

LAVELLE ATKINSON, **SHEILA** ATKINSON; DOES I-V: and **ROE** CORPORATIONS I-V,

Defendants.

Case No.: A-18-774764-C

Dept. No.: XVIII

DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT

Hearing Date: Hearing Time:

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Defendants LAVELLE P. ATKINSON and SHEILA ATKINSON ("Defendants" or "the Atkinsons"), by and through their attorneys of record, Adriana Pereyra, Esq., of INTEGRITY LAW FIRM and Joseph A. Gutierrez, Esq., of MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES, hereby file this motion for summary judgment as to all claims asserted by Charles Brown ("Plaintiff" or "Mr. Brown") in this action against the Atkinsons.

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This motion is made and based upon the following Memorandum of Points and Authorities. the affidavits and exhibits attached hereto, the papers and pleadings on file in this matter, and any oral argument the Court allows.

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1	NOTICE OF MOTION				
2	TO: ALL PARTIES AND ATTORNEYS OF RECORD:				
3	YOU AND EACH OF YOU will please take notice that the undersigned will bring th				
4	foregoing DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT on for hearing before the				
5	District Court, Department XVIII, on the 17 day of January, 2019, 2018,				
6	9:00AM , or as soon thereafter as counsel may be heard.				
7	DATED this 10 th day of December, 2018.				
8	Respectfully submitted,				
9	INTEGRITY LAW FIRM				
10	////				
11	<u>/s/ Adriana Pereyra</u> Adriana Pereyra, Esq.				
12	Nevada Bar No. 12263 819 South 6th Street				
13	Las Vegas, Nevada 89101				
14	-and-				
15	JOSEPH A. GUTIERREZ, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9046				
16	MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES 8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue				
17	Las Vegas, Nevada 89148 Attorneys for Defendants LaVelle P. Atkinson				
18	and Sheila Atkinson				
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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. INTRODUCTION

This case stems from Plaintiff Charles Brown's fraudulent attempt to force elderly Defendants Lavelle and Sheila Atkinson to "sell" Plaintiff the commercial property they own – without Plaintiff actually paying any consideration for the property. Plaintiff has filed a lawsuit for breach of contract (with respect to the purchase agreement that he prepared and breached himself), breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, unjust enrichment, implied in fact contract, and promissory estoppel against the Atkinsons.

Throughout discovery, Plaintiff has produced no evidence proving that he actually fulfilled his obligations to purchase the Property. Specifically, Plaintiff has produced no evidence that he placed the \$1,000 initial deposit in an escrow account. Plaintiff has produced no evidence that he had \$100,000 in cash payable to the Atkinsons at closing. Plaintiff has produced no evidence that he even qualified for a loan to purchase the Property. Bewilderingly, during his deposition, Plaintiff kept saying all of his evidence was "in the file" that was disclosed in this litigation – which is not true.

The only "evidence" Plaintiff produced to prove he qualified for a loan was a fabricated document ostensibly from Kelly Mortgage, Inc. The President and Broker of Record for Kelly Mortgage, Inc. has since provided an affidavit confirming that the document Plaintiff disclosed is "clearly forged and different from our true letterhead."

What has become abundantly clear is Plaintiff (possibly in conjunction with others) targeted the vulnerable Atkinsons and pressured them to give up their property without receiving anything in return. When the Atkinsons ultimately refused to be one of Plaintiff's victims, Plaintiff initiated this litigation in the hopes that the Atkinsons would not have the resources to defend themselves. Ultimately, the Atkinsons retained counsel, and numerous holes in the Plaintiff's story have been uncovered, which Plaintiff has failed to account for in the discovery process.

Because there is no issue of material fact as to the meritless nature of Plaintiff's claims against the Atkinsons, the Atkinsons respectfully move for summary judgment as to all claims asserted by Plaintiff.

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STATEMENT OF UNDISPUTED FACTS

PLAINTIFF APPROACHED THE ATKINSONS ABOUT PURCHASING THE PROPERTY WHICH WAS NOT

LISTED FOR SALE

1. The commercial real property at issue in this case is located at 2315 North Decatur Blvd., Las Vegas, Nevada, 89108, with Assessor's Parcel Number 138-24-511-034 (the Property). See Plaintiff's Complaint at \P 9-10.

- 2. Defendants, 75 year-old LaVelle Atkinson and 74 year-old Sheila Atkinson have owned the commercial property located at 2315 North Decatur Blvd., Las Vegas, Nevada, 89108, with Assessor's Parcel Number 138-24-511-034 (the "Property") since at least the year 2000. See Exhibit 1, Portion of Deed of Trust.1
- 3. Plaintiff is unemployed, has not paid taxes in the last 10 years, does not have a valid driver's license, and does not have a physical address because he lives in a mobile home. See Exhibit 2, Deposition Transcript of Charles Brown at pp. 4-5; 7-8; 14-15.
- 4. Plaintiff has claimed that in July of 2017, he was driving (illegally) around the Property's neighborhood "to get a sandwich," and when he came across the Property, he "observed it was abandoned," which is allegedly how he first became interested in purchasing the Atkinsons' Property. See Ex. 2 at 22-24 and Exhibit 3, Plaintiff's Responses to Interrogatories at Resp. No. 7.
- 5. After first claiming he did not understand how to answer the question of "How did you know that the property was abandoned?" Plaintiff testified that he assumed the Property was abandoned because it was "boarded up." Ex. 2 at p. 25.
- 6. Plaintiff admitted that there was no sign outside the Property indicating it was for sale. Ex. 2 at p. 22.
 - 7. Nevertheless, Plaintiff testified that he then made a call to his friend Manor

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A party may utilize judicial notice as a method to establish facts where the facts are "[c]apable of accurate and ready determination by resort to sources whose accuracy cannot reasonably be questioned, so that the [facts are] not subject to reasonable dispute." NRS 47.130(2). Matter matters of public record are subject to judicial notice. See, e.g., Breliant v. Preferred Equities Corp., 109 Nev. 842, 847, 858 P.2d 1258, 1261 (1993) (holding that a court may consider matters of public record).

Washington, who is supposedly a "researcher," and had him run the Property's address. Ex. 2 at pp. 26-28. Mr. Washington apparently informed Plaintiff that the Atkinsons owned the Property, and then Plaintiff "made a call" and got the Atkinsons' residential address. Ex. 2 at p. 29.

- 8. Then on July 6, 2017, Plaintiff showed up at the Atkinsons' door with a Purchase Agreement he had prepared. See Ex. 2 at p. 29-30; Ex. 3 at Resp. No. 7 (Plaintiff admitting he prepared the Purchase Agreement). See also, Exhibit 4, Purchase Agreement Produced by Plaintiff.
- 9. The Purchase Agreement lists a purchase price of \$100,000 "payable in cash at Closing." Ex. 4 at JEI_000002.
- 10. Per the Purchase Agreement, within two business days of the "Effective Date," (which is later defined as the date that the Purchase Agreement is executed by both Purchase and Seller and delivered to Escrow Agent) Plaintiff was required to deposit a \$1,000 down payment to an Escrow Agent. Ex. 4 at JEI_000002.
- 11. Page 6 of the Purchase Agreement indicates that Plaintiff executed the agreement on July 6, 2017, and the Atkinsons executed the agreement on July 20, 2017. Ex. 4.
- 12. Plaintiff admitted in his deposition to going to the Atkinsons' residence "maybe eight" times before finally wearing them down and getting them to sign the agreement. Ex. 2 at pp. 31-32.
- 13. The full title of the Purchase Agreement is "Purchase Agreement and Joint Escrow Instructions") but in the first paragraph of the Purchase Agreement, the "Escrow Agent" is not actually identified, but is simply listed as "Selected by buyer." Ex. 4 at JEI_000002.
- 14. The Purchase Agreement states that the "Closing of the sale of the Property by Seller to Purchaser shall occur on or before Thirty (30) days after the Feasibility Period." Ex. 4 at JEI_000003.
- 15. The Purchase Agreement defines the "Feasibility Period" as beginning on the Effective Date and expiring forty-five days thereafter. Ex. 4 at JEI_000002.
- 16. As the purchaser, the Plaintiff's obligation at the closing of the sale was to "pay the Purchase Price in cash (or by Certified Check, wire transfer of funds into Escrow, all of which shall constitute "cash" for purpose of this Agreement)." Ex. 4 at JEI 000004.
 - 17. The following is Plaintiff's testimony about meeting with the Atkinsons to discuss the

1	sale of the P	Property:	
2	Q:	Okay. And in that – so then you went to their house; is that correct?	
3	A:	Yeah.	
4	Q:	Okay. And what did you say?	
5	A:	I don't remember.	
6	Q:	You don't remember what you said?	
7	A:	(Witness shakes head.)	
8	Q:	You showed up at their door, and you have no idea what you said?	
9	A:	No.	
10	Q:	Did you say anything related to the property?	
11	A:	Oh. I kind of remember now.	
12	Q:	Oh, great.	
13	A :	I asked them did they want to sell it.	
14	Q:	Okay. And what did they say?	
15	A:	"Yes."	
16	Ex. 2 at p. 29).	
17	18.	Later in his deposition, Plaintiff admitted that he has a pattern and practice of	
18	historically driving around (again, without an actual driver's license) and looking for abandoned		
19	properties and	d land, and he relays his findings to unnamed "investors" as part of his job. Ex. 2 at pp.	
20	35-39.		
21	19.	Plaintiff testified that for the Property in question, he was planning on buying the	
22	Property him	self (first saying "I was going to rent it out" and then contradicting himself and saying	
23	"I was going	to acquire it and hold it") and that he had "cash on hand to purchase the property." Ex.	
24	2 at pp. 39-40).	
25	20.	When asked how much cash he had on hand to purchase this Property, Plaintiff	
26	backtracked a	and responded as follows:	
27	Q:	Okay. Did you have cash on hand to purchase the property?	
28	A:	Yes.	
	i	,	

then lists the purchase price as \$250,000, and the loan amount as \$200,000. Ex. 6.

- 27. In his deposition, Plaintiff admitted to having seen the Kelly Mortgage Letter (that he produced), but then claimed he could not remember when he obtained the letter. Ex. 2 at 44-45.
- 28. Plaintiff testified that he did supply information to Kelly Mortgage, saying he spoke to a Veda Williams from Kelly Mortgage and gave her "whatever they asked for," and "Whatever she sent, said needed to be signed, I signed it." Ex. 2 at pp. 42-44.
- 29. Following Plaintiff's deposition, the Atkinsons obtained an affidavit from Tracy L. Kelly (the President and Broker of Kelly Mortgage) which confirmed that Plaintiff was lying in his deposition about the Kelly Mortgage pre-approval letter. *See* Exhibit 7, Affidavit of Tracy L. Kelly. Specifically, Ms. Kelly indicated the following:
 - That the Kelly Mortgage Letter produced by Plaintiff "was not produced by my office or anyone affiliated to it. The letterhead and the location of the company address on the letter is clearly forged and different from our true letterhead." Ex. 7;
 - That "we have not handled a loan application for Stacy Brown" and further, "Kelly Mortgage and Realty, Inc. closed its doors in 2017," and at the time the pre-approval was written, "I was in the process of closing out our existing pipeline of loans in Nevada." Ex. 7;
 - That "My assistant's name is Veda Williams, but she is not a Mortgage Consultant and she did not sign the letter," and that Ms. Kelly is the "only person who signs preapproval letters." Ex. 7;
 - That the "signature line of the bottom of the page is a copy and paste job and not the same font as the rest of the document." Ex. 7; and
 - That "I have never processed a loan for the property located at 2315 N. Decatur Boulevard, in Las Vegas, Nevada," and "I believe that the [Kelly Mortgage Letter] was falsified and fraudulently submitted as evidence of financing for the property located at 2315 N. Decatur Boulevard, in Las Vegas, Nevada." Ex. 7.

PLAINTIFF HAS NOT PRODUCED ANY EVIDENCE SUPPORTING HIS CLAIM FOR DAMAGES

30. In his responses to Interrogatories, Plaintiff claims that he sustained damages because

Ex. 2 at p. 65.

1		34.	With respect to the items Plaintiff allegedly was storing at the Property before the
2	Property suffered from a fire, Plaintiff testified as follows:		
3		Q:	So this \$2,000 that you're claiming in damages, do you have the receipts for any of
4			this —
5		A:	Yes.
6		Q:	stuff? Okay. Can you produce those?
7		A:	Yes.
8			
9		Q:	So you're stating that you – this was your stuff?
10		A:	Yes.
11		Q:	And so what type of carpet was it?
12		A:	It was just carpet. Carpet.
13		Q:	Was it high brand? What type of brand was it?
14		A:	Oh, I don't remember. It was just carpet, paint, tile, some other outdoor stuff.
15		Q:	Uh-huh. Was it indoor or outdoor tile?
16		A:	I don't recall.
17		Q:	how much of it was there?
18		A:	A lot. I don't recall exactly how much.
19		Q:	Like, how much square footage was there?
20		A:	I don't remember.
21	Ex. 2 at pp. 72-73.		
22		35.	To date, no actual receipts have been produced with respect to the items Plaintiff claims
23	he left	inside	the Property prior to a fire and that he somehow thinks the Atkinsons should have to pay
24	for.		
25	III.	LEG	AL ARGUMENT
26		A.	LEGAL AUTHORITY
27		In Ne	evada, "[s]ummary judgment is appropriate under NRCP 56 when the pleadings,
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depositions, answers to interrogatories, admissions, and affidavits, if any, that are properly before the

court demonstrate that no genuine issue of material fact exists, and the moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law." Wood v. Safeway, Inc., 121 Nev. 724, 731, 121 P.3d 1026, 1031 (Nev. 2005) (citation omitted); see also Nev. R. Civ. P. 56(c). "The substantive law controls which factual disputes are material and will preclude summary judgment; other factual disputes are irrelevant." Wood, 121 Nev. at 731, citing Anderson v. Liberty Lobby, Inc., 477 U.S. 242, 248, 106 S.Ct. 2505, 2510 (1986). "[C]onclusory statements along with general allegations do not create an issue of fact." Yeager v. Harrah's Club, Inc., 111 Nev. 830, 833, 897 P.2d 1093, 1095 (1995). Rather, a genuine issue of material fact exists only where the evidence is sufficient for a reasonable jury to return a verdict for the nonmoving party. Valley Bank of Nevada v. Marble, 105 Nev. 366, 367, 775 P.2d 1278, 1279 (1989).

While the pleadings and other proof must be construed in the light most favorable to the non-moving party, that party bears the burden to "do more than simply show that there is some metaphysical doubt" as to the operative facts in order to avoid summary judgment being entered in the moving party's favor. *Wood*, 121 Nev. at 731, 121 P.3d at 1031 (quoting *Matsushita*, 475 U.S. at 586). The non-moving party "must by affidavit or otherwise, set forth specific facts demonstrating the existence of a genuine issue for trial or have summary judgment entered against him." *Wood*, 121 Nev. At 731, 121 P.3d at 1031 (quoting *Bulbman*, *Inc. v. Nevada Bell*, 108 Nev. 105, 110, 825 P.2d 588, 591 (1992)). The non-moving party "is not entitled to build a case on the gossamer threads of whimsy, speculation, and conjecture." *Id.* Conclusory statements do not create an issue of fact. *Bond v. Stardust, Inc.*, 82 Nev. 47, 410 P.2d 472 (1966).

Here, the material facts are undisputed with respect to Plaintiff's claims against the Atkinsons, as there is no disputing that Plaintiff does not have sufficient evidence to succeed on any of his claims against the Atkinsons.

B. PLAINTIFF CANNOT SUCCEED ON ANY BREACH OF CONTRACT RELATED CLAIM

Plaintiff has initiated causes of action against the Atkinsons for breach of contract as to the Purchase Agreement, as well as implied-in-fact contract. Regardless of the way he wants to make the pleading, there was no breach of any sort of contract, implied in fact or law, or otherwise.

Generally, a breach of contract in Nevada requires the following:

1. Plaintiff and Defendant entered into a valid and existing contract;

2. Plaintiff performed or was excused from performance;

3. Defendant breached; and

Plaintiff suffered damages as a result of the breach.

See, Reichert v. Gen. Ins. Co. of Amer., 68 Cal 2d Rptr. 321, 442 P.2d 377 (1968); Calloway v. City of Reno, 116 Nev. 250, 993 P.2d 1259 (2000). Additionally, "[b]asic contract principles require, for an enforceable contract, an offer and acceptance, meeting of the minds, and consideration." May v. Anderson, 121 Nev. 668, 672, 119 P.3d 1254, 1257 (2005). A meeting of the minds exists when the parties have agreed upon the contract's essential terms. Roth v. Scott, 112 Nev. 1078, 1083, 921 P.2d 1262, 1265 (1996). Which terms are essential "depends on the agreement and its context and also on the subsequent conduct of the parties, including the dispute which arises and the remedy sought." Restatement (Second) of Contracts § 131 cmt. g (1981).

Contract law enforces the "expectancy interests created by agreement between the parties and seeks to enforce standards of *quality*. 'This standard of quality must be defined by reference to that which the parties have agreed upon." Calloway v. City of Reno, 116 Nev. 250, 260, 993 P.2d 1259, 1265 (2000) (emphasis in original), overruled on other grounds, Jordan v. State ex rel. Dep't of Motor Veh. & Pub. Saf, 116 Nev. 250, 992 P.2d 1250 (2000). A breach of contract includes a "material failure of performance of a duty arising under or imposed by agreement." Id. at 256, 993 P.2d at 1263 (quoting Malone v. University of Kansas Medical Center, 220 Kan. 371, 552 P.2d 885, 888 (1976).

In the absence of a dispute of material fact, a contract's interpretation is a "legal question subject to de novo review." Diaz v. Ferne, 120 Nev. 70, 73 (2004). If there are no genuine issues of material fact with respect to the actual breach of the contract, the Court should render summary judgment. See Wood, 121 Nev. at 729 ("The substantive law controls which factual disputes are material and will preclude summary judgment; other factual disputes are irrelevant. A factual dispute is genuine when the evidence is such that a rational trier of fact could return a verdict for the nonmoving party.")

Here, Plaintiff's Complaint insists that "Brown has fully performed his obligations to the Atkinson[s] under the Purchase Agreement, or else [his] performance was excused by [the] Atkinsons' conduct." Compl. at ¶ 17. The Complaint does not actually detail how the Atkinsons allegedly

1	breached the Purchase Agreement, and in his deposition, Plaintiff could not even provide an answer		
2	as to how the Atkinsons breached the contract:		
3	Q:	Okay. So do you know why you have filed a lawsuit against the Atkinsons?	
4	A:	Non-performance.	
5	Q:	Can you elaborate on that, please?	
6 7	A :	Non-performance. They didn't perform their tasks in the contract that we executed.	
8	Q:	And what were they supposed to do?	
9	A:	Complete what was agreed in the contract, which was, I was buying the property from them, they were selling it.	
10	Q:	Okay. And did they refuse to sell you the property?	
11	A:	No.	
12	Q:	Okay. So what did they do?	
l	A:	Can you repeat the question?	
14	Q:	I had asked you if you had filed a lawsuit against the Atkinsons, and I asked you for what you were suing.	
16	A:	Can you ask it another way? I don't understand.	
17	Q:	What are you suing the Atkinsons for?	
18	A:	Non-performance They didn't perform.	
19	Q:	Are you saying that they refused to sell you the property?	
20	A :	No.	
21	Ex. 2. At pp. 18-19.		
22	There is simply no evidence in the record as to how the Atkinsons allegedly breached the		
23	Purchase Agreement. To the contrary, the discovery process has revealed that <i>Plaintiff</i> is the one who		
24	failed to perform and who breached the Purchase and Sale Agreement through his non-performance		
25	- specifically his failure to tender any consideration for the purchase of the Property. There are no		

documents proving Plaintiff deposited any money whatsoever in an escrow account. The "Wells

Fargo" escrow account Plaintiff referenced in his deposition has never been disclosed, nor have any

deposits into that alleged account been disclosed. Plaintiff has not produced any documents from

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Tracy Williams of Financial Solutions & Real Estate Network, the alleged escrow officer for this matter that Plaintiff identified in his initial disclosures. Ex. 5.

For some reason, Plaintiff disclosed what has been exposed as a fabricated "loan approval" document as part of his "evidence" in this case (Ex. 6), even though the Purchase Agreement unambiguously states that Plaintiff was required to produce the purchase funds all in cash to the escrow account. Ex. 4 at JEI_000004. There is no evidence that this was actually done.

Plaintiff admitted in his deposition that his performance duties were not accomplished because he was planning on having unnamed "investors" pay for the Property for him, but he never actually got to that point. Ex. 2 at pp. 40-41. Thus, because of Plaintiff's own non-performance, summary judgment should be awarded in the Atkinsons' favor as to the breach of contract, and the implied-infact and implied in law contract claims.

At any rate, even if there was a breach by the Atkinsons (which there was not), Plaintiff has not proven up any actual damages. "The goal of a damage award for breach of contract is that "the breaching party must place the non-breaching party in as good a position as if the contract were performed." Lagrange Constr., Inc. v. Kent Corp., 88 Nev. 271, 275, 496 P.2d 766, 768 (1972). See also, Countrywide Home Loans, Inc. v. Thitchener, 124 Nev. 725, 733, 192 P.3d 243, 248 (2008) ("With respect to their breach of contract claim, the Thitcheners were required to present 'an evidentiary basis for determining a reasonably accurate amount of damages.').

Plaintiff has done nothing more but make a conclusory allegation that he supposedly got the property appraised, and the appraisal came to \$250,000, so therefore he should be awarded \$250,000. This appraisal has <u>never</u> been produced in this litigation, and there is no evidence from the supposed appraiser indicating how any such appraisal was conducted.

Plaintiff has also made a conclusory allegation that he supposedly had \$2,000 worth of items stored inside the Property when the Property burned down. The Atkinsons have no idea what cause of action that allegation even goes to but regardless, Plaintiff has disclosed no evidence to prove up those damages.

Indeed, Plaintiff cannot even prove that he is entitled to \$100,000, the amount he should have deposited into an escrow account, as there was never any evidence produced indicating he actually

made that payment.

Accordingly, because Plaintiff has not proven how the Atkinsons have supposedly breached the Purchase Agreement, and because Plaintiff himself breached the Purchase Agreement by failing to tender the consideration and failing to prove up any actual damages, summary judgment should be awarded in favor of the Atkinsons as to the causes of action 1, 3, and 4, which are breach of contract, unjust enrichment/quasi contract, and implied-in-fact contract, respectively.

C. PLAINTIFF CANNOT SUCCEED ON ANY BREACH OF THE COVENANT OF GOOD FAITH AND FAIR DEALING CLAIM

It is well established within Nevada that every contract imposes upon the contracting parties the duty of good faith and fair dealing. *See Hilton Hotels Corp. v. Butch Lewis Prods., Inc.*, 107 Nev. 226, 808 P.2d 919 (1991) ("When one party performs contract in manner that is unfaithful to purpose of contract and justified expectations of other party are thus denied, damages may be awarded against party who does not act in good faith.").

Here, if anyone has acted in bad faith it is Plaintiff, as he refused to act in a transparent fashion from the start of negotiations to purchase the Property. Plaintiff failed to even identify the escrow agent in the Purchase Agreement. Ex. 4. Plaintiff has blamed the Atkinsons for failing to close on the sale of the Property, but Plaintiff apparently never even deposited any of the consideration for the Property into an escrow account, as was his duty. Plaintiff (who is unemployed and has not done his taxes in the last 10 years) failed to reveal during the negotiations that he did not actually have cash on-hand to buy the Property, he was going to be asking some "investors" to buy it for him, and he never actually got any investors. Ex. 2 at pp. 40-41.

Not to mention, Plaintiff somehow acquired a forged document indicating that a "Stacey Brown" (ostensibly Plaintiff's wife) had approved for a loan to purchase the Property. Ex. 4. The President and Broker of Record for Kelly Mortgage, Inc. has since provided an affidavit confirming that the document Plaintiff disclosed is "clearly forged and different from our true letterhead." Ex. 7.

Accordingly, as a matter of law, the Atkinsons certainly have not breached the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, so summary judgment should be granted in favor of the Atkinsons on Plaintiff's second cause of action.

D. PLAINTIFF CANNOT SUCCEED ON ANY PROMISSORY ESTOPPEL CLAIM

Plaintiff's fifth cause of action is for promissory estoppel, which states that the Atkinsons promised to deliver to Plaintiff the real Property, the Atkinsons knew or should have known that Plaintiff would rely on that promise, Brown did rely on that promise, and the Atkinsons received "significant benefits, including monetary benefits, as a result of Brown's conduct." Compl. at ¶¶ 44-47.

To establish promissory estoppel, four elements must exist: (1) the party to be estopped must be apprised of the true facts; (2) he must intend that his conduct shall be acted upon, or must so act that the party asserting estoppel has the right to believe it was so intended; (3) the party asserting the estoppel must be ignorant of the true state of facts; (4) he must have relied to his detriment on the conduct of the party to be estopped." *Cheqer, Inc. v. Painters & Decorators Joint Committee, Inc.*, 98 Nev. 609, 614, 655 P.2d 996, 998–999 (1982).

Zero evidence has been disclosed indicating the Atkinsons' conduct (of not outright giving away the Property to Plaintiff) somehow amounted to a promise to do so that Plaintiff relied upon. See Torres v. Nev. Direct Ins. Co., 131 Nev. Adv. Op. 54, 353 P.3d 1203, 1209 (2015) ("The promise giving rise to a cause of action for promissory estoppel must be clear and definite, unambiguous as to essential terms, and the promise must be made in a contractual sense.").

Further, the only evidence that has been disclosed of the Atkinsons' intentions or conduct has been the Purchase Agreement itself. Ex. 4. In any event, Plaintiff also has not proven how he supposedly "detrimentally relied" on any promise made by the Atkinsons, as zero evidence has been produced indicating that Plaintiff was monetarily damaged in any way from the sale of the Property not going through.

Thus, this Court should also grant summary judgment in the Atkinsons' favor as to the Plaintiff's fifth cause of action for promissory estoppel.

IV. CONCLUSION

Accordingly, Defendants request that this Court grant their motion for summary judgment in their favor as to all five causes of action Plaintiff has asserted against Defendants, as there are no genuine issues of material fact, and Plaintiff has failed to provide evidence supporting any of his

1	l claims against the Atkinsons.	
2	DATED this 10th day of December, 2018.	
3	Respe	ctfully submitted,
4	4 INTEG	GRITY LAW FIRM
5		
6	5 ADRIA	driana Pereyra NA PEREYRA, ESQ.
7	Nevad 819 So	la Bar No. 12263 outh 6th Street
8	Las V	egas, Nevada 89101
9	-and-	
10	JOSEPH Nevad	HA. GUTIERREZ, ESQ. a Bar No. 9046
11	MAIEI 8816 S	R GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES Spanish Ridge Avenue
12	Las Ve	egas, Nevada 89148
13	and Sh	eys for Defendants LaVelle P. Atkinson eila Atkinson
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CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to Administrative Order 14-2, **DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT** was electronically filed on the 10th day of December, 2018 and served through the Notice of Electronic Filing automatically generated by the Court's facilities to those parties listed on the Court's Master Service List and by depositing a true and correct copy of the same, enclosed in a sealed envelope upon which first class postage was fully prepaid, in the U.S. Mail at Las Vegas, Nevada, addressed as follows:

Dan M. Winder, Esq.
Arnold Weinstock, Esq.
LAW OFFICE OF DAN M. WINDER, P.C.
3507 W. Charleston Blvd.
Las Vegas, Nevada 89102
Attorneys for Plaintiff Charles Brown

/s/ Natalie Vazquez

An employee of MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES

EXHIBIT G

Electronically Filed 12/10/2018 3:58 PM Steven D. Grierson CLERK OF THE COURT

1 **MLEV** ADRIANA PEREYRA, ESQ. 2 NEVADA BAR No. 12263 INTEGRITY LAW FIRM 819 South 6th Street 3 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Phone: 702.202.4449 4 702.947.2522 Fax: E-mail: adriana@integritylawny.com 6 JOSEPH A. GUTIERREZ, ESO. Nevada Bar No. 9046 7 MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES 8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue 8 Las Vegas, Nevada 89148 Telephone: 702.629.7900 9 Facsimile: 702.629.7925 E-mail: jag@mgalaw.com 10 Attorneys for Defendants 11 DISTRICT COURT 12 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 13 14 CHARLES BROWN, an individual, Case No.: A-18-774764-C Dept. No.: XVIII 15 Plaintiff, DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR LEAVE 16 VS. TO AMEND ANSWER TO ADD AN ADDITIONAL AFFIRMATIVE 17 LAVELLE ATKINSON. **SHEILA** DEFENSE, COUNTERCLAIMS, AND ATKINSON: THIRD-PARTY CLAIMS DOES I-V: ROE 18 CORPORATIONS I-V, 19 Defendants. Hearing Date: Hearing Time:

Defendants LAVELLE P. ATKINSON and SHEILA ATKINSON ("Defendants" or "the Atkinsons"), by and through their attorneys of record, Adriana Pereyra, Esq., of INTEGRITY LAW FIRM and Joseph A. Gutierrez, Esq., of MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES, hereby file this motion for leave to amend their Answer to assert counterclaims and third-party claims.

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This motion is made and based upon the following Memorandum of Points and Authorities, the affidavits and exhibits attached hereto, the papers and pleadings on file in this matter, and any oral

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argument the Court allows.

1 **NOTICE OF MOTION** 2 TO: ALL PARTIES AND ATTORNEYS OF RECORD: 3 YOU AND EACH OF YOU will please take notice that the undersigned will bring the foregoing DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR LEAVE TO AMEND ANSWER TO ADD AN 4 ADDITIONAL AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE, COUNTERCLAIMS, AND THIRD-PARTY 5 6 CLAIMS on for hearing before the District Court, Department XV, on the day of ,2018, at 9:00AM , or as soon thereafter as counsel may be heard. 7 January, 2019 8 DATED this 10th day of December, 2018. 9 Respectfully submitted, 10 **INTEGRITY LAW FIRM** 11 /s/ Adriana Pereyra 12 ADRIANA PEREYRA, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 12263 13 819 South 6th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 14 -and-15 JOSEPH A. GUTIERREZ, ESQ. 16 Nevada Bar No. 9046 MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES 17 8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89148 18 Attorneys for Defendants LaVelle P. Atkinson and Sheila Atkinson 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. INTRODUCTION

This case stems from Plaintiff Charles Brown's fraudulent attempt to force elderly Defendants Lavelle and Sheila Atkinson to "sell" Plaintiff the commercial property they own – without Plaintiff actually paying any consideration for the property. Plaintiff has filed a lawsuit for breach of contract (with respect to the purchase agreement that he prepared and breached himself), breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, unjust enrichment, implied in fact contract, and promissory estoppel against the Atkinsons.

Throughout discovery, Plaintiff has produced no evidence proving that he actually fulfilled his obligations to purchase the Property. Specifically, Plaintiff has produced no evidence that he placed the \$1,000 initial deposit in an escrow account. Plaintiff has produced no evidence that he had \$100,000 in cash payable to the Atkinsons at closing. Plaintiff has produced no evidence that he even qualified for a loan to purchase the Property.

The "evidence" Plaintiff produced to prove he qualified for a loan was a document ostensibly from Kelly Mortgage, Inc. which stated that a "Stacey Brown" (who Plaintiff has testified is his wife) qualified for a loan for purchase of the Property. Recently, on November 29, 2018, Tracy L. Kelly, the President and Broker of Record for Kelly Mortgage, Inc. provided to the Atkinsons an affidavit confirming that the Kelly Mortgage Letter disclosed by Plaintiff is "clearly forged and different from our true letterhead." As if that was not enough, in his initial disclosures, Plaintiff listed Keith Harper, a "Certified General Appraiser" of Valuation Consultants as a witness. In his response to Interrogatory No. 6, Plaintiff asserted that "I had an appraisal done. The property was appraised at \$250,000. The property was appraised by Keith Harper of Las Vegas". At his deposition, Plaintiff also testified to obtaining an appraisal for the Property, although he claimed he did not remember where that appraisal is now.

On or around November 29, 2018, Keith Harper responded to an email request from undersigned counsel and provided the check that he received for the appraisal of the Property. The check is dated August 7, 2017 (which encompasses the time period Plaintiff claims to have been "in escrow" to purchase the property). The check itself indicates that it is from the "Law Office of Dan

M Winder P.C." and it appears that Dan Winder, Esq. (who is counsel for Plaintiff in this litigation) signed off on the check. At no point did Plaintiff or opposing counsel in this case disclose Dan Winder's involvement (along with Dan Winder's law firm's involvement) in the underlying facts of this matter.

Based on the significance of this newly-discovered evidence, the Atkinsons now have reason to believe that Plaintiff was involved in a fraudulent scheme to defraud the Atkinsons out of the Property at issue, and Plaintiff's wife Stacy Brown (who is listed in the fabricated Kelly Mortgage Letter), along with his counsel of record, the Law Office of Dan M Winder, P.C. and Dan Winder (who apparently cut the check to the appraiser in 2017 when Plaintiff was in the midst of attempting to buy the Property), may have been involved in this plan to target the vulnerable Atkinsons.

Accordingly, the Atkinsons respectfully request leave to amend their Answer to add counterclaims against Plaintiff and third-party claims against Stacy Brown, the Law Office of Dan M Winder, P.C., and Dan Winder, for negligent misrepresentation, intentional misrepresentation, violation of NRS 41.1395, civil conspiracy, concert of action, and abuse of process. Pursuant to EDCR 2.30(b), a proposed amended answer is attached as **Exhibit 12**. The Atkinsons are also seeking to add an affirmative defense of fraud based on the fraudulent documents produced by Plaintiff.

II. STATEMENT OF RELEVANT FACTS

A. PLAINTIFF APPROACHED THE ATKINSONS ABOUT PURCHASING THE PROPERTY WHICH WAS NOT LISTED FOR SALE

The commercial real property at issue in this case is located at 2315 North Decatur Blvd., Las Vegas, Nevada, 89108, with Assessor's Parcel Number 138-24-511-034 (the Property). See Plaintiff's Complaint at $\P \P 9-10$.

Defendants, 75 year-old LaVelle Atkinson and 74 year-old Sheila Atkinson have owned the commercial property located at 2315 North Decatur Blvd., Las Vegas, Nevada, 89108, with Assessor's Parcel Number 138-24-511-034 (the "Property"), since at least the year 2000. See Exhibit 1, Portion of Deed of Trust.

Plaintiff, by his own representation, is unemployed, has not paid taxes in the last 10 years, does not have a valid driver's license, and does not have a physical address because he lives in a

mobile home. See Exhibit 2, Deposition Transcript of Charles Brown at pp. 4-5; 7-8; 14-15. Plaintiff has claimed that in July of 2017, he was driving (illegally) around the Property's neighborhood "to get a sandwich," and when he came across the Property, he "observed it was abandoned," which is allegedly how he first became interested in purchasing the Atkinsons' Property. See Ex. 2 at 22-24 and Exhibit 3, Plaintiff's Responses to Interrogatories at Resp. No. 7. Plaintiff admitted that there was no sign outside the Property indicating it was for sale. Ex. 2 at p. 22.

Nevertheless, Plaintiff testified that he then made a call to his friend Manor Washington, who is supposedly a "researcher," and had him run the Property's address. Ex. 2 at pp. 26-28. Mr. Washington apparently informed Plaintiff that the Atkinsons owned the Property, and then Plaintiff "made a call" and got the Atkinsons' residential address. Ex. 2 at p. 29.

Then on July 6, 2017, Plaintiff showed up at the Atkinsons' door with a Purchase Agreement he had prepared. See Ex. 2 at p. 29-30; Ex. 3 at Resp. No. 7 (Plaintiff admitting he prepared the Purchase Agreement). See also, Exhibit 4, Purchase Agreement Produced by Plaintiff. The Purchase Agreement lists a purchase price of \$100,000 "payable in cash at Closing". Ex. 4 at JEI_000002. Page 6 of the Purchase Agreement indicates that Plaintiff executed the agreement on July 6, 2017, and the Atkinsons executed the agreement on July 20, 2017. Ex. 4. Plaintiff admitted in his deposition to going to the Atkinsons' residence "maybe eight" times before finally wearing them down and getting them to sign the agreement. Ex. 2 at pp. 31-32.

Later in his deposition, Plaintiff admitted that he has a pattern and practice of historically driving around (again, without an actual driver's license) and looking for abandoned properties and land, and he relays his findings to unnamed "investors" as part of his job. Ex. 2 at pp. 35-39.

When asked how much cash he had on hand to purchase this Property, Plaintiff backtracked and responded as follows:

- Q: Okay. Did you have cash on hand to purchase the property?
- A: Yes.
- Q: How much cash did you have?
- A: I had investors. So whatever was needed was just a contract that needed to be drawn up.

1	Q:	Who were your investors?	
2	A :	It's different ones.	
3	Q:	Who were your investors for this particular property?	
4	A:	It's different ones.	
5	Q:	So you're saying that you don't have any specific ones for this property?	
6	A:	No.	
7	Q:	So you hadn't identified an investor yet?	
8	A:	No.	
9	Ex. 2 at pp. 40-41.		
10	As such, Plaintiff testified that he did not actually have the investors he needed to help hir		
11	purchase the Property, even though, per the Purchase Agreement that Plaintiff himself prepared		
12	Plaintiff was required to purchase <u>in cash</u> of \$99,000 at closing. Ex. 4 at JEI_000004.		
13	В.	THE ATKINSONS DISCOVER THAT PLAINTIFF PRODUCED FRAUDULENT	
14		DOCUMENTS	
15	In his i	nitial disclosures, Plaintiff produced what he referred to as a "Pre-Approval Letter from	
16	Kelly Mortgag	ge and Realty", and a "Conditional Loan Quote and Good Faith Estimate" bates-stamped	
17	"P Loan Documents_000001-000005 See Exhibit 5, Plaintiff's Initial Disclosure Document; Exhibit		
18	6, Kelly Mortgage Letter; and Exhibit "7", respectively.		
19	The Kelly Mortgage Letter (which egregiously was not Bate-stamped by Plaintiff's counse		
20	is dated July 31, 2017, contains a logo of some sort at the top and states "Congratulations, YOU AR"		
21	PRE-APPROVED!!!" Ex. 6.		
22	The Kelly Mortgage Letter does <u>not</u> state that Plaintiff Charles Brown approved for a loan, bu		
23	states that a "S	stacey Brown" has been pre-approved for a loan with Kelly Mortgage and Realty, Inc.	
24	Ex. 6. Plaintiff has indicated that a "Stacy Brown" is his wife. Ex. 3 at Resp. No. 2.		
25	The Kelly Mortgage Letter also curiously lists the Property's address correctly, but then list		
26	the purchase p	rice as \$250,000, and the loan amount as \$200,000. Ex. 6. In his deposition, Plaintiff	

admitted to having seen the Kelly Mortgage Letter (that he produced), but then claimed he could not

remember when he obtained the letter. Ex. 2 at 44-45. Plaintiff testified that he did supply information

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to Kelly Mortgage, saying he spoke to a Veda Williams from Kelly Mortgage and gave her "whatever they asked for," and "Whatever she sent, said needed to be signed, I signed it." Ex. 2 at pp. 42-44.

Following Plaintiff's deposition, the Atkinsons obtained an affidavit from Tracy L. Kelly (the President and Broker of Kelly Mortgage) which confirmed that Plaintiff was lying in his deposition about the Kelly Mortgage pre-approval letter. See Exhibit 8, Affidavit of Tracy L. Kelly. Specifically, Ms. Kelly indicated the following:

- That the Kelly Mortgage Letter produced by Plaintiff "was not produced by my office or anyone affiliated to it. The letterhead and the location of the company address on the letter is clearly forged and different from our true letterhead." Ex. 8;
- That "we have not handled a loan application for Stacy Brown" and further, "Kelly Mortgage and Realty, Inc. closed its doors in 2017," and at the time the pre-approval was written, "I was in the process of closing out our existing pipeline of loans in Nevada." Ex. 8;
- That "My assistant's name is Veda Williams, but she is not a Mortgage Consultant and she did not sign the letter," and that Ms. Kelly is the "only person who signs preapproval letters." Ex. 8;
- That the "signature line of the bottom of the page is a copy and paste job and not the same font as the rest of the document." Ex. 8; and
- That "I have never processed a loan for the property located at 2315 N. Decatur Boulevard, in Las Vegas, Nevada," and "I believe that the [Kelly Mortgage Letter] was falsified and fraudulently submitted as evidence of financing for the property located at 2315 N. Decatur Boulevard, in Las Vegas, Nevada." Ex. 8.

The Conditional Loan Quote and Good Faith Estimate (which has also never been authenticated and is inadmissible hearsay anyway) has also been revealed to be a fraudulent document, as the Atkinsons have since learned that the Good Faith Estimate form was likely lifted from a sample form found online, and that the form submitted by Plaintiff was not used by HUD in 2017.

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C. 1 THE ATKINSONS DISCOVER THAT PLAINTIFF'S COUNSEL PAID FOR AN APPRAISAL 2 OF THE PROPERTY THAT HAS NOT BEEN DISCLOSED 3 Plaintiff also claims that "I had an appraisal done. The property was appraised at \$250,000. 4 The property was appraised by Keith Harper of Las Vegas." Ex. 3 at Resp. No. 12. Plaintiff failed to 5 produce that appraisal in this litigation, despite the Atkinsons affirmatively requesting its production 6 in their Requests for Production of Documents.¹ 7 During his deposition, Plaintiff testified to obtaining an appraisal for the Property. Plaintiff 8 was bizarrely unforthcoming in the details regarding that appraisal, claiming he did not remember 9 where that appraisal is, who conducted the appraisal, or how much he paid for the appraisal. Ex. 2 at 10 pp. 48-49; 66-68. While Plaintiff has failed to actually produce the appraisal, he has listed Keith 11 Harper, a "Certified General Appraiser" form Valuation Consultants in his NRCP 16.1 disclosures. 12 See Ex. 5. 13 Do you know who Keith Harper is? Q: 14 A: Yes. 15 Who is he? Q: 16 A: He's the appraiser. 17 Q: Okay. When did you contact him? 18 A: I don't remember. How did you pick Keith Harper as your appraiser? 19 Q: 20 A: I just Googled. 21 Did you go to his office? Q: 22 A: No, not that I remember. 23 Q: How did you contact him?

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A:

Q:

I don't remember.

How did you obtain the appraisal from him?

¹ See Exhibit 9, Responses to Requests for Production of Documents at Resp. No. 6, which correlates to Interrogatory No. 12, which relates to whether Plaintiff ever obtained an appraisal for the Property.

A: I don't remember.

Q: How much did the appraisal cost you?

A: I don't remember.

Q: Did you pay anything for it?

A: Yeah.

Ex. 2 at pp. 65-66.

On or around November 29, 2018, witness Keith Harper responded to an email request from undersigned counsel and produced the check he received for the appraisal of the Property. The check itself, which is dated August 7, 2017, indicates it is from the "Law Office of Dan M Winder" and it appears that Dan Winder, Esq. (who is counsel for Plaintiff in this litigation) signed off on the check. **Exhibit 10**, Check.

At no point did Plaintiff or opposing counsel in this case voluntarily disclose Dan Winder's involvement (along with Dan Winder's law firm's involvement) in the underlying facts of this matter. Indeed, Arnold Weinstock, Esq., an attorney from Dan Winder's law firm, attended Plaintiff's deposition and sat silent while Plaintiff was being questioned about the details and whereabouts of the appraisal that (unbeknownst to the Atkinsons at the time) the Law Office of Dan M Winder paid for.

There is also no question that this appraisal was obtained in the midst of Plaintiff trying to acquire the property in the late summer of 2017. The check is dated August 7, 2017, which is just 18 days after the Atkinsons executed the Purchase Agreement, and just 7 days after the date of the fraudulent Kelly Mortgage Letter. Ex. 4; Ex. 6.

Plaintiff himself has claimed that he learned of an IRS lien on the Property "the day the defendants were supposed to sign to close the deal, on or about September 24th, 2017." Ex. 3 at Resp. No. 13. Plaintiff, who was supposedly still willing to purchase the Property despite an IRS lien, has claimed that for "weeks and weeks, maybe even months and months" he was waiting and trying to work with the Atkinsons on getting the deal closed. Ex. 2 at p. 76.

It was not until December 6, 2017 (four months <u>after</u> the date of the appraisal check) that The Law Office of Dan Winder sent correspondence to the Atkinsons threatening to initiate litigation because the Property had not yet closed by that point, knowing that the Purchase Agreement was

defunct because no amendment had been signed by the Atkinsons to extend the closing time, as required by law. Exhibit 11, Correspondence from Law Office of Dan M. Winder.

Based on this new, recently-discovered evidence that the Atkinsons uncovered while conducting due diligence into the documents and witnesses disclosed by Plaintiff, the Atkinsons are requesting leave to amend their Answer.

III. LEGAL ARGUMENT

A. LEGAL AUTHORITY

Rule 15(a) of the Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure provides, in pertinent part, that leave to amend a pleading "shall be freely given when justice so requires." NRCP 15(a). The Supreme Court of Nevada interprets its approach to these requests as a "liberal amendment policy." *Greene v. Dist. Ct.*, 115 Nev. 391, 393-94, 990 P.2d 184 (1999).

In recent years, Nevada courts have largely focused on two factors in determining whether to grant a motion for leave to amend a pleading: (1) bad faith or dilatory motive; and (2) undue delay in filing the motion. *Kantor v. Kantor*, 116 Nev. 886, 8 P.3d 825 (2000) (citing *Stephens v. Southern Nevada Music Co.*, 89 Nev. 104, 105, 507 P.2d 138, 139 (1973)). In the absence of one of these factors or "of any apparent or declared reason ... the leave sought should be freely given." *Id.*

A party may also bring a claim against a nonparty if the nonparty can be joined "in accordance with the provisions of . . . [NRCP] 20." NRCP 13(h). Under NRCP 20, parties may be joined as defendants in an action if the claims asserted against them (1) arise out of the same transaction or occurrence and (2) raise at least one common question of law or fact. NRCP 20(a). NRCP 13(H0 should be construed "liberally in an effort to avoid multiplicity of litigation, minimize the circuity of actions, and foster judicial economy." *Lund v. Eighth Judicial Dist. Court*, 255 P.3d 280, 282 (Nev. 2011).

B. THERE IS NO BAD FAITH OR DILATORY MOTIVE IN DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR LEAVE

This motion is based on recent information that the Atkinsons just acquired in late <u>November</u> of 2018, thus there is no bad faith or dilatory motive in filing the proposed amended answer.

At the time Defendants filed their answer, Defendants were unaware of the following:

- That the Plaintiff would disclose fraudulent financing and loan documents, as documented by the Affidavit of the President and Broker of Record for Kelly Mortgage, Inc.;
- That the Law Office of Dan M Winder P.C. had apparently cut a check in August of 2017 (signed by Dan Winder) to Keith Harper, the appraiser listed in Plaintiff's initial disclosures;
- That the individual listed as being "approved" for a loan on the fraudulent Kelly

 Mortgage Letter and financing documents is apparently Plaintiff's wife, Stacy Brown;

 and
- That Plaintiff would be claiming that <u>both</u> he and his wife Stacy Brown have an interest in the Property. *See* Ex. 3 at Resp. No. 15.

As the Atkinsons are recently in receipt of these facts, this request to amend their answer to add counterclaims against Plaintiff, and third-party claims against Stacy Brown, the Law Office of Dan M Winder P.C., and Dan Winder for negligent misrepresentation, intentional misrepresentation, fraud, civil conspiracy, concert of action, elder abuse, and abuse of process. The Atkinsons are also seeking to add an affirmative defense of fraud based on the fraudulent Kelly Mortgage Letter, Good Faith Estimate and Conditional Loan Quote produced by Plaintiff.

C. NO UNDUE DELAY IN FILING THE MOTION

Plaintiff learned about Stacy Brown's status as Plaintiff's wife and Plaintiff's claim that Stacy Brown may have an interest in the Property in Plaintiff's responses to Interrogatories, which were finally served on October 26, 2018. Further, Plaintiff just confirmed at his November 19, 2018 deposition that he believes he "assigned" his interest in the Property to Stacy Brown. Ex. 2 at p. 46.

Additionally, it was not until late November 2018 that Plaintiff's discovered a multitude of new information, including that the Kelly Mortgage Letter (claiming Stacy Brown approved for a loan) was fabricated, as well as the Conditional Loan Quote and Good Faith Estimate, and that the Law Office of Dan M Winder P.C. had paid for an appraisal for the Property in August 2017, which was in the midst of Plaintiff attempting to obtain the Property from the Atkinsons. That appraisal has never been produced by the Plaintiff in this litigation, even though it is the subject of a document

request.

As such, the Atkinsons filed this motion as soon as feasibly possible based on the timing of when they learned of the additional information in discovery.

IV. CONCLUSION

Accordingly, Defendants request that this Court grant their motion to amend their Answer to add an additional affirmative defense of fraud, and to assert counterclaims against Plaintiff, and third-party claims against Stacy Brown, the Law Office of Dan M Winder P.C., and Dan Winder for negligent misrepresentation, intentional misrepresentation, fraud, civil conspiracy, concert of action, and abuse of process. The proposed new answer is attached hereto as Exhibit 12.

DATED this 10th day of December, 2018.

Respectfully submitted,

INTEGRITY LAW FIRM

/s/ Adriana Pereyra

ADRIANA PEREYRA, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 12263 819 South 6th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

-and-

JOSEPH A. GUTIERREZ, ESQ.
Nevada Bar No. 9046
MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES
8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue
Las Vegas, Nevada 89148
Attorneys for Defendants LaVelle P. Atkinson
and Sheila Atkinson

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to Administrative Order 14-2, DEFENDANTS' MOTION FOR LEAVE TO AMEND ANSWER TO ADD AN ADDITIONAL AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE, COUNTERCLAIMS, AND THIRD-PARTY CLAIMS was electronically filed on the 10th day of December, 2018 and served through the Notice of Electronic Filing automatically generated by the Court's facilities to those parties listed on the Court's Master Service List and by depositing a true and correct copy of the same, enclosed in a sealed envelope upon which first class postage was fully prepaid, in the U.S. Mail at Las Vegas, Nevada, addressed as follows:

Dan M. Winder, Esq. Arnold Weinstock, Esq. LAW OFFICE OF DAN M. WINDER, P.C. 3507 W. Charleston Blvd. Las Vegas, Nevada 89102 Attorneys for Plaintiff Charles Brown

/s/ Natalie Vazquez

An employee of MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES

EXHIBIT 12

EXHIBIT 12

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	ANS ADRIANA PEREYRA, ESQ. NEVADA BAR NO. 12263 INTEGRITY LAW FIRM 819 South 6 th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Phone: 702.202.4449 Fax: 702.947.2522 E-mail: adriana@integritylawnv.com JOSEPH A. GUTIERREZ, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 9046 MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES 8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89148 Telephone: 702.629.7900 Facsimile: 702.629.7925 E-mail: jag@mgalaw.com Attorneys for Defendants		
11	DISTRICT	COURT	
12	CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA		
13			
14	CHARLES BROWN, an individual,	Case No.: A-18-774764-C Dept. No.: XVIII	
15	Plaintiff,	[PROPOSED] AMENDED ANSWER TO	
16	vs.	COMPLAINT, COUNTERCLAIMS, AND THIRD-PARTY CLAIMS	
17	LAVELLE P. ATKINSON, SHEILA ATKINSON; DOES I-V; and ROE CORPORATIONS I-V,		
18	Defendants.		
19	LAVELLE P. ATKINSON, SHEILA		
20	ATKINSON, individuals,		
21	Counterclaimants,		
22	vs.		
23	CHARLES BROWN, an individual,		
24	Counterdefendant.		
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LAVELLE P. ATKINSON, SHEILA ATKINSON, individuals,

Third-Party Plaintiffs,

VS.

STACY BROWN, an individual; LAW OFFICE OF DAN M WINDER, P.C., a domestic professional corporation; DAN M. WINDER, an individual,

Third-Party Defendants.

COME now Defendants, LAVELLE P. ATKINSON and SHEILA ATKINSON ("Defendants"), by and through their attorneys of record, Adriana Pereyra, Esq., of INTEGRITY LAW FIRM and Joseph A. Gutierrez, Esq., of MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES, and in answering the allegations of Plaintiff's Complaint on file herein allege and state as follows:

- 1. Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information upon which to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said paragraph, and therefore generally and specifically denies the allegations contained therein.
 - 2. Defendants admit this allegation.
- 3. Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information upon which to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said paragraph, and therefore generally and specifically denies the allegations contained therein.
 - 4. Defendants admit this allegation.
- 5. Answering this paragraph of the complaint, to the extent the allegations describe Plaintiff's legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent a response is required, Defendants generally and specifically deny the allegations contained therein.
- 6. Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information upon which to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said paragraph, and therefore generally and specifically denies the allegations contained therein.
- 7. Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information upon which to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said paragraph, and therefore generally and

specifically denies the allegations contained therein.

- 8. Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information upon which to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said paragraph, and therefore generally and specifically denies the allegations contained therein.
- 9. Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information upon which to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said paragraph, and therefore generally and specifically denies the allegations contained therein.
- 10. Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information upon which to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said paragraph, and therefore generally and specifically denies the allegations contained therein.
- 11. Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information upon which to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said paragraph, and therefore generally and specifically denies the allegations contained therein.
- 12. Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information upon which to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said paragraph, and therefore generally and specifically denies the allegations contained therein.
- 13. Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information upon which to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said paragraph, and therefore generally and specifically denies the allegations contained therein.
- 14. Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information upon which to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said paragraph, and therefore generally and specifically denies the allegations contained therein.
- 15. Defendants are without sufficient knowledge or information upon which to form a belief as to the truth of the allegations contained in said paragraph, and therefore generally and specifically denies the allegations contained therein.
- 16. Answering this paragraph of the complaint, to the extent the allegations describe Plaintiff's legal conclusions, no response is required. To the extent a response is required, Defendants generally and specifically deny the allegations contained therein.

Defendants allege that damages suffered by Plaintiff as alleged in his Complaint were

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the result of acts and omissions of Plaintiff and not the result of acts or omissions of Defendants.

- 3. Plaintiff, by his own conduct, is estopped from making any claim against Defendants.
- 4. Plaintiff has waived, by his own conduct or otherwise, any claim against Defendants.
- 5. The claims set forth in Plaintiff's Complaint are barred against Defendants by the doctrine of laches.
- 6. Plaintiff comes to this Court with unclean hands having participated in the acts or omissions that allegedly caused damage to Plaintiff.
 - 7. Plaintiff is barred by the statute of limitations.
- 8. The Complaint, and each of the purported causes of action contained therein against the Defendant, is barred by the doctrine of waiver.
- 9. The Complaint, and each of the purported causes of action contained therein against the Defendant, is barred as Plaintiff did not suffer any damages.
- 10. The Complaint, and each of the purported causes of action contained therein against the Defendant, is barred by the Statute of Frauds.
- 11. Defendant is entitled to an offset from any damages alleged by Plaintiff for money paid or expended on Plaintiff's behalf.
- 12. Plaintiff's claims for relief are barred, in whole or in part, by the doctrines of rescission, frustration of purpose, and/or unclean hands.
- 13. Plaintiff is not in possession and/or control of the documents and/or witnesses necessary to prove its alleged causes of action against Defendant.
 - 14. The actions of Plaintiff were against public policy barring recovery against Defendant.
- 15. Plaintiff failed to satisfy all of the conditions precedent for bringing suit against Defendant.
- 16. Plaintiff has failed to allege sufficient facts and cannot carry the burden of proof imposed on it by law to recover attorney's fees incurred to bring this action.
- 17. Plaintiff materially breached the Agreement excusing any further performance by Defendant.
 - 18. The complaint contains allegations that are so confusing, vague, ambiguous,

speculative, and incoherent that it fails to apprise Defendant of the exact misconduct it is alleged to have committed and therefore, fails to state a cause of action against Defendant upon which relief may be granted.

- 19. Plaintiff has engaged in fraudulent acts against the Defendants, including by attempting to purchase the Property without tendering any valid monetary consideration, and by attempting to submit a fabricated loan approval documents in support of his contention that he was willing and able to pay for the Property.
- 20. Pursuant to Rule 11 of NRCP, as amended, all possible affirmative defenses may not have been alleged herein insofar as sufficient facts are not available after reasonable inquiry upon the filing of the Complaint, and therefore, Defendants reserve the right to amend this Answer to allege additional affirmative defenses if subsequent investigation warrants. Additionally, some or all of the affirmative defenses may have been pleaded for the purposes of non-waiver.

WHEREFORE, Defendants pray for a judgment as follows:

- 1. That Plaintiff take nothing by virtue of his Complaint on file herein and that the same be dismissed with prejudice;
- 2. For an award of reasonable attorney's fees and costs of suit incurred as a result of the defense of this action; and
 - 3. For such other and further relief this Court may deem just and proper.

COUNTERCLAIM AND THIRD-PARTY CLAIM

Defendants/Counterclaimants/Third-Party Plaintiffs LAVELLE P. ATKINSON and SHEILA ATKINSON ("the Atkinsons"), by and through their attorneys of record, Adriana Pereyra, Esq., of INTEGRITY LAW FIRM and Joseph A. Gutierrez, Esq., of MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES, hereby submit this counterclaim against Plaintiff/Counterdefendant CHARLES BROWN and Third-Party Complaint against Third-Party Defendants STACY BROWN, LAW OFFICE OF DAN M WINDER, P.C., and DAN M. WINDER, as follows:

The Parties

1. Defendants/Counterclaimants/Third-Party Plaintiffs LaVelle P. Atkinson and Sheila Atkinson are individuals and at all relevant times herein, have been residents of the County of Clark,

State of Nevada.

- 2. Plaintiff/Counterdefendant Charles Brown ("Brown") is an individual who at all relevant times herein, has been a resident of the County of Clark, State of Nevada.
- 3. Upon information and belief, third-Party Defendant Stacy Brown ("Stacy Brown") is an individual who at all relevant times herein, has been a resident of the County of Clark, State of Nevada.
- 4. Upon information and belief, third-party defendant Law Office of Dan M Winder, P.C. ("Law Office") is a domestic professional corporation formed and existing under the laws of the State of Nevada and authorized to do business in the County of Clark, State of Nevada.
- 5. Upon information and belief, third Party Defendant Dan M. Winder ("Winder") is an individual who at all relevant times herein, has been a resident of the County of Clark, State of Nevada.
 - 6. Venue is proper in Clark County, Nevada.
 - 7. The exercise of jurisdiction over this Court is proper pursuant to NRS 14.065.

General Allegations

- 8. The Atkinsons are the rightful owners of the real commercial property located at 2315 North Decatur Blvd., Las Vegas, Nevada, 89108, with Assessor's Parcel Number 138-24-511-034 (the Property).
- 9. On or around July 6, 2017, Charles Brown approached the Atkinsons at their residence with a prepared Purchase Agreement and offered to buy the Property which was not listed for sale for \$100,000.
- 10. The Atkinsons, who are elderly and were in their mid-70s in July 2017, were hesitant to sell the Property, but Charles Brown kept showing up at their residence and pressuring them to sign off on the Purchase Agreement.
- 11. Charles Brown executed the Purchase Agreement on or around July 6, 2017, and the Atkinsons executed the Purchase Agreement on or around July 20, 2017.
- 12. Upon information and belief, Charles Brown breached the Purchase Agreement by failing to provide the monetary consideration necessary to purchase the Property.
 - 13. Upon information and belief, Charles Brown never deposited any funds into an

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escrow account for the Property.

- 14. Upon information and belief, Charles Brown never arranged for any escrow company to open up escrow on the Property.
- 15. Upon information and belief, on or around July 31, 2017, Charles Brown, in conjunction with his wife, Stacy Brown, fraudulently created a fabricated "pre-approval letter" indicating that Kelly Mortgage and Realty had approved Stacy Brown for a loan in the amount of \$200,000 in order to purchase the Property. The Atkinsons first learned of this activity in November of 2018 after conducting due diligence to Kelly Mortgage and Realty.
- Upon information and belief, on or around August 7, 2017, Charles Brown, in 16. conjunction with Law Office of Dan M Winder P.C. and Dan Winder, submitted a check to Keith Harper of Valuation Consultants for an "appraisal" of the Property during the time Charles Brown was attempting to purchase the Property from the Atkinsons.
- 17. Upon information and belief, the appraisal that Charles Brown, the Law Office of Dan M Winder P.C. and Dan Winder obtained regarding the Property was based on an inflated \$250,000 purchase price that Charles Brown, the Law Office of Dan M Winder, and Dan Winder relayed to Keith Harper of Valuation Consultants on or around August 7, 2017 - even though the agreed-upon purchase price was only \$100,000.
- Upon information and belief, Charles Brown, the Law Office of Dan M Winder P.C. 18. and Dan Winder obtained the appraisal on the Property by providing a fraudulent letter of intent allegedly from Plaintiff's former employer which asserted inflated rental rates.
- The Atkinsons first learned of Charles Brown, Law Office of Dan M Winder P.C. and 19. Dan Winder paying for an appraisal on the Property on or around November 29, 2018.
- 20. Upon information and belief, on or around August 28, 2017, Charles Brown, in conjunction with his wife, Stacy Brown, fraudulently created proof of financing documents in the form of a Conditional Loan Quote and a Good Faith Estimate (GFE). The Atkinsons first learned of this activity in early December 2018 after conducting due diligence.
- 21. Charles Brown filed a lawsuit against the Atkinsons after failing to perform his duties under the Purchase Agreement and long after the closing date had passed. and without signing an

amendment to extend the period, as required by law.

- 22. Upon information and belief, Charles Brown, Law Office of Dan M Winder P.C. and Dan Winder wrongfully initiated litigation against the Atkinsons and wrongfully abused the litigation process by producing numerous fabricated and fraudulent documents during discovery. The litigation process was also abused by the failure to disclose the appraisal that Charles Brown, Dan M Winder P.C. and Dan Winder paid for regarding the Property.
- 23. On or around June 22, 2018, Charles Brown, Law Office of Dan M Winder P.C. and Dan Winder wrongfully clouded title to the Property by filing an improper "Amended Notice of Lis Pendens" against the Property.
- 24. As a result of Charles Brown, Stacy Brown, Law Office of Dan M Winder P.C. and Dan Winder's actions, the Atkinsons were forced to engage the services of an attorney, and have incurred attorneys' fees and costs in defending the improper and meritless action brought by Charles Brown, Law Office of Dan M Winder P.C., and Dan Winder.

FIRST COUNTERCLAIM

(Negligent Misrepresentation - Against Charles Brown)

- 25. The Atkinsons repeat, reallege, and incorporate by reference the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 26. Charles Brown failed to exercise reasonable care in communicating information to the Atkinsons.
- 27. In the course of a business transaction in which Charles Brown had a pecuniary interest, Charles Brown falsely represented to the Atkinsons that he would purchase the Atkinsons' Property for \$100,000 cash.
 - 28. The Atkinsons justifiably relied on Charles Browns' representation.
- 29. The Atkinsons would not have executed the Purchase Agreement had they known that Charles Brown never intended on actually paying the Atkinsons any consideration for the Property.
- 30. The Atkinsons would not have executed the Purchase Agreement had they known that Stacy Brown would be involved in placing her name on a fabricated loan approval document

claiming that she approved for a loan related to purchase of the Property, nor would they have executed the Purchase Agreement had they known Stacy Brown would be involved in applying for other loans to purchase the Property. Charles Brown represented to the Atkinsons that he would be paying cash for the Property, and neither Charles Brown nor Stacy Brown referenced any loan applications.

- 31. The Atkinsons never even met Stacy Brown and she was not a party to the Purchase Agreement.
- 32. The Atkinsons would not have executed the Purchase Agreement had they known that Law Office and Winder would be paying for an appraisal of the Property based on an inflated purchase price of \$250,000 and based on inflated rental rates that upon information and belief were provided by Brown, Law Office, and Winder.
- 33. As a direct and proximate result of the aforementioned misrepresentations of Charles Brown, the Atkinsons have been damaged in an amount in excess of \$15,000.00.
- 34. As a direct and proximate result of the aforementioned actions and/or omissions of Charles Brown, the Atkinsons have been required to engage the services of an attorney, incurring attorneys' fees and costs to bring this action, and the Atkinsons are therefore entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees and costs incurred in this action.

SECOND COUNTERCLAIM

(Fraudulent Misrepresentation – Against Charles Brown)

- 35. The Atkinsons repeat, reallege, and incorporate by reference the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 36. In the course of a business transaction in which Charles Brown had a pecuniary interest, Charles Brown falsely represented to the Atkinsons that he would purchase the Atkinsons' Property for \$100,000 cash.
- 37. At the time the representation was made, on or around July 6, 2017, Charles Brown knew that the information he provided to the Atkinsons was false, or that he had an insufficient basis for providing such information.
 - 38. Charles Brown intended to induce the Atkinsons to act upon his misrepresentation.

- 39. The Atkinsons justifiably relied upon Charles Browns' misrepresentation, which resulted in damages.
- 40. As a direct and proximate result of the aforementioned misrepresentations of Charles Brown, the Atkinsons have been damaged in an amount in excess of \$15,000.00.
- 41. As a direct and proximate result of the aforementioned actions and/or omissions of Charles Brown, the Atkinsons have been required to engage the services of an attorney, incurring attorneys' fees and costs to bring this action, and the Atkinsons are therefore entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees and costs incurred in this action.

THIRD COUNTERCLAIM

(Violation of NRS 41.1395, Exploitation of Older or Vulnerable Persons Resulting in Injury or Loss – Against Charles Brown)

- 42. The Atkinsons repeat, reallege, and incorporate by reference the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
 - 43. In July of 2016, both of the Atkinsons were over 70 years old.
- 44. In July of 2017, Charles Brown gained the trust and confidence of the Atkinsons by continuing to visit their residence and discuss his desire to purchase the Atkinsons' Property.
- 45. Charles Brown used the trust and confidence of the Atkinsons in order to convert the Atkinsons' Property to himself without actually paying any consideration for that Property.
- 46. Charles Brown attempted to have the Atkinsons sign a "Promissory Note" with Stacy Brown as the "Borrower" and the Atkinsons as the "Lenders", stating that the Atkinsons would finance the \$100,000 for the property and with very vague terms as to how it would be repaid.
- 47. Charles Brown knew or had reason to know that the Atkinsons were vulnerable people who would fall victim to Brown's scheme of defrauding them out of their Property.
- 48. As a result of the wrongful conduct of Charles Brown, the Atkinsons have incurred damages, as they have been forced to defend themselves in a meritless lawsuit initiated by Charles Brown, and their Property's title is now clouded through a lis pendens.
- 49. Upon information and belief, Charles Brown acted with recklessness, oppression, fraud or malice against the vulnerable Atkinsons, thus entitling the Atkinsons to an award of

attorneys' fees and costs.

- 50. As a result, the Atkinsons have incurred compensatory damages, which are recoverable for their fear, anxiety, and mental and emotional distress.
- 51. The Atkinsons have incurred legal fees in connection herewith and are entitled to a recovery of such legal expenses and fees.

FOURTH COUNTERCLAIM

(Abuse of Process – Against Charles Brown, Law Office of Dan M Winder P.C., and Dan Winder)

- 52. The Atkinsons repeat, reallege, and incorporate by reference the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 53. Charles Brown, Law Office of Dan M Winder P.C. and Dan Winder had an ulterior purpose other than resolving a legal dispute when they filed this action. Brown, Law Office, and Winder had an underlying motive of defrauding the Atkinsons out of the Property without ever actually paying for the Property.
- Charles Brown, Law Office, and Winder misused the legal system in the following manner: 1) improperly filing a Complaint against the Atkinsons and clouding title to their Property while knowing that Brown had never performed on the Purchase Agreement; 2) improperly disclosing a fraudulent loan approval letter as evidence in support of their claims in this litigation; 3) improperly failing to disclose Law Office and Winder's involvement in the underlying facts of this litigation; and 4) improperly failing to disclose the check that Law Office and Winder made out to the appraiser that is listed in Brown's disclosures in this litigation, and failing to disclose the appraisal itself; 5) improperly failing to disclose the circumstances surrounding any appraisal results; and 6) improperly failing to produce other details of Law Firm and Winder's involvement in the underlying facts of this matter, including other payment(s) made to other institution(s).
- 55. Brown, Law Office, and Winder's willful acts in use of process were not proper in the regular conduct of the proceeding, as it is not proper to produce fraudulent documents in the course of discovery, nor to fail to disclose documents that are in your possession or readily available to you through a reasonable search, nor to fail an attorney to disclose pertinent involvement in the

underlying facts of a matter.

- 56. Upon information and belief, Brown, Law Office, and Winder have a pattern and practice of abusing the legal process by initiating fraudulent litigation against elderly victims in an effort to defraud these victims of their lawfully owned property.
- 57. As a result, the Atkinsons have incurred compensatory damages, which are recoverable for their fear, anxiety, and mental and emotional distress.
- 58. The Atkinsons have incurred legal fees in connection herewith and are entitled to a recovery of such legal expenses and fees.

FIFTH COUNTERCLAIM

(Civil Conspiracy – Against Charles Brown, Stacy Brown, Law Office of Dan M Winder P.C., and Dan Winder)

- 59. The Atkinsons repeat, reallege, and incorporate by reference the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 60. Charles Brown, Stacy Brown, Law office, and Winder, and each of them, worked together with the intent to accomplish the harmful objective of defrauding the Atkinsons out of the Property they own, for the purpose of causing harm to the Atkinsons.
- 61. As a direct and proximate result of the aforementioned actions and/or omissions of Charles Stacy Brown, Law Office, and Winder, the Atkinsons have been damaged in an amount in excess of \$15,000.00.
- 62. As a direct and proximate result of the aforementioned actions and/or omissions of Charles Brown, Stacy Brown, Law Office, and Winder, the Atkinsons have been required to engage the services of an attorney, incurring attorneys' fees and costs to bring this action, and the Atkinsons are therefore entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees and costs incurred in this action.

SIXTH COUNTERCLAIM

(Concert of Action – Against Charles Brown, Stacy Brown, Law Office of Dan M Winder P.C., and Dan Winder)

63. The Atkinsons repeat, reallege, and incorporate by reference the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.

- 64. As alleged herein, Charles Brown, Stacy Brown, Law Office, and Winder acted in concert with one another pursuant to the common design of transferring the Property from the Atkinsons to Charles Brown without any monetary consideration going to the Atkinsons.
- 65. As a direct and proximate result of the aforementioned actions and/or omissions of Charles Brown, Stacy Brown, Law Office, and Winder, the Atkinsons have been damaged in an amount in excess of \$15,000.00.
- 66. As a direct and proximate result of the aforementioned actions and/or omissions of Charles Brown, Stacy Brown, Law Office, and Winder, the Atkinsons have been required to engage the services of an attorney, incurring attorneys' fees and costs to bring this action, and the Atkinsons are therefore entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees and costs incurred in this action.

SEVENTH COUNTERCLAIM

(Aiding and Abetting Fraudulent Misrepresentation or in the alternative Aiding and Abetting Negligent Misrepresentation – Against Stacy Brown, Law Office of Dan M Winder P.C., and Dan Winder)

- 67. The Atkinsons repeat, reallege, and incorporate by reference the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth herein.
- 68. Upon information and belief, Stacy Brown, Law Office, and Winder knew that Charles Brown's conduct constituted a breach of duty to the Atkinsons.
- 69. Charles Brown defrauded the Atkinsons by representing to them that he would purchase the Property for \$100,000, knowing that such representation was false at the time it was made, and making the representation with the intent to induce the Atkinsons to relinquish their ownership interest in the Property.
- 70. Upon information and belief, Stacy Brown assisted or encouraged Charles Brown's conduct by: allowing her name to be listed on a fraudulent loan application document related to the Property; applying for other loan(s) for the Property while knowing that neither she nor Charles Brown would actually be paying for the Property in cash pursuant to the Purchase Agreement.
- 71. Upon information and belief, Law Office and Winder assisted or encouraged Charles Brown's conduct by: helping Charles Brown pay for a fraudulent appraisal of the Property based on

an inflated purchase price and inflated rental rates; helping Charles Brown pay for fraudulent loan applications to institutions; and helping Charles Brown initiate a fraudulent litigation against the Atkinsons in order to wrongfully effectuate the transfer of the Atkinsons' Property to Charles Brown without Charles Brown paying any consideration for the Property.

- 72. As a direct and proximate result of the aforementioned actions and/or omissions of Stacy Brown, Law Office, and Winder, the Atkinsons have been damaged in an amount in excess of \$15,000.00.
- 73. As a direct and proximate result of the aforementioned actions and/or omissions of Stacy Brown, Law Office, and Winder, the Atkinsons have been required to engage the services of an attorney, incurring attorneys' fees and costs to bring this action, and the Atkinsons are therefore entitled to reasonable attorneys' fees and costs incurred in this action.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Defendant/Counterclaimants/ Third-Party Plaintiffs LaVelle P. Atkinson and Sheila Atkinson hereby pray for judgment against Plaintiff/Counterdefendant Charles Brown and Third-Party Defendants Stacy Brown, Law Office of Dan M Winder, P.C., and Dan M. Winder as follows:

- 1. For a judgment in favor of the Atkinsons and against Plaintiff/Counterdefendant Charles Brown and Third-Party Defendants Stacy Brown, Law Office of Dan M Winder, P.C., and Dan M. Winder on the counterclaim and causes of action asserted herein;
- 2. For an award of general and special damages in an amount in excess of \$15,000.00 to be proven at trial;
- 3. For an award of compensatory and/or consequential damages in an amount in excess of \$15,000.00, to be proven at trial;
- 4. For punitive and/or exemplary damages pursuant to NRS 42.005 in an amount appropriate to punish and/or set an example of Plaintiff/Counterdefendant Charles Brown and Third-Party Defendants Stacy Brown, Law Office of Dan M Winder, P.C., and Dan M. Winder;

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- 5. For injunctive relief ordering Charles Brown and Law Office of Dan M Winder to withdraw and/or expunge the lis pendens inappropriately filed against the Property;
- 6. For an award of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs incurred in this action; and
- 7. For such other relief as the court may deem proper.

DATED this ____ day of December, 2018.

Respectfully submitted,

INTEGRITY LAW FIRM

/s/ Adriana Pereyra

ADRIANA PEREYRA, ESQ. Nevada Bar No. 12263 819 South 6th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101

-and-

JOSEPH A. GUTIERREZ, ESQ.
Nevada Bar No. 9046
MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES
8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue
Las Vegas, Nevada 89148
Attorneys for Defendants LaVelle P. Atkinson
and Sheila Atkinson

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

Pursuant to Administrative Order 14-2, **AMENDED ANSWER TO COMPLAINT** was electronically filed on the ___ day of December, 2018 and served through the Notice of Electronic Filing automatically generated by the Court's facilities to those parties listed on the Court's Master Service List and by depositing a true and correct copy of the same, enclosed in a sealed envelope upon which first class postage was fully prepaid, in the U.S. Mail at Las Vegas, Nevada, addressed as follows:

Dan M. Winder, Esq.
Arnold Weinstock, Esq.
LAW OFFICE OF DAN M. WINDER, P.C.
3507 W. Charleston Blvd.
Las Vegas, Nevada 89102
Attorneys for Plaintiff Charles Brown

/s/ Charity Johnson

An employee of Maier Gutierrez & Associates

EXHIBIT H

9/10/2020 10:43 AM Steven D. Grierson **CLERK OF THE COURT RTRAN** 1 2 3 4 DISTRICT COURT 5 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 6 7 8 CHARLES BROWN, CASE#: A-18-774764-C 9 Plaintiff, DEPT. VIII 10 VS. 11 LAVELLE ATKINSON, 12 Defendant, 13 BEFORE THE HONORABLE CHARLES THOMPSON, 14 SENIOR DISTRICT COURT JUDGE 15 THURSDAY, JANUARY 17, 2019 16 RECORDER'S TRANSCRIPT OF HEARING: **ALL PENDING MOTIONS** 17 18 **APPEARANCES:** 19 For the Plaintiff: DAN M. WINDER, ESQ. 20 21 For the Defendant: ADRIANA PEREYRA, ESQ. 22 DANIELLE J. BARRAZA, ESQ. 23 24 25 RECORDED BY: ROBIN PAGE, COURT RECORDER

PET APP 0440

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[Hearing began at 10:05 a.m.]

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THE COURT: All right, Brown versus Atkinson.

MS. PEREYRA: Good morning, Your Honor, Adriana Pereyra for defendants, bar number 12263.

MS. BARRAZA: Good morning, Your Honor, Danielle Barraza on behalf of the defendants.

MR. WINDER: Good morning, Your Honor, Dan Winder on behalf of the plaintiff, bar umber 1569.

THE COURT: Let's do the motion for summary judgment first.

MS. BARRAZA: Perfect. I'm sure the Court's read everything. I'll be briefly. Very brief factual background, the plaintiff has contended that what he does is he drives around looking for abandoned properties and that's what happened here. He was driving around and came across the Atkinson's commercial property which was not listed for sale, no sign out front saying it was for sale. He determined it was abandoned, did some research and then discovered the Atkinson's residential address, which he then went to and in some way they agreed to sell the property to him.

It's undisputed that there was a document entitled purchase agreement and joint escrow instructions, which was signed by everybody. But the ultimate issue here is despite the title of that document there are no actual escrow instructions anywhere in that document. The document specifically says the escrow agent will be

determined by buyer. Discovery has not come up with any kind of escrow agent. That burden has not been met. And that's pertinent because the contract specifically states that it only becomes effective upon the contract being delivered to the escrow agent. And so despite the parties signing the document it wasn't ever delivered to an escrow agent. Evidence -- there has been zero evidence indicating it has.

The Court has read our arguments regarding even if the contract was somehow effective, plaintiff simply did not perform and did not meet his burden of proving that he did perform in any way. I'm sure the Court's seen the attempt to produce evidence in the form of a Kelly Mortgage Loan approval letter, which was proven to be false.

THE COURT: Well that's a fraudulent document.

MS. BARRAZA: Exactly. And I don't think that's even disputed, because thereafter the story was changed and --

THE COURT: He said he had the money anyway from an investor.

MS. BARRAZA: Exactly. He said he had the money from an investor, which wasn't even consistent in his deposition because at one point he said I did not -- he did not identify any specific investors. And so, that's kind of a new angle that we're seeing being taken now. And I don't know if the Court has reviewed the document that was just filed yesterday by the plaintiff?

THE COURT: Yeah, I just go it this morning.

MS. BARRAZA: Right, and so that's kind of the new angle they're taking with this supposed new investor. Even if the Court wants

1	to consider that beyond the discovery cut off, even if the Court wants to
2	consider that, if you look at the actual documents it's supposed bank
3	records from March or I think May of 2016. And this agreement,
4	purchase agreement was being done in July of 2017. And so any sort of
5	bank documents, even if all that is, you know, true authenticated, which
6	we still dispute, doesn't in any way show proof of funds. So, there's
7	simply no evidence and if the Court has any questions.
8	THE COURT: Okay. Mr. Winder.
9	MR. WINDER: Your Honor, I don't dispute that there should
10	be summary judgment granted, but it should be granted in favor of my
11	client, Your Honor. There was a contract, a purchase agreement, there
12	were escrow instructions, there were escrow
13	THE COURT: Was the escrow ever opened?
14	MR. WINDER: Yes, Your Honor.
15	THE COURT: Where?
16	MR. WINDER: And I believe that there's the
17	THE COURT: Where? Just give me the title company.
18	MR. WINDER: I don't have the name of that offhand, Your
19	Honor. I mean, I apologize. I can
20	THE COURT: Well your client never there was an earnest
21	money deposit of \$1000, right?
22	MR. WINDER: Correct, Your Honor.
23	THE COURT: Did he put that in escrow?
24	MR. WINDER: Yes, Your Honor.
25	THE COURT: Where?

1	MR. WINDER: And I don't have that name offhand, Your
2	Honor, I can recall but I
3	THE COURT: He never put \$1000 in escrow, did he?
4	MR. WINDER: I'm almost positive he did, Your Honor, and
5	we can the
6	THE COURT: I haven't seen any evidence of that \$1000
7	being deposited and you don't know where it was.
8	MR. WINDER: There's the Exhibit 4, Your Honor, attached to
9	the defendant's brief which has a copy of the check from escrow. Let
10	me grab that, Your Honor.
11	THE COURT: Maybe I misunderstood. I thought that there
12	was never an escrow opened and that the \$1000 was never paid.
13	MR. WINDER: No, Your Honor.
14	THE COURT: And that I know in your last document that
15	you I handed was handed this morning, you said that the \$1000 was
16	in escrow and I didn't see any evidence of that. Maybe I'm
17	misunderstand, but I
18	MR. WINDER: No, the \$1000 was not deposited. The cash
19	was not deposited into escrow, Your Honor.
20	THE COURT: Well what did you say in your
21	MR. WINDER: That he indicates the he has investors and he
22	had the ability to pay \$100 \$1000; that the \$1000 was deposited into
23	an escrow account and then they never followed through.
24	THE COURT: Okay on page 3 of the document that I was
25	handed this morning, it says in short defendants agreed to sell the

1	property to plaintiff. That's true. Escrow instructions were signed and a
2	deposit made to escrow. Now I haven't seen any evidence of that.
3	Plaintiffs secured funding but defendants after they learned there was a
4	tax lien they failed to follow through.
5	MR. WINDER: That's correct, Your Honor. And so my client
6	had the ability to pay the hundred the balance of the \$99,000. They
7	failed to follow through. They failed to provide title.
8	THE COURT: So the the \$1000 was in the escrow?
9	MR. WINDER: Yes, Your Honor, and I -
10	THE COURT: You're sure of that?
11	MR. WINDER: Well, I'm pretty sure of it, Your Honor. If we -
12	THE COURT: Because I didn't see any evidence of \$1000 in
13	an escrow. Matter of fact I'm not sure an escrow was ever set up.
14	MR. WINDER: Okay.
15	THE COURT: You don't know the name of the title company
16	where the
17	MR. WINDER: No, I don't, Your Honor, and if we could trail
18	this 10 minutes I will get the name of that exact name of that, Your
19	Honor.
20	THE COURT: Well, you don't need it. It's got to be in the
21	papers.
22	MR. WINDER: Okay.
23	THE COURT: C'mon.
24	MR. WINDER: Yes, Your Honor.
25	THE COURT: Counsel, anything further?

1	MS. BARRAZA: No, Your Honor.
2	THE COURT: I don't see a contract here that's enforceable.
3	You never opened an escrow, you never put the money up. I'm going to
4	grant the motion for the defense.
5	MS. BARRAZA: Thank you, Your Honor.
6	MR. WINDER: Thank you.
7	THE COURT: And that makes moot the other pending
8	matters.
9	MS. BARRAZA: Yes, Your Honor.
10	MR. WINDER: Thank you.
11	THE COURT: And the arbitration hearing that's scheduled for
12	January 24 is off calendar.
13	MS. BARRAZA: Thank you.
14	THE COURT: Prepare an appropriate order with findings
15	please.
16	MS. BARRAZA: Yes, thank you.
17	[Hearing concluded at 10:12 a.m.]
18	* * * * *
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21	ATTEST: I do hereby certify that I have truly and correctly transcribed the audio/video proceedings in the above-entitled case to the best of my ability.
22	
23	Jessica Kirkpatrick
24	Jessica Kirkpatrick Court Recorder/Transcriber

EXHIBIT I

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Attorneys for Defendants

DISTRICT COURT

CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA

CHARLES BROWN, an individual,

Plaintiff,

VS.

LAVELLE P. ATKINSON, SHEILA ATKINSON; DOES I-V; and ROE

CORPORATIONS I-V,

Defendants.

Case No.: A-18-774764-C

Dept. No.: IX

FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND ORDER

Hearing Date: January 17, 2019

Hearing Time: 8:30 a.m.

This matter came for a hearing before the Court on January 17, 2019, at 8:30 a.m., on the motion for summary judgment, the motion to disqualify Plaintiff's counsel, and the motion for leave to amend the Answer to add additional affirmative defense, counterclaims, and third party claims filed by Defendants Lavelle P. Atkinson and Sheila Atkinson ("Defendants"), along with the countermotion for summary judgment filed by Plaintiff Charles Brown ("Plaintiff"). Defendants were represented by Adriana Pereyra, Esq. of the law firm INTEGRITY LAW FIRM, and Danielle J. Barraza, Esq. of the law firm MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES. Plaintiff was represented by Dan M. Winder, Esq. of the

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law firm Law Office of DAN M. WINDER, P.C.

The Court, having reviewed the pleadings and papers on file herein and considered the evidence, testimony and oral argument of counsel present at the hearing, hereby makes the following findings of facts and conclusions of law:

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. The commercial real property at issue in this case is located at 2315 North Decatur Blvd., Las Vegas, Nevada, 89108, with Assessor's Parcel Number 138-24-511-034 (the "Property").
- 2. Defendants, 75 year-old LaVelle Atkinson and 74 year-old Sheila Atkinson have owned the Property since at least the year 2000.
- 3. Plaintiff testified in his deposition that in July of 2017, he was driving around the Property's neighborhood, and when he came across the Property, he "observed it was abandoned," which is allegedly how he first became interested in purchasing the Defendants' Property.
- 4. Plaintiff testified in his deposition that on July 6, 2017, Plaintiff showed up at the Defendants' door with a Purchase Agreement Plaintiff had prepared.
- 5. The Purchase Agreement lists a purchase price of \$100,000 "payable in cash at Closing."
- 6. Per the Purchase Agreement, within two business days of the "Effective Date," (which is later defined as the date that the Purchase Agreement is executed by both Purchase and Seller and delivered to Escrow Agent) Plaintiff was required to deposit a \$1,000 down payment to an Escrow Agent.
- 7. The full title of the Purchase Agreement is "Purchase Agreement and Joint Escrow Instructions," however, in the first paragraph of the Purchase Agreement, the "Escrow Agent" is not actually identified, but is simply listed as "Selected by buyer."
- 8. The Purchase Agreement does not identify an Escrow Agent, nor does it provide any escrow instructions.
- 9. The Purchase Agreement states that the "Closing of the sale of the Property by Seller to Purchaser shall occur on or before Thirty (30) days after the Feasibility Period."
 - 10. The Purchase Agreement defines the "Feasibility Period" as beginning on the Effective

Date and expiring forty-five days thereafter.

- 11. Per the Purchase Agreement, Plaintiff's obligation at the closing of the sale was to "pay the Purchase Price in cash (or by Certified Check, wire transfer of funds into Escrow, all of which shall constitute "cash" for purpose of this Agreement)."
- 12. Page 6 of the Purchase Agreement indicates that Plaintiff executed the agreement on July 6, 2017, and the Defendants executed the agreement on July 20, 2017.
- 13. Plaintiff testified in his deposition that he did not have an investor identified to help him purchase the Property.
- 14. Plaintiff failed to identify any escrow company, and failed to submit evidence to the Court indicating that Plaintiff had deposited any funds into an escrow account for the purchase of the Property.
 - 15. Plaintiff did not submit an appraisal to the Court.
- 16. In his initial disclosures, Plaintiff produced what he referred to as a "Pre-Approval Letter from Kelly Mortgage and Realty." ("Kelly Mortgage Letter").
- 17. The Kelly Mortgage Letter is dated July 31, 2017, contains a logo of some sort at the top and states "Congratulations, YOU ARE PRE-APPROVED!!!".
- 18. The Kelly Mortgage Letter does not state that Plaintiff Charles Brown was approved for a loan, but states that a "Stacey Brown" has been pre-approved for a loan with Kelly Mortgage and Realty, Inc.
 - 19. Plaintiff testified during his deposition that a "Stacy Brown" is his wife.
- 20. In his deposition testimony, Plaintiff admitted to having seen the Kelly Mortgage Letter (that he produced), but then claimed he could not remember when he obtained the letter.
- 21. Plaintiff testified in his deposition that he did supply information to Kelly Mortgage, saying he spoke to a Veda Williams from Kelly Mortgage and gave her "whatever they asked for," and "Whatever she sent, said needed to be signed, I signed it."
- 22. Following Plaintiff's deposition, the Defendants obtained an affidavit from Tracy L. Kelly (the President and Broker of Kelly Mortgage) regarding the Kelly Mortgage pre-approval letter. Specifically, Ms. Kelly indicated the following:

- That the Kelly Mortgage Letter produced by Plaintiff "was not produced by my office or anyone affiliated to it. The letterhead and the location of the company address on the letter is clearly forged and different from our true letterhead."
- That "we have not handled a loan application for Stacy Brown" and further, "Kelly
 Mortgage and Realty, Inc. closed its doors in 2017," and at the time the pre-approval
 was allegedly written, "I was in the process of closing out our existing pipeline of
 loans in Nevada."
- That "My assistant's name is Veda Williams, but she is not a Mortgage Consultant and she did not sign the letter," and that Ms. Kelly is the "only person who signs preapproval letters." That the "signature line of the bottom of the page is a copy and paste job and not the same font as the rest of the document."
- That "I have never processed a loan for the property located at 2315 N. Decatur Boulevard, in Las Vegas, Nevada," and "I believe that the [Kelly Mortgage Letter] was falsified and fraudulently submitted as evidence of financing for the property located at 2315 N. Decatur Boulevard, in Las Vegas, Nevada."

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. Entry of summary judgment is proper and "shall be rendered forthwith when the pleadings and other evidence on file demonstrate that no genuine issue as to any material fact remains and that the moving party is entitled to a judgment as a matter of law." *Wood v. Safeway, Inc.*, 121 Nev. 724, 729, 121 P.3d 1026, 1029 (2005) (quoting Nev. R. Civ. P. 56(c)) (internal quotations and brackets omitted). If the movant's burden is met, in order to survive a Rule 56 motion, the nonmoving party "must, by affidavit or otherwise, set forth specific facts demonstrating the existence of a genuine issue for trial or have summary judgment entered against him." *Id.* at 732, 121 P.3d at 1031 (quoting *Bulbman, Inc. v. Nevada Bell*, 108 Nev. 105, 109, 825 P.2d 588, 591 (1992)).
- 2. "A genuine issue of material fact exists where the evidence is such that a reasonable jury could return a verdict for the nonmoving party." *Valley Bank of Nevada v. Marble*, 105 Nev. 366, 367, 775 P.2d 1278, 1279 (1989). "[C]onclusory statements along with general allegations do not create an issue of fact." *Yeager v. Harrah's Club, Inc.*, 111 Nev. 830, 833, 897 P.2d 1093, 1095

(1995).

- 3. Any finding of fact that is more appropriately classified as a conclusion of law shall be so considered. Any conclusion of law that is more appropriately classified as a finding of fact shall be so considered.
 - 4. Generally, a breach of contract in Nevada requires the following:
 - 1. Plaintiff and Defendant entered into a valid and existing contract;
 - 2. Plaintiff performed or was excused from performance;
 - 3. Defendant breached; and
 - 4. Plaintiff suffered damages as a result of the breach.

See, Reichert v. Gen. Ins. Co. of Amer., 68 Cal 2d Rptr. 321, 442 P.2d 377 (1968); Calloway v. City of Reno, 116 Nev. 250, 993 P.2d 1259 (2000). Additionally, "[b]asic contract principles require, for an enforceable contract, an offer and acceptance, meeting of the minds, and consideration." May v. Anderson, 121 Nev. 668, 672, 119 P.3d 1254, 1257 (2005).

- 5. A breach of contract includes a "material failure of performance of a duty arising under or imposed by agreement." *Id.* at 256, 993 P.2d at 1263 (quoting *Malone v. University of Kansas Medical Center*, 220 Kan. 371, 552 P.2d 885, 888 (1976).
- 6. Here, Plaintiff did not provide sufficient evidence indicating that Plaintiff performed or was excused from performance, as no evidence was produced indicating that escrow was opened, that there was any escrow agent, or that Plaintiff had deposited any funds into an escrow account for the Purchase of the Property. Additionally, there was no evidence produced indicating that Plaintiff had the funds to purchase the property as required by the agreement.
- 7. Plaintiff also failed to provide sufficient evidence indicating how the Defendants breached any contract. Therefore, as a matter of law, Plaintiff cannot succeed on his first cause of action for breach of contract claim against Defendants.
- 8. With Plaintiff failing to succeed on his breach of contract action against Defendants, and failing to provide any evidence indicating that Plaintiff provided any benefit to Defendants, Plaintiff's alternative causes of action for unjust enrichment/quasi contract/implied-in-law contract and implied-in-fact contract also fail as a matter of law.
 - 9. It is well established within Nevada that every contract imposes upon the contracting

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parties the duty of good faith and fair dealing. See Hilton Hotels Corp. v. Butch Lewis Prods., Inc., 107 Nev. 226, 808 P.2d 919 (1991) ("When one party performs contract in manner that is unfaithful to purpose of contract and justified expectations of other party are thus denied, damages may be awarded against party who does not act in good faith.").

- 10. No evidence was submitted indicating that Defendants failed to act in a manner that was unfaithful to the purpose of the contract. As such, Plaintiff's claim for breach of the duty of good faith and fair dealing fails as a matter of law.
- To establish promissory estoppel, four elements must exist: (1) the party to be estopped must be apprised of the true facts; (2) he must intend that his conduct shall be acted upon, or must so act that the party asserting estoppel has the right to believe it was so intended; (3) the party asserting the estoppel must be ignorant of the true state of facts; (4) he must have relied to his detriment on the conduct of the party to be estopped." Cheger, Inc. v. Painters & Decorators Joint Committee, Inc., 98 Nev. 609, 614, 655 P.2d 996, 998–999 (1982).
- No evidence was submitted to the Court indicating the Defendants' conduct (of not 12. outright giving away the Property to Plaintiff) somehow amounted to a promise to do so that Plaintiff relied upon. See Torres v. Nev. Direct Ins. Co., 131 Nev. Adv. Op. 54, 353 P.3d 1203, 1209 (2015) ("The promise giving rise to a cause of action for promissory estoppel must be clear and definite, unambiguous as to essential terms, and the promise must be made in a contractual sense.").
- Further, the only evidence that has been submitted to the Court of the Defendants' 13. intentions or conduct has been the Purchase Agreement itself. Plaintiff also has not proven how he "detrimentally relied" on any promise made by the Defendants, as no evidence has been submitted indicating that Plaintiff was monetarily damaged in any way from the sale of the Property not going through. Accordingly, Plaintiff's fifth cause of action for promissory estoppel against Defendants fails as a matter of law.

ORDER

Based on the foregoing,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED as follows:

Defendants' motion for summary judgment as to Plaintiff's causes of action for (1) 1.

breach of contract; (2) breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing; (3) unjust enrichment/ 1 quasi contract/ contract implied-in-law; (4) contract implied-in-fact; and (5) promissory estoppel is 2 3 GRANTED in its entirety, and all claims against Defendants are dismissed with prejudice. 2. Plaintiff's countermotion for summary judgment is DENIED in its entirety; 4 As a result of the order granting Defendants' motion for summary judgment, 5 3. Defendants' motion to disqualify Plaintiff's counsel is moot; 6 7 4. As a result of the order granting Defendants' motion for summary judgment, Defendants' motion for leave to amend the Answer to add additional affirmative defense, 8 9 counterclaims, and third party claims is moot; Plaintiff and his predecessors and/or assignees do not have any estate, right, title, lien, 10 5. or interest in the Property or any part of the Property; and 11 Plaintiff shall record any Release of Lis Pendens necessary in order to remove the 6. 12 clouding of title to Plaintiff's Property. 13 IT IS SO ORDERED this \(\frac{\day}{\circ} \) day of 14 15 16 LR 17 DAVID B. BARKER SENIOR DISTRICT COURT JUDGE Submitted by: 18 19 **MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES** 20 JOSEPH A. GUTIERREZ, ESQ. 21 Nevada Bar No. 9046 8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue 22 Las Vegas, Nevada 89148 23 -and-24 Adriana Pereyra, Esq. INTEGRITY LAW FIRM 25 Nevada Bar No. 12263 819 South 6th Street 26 Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 Attorneys for Defendants LaVelle P. Atkinson and Sheila Atkinson 27

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1 **ORDR** ADRIANA PEREYRA, ESQ. 2 NEVADA BAR No. 12263 **INTEGRITY LAW FIRM** 3 819 South 6th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 4 Phone: 702.202.4449 Fax: 702.947.2522 5 E-mail: adriana@integritylawnv.com 6 JOSEPH A. GUTIERREZ, ESO. Nevada Bar No. 9046 7 Danielle J. Barraza, Esq. Nevada Bar No. 13822 8 MAIER GUTIERREZ & ASSOCIATES 8816 Spanish Ridge Avenue Las Vegas, Nevada 89148 Telephone: 702.629.7900 10 Facsimile: 702.629.7925 E-mail: jag@mgalaw.com 11 djb@mgalaw.com 12 Attorneys for Plaintiffs 13 DISTRICT COURT 14 CLARK COUNTY, NEVADA 15 16 LAVELLE Ρ. ATKINSON, SHEILA Case No.: A-19-804902-C ATKINSON, individuals, Dept. No.: XXVI 17 Plaintiffs, ORDER REFERRING TO DISCOVERY 18 COMMISSIONER PLAINTIFFS' MOTION VS. FOR AN ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE AS 19 TO WHY DEFENDANT LAW OFFICE OF CHARLES BROWN, an individual, STACY DAN M WINDER, P.C. SHOULD NOT BE 20 BROWN, an individual; LAW OFFICE OF HELD IN CONTEMPT FOR FAILING TO DAN M. WINDER, P.C., a domestic ABIDE BY DCRR GRANTING 21 professional corporation; DAN M. WINDER, an PLAINTIFFS' MOTION TO COMPEL #1 individual; DOES I through X; and ROE 22 CORPORATIONS I through X, inclusive. Hearing Date: May 4, 2021 Hearing Time: 9:00 a.m. 23 Defendants. 24 This matter came on for hearing before the Court on May 4, 2021, at 9:00 a.m., on Plaintiffs 25 Lavelle P. Atkinson and Sheila Atkinson's ("Plaintiffs") motion for an order to show cause as to why 26 defendant Law Office of Dan M Winder, P.C. ("Winder Law Office") should not be held in contempt 27 of Court and punished for its failure to comply with the Discovery Commissioner's Report and 28